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THURSDAY MORNING, DEC. 1, 1887.

Still Another Reason for Going Slow.

Ever since this reciprocity discussion began, it has been The World's contention that "time is on our side," and that Canada must gain by delaying rather than by hurrying and hastening the settlement of what her commercial relations with the United States are to be. Our business position grows stronger and more independent every year that passes. Canada is certainly better able to stand alone now than she was twenty years ago; and there is every reason for believing that she will be still better able twenty years hence than she is to-day. In this American reciprocity business, "time is on our side," and the fact cannot be too often and too emphatically repeated. One suggestion The Montreal Gazette adds, which bears in the same way. All this time the question of what to do with the tariff—where to reduce it and how much—has come to the front in the United States. Everybody expects to see it the chief question of all occupying the attention of the coming session of Congress; and it is among things morally certain that on it the great event of the Presidential election next year will mainly turn. Now, says The Gazette, might it not be as well to wait a while and see what our neighbors determine to do in the way of tariff policy generally, ere pressing upon them any offers in particular from this side? That seems to us eminently reasonable—that we should rest "hold on" a little until we see what their course is going to be, instead of rushing hastily into any course of our own, which we may wish afterwards we had avoided. If ever there was wisdom in the counsel to take your time and "go slow," there surely is in this case.

But this wise and reasonable course does not recommend itself to the Wimanics amongst us, who are anxious to see these provinces or some of them annexed to the United States without loss of time. Their latest movement is one started at Halifax, information of which has been telegraphed thence to The New York Herald. "It is confidently felt," so we are told, that Secretary Bayard will propose a scheme of Commercial Union: and it is believed with equal confidence that Tupper and Chamberlain will at once decline to entertain any such offer, reasonable or otherwise. Well, we could think so.

But Tupper represents only a Canadian party, that supporting the Dominion Government. What is wanted is that all parties should be represented, [illegible] reputation representing the Dominion should be sent to Washington. [illegible] that his country President Cleveland [illegible] two commissioners, one a Democrat, [illegible] a Republican: why not do substantially the same thing here? The proposal is thus put by The Herald's Halifax correspondent:

Why, it is asked, could not all Liberal commissioners have been appointed to act jointly with Sir Charles Tupper for Canada, the same as a Republican and a Democrat were appointed to act for the United States?

This view of the situation is not confined solely to members of the Liberal party, but similar opinions are entertained and expressed by many prominent Conservatives who are among those to inaugurate the present movement. The friends of Commercial Union on this side of the line are, it is needless to say, foremost in this new agitation, the object of which is to counteract and, if possible, ultimately defeat any unfair action that may be taken by the British and Canadian Commissioners.

The only plain course by which this may be attained is to despatch a delegation to Washington to appear before the Senate and House of Representatives and present to those bodies the views of what is believed to be the great majority in Canada on the question of closer trade relations. This step is not taken in the interests of the Maritime Provinces alone, but it is proposed to give all sections of the Dominion equal representation.

One of the Liberal leaders in the Dominion Commons, who was a prominent member of Hon. Alexander Mackenzie's Government before Sir John Macdonald came into power, is already mentioned as chief member of the delegation, and there is said to be little question that he will be the man for the position. It is decided to have a delegate for each province—a question that has not been arranged—Nova Scotia will send the Hon. M. S. Fielding, the Provincial Premier.

The proposition herein outlined is not street talk that has assumed no definite form, but is the substance of a scheme that has been given mature deliberation and is now rapidly approaching development.

The charge is made (of course in The Halifax Chronicle) that Sir Charles Tupper does not represent the majority of the Maritime Provinces. To which we reply that, by count of votes, he does represent the majority, and that more truly than they would be represented by any of the Opposition. But if you want to know why Canada cannot send an Opposition deputation to Washington, although President Cleveland did put one Opposition member on the American part of the Commission, we say simply this: That no nation ever appoints as its negotiators with a foreign power any one who is anxious or even barely willing to surrender a part of its territory, except after having been conquered in war. And what our Commercial Union men want is not reciprocity merely, but surrender to the United States. It is simply impossible to find any American, of any party, who would dare to talk of surrender to Canada, as some people here talk of the propriety of Canada surrendering to the Republic.

Let us think over again. Here we have it before us, for a certainty, that the coming year is sure to witness over the border by far the most important arrangement or settlement of the tariff question that has been attempted in many years. Would it not, therefore, be wise for us to wait until our neighbors have settled their tariff policy, as the majority among them shall decide, after which we might make up our minds whether there was any opening left by which we might negotiate? Over here a great party is coming, coming. Now let us see "how the [illegible] before we commit ourselves to any more offers. And meantime let us do without the proposed surrender deputation. Canada most decidedly does not want that.

Even The Montreal Witness can be patriotic when it tries, as witness the following:

Surely Mr. Atkinson, publicist, Boston, sees as plainly as everyone else does, that his proposal to purchase the Maritime Provinces for their share of the debt, however agreeable it might seem to the Gloucester taste, is utterly inadmissible to Canada. Canada never has forgiven, and while she remains a country never can forgive, the purchase of Russian America by Mr. Seward. By that purchase the United States threw pole great, threatening paw around our domain with no other purpose than to embarrass our independence. Even supposing the "remote" Maritime Provinces to promote only through the chicanery of American diplomacy — to be of no value whatever, the handing over of the Gulf of St. Lawrence to the United States would practically be the handing over of Canada, and that not as a free state, but as a slave. Those provinces are, however, absolutely essential to our external welfare. Without them the country would be abandoned to hopeless race division which, as the sly Atkinson doubtless sees well enough, would soon complete its dismemberment. Moreover, the purchase would not solve the end. Half the fisheries at least belong to Newfoundland and Quebec. The Gloucester raiders would be reinforced by ten times their number from Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, and it would next become necessary to purchase Newfoundland, Gaspe and Quebec. The proposition is simple nonsense.

It seems not unlikely that the recent meeting between the two Emperors at Berlin may have ended *immediate* war. But what we hear of that preparations for the war which is to end some time are still going on. Perhaps the best present guarantee of peace that we see is that on the front rest now is the marked disposition of the anti-Russian alliance, [illegible] to be going [illegible] with England a [illegible] interested [illegible] en the Czar of [illegible] to plunge into [illegible] coalition [illegible] t powers as [illegible] be the [illegible] change [illegible] own [illegible] ad- [illegible]

suspected by many people that he has a finger in the pie.

Over in "York State" the talk is that Governor Hill is President Cleveland's most formidable rival for the Democratic nomination next year. Thus he says to leaders of the party: "If you don't look out, Cleveland and Carlisle will wreck you on the tariff question. But on that I am safe, as you know, therefore——" Cleveland's message will soon show important signs.

ARRANGEMENT OF THE CITY.

BY R. W. PHIPPS.

There is surely much to be said in favor of a different system of arranging the building of Toronto from the present, especially with reference to the plan now pursued of allowing all descriptions of factories to be located among private dwellings, to the very great injury of their owners.

I am sure your readers will allow that a little actual experience will outweigh much hurried statement. Take one instance out of many. There is one block where three-fourths are covered with dwelling houses, a great many of them new and handsome brick. A short while since a factory, large, handsome and tolerably quiet, not needing any engine, was erected on a lot there. Permission was given by the corporation, in spite of the fact that an almost unanimous petition of the residents of the block was presented against it, maps of the locality drawn and two of our leading lawyers engaged to state the case against it, which they did forcibly and well. Yet, after perfunctorily listening to all this, it took the committee—a large one—scarce two minutes to decide in favor of the manufacturer, who I heard had previously carefully interviewed everybody he could reach on the subject. What is the consequence? That while the building of handsome brick residences is progressing to a remarkable extent in the immediate neighborhood, it being a quiet and healthy locality where houses let well, yet on the eight or ten sites adjacent, and many others opposite, no brick is laid, all is left vacant or with the old houses standing. There is no doubt as to the cause or effect. One builder meant, and was proceeding to, build up this very part with valuable brick dwellings, and had, in fact, already torn down three old houses and erected two fine residences, now next door to the factory, the erection of which he stoutly opposed, stating that if it came he must stop improving there, and he has stopped; it is two years now, and neither he nor any other builds there.

Who gains by all this loss? No one but the factory owner, whose sign shows in better relief against the properties he is injuring. The city benefits no more by his work than if he were in a fitter locality. Workmen of factories so situated are worse off in many ways; they are compelled to find houses where they are cheap, and thus are forced to crowded and sickly streets, or else go long distances to work, never getting a comfortable dinner the week round, a fruitful cause of ill-health and intemperance. Neither is there the slightest reason for giving any factory permission to intrude on a previously quiet neighborhood, for their owners seek the city for their own benefit, and if rightly denied location in the centre, they will seek it in the outskirts, where they annoy none, and greatly benefit their employes by proximity to suitable and healthy dwellings.

If a hundred factories come to a city they do it great benefit while together or in proper localities; but allow them to locate as they will, they will scatter themselves like a charge of small-shot, and each form a centre where it will do an amount of harm which will exceed its benefit. I have known leading citizens, and very valuable ones, here whose health and nerves were weakened and their lives shortened by allowing such work as rivetting near them. They did not care to leave the homes they had planned and made; they could not well sell; they stayed on in perpetual annoyance, and were resignedly hammered to death.

The object to be considered, with a view to the general benefit, is to have as many undisturbed blocks of private residences near the centre of the city as possible. Once understood that these are devoted to this purpose, then residents and owners will see that the streets are handsome and shaded, the gardens, small though they may be, yet numerous; and the drains in good order. The result would be that a great number of people can find quiet homes without going far from the business centres—a most desirable thing for all purposes of health and convenience.

I will endeavor, if space allow, to sketch a plan of the description of buildings which, it seems to me, should be erected in the different parts of the city. South of Adelaide-street should be devoted to commerce, that is, the wholesale trade, the banks, the railroads, the shipping, and to the hotels necessary for the traveling public. North of Adelaide should be found all great public buildings, colleges, city halls, court houses, and the great mass of residences. Manufacture should find ample scope and location along the Don and the Humber, both which rivers will be utilized for the carriage of coal, which need never break bulk till delivered at any city point on their banks. There the employes can find vast spaces for healthy homes and for gardens—an important point—close to their work, and built for such purposes, these houses will be cheap and commodious. East, west and north of these villa residences could extend to any distance. Along the south the railroads will pass as at present, but over them should be many bridges, leading to a great esplanade, free to all, not clogged, as now, by buildings which should be elsewhere, and extending along the clear waters of a renovated bay. The free esplanade we shall hardly get, it being our practice here to sell our lake fronts (and they would like to include our soule) to railroad corporations, and make them a present of the price. The rest is easily obtainable.

If these ideas were, as they could easily be, carried out even in great part, instead of our present higgledy-piggledy, hodge-podge collection of houses, apparently thrown together with a shovel; planing mills, factories, steam engines scattered at random, and every man beating a tom-tom in the ears of his neighbor, we should have a city elegant, commodious, and yet quiet, where all could without injury to others attend to their daily labor, and find peaceful residences for their needful rest. Such cities there are. But they are not in this country and they crew under a wiser management than that popular machine for oppressing the populace, the popular vote.

Toronto, Nov. 29, 1887.

Brother Boyle is Displeased.

From The Irish Canadian.

Not a few will be disappointed with the choice made by Sir John as between Mr. MacMahon and Mr. James J. Foy, Q.C. It was very generally expected by the friends of the latter that a gentleman of his character and standing at the Bar could not be easily overlooked by the Premier; but the Premier is in the habit sometimes of making political friends of his political enemies, trusting to party fealty to hold those who were born in the "faith" and have grown gray in his service. The experiment, though, so far not attended with serious consequences, is yet hazardous, and may possibly be tried once too often.

The Globe Riding Its High Horse.

From Le Courrier du Canada, Quebec.

The Globe is riding its high horse and utters threats against Quebec should it dare oppose Commercial Union or unrestricted reciprocity. The Conservative meeting in Montreal and the speeches of the Conservative leaders have provoked the anger of the Grit organ. Would the Province of Quebec dare to have an opinion on the subject? Would it lack enthusiasm for Mr. Wiman's theories? At this thought The Globe is itself once more. The ghost of George Brown returns to its columns and it warns those Lower Canadian pariahs that they had better beware.

RIOTERS HELD FOR TRIAL.

MR. GRAHAM, M.P., AND MR. BURNS, SOCIALIST, UNDER BONDS.

A London Magistrate Holds that General Sir Charles Warren, Commissioner of Police, was Justified in Prohibiting Meetings in Trafalgar-square.

LONDON, Nov. 30.—Mr. Graham, member of Parliament for the Northwest division of Lanarkshire, and Mr. Burns, the Socialist leader, who were arrested during the riots near Trafalgar-square on Sunday, Nov. 13, were arraigned again to-day and were committed for trial. The Magistrate said the action of Gen. Sir Charles Warren, Commissioner of the Metropolitan Police in proclaiming meetings in Trafalgar-square was justified at common law. The right of the Crown to prohibit such meetings was fully protected by statute. The defendants were admitted to bail. Their trial was fixed for the next session of the criminal court.

NINE BEATS FELSTED.

A Close Shooting Contest—The Granite Rink Ready for Business.

William Felsted of this city and William Hine of Winnipeg shot a match yesterday afternoon at fifty Canada blackbirds on Ayre's grounds. The birds were trapped at an average distance of sixty yards, which accounts to some extent for the small scores. The match was for $100. The scores were:

Hine—1111111011011010101011110111-
11101111111101110110—38
Felsted—1111001110111101111111001110
0100110111111110010—36.

The Granite Rink Ready for Business.

Now that the cold snap has heralded the approach of winter, and there is every appearance that King Frost has "come to stay," the lovers of the popular and exhilarating pastime of curling are looking forward for a grand time. Nowhere has the game more stanch devotees than in Toronto, all of whom will be glad to learn that the Granite Rink, on Church-street, is now open. Reminiscences of joyous reunions, healthful exercise and hotly contested games recur at the mention of this event. The youths of the city have commenced their sliding, there has been skating in the east, and should the frost continue there will be the first skating in the above rink on Saturday next. The terms for single admission and season tickets are advertised in The World, and all who enjoy the sport as participants or spectators should at once procure season tickets, available till March 10, of Mr. Wm. Badenach, secretary, at the rink.

Dust from the Diamond.

Hamilton claims that Horner and Jones will be very effective under the three strike rule.

Ed. Crane has not yet made his appearance with the Giants on the Pacific coast.

Indianapolis is reported to be after Doug Crothers.

Whoever is selected to captain the Toronto team next season will have to pay the fines imposed upon him, as the management think the policy of settling for its captain's fines a poor one. Last year Pearce cost them several hundred dollars in this way last season.

Newark denies that it is an applicant for admission to the American Association.

Manager Mutrie has an interesting letter in The Sporting Times anent the late International League meeting. He says: "I will back the winner of a new league that is to be formed against the champions of the International Association in 1888. But I wish the latter all the success possible."

JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

Lt.-Col. Otter, D.A.G., will inspect the Toronto Garrison Artillery on Monday evening.

Grip this week pays his respects to Bishop Cleary and has a comical picture on the subject of Canadian girls.

A burning chimney on Teraulay-street led to the fire brigade being called out at 9 o'clock last night.

Company "E" of the Royal Grenadiers will parade this evening at the Drill Shed to receive their annual pay.

The Toronto Street Car Company is laying down rails to its new premises on Front-street. Cars will be ready for occupancy in the course of a few weeks.

If you want to get a first-class piano now is the chance while those big bargains are offered. Old instruments taken in exchange. 32 Yonge-street, C. H. Bigger.

The total amount of duties collected at Toronto for November, 1887, was $266,792.76, against $254,351.83 for the corresponding month last year, an increase of $12,440.87.

The body of Julia Bachle is to be exhumed to-day for the purpose of having a post mortem. As soon as this is completed Coroner Johnson will hold an inquest.

James Van Malder, boot and shoe dealer, 136 Dundas-street, has assigned in trust to E. H. C. Clarkson, at whose office a meeting of creditors will be held at noon on Saturday.

Business men, merchants, bankers, etc., etc., will find a full line of diaries, ledgers, stationery, etc., etc., at Grand & Toy's, the leading stationers in Toronto, cor. Leader-lane and Colborne-street.

Toronto-street, which has been closed as a public thoroughfare for some weeks past while it was being laid with asphalt block-pavement, will be re-opened for traffic to-day or to-morrow.

Dr. Krauss has resigned his position on the staff of the Woman's Medical College. Dr. Wishart has been appointed lecturer on therapeutics and Dr. G. B. Smith on materia medica.

William Wallifer, living at Sydenham and Ontario streets, and John Johnson of 205 George-street were under arrest at the Wilton-avenue Station last night upon a charge of assaulting their wives.

Joseph Chamberlain—not the Right Honorable—was yesterday committed for trial by Judge McDougall for maliciously sprinkling Paris green in the yard of David Watt, in the Township of York, for the purpose of killing cattle.

Holmes & Gregory is the style of a new law firm started by Messrs. G. W. Holmes, M.A., LL.B.; and W. D. Gregory, with offices at King-street west, and branch at Markham. They are young men already well-known in this busy city.

Thomas Carlton, who was arrested a few days ago on the charge of larceny of a goose from the store of a butcher named Kupitz, Queen-street east, has been honorably discharged, it having been shown that he was in another place at the time.

At the Police Court yesterday these cases were disposed of: George McKear, carrying a revolver, was fined $20 and costs; Daniel Cusick, Terrence O'Brien and John Ross, arrested for stealing pigeons, were each fined $5 and costs or 10 days; Thomas Johnston, accused of trespass, was discharged.

William Whalen, Duchess-street, and Edward Lavin, Downey-lane, who had been shooting in the Eastern Gap, narrowly escaped drowning by the capsizing of their boat yesterday morning. They clung to the upturned craft till rescued, suffered severely from their immersion and lost their guns and ammunition.

The annual election of officers of Mimico Lodge No. 369 A.F. and A.M. Lambton Mills, was held Tuesday evening. These officers were elected: Wm. Burgess, W.M.; P. L. Hicks, S.W.; Geo. White, J.W.; Thos. Tier, Chap.; Chas. E. Brown, Treas.; M. C. Orth, Sec.; Wm. Tuggitt, Tyler; H. P. Ide, J. D. Evans, Geo. White, Auditors.

Detective Burrows yesterday afternoon arrested Robert Tilling on two charges of theft, the first of which is preferred by his wife, who alleges that he stole her Bible, and the other is for appropriating a double-barrelled gun, which the owner, Thos. Pells, had left in Joll Worden's care. Tilling has duped several persons by representing that his wife was dead and that he required assistance to defray the funeral expenses.

Minerva Again After the Reverend Hugh.

Editor World: I would like to make a few remarks concerning your interview with the Rev. Hugh Johnston on the colored people of the South.

Mr. Johnston says that we have entirely misinterpreted his article in The Globe. Now, I would like to ask how we could possibly make a mistake when it was written as plain as could be? We have nothing whatever to do with what Mr. Johnston meant to show us, all we have to deal with is what he said. He says that "We wear black skins, and grow wool where the hair ought to grow, and that the intermarrying of the two races produces a mongrel race, and the reason that the whites refuse to sit beside the blacks in school and church is because we smell or words meaning the same thing." I cannot possibly see in the least where Mr. Johnston's sympathies with our race comes in at. Had the rev. gentleman said that he was told these things, it would have been a different thing altogether and we would not have taken any notice of it, because we know that the spirit of slavery still exists to a large extent down South. Let Mr. Johnston take this as his motto in the future, when writing or talking of any person or people, "That it is not what entereth a man's mouth that defiles him, but what comes out of it," and so we have to deal with Mr. Johnston not what he meant, but simply what he said, and as I have taken this subject up I want to see justice done to the end.

MISS MINERVA F. GILLIAM,
St. Lawrence Market, City.

Imperial Federation.

Editor World: Anxious as Mr. Goldwin Smith must be to throttle all opposition to his long-cherished and brilliant scheme of a politically-united America, it is yet difficult to evolve from his remarks in Tuesday's Mail any substantial reasons for his antagonism to Imperial Federation.

The motive in Mr. Smith's letter rather appears to be to provoke supporters of the movement to a declaration of a well-defined plan. Harping upon the modern "tendency to colonial self-government," the extravagantly fabulous account of our military strength, and the casual observations of a London journalistic representative assailing Mr. Dalton McCarthy with a vituperative effort grounded on that gentleman's presumed contempt for Commercial Union as a paltry adversary to Imperial Federation—these asseverations certainly show, not that as Mr. Smith states, "the current of events is carrying us rapidly in the very opposite direction from Imperial Federation," but rather that the bottom is falling out of the Commercial Union canoe, and Mr. Smith's pet scheme is spoiling. G.H.D.

UNITED STATES NEWS.

James Laughlin and Robert Pryor, fishermen, were drowned off Presque Isle on Tuesday.

The hotel of the Northern Pacific Dining Car Company was burned yesterday. Loss, $60,000.

Nine buildings in the business portion of Aiken, S.C., were burned yesterday; loss $40,000.

The Prohibition National Committee has decided to hold the national convention during the first week in June, 1888, at Chicago.

John Bricker, a French-Canadian, and two Hungarians were killed by the caving in of a stone quarry near Hummelstown, Pa., on Tuesday.

A. S. Smith, the Redwood, Cal., editor, who was shot on Tuesday by Dr. Powell, died yesterday. Powell has been charged with murder.

The Standard Oil Company intend to lay a pipe line from Chicago to New York. The pipe will be nearly 1000 miles long and will cost $4,000,000.

The managers of the coal companies held a conference at New York yesterday. It was announced that no changes in the rates would be made.

George Degham, captain of the British steamer Ocean King, on Tuesday dived into the water at New Orleans to take a bath. His head struck some obstacle in the water, breaking his neck.

Stephen Bailey, colored, 70 years old, living in Berkeley county, Ala., murdered his wife two weeks ago and when the deed was discovered he cut his throat.

James Brown, a restaurant keeper of Troy, N.Y., has been indicted on a charge of murder in the first degree, in killing Patrick Kelly on the night of Oct. 16.

The order of the Commissioner of Public Works stopping work involving excavations in the streets of New York, which went into effect at midnight last night, will, it is said, throw 6000 men out of employment.

Amusement Notes.

Myra Goodwin at the Grand to-night in "Philopene."

"Chip o' the Old Block," with that comical trio, Fish—Scott—Mills, at the Toronto.

Kate Castleton in "Crazy Patch" will sing and dance all next week at the Grand.

To those desiring instruction and perfect enjoyment the Battle of Sedan cyclorama is commended. Take the whole family. Your visits to it will prove beneficial in many ways.

A company of twenty-one artists will interpret Bartley's Campbell's play of "The White Slave" at the Toronto Opera House next week. Aside from the strength of the company, artistically as well as numerically, the scenery, the mechanical effects and the realistic rain storm, will go far to make an interesting and perfect performance.

Don't forget the carnival at the Princess Roller Rink this evening. A good band will be in attendance.

"The Osgoode Hall Pharmacy."

The opening of this handsome drug store at the corner of York-street and Queen-street west, opposite Osgoode Hall, in this city, has made a very decided improvement in the appearance of this locality, which, it will be remembered, formerly stood the "Old Caledonia House."

The building is of brick, and the fine store is finished in modern style, with large plate-glass windows fronting on each street. The interior has been fitted up in most elaborate style by the proprietor, Mr. T. H. Botham. No pains spared no expense in making this establishment one of the most complete and attractive drug stores in the city. The fittings are all finished in mahogany, with counter and show-cases to match, the ceiling is handsomely frescoed, and the store is heated by steam. Mr. Botham, who was long and favorably known in Brantford, Ont., and is a chemist and druggist of many years' experience, has purchased a full supply of pure fresh drugs of the best quality, and will give the business his personal supervision, paying particular attention to the prescription department. He will employ none but duly qualified assistants, so the public may at all times depend upon accuracy and promptness. The store will also always be stocked with a full line of druggists' sundries and fancy goods. Mr. Botham intends to maintain a high standard of excellence, and build up for himself a reputation for good quality and prompt attention, and hopes thereby to merit a full share of the patronage of the public, whom he cordially invites to inspect his stock. His business notices will from time to time appear in the advertising columns of this paper and will no doubt prove of interest to its readers. Those who pass that way or who may have business at Osgoode Hall cannot fail to observe the great improvement the erection of this building has made at this prominent corner of one of our greatest thoroughfares.

Preparations for a Good Spell of Sleigh-Riding.

William Dixon, Adelaide-street west, has made extensive preparation for the approaching sleighing season, having laid in a large supply of American and Montreal made sleighs of all the newest styles, besides a large number of his own manufacture, including many new styles of his design, Russian cutters and speeding sleighs. He has a great many ordered sleighs now in course of manufacture, and expects to do a larger business than he has done in any season heretofore. Wm. Dixon has always taken the lead for style and good workmanship, and evidently intends to hold the position. x

Mr. Lydon's Big Sale.

Mr. Lydon's sale of silverware, china, cutlery, etc., at Oliver, Coate & Co.'s rooms draws large crowds daily. Articles just the thing for holiday presents sell far below cost, but Mr. Lydon is bound to sell his entire stock before his return to England on Dec. 15. Sale at 11 a.m. and 2 p.m. daily. No reserve. Ladies should attend. x

New Chinese Store.

Through the efforts of Mr. R. M. Melville, 50 Adelaide-street east, the Hong-Kong firm of Wing, Tai & Co., have decided to open a branch house in Toronto. The firm have several agencies in the United States and Europe, and are worth many millions of dollars. Their Canadian representative, Chong-Chuck, has already arrived and has leased the large store 405 Yonge-street. They have hundreds of packages of goods in bond which have just been released by the Minister of Customs, on the personal application of Chong-Chuck, who visited Ottawa a few days ago, accompanied by Mr. Melville. x

"Chip O' The Old Block."

"Miss Marguerite Fish" is drawing a large audience and giving ample room for applause, which she gets every time at the Toronto Opera House. She is funny, fierce and frolicsome and full of fun, and makes her patrons feel good and happy, same as R. Lane the photographer, 147 Yonge-street, where people get the best photos in town. x

What Does It Mean.

These "bankrupt stock sales," "dissolution sales," "discounts sales," "sales," and all kinds of sales, a great many people say are just so many "sells." McKendry can't see how merchants can afford to take from 10 to 25 per cent. off. The firm that can take so much off must have had a big pile on, and that's a fact. McKendry's prices, even with the big discounts supposed to be taken off, are the lowest yet; see if they are not.

Gentlemen save your money and improve your personal appearance by purchasing your clothing of Gibson. Overcoats of the finest beaver, melton or nap trimmed, first class at a reduction of 20 per cent. for cash. Workmanship and fit equal to any. Young men wanting to learn a profitable business can get a thorough course in cutting on easy terms. Gibson, Merchant Tailor, 5 Shuter-street. 246

Try The World for a month, and you will want to continue it indefinitely. Twenty-five cents a month delivered to your residence.

Modern Mantels.

There is nothing sets off a drawing-room so well as a handsome mantelpiece. It is at once the pride of the hostess and the admiration of her visitors. And how the ladies do admire a really artistic article. At the show rooms of W. Millichamp, Sons & Co., 29 to 35 Adelaide-street east, can be seen the finest assortment of walnut, ebony, cherry and mahogany mantels in Canada. Parties building should see the various designs.

What am I to Do?

The symptoms of biliousness are unhappily but too well known. They differ in different individuals to some extent. A bilious man is seldom a breakfast eater. Too frequently, alas, he has an excellent appetite for liquids but none for solids of a morning. His tongue will hardly bear inspection at any time, if it is not white and furred, it is rough, at all events.

The digestive system is wholly out of order, and diarrhoea or constipation may be a symptom or the two may alternate. There are often hemorrhoids or even loss of blood. There may be giddiness and often headache and acidity or flatulence and tenderness in the pit of the stomach. To correct all this, if not effect a cure, try Green's August Flower. It costs but a trifle and thousands attest its efficacy.

Ambrecht's Tonic Cora Wine

Made from the best Peruvian coca leaves. A powerful nerve stimulant; produces healthy sleep without bad effects. Strongly recommended by the most eminent physicians in Europe. Mara & Co., 280 Queen-street west. 246

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—General servant for small family. Apply 57 Cecil-st.

WANTED—To learn typewriting, lad of intelligence who has a knowledge of job printing. GEO. BENGOUGH, agent Remington Typewriter, 36 King.

WANTED—Office boy at once, must write good hand. COATSWORTH, HODGINS & CAMPBELL, 15 York Chambers, 9 Toronto-street.

LOST.

LOST—A large young short-haired St. Bernard dog. Answers to name of Royal. Reward on return to H. CAWTHRA, 9 College-street, corner Beverley-street.

TO LET.

HOUSE—No. 40 Charles-st. JACKES & JACKES, 64 Church-st.

TO RENT—Large offices on ground floor Imperial Bank of Canada building, very desirable; until recently occupied by the Gooderham & Worts Co. Alterations to suit lessees. Apply at the Bank.

FINANCIAL.

A LARGE AMOUNT of private funds to loan on real estate, city or farm property. FRANK CATLEY, real estate and financial agent, 65 King-street east, cor. Leader-lane.

INVESTMENTS in land (ground rents) wanted to pay 5 per cent. W. HOPE, 15 Adelaide-street east. Telephone 1218.

LARGE amount of money to loan in sums to suit at lowest rates of interest; notes discounted. W. A. LEE & SON, Agents Western Fire and Marine Assurance Company, 10 Adelaide-street east.

MONEY TO LOAN—At lowest rates; terms to suit; properties for sale. Open at night. W. H. DICKSON, 20 Queen west.

MONEY TO LOAN—On Mortgage, at lowest current rates. All expenses paid by the lender. W. HOPE, 15 Adelaide-st. east.

MONEY—5 and 6—Large or small amounts. Loans of all descriptions made and negotiated; mortgages purchased. Commercial paper discounted. EDWARD J. BARTON, 101 Adelaide-st. east.

MONEY TO LOAN on mortgages, endowments, life policies and other securities. JAMES C. MOGES, Financial Agent and Policy Broker, 5 Toronto-street.

PRIVATE FUNDS to loan on real estate. A. G. STRATHY, real estate and investment broker, 15 Victoria-street.

R. H. C. BROWNE & CO., Real Estate, Insurance, Financial and General Agents; rents and accounts collected; money to loan at lowest rates; properties bought, sold or exchanged. Room 3, Elgin Block, 81 Adelaide-street east, Toronto, Ont., Telephone No. 1416.

TRUST AND OTHER FUNDS to lend on real mortgages in sums and terms to suit. FREDERICK WRIGHT, 32 Church-street. 315

THORNE & CO.—REAL ESTATE, ETC., No. 3 Court-street, offer five acres and house, Indian-road; would exchange.

$750,000 TO LOAN on mortgage; large or small sums; interest low; terms easy; no valuation fee charged. HOME SAVINGS AND LOAN COMPANY, 72 Church-street, Toronto.

ART.

MR. FORSTER, Artist—Pupil of M. Bouguereau, President of Art Association of France. Studio, 81 King-street East, portrait painting 46

ASSIGNEES AND ACCOUNTANTS.

DONALDSON & MILNE—50 Front-street east, assignees, accountants, collecting attorneys, estate agents. Loans made on mortgage security and commercial paper discounted.

ESTABLISHED 1873—SHERMAN E. TOWNSEND, chartered Accountant, Auditor, Creditors' Assignee, Liquidator and Financial Agent. 64 James-street south, Hamilton, Ont.; 27 Wellington-street east, Toronto, Ont.

J. MCARTHUR GRIFFITH & CO., Expert Accountants, Assignees and Financial Agents, 15 Manning Arcade, Toronto.

DENTAL CARDS.

R. G. TROTTER,
DENTAL SURGEON,
has removed to his new office and residence,
No. 14 CARLTON-STREET,
four door east of Yonge-street and opposite the Carlton-street Methodist Church.

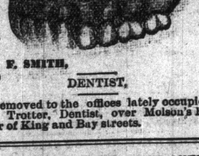
CHAS. P. LENNOX, Dentist, Rooms A and B, Arcade, Yonge-street. The best material used in all operations; still equal to any in the Dominion; no pain in extracting; artificial sets, upper or lower, $8. 621

J. ELLIOT, Dentist, 43 and 45 King west. New mode, celluloid, gold and rubber base, separate or combined, natural teeth regulated, regardless of malformation of the mouth.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH WITHOUT A PLATE
GREATEST IMPROVEMENT OF THE AGE.
DR. STOWES,
Dental Surgery, 111 Church-street
Telephone 934. 612

TEETH EXTRACTED and filled (new system) absolutely without pain, by most skilled operators. Teeth with or without a plate; satisfaction guaranteed; prices lower than ever at 264 Yonge-street, near Alexander. JAMES C. BATES, Dental Surgeon. 136

TEETH WITH OR WITHOUT A PLATE
Best teeth on rubber $3.00. Vitalized air for painless extraction. Telephone 1476.
C. H. Riggs, cor. King and Yonge.



M. E. SMITH,
DENTIST,
Has removed to the offices lately occupied by R. G. Trotter, Dentist, over Molson's Bank, corner of King and Bay streets.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS

RICHARDSON HOUSE—Corner King and Brock streets. Terms $1 to $1.50 per day. Reduction to weekly boarders. Heated by hot water; gas in every room; all modern improvements. For comfort as a family hotel cannot be excelled. Forty bedrooms. Baths and barber shop in connection. Telephone 815. S. RICHARDSON, Prop.

ALBION HOTEL—Toronto—heated by steam; electric light; 150 bedrooms; largest dining-room and finest billiard hall in the city; largest and best dollar per day house on the continent. J. HOLDERNESS, Proprietor. 246

BERO HOUSE—Corner Queen and Dundas streets; terms, $1 per day; street cars pass door. V. T. BERO, Proprietor. 36

PALMER HOUSE—Cor. King and York streets, Toronto—only $2 per day; also "Kerby House," Brantford.

BRUNSWICK HOUSE,
BOARDERS' BOOK NOW OPEN.
Large Rooms. Good Table. Heated by Steam.
36 J. J. JAMIESON, Manager.

GUELPH—Wellington Hotel. First-class in every respect. Good sample rooms for commercial men. DAVID MARTIN, Proprietor.

MONTREAL HOUSE,
140 King-street west, Toronto.
CLOSE TO ALL DEPOTS AND STEAMBOATS.
RATES, $1 PER DAY.
BEST 25 CENT DINNER IN THE CITY.
N. B.—Our stock of imported and domestic wet goods is the finest the country produces; pure, fresh Havana Cigars always on hand.
RICHARD N. NOLAND, Proprietor.

EMPRESS HOTEL,
338 YONGE-ST., TORONTO.
First-class rooms and restaurant.
R. DISSETTE, Proprietor.
$1 per day.
N. B.—Visitors to Toronto will find comfortable accommodation. 624

REID'S HOTEL, The Haymarket. Importer of fine liquors. Irish and Scotch Whiskies a specialty. English ale on draught. First-class accommodation. Telephone 493. 36

Xmas Souvenir.
—On and after Nov. 26 until Jan. 7, 1888—in order to introduce our work—we will present to every person ordering a dozen photos a beautiful souvenir free. Shannessy & Hall, 253 Yonge-street. 246

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
O. R. SHEPPARD, Manager.
Every evening at 8. Matinee Saturday at 2. The Queen of Soubrettes, MYRA GOODWIN, in her latest comedy success,
"PHILOPENE."
Box plan now open. Next week—KATE CASTLETON.

JACOBS & SHAW'S
Opera House.
10 CENTS. 20 CENTS. 30 CENTS. 50 CENTS.
Every evening, Saturday matinee.
CHIP O' THE OLD BLOCK
SCOTT, MILLS, & FISH.
Next week—"White Slave."

REMEMBER
CITIZENS' BAND CONCERT
TO-NIGHT
PAVILION MUSIC HALL.

BATTLE OF SEDAN
9 a.m. to 10 p.m.
Front and York Streets.
ADMISSION 50cts

Toronto Conservatory of Music
Cor. Yonge-street and Wilton-avenue.
HON. G. W. ALLAN, President.
Persons intending to enter as pupils are advised to do so at the beginning of the Winter Term,
MONDAY, 14th NOVEMBER.
For 60-page calendar giving full information address EDWARD FISHER, Director. 41

GRANITE RINK
The Rink is now open for Curling, and if the present cold weather continues, will be open for
Skating on Saturday.
Prices of season tickets to March 10 as follows:

Gentleman's	$4.00
Lady's	3.00
Child's	2.00

Single admission, 10c.; band nights, 25c.; children, band nights, 15c.
WM. BADENACH, Secretary.

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

Parkdale Liberal Conservative Association.
A meeting of the members of the Association will be held in the
MASONIC HALL, PARKDALE, ON FRIDAY EVENING NEXT, DEC. 2ND,
For the election of officers and other very important business.
GEO. P. RIDLER, Secretary.

LEGAL CARDS.

ALFRED JONES, Barrister, Solicitor, Conveyancer, Notary Public. Money to Loan. Manning Arcade, 24 King-street west, Toronto. 246

A. E. PERRY—Barrister, Solicitor, etc.—Society and private funds for investment. Lowest rates. Star Life offices, 32 Wellington-street east, Toronto. 246

ALLAN M. DENOVAN, Barrister, Solicitor, Notary, etc. Office, 7 Millichamp's Buildings, 31 Adelaide-