

DOMINION ATLANTIC RAILWAY

Steamship Lines

—TO—
St. John via Digby
—AND—
Boston via Yarmouth
"Land of Evangeline" Route.

On and after May 7th, 1909, the Steamship and Train Service on this Railway will be as follows (Sunday excepted):

FOR BRIDGETOWN.

Express from Halifax, ... 12.11 p. m.
Express from Yarmouth, ... 1.54 p. m.
Accom. from Richmond, ... 5.20 p. m.
Accom. from Annapolis, ... 7.20 a. m.

Midland Division

Trains of the Midland Division leave Windsor daily, (except Sunday) for Truro at 7.40 a. m., 5.35 p. m., and 6.40 a. m., Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, and from Truro at 6.40 a. m., 3.15 p. m., and 12.10 p. m., Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Saturday, connecting at Truro with trains of the Intercolonial Railway, and at Windsor with express trains to and from Halifax and Yarmouth.

Boston Service

Commencing Saturday, May 8, the Royal Mail S. S. Prince Arthur leaves Yarmouth, N. S., Wednesday and Saturday, immediately on arrival of express trains from Halifax, arriving in Boston next morning. Returning, leaves Long Wharf, Boston, Tuesday and Friday, at 1.00 p. m.

S. S. PRINCE ALBERT

Makes daily trips (Sunday excepted) between Parrsboro and Wolfville, calling at Kingsport in both directions.

St. JOHN and DIGBY

ROYAL MAIL S. S. YARMOUTH.
Daily Service (Sunday excepted).
Leaves St. John, ... 7.45 a. m.
Arrives in Digby, ... 10.45 a. m.
Leaves Digby same day after arrival of express train from Halifax.

P. GIFFKINS,
General Manager.

It doesn't cost a penny.
No matter who you be,
To wish a man "good mornin'."
An' thereby let him see
You know that he is livin',
An' know he's human, too;
It's better for the fellow,
An' better, too, for you.



"IT'S mere hard fact that 'Oshawa' Guaranteed Shingles make ten times as good a roof as even the best wood shingles—and that at but one-tenth their cost."
"That is one reason why I know you would not roof except with my shingles, once you really understood their real value—real economy—real betterness."
"Absolutely, these 'Oshawa' Shingles are not only the cheapest good roofing. They are better roofing than anybody else can sell you for any money."
"That means exactly what I say. If it weren't so, this Company couldn't afford to put the guarantee it does behind every sale of 'Oshawa' Shingles. Nobody else makes, or ever made, such a guarantee about any roof."
"Let us send you a book about 'Roofing Right' that'll tell you something new and true about roofs. Free, the book—write our nearest place."

G. A. Pedlar

(We also make everything in sheet metal building material, including Pedlar Art Steel Ceilings and Side-Walls; and we are glad to send catalogue showing many of our 2,000 designs.)

OSHAWA STEEL SHINGLES

"GOOD FOR A HUNDRED YEARS"

The PEDLAR PEOPLE of Oshawa

Established 1861
MONTREAL OTTAWA TORONTO LONDON CHATHAM WINNIPEG QUEBEC ST. JOHN, N.B. HALIFAX

251-2 Craig St. W. 419 Sussex St. 11 Colborne St. 86 King St. 200 King St. W. 76 Lombard St. 711 Notre Dame St. 42-44 Prince William St. 18 Prince St.

2 in 1
SHOE POLISH
shines instantly at the first rub or two of the brush or cloth.
Will not rub off. Is waterproof. Softens and preserves the leather. No substitute even half as good.
10c. and 25c. Tins

FARM FOR SALE

The Opportunity of a Lifetime

THE DAVID B. PHINNEY FARM

Upper Granville Annapolis County

Splendidly located; 3½ miles West of Bridgetown on the main Granville road, North side of the lovely Annapolis River. One mile from school and church; ½ mile from wharf and ½ mile from railroad siding. Telephone line past the house. Daily mail.

Contains about 125 acres of magnificent land, a deep, rich loam, free from stone or hard pan, well drained and in a high state of cultivation.

The orchard is one of the best in the valley. Has put up 600 barrels. Crop last year was 340 barrels, mostly Nounapels, Baldwins, Kings and Gravensteins.

About 35 acres of upland and dyke, balance in pasture and woodland, the pasture being watered by one of the best known trout streams in the valley.

Buildings consist of a commodious 10 room 2-story house, with first-floor cellar, having outside entrance. Beautifully situated on a high bank overlooking the river and surrounded with magnificent elms and maples.

A large barn 30x58; horse barn, piggery, woodshed etc. Two fine wells.

This place is offered far below its value. Present owners are old people who are going to California to make their home. It's well worth \$8000, but for a quick sale is offered at \$5000. Arrangements could be made to take over furniture etc. if desired. Further particulars from

DAVID B. PHINNEY

Bridgetown Nova Scotia

Education in England

Mr. Acland was recently described in the papers as saying that "the nation had no intention of providing the money by which our educational system, now imperfect and wasteful, could be converted into something adequate for national and social needs."

The people are right. The majority of them take no interest whatever in it. The others are convinced that for the last forty years or so our elementary education has been a miserable sham, that no secondary education founded on so substantial a basis is worth much, and that at present there seems little hope for the future.

Now, with all my power I would urge two improvements which would cost nothing: simplicity and thoroughness. I do not write without thorough practical knowledge of my subject. Over and above life-long experience of English and Scottish country life, I have, during many recent years, spent several months annually travelling about among farmhouses and cottages in England and in every part of Europe for the express purpose of studying the lives and education of the people.

In London, where I know most of the "board" schools, and in our country districts alike, I hear the same complaints that the children are too often muddled and bewildered, pushed on and hurried, frequently crammed with seventeen subjects per week and never thoroughly grounded in any one of them. Seventeen subjects; yet religion and patriotism, which coupled together should head the list, are not included in it; children's minds are seldom capable of taking in seventeen subjects per week and if five were taught, and taught thoroughly, the results would be far better.

Probably few of your readers know the absurdity of much of our education; may I, then, mention a few of the many instances which have come under my own personal notice?

What is the sense of spending months in teaching country laborers' children the manufacture of raw silk, lead pencils, and raw cocoa, aided by costly boxes of samples of graphite, plumbago, cocoa beans, and silk earth? The unlucky teacher's knowledge of these substances is, of course from the uttermost parts of the most elementary, and the children know the whole thing to be a sham.

What is the use of teaching our southern counties children the names of the "villages" between Stockport and Manchester, some eleven miles of practically continuous towns, this being followed by a list of twenty rivers in Hindustan, and the amazing information that the Mississippi runs up hill? I should say that it was explained (?) that this was due to the position of the river relative to the Equator, but we remained as much in the dark as before.

In London last year I heard elaborate lessons upon the Gobi Desert, which the teacher declared "exactly resembled the central plains of England!"

It is distressing to see girls of the lowest class in the worst slums in London wasting several hours per week in parsing "Hamlet," while others read French aloud in such a manner that we did not understand one word and thought it was Yiddish.

The "domestic economy" classes are, if possible, even more ridiculous. I see girls, not one of whom is much above the charwoman type, studying for weeks together the analysis of the contents of an egg—the quantities being given in decimals, which no one understood. The final item of some dozen being "mineral matter, 00.03," it is not surprising that in the school-yard the girls told me that an egg was a mineral containing decimals.

The analysis of water is equally absurd, and I long for space in which to inveigh against the reckless waste of time and money involved in renting large and excellent houses which have never been occupied, and where the unfortunate girls clean grates, in which no fire has ever been lighted, and knives and forks which have never been used. Shot drill would be better than this daily repeated farce. In certain large institutions supported by charity, and which have immense funds at their disposal, there is a, to my mind, regrettably tendency to "cram."

I recently asked the head lady of one of our largest orphan asylums whether the girls were taught any household work. She replied with much scorn, "Oh, no, Miss Close, all our girls take the Cambridge Higher Exam."

In that case I have no hesitation in saying that many of them must have done so thanks to the very skillful cram, and would have been much better with a more homely bringing up. I know from long experience that many girls who pass examinations in mathematics are wholly unable to keep the simplest farm or house accounts properly or accurately.

We are told that this "up-to-date" education teaches the children to think. So it does—it teaches them to think that they are very highly educated and need take no further trouble to improve themselves, whereas all they know is a horrible smattering.

All this may seem trivial but it is of the gravest importance to England and strikes at the very root of our existence as a nation. Parents have little or no authority over their children and are often positively afraid of them. Their total ignorance of cooking and management leads as I know from experience, to the most appalling discomfort in their homes, and thus to drinking and physical deterioration. House-keeping, whether on a large or small scale, is become a wearisome burden; where there are children the burden is increased in proportion and the remedy is obvious.

We have our object-lesson in the United States and Canada and other of our Colonies. (In France secular education and the land laws bring about the same result.) Yet with these countries under our eyes and the ancestor-worshipping nations daily waxing stronger, we allow ourselves to drift along the path, the pleasant and easy path, which leads to destruction. We have plenty of good material still, but our wretched educations seem to paralyze it, and it is imperative that we rouse up and use our common sense to simplify and adapt it to our wants.

ELLINOR C. L. CLOSE.
101 Eaton Square, April 15th.

CHAMBERLAIN'S LINIMENT.

This is a new preparation and a good one. It is especially valuable as a cure for chronic and muscular rheumatism, and for the relief from pain which it affords in acute inflammatory rheumatism. Those who have used it have invariably spoken of it in the highest terms of praise. Lame back, lame shoulder and stiff neck are due to rheumatism of the muscles, usually brought on by exposure to cold or damp, and are quickly cured by applying this liniment freely and massaging the affected parts. Soreness of the muscles, whether induced by violent exercise or injury, is allayed by this liniment. For sale by
W. A. WARREN, BRIDGETOWN, A. E. ATLEE, ANNAPOLIS ROYAL, and BEAR RIVER DRUG STORE.

THE FOLLY OF COMPETITION.

Financial and other papers of Ontario are giving considerable prominence to the following extract from a recent address by B. H. Myers, president of the Wisconsin Utility Commission, and which is apropos at this moment:

"If there is one thing above all others which the history of the utility business has established, it is that competition as a guarantor of good service and a regulator of rates has failed. The verification of this simple truth has cost the people of this and other commonwealths untold millions of dollars. The spirit of the utilities law is that wasteful competition and useless duplication of plants shall cease. It is conceivable that public convenience and necessity may in certain cases, due to obstinacy, bad management or other causes, require the construction of a competing plant, but such cases should be very rare indeed, or, better still, they should never be permitted to occur. It would be nothing less than an economic crime to attempt to reopen the door to competition in the utility business with a mistaken notion that through such action the public will secure better service at lower rates."

BILIOUSNESS AND CONSTIPATION.

For years I was troubled with biliousness and constipation, which made life miserable for me. My appetite failed me. I lost my usual force and vitality. Pepsin preparations and cathartics only made matters worse. I do not know where I should have been to-day had I not tried Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. The tablets relieve the ill feeling at once, strengthen the digestive functions, purify the stomach, liver and blood, helping the system to do its work naturally.—Mrs. Rosa Potts, Birmingham, Ala. These tablets are for sale by
W. A. WARREN, BRIDGETOWN; A. E. ATLEE, ANNAPOLIS ROYAL, and BEAR RIVER DRUG STORE.

THE ONTARIO FRUIT CROP.

St. Catharines, Ont., May 19.—As the season advances the prospects for the fruit crop of the Niagara District are becoming brighter, despite the backward and chilly weather, which has prevailed for some weeks. The peach crop is prospering nicely, and will show up well, while almost every other variety of fruit will be plentiful.

Fresh Seeds

We have in stock a full line of fresh Garden Seeds, of the celebrated

STEELE-BRIGGS' Stock. None Better.

ALSO CLEANED BUCKWHEAT FOR SEED

MILLINERY

Miss Wade can supply the Ladies with everything in the Hat line.

ALSO IN STOCK

Children's Headwear, Dresses, Hosiery, etc.

W. W. WADE, BEAR RIVER, N.S.

SPRING IS COMING



Our new Spring Suits for

Men and Boys are already here. Fit-Rite suits in elegant new patterns and smart styles. Fit-Reform Suits in colorings and designs that are gay to look upon. Reliance Brand Clothing for boys, recognized as the strongest and best clothing in Canada. Our prices as always are the lowest possible considering quality.

Bridgetown Clothing Store

J. HARRY HICKS

BRIDGETOWN BOOT AND SHOE STORE

SHOE DRESSINGS of all kinds and for all kinds and colors of Boots and Shoes.

My Men's PATENT and TAN BALS and OXFORDS are all right—for style and for wear can't be beat. Same line for Ladies.

My PATENTS are all made of the best Corona Calf; Tan of the best Willow Calf. These lines are no doubt the best on the market.

Also just received two dozen pairs Men's AMHERST GRAIN FISHING BOOTS.

E. A. COCHRANE, GRANVILLE ST.

Come to the New Store

And see what you can buy for ONLY.

5c. 10c. 15c. 20c. and 25c.

GLASS CHINA, EARTHEN, TIN, GRANITE, AND WOODEN WARE

ALSO A FULL LINE OF...

Breakfast Cereals, Spices, Essences, Sugar, Canned Goods, all kinds of Confectionery. Bananas, Oranges, and Lemons

Try our Ice Cream

MRS. H. E. BROWN
SEAFNER BUILDING

WANTED.

A LARGE QUANTITY OF
HIDES, PELTS, CALF SKINS
& TALLOW
Cash paid at the
Highest Market Prices
McKENZIE CROWE & Co., Ltd.

Lime
Vitriol
Paris Green

For sale by

A. R. BISHOP.
QUEEN STREET.

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