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is a sure cure for Sore
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E.M., and Ph. D. Lab
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H, Ph. D. Director,
Houghton, Mich.

The Semi-Weekly Colonist.

THIRTY-EIGHTH YEAR. VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA MONDAY JULY 27 1896. VOLUME XXXVIII. NO. 70

BALLOT BOXES RIFLED.

With Tacoma's Municipal Election Contest.

A Tunnel Cut Through a Brick Wall and Voting Papers Stolen.

TACOMA, July 23.—Yesterday was set by Judge Pritchard for counting the ballots in the contest brought by Mayor or ex-Mayor Edward S. Orr against Mayor or Acting Mayor Angelo Vance Fawcett. Counsel for the parties interested were before Judge Pritchard this afternoon in the prosecution of the case. It became necessary to have the ballots in court, and the judge on the bench ordered that Comptroller and Ex-Officio Clerk Benham produce the ballots. Mr. Benham went immediately to the city hall in quest of the ballots, which had been securely locked and sealed in a vault on the third floor. When the door was unlocked a startling and sensational discovery was made. An opening had been made through the brick wall into the vault, and half of the ballot boxes had been broken into.

On investigation it was found that the ballots in four precincts had been stolen. They are the second precinct of the third ward, the first precinct of the sixth ward, the second precinct of the seventh ward, and the first precinct of the eighth ward. As soon as the comptroller and his deputies ascertained the condition of the vault the party retired, the door was locked, and word was immediately sent to Judge Pritchard's court room of the discovery that had been made.

In a surprisingly short time the news that the city hall had been burglarized and the ballots stolen was on the streets, and it was the sole topic of conversation during the remainder of the day. The crowds at the bulletin boards who had been watching the progress of the Populist convention at St. Louis lost interest in everything save the crime that had been committed at the city hall. At the clubs and hotels, as well as everywhere on the streets, Comptroller Benham's startling discovery was discussed, and many expressions denouncing the work of the miscreants who rifled the vault were heard. Naturally, the public were quick to fasten the responsibility for this outrage on Mayor Fawcett's administration. As if to clinch the matter, it came out that day that the clerks and commissioner of public works Doherty had been in possession for several days of facts showing that a raid on the vault containing the ballots had been made. It appears from Blanchard's story that two steel crowbars and a jimmy had been found ten days ago at the head of a disused staircase leading from the basement of the building to the fourth floor. Blanchard kept the discovery to himself till last Sunday, when he notified Commissioner Doherty of his find. The two went to the head of the stairs and found the tools. They were covered with sand and brickdust. Nothing whatever was done at the time, and no effort was made to ascertain who had brought the tools to this strange place or for what purpose they had been used.

Soon after the discovery was made, the vault was visited by the officers of the court, several councilmen, the attorneys interested in the case, Mayor Fawcett and other city officials. The ballot boxes were removed to the office of Deputy Clerk Roys, and a canvass of the returns was made. It was found that the ballots of the four precincts above named had been abstracted. Many of the seals on the other ballot boxes gave evidence of having been broken into. Part of the ballots had been inclosed in wooden boxes, and locked and sealed with red sealing wax. The ballots in other precincts were placed in paper sacks and sealed in a similar manner. Although a thorough examination has been made by Comptroller Benham, it is impossible to tell how many ballots were stolen.

What effect the loss of the ballots will have on Mayor Orr's case no one can tell.

A Confidence Game....

That's all it is—a "Public Confidence" game. Win "Public Confidence" and trade treads on its heels. We gained the confidence of buyers many years ago, and we have it still and guard it closely. We advertise because we would largely increase our already extensive business. All do not know our business characteristics, nor the pecuniary advantage to be derived from trading with us. We state everything in truth, and all persons favoring us with their patronage can do so with the assurance of our desire to give the greatest satisfaction in Styles, Qualities and Prices.

Wrinkled Loveliness!
Crinkled Prettiness!
Puckered Beauty!
Knotted Elegance!

Of course, every lady whose eye catches this heading will know that it leads up to Crepons. Could any fabric ever prescribed by fashion be described in the same way. They're very odd; they're also nice and new. A large stock of fancy colored and plain to select from, 20c. to 40c. per yard.

Wash Fabrics.
Percales.
Teazle Down.
Crepe Llamas.

Of course, in white goods we have the very best for the money, Nainsooks and Lawns from 12½ cts., India Linens, Victoria Lawns, Divinity and Swiss, from 10 cts per yard, Fibre Fabric, for interlining, good as the best, 15 cts. per yard. Haircloth and imitation Haircloth, at 15c., 25c., and 35c., Crinoline 10c., Wigan 10c., Imperial Silesia, worth 25c., now 20c., Silkoline 15c. and 20c., Sateens 12½c. and 15c.

The Westside.

J. HUTCHESON & CO'Y.

June 10th, 1896.

THE STEVESTON SHOOTING.

STEVESTON, July 23.—(Special)—The verdict of the coroner's jury in the Tosh McKenzie shooting case is to the effect that McKenzie met his death by a bullet wound inflicted when in a scuffle with Ed. Sheehan. Constable Murdock, who heard the shot, testified that upon going to see what was the matter he was met by Sheehan, who gave himself up, saying he had shot a man in self-defence. Several witnesses corroborated each other in stating that after some words, in which the deceased said he was prepared to clear the house, a scuffle ensued, that the men clinched and that a revolver went off, but owing to it being somewhat dark at the time they could not see who fired the shot. It appears that the house had been let to McKenzie who paid a deposit, and on Friday was notified by the police to leave, and as he had not acted up to the terms of the agreement the owners re-let the house to Sheehan, who had taken possession and moved in his stuff. McKenzie, in spite of the warning of the police, returned to town and determined to take possession of the house by force, using threatening language and holding his hand on his hip pocket all the time.

The post mortem went to show that the bullet, a 44 calibre, entered at the nose, and passing through the head, lodged at the base of the skull. Sheehan was committed for trial by Police Magistrate Atkinson. Sheehan came from Port Townsend, where his father is at present County Assessor.

"Tosh" McKenzie, the dead man, had a very unenviable reputation, and was well known to the police at Westminster, where he has been living for some years off and on.

MURDERED AT SEA.

HALIFAX, July 23.—A hearing at the request of U. S. Consul Ingraham into the triple murder committed on board the barkentine Herbert Fuller was begun before the Stipendiary Magistrate here this morning. It was strictly private and held in the office of the magistrate, besides whom only the witnesses, Lester H. Moncks, who was a passenger on the vessel, his counsel and his father and uncle were present. Monks was called upon to testify first, as he was the one who discovered the murder and gave the alarm as well as having been most active in the subsequent events. After he had finished, the members of the crew of the Fuller, including Mate Bram, who are in custody, were heard separately. The only information given out was that all the testimony taken at the hearing would be immediately sealed and forwarded to Washington. At the police station this morning it was stated that Bram, the mate, seemed to be breaking down and the authorities are beginning to look for a confession.

CARLYLE AND McKINLEY.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—Harry Smith, formerly journal clerk of the house of representatives, to-day gave out a public statement concerning the denial by Secretary Carlisle just prior to the Chicago convention that he ever told him (Smith) that if the Chicago convention declared for free silver he (Carlisle) would support McKinley. Mr. Smith's card says that in the interview which called forth the denial he was misquoted, he having told the reporter that Mr. Carlisle made the statement to ex-Secretary of the Treasury Foster. Mr. Smith reiterates what he told the reporter, and incorporates a letter from Mr. Foster sustaining his claim.

HIS WAS A SAD END.

TORONTO, July 23.—(Special)—Particulars concerning the young man Gilbert Brass, whose dead body was found by the roadside at Scarboro, near this city, a few days ago, shows that he was the only child of a rich farmer living at Frankfort, a village in Prince Edward county. His father idolized him and spent a large sum of money in educating him. The son, however, proved a ne'er-do-well and ran away from home. On June 24, his father left him on the farm for a few hours, and returning in the evening found him drunk. In a few words that followed the son said he would never let his father see him again. He got hold of some money and valuable gold watches and went off to Belleville, and subsequently to Hamilton, indulging in various dissipations until the money was all gone. Presumably he was trying to walk home when he came to his death.

SPOKANE UNDER WATER.

SPOKANE, Wn., July 23.—A portion of this city was submerged yesterday by the waters of a flood at Shawnee Run Creek, which runs through the southern part of the town. The cause of the flood was a deluge of rain which poured down from midnight until to-night. Many of the houses along the sides of the Shawnee river were completely surrounded by water and the people moved out of them in boats. The sun came out hot after the rain and ruined thousands of acres of corn in this vicinity. The St. Mary's, St. Joseph and Maumee rivers are out of their banks.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE

Nanaimo Boys' Brigade in Camp—The Forest Fires on the Islands.

Trouble on a Barque—Mill Manager's Death—Brave Act of an Engineer.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, July 23.—The local companies of the Fifth are organizing a bugle and fife and drum band. Fifty musicians have been secured, and the citizens will equip them.

WESTMINSTER.

NEW WESTMINSTER, July 23. — The other day the engineer of a Westminster bound freight train, whose name has not yet been ascertained, when near Five Mile creek, saw a child playing on the track in front of the engine. It was impossible to stop the train, which was going down grade at full speed. He therefore climbed out on the cow-catcher and seizing the child swung it clear of the train.

John Wilson, manager of the Brunette Saw Mills, died at midnight on Tuesday. Mr. Wilson was for two years president of the Westminster Board of Trade and one of Westminster's most prominent citizens. Mr. Wilson came from Lanark county, Ontario, in 1890, and in 1891 took charge of the Sapperton mills. He was 51 years old. He leaves a wife and one child.

NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, July 22.—R. M. Palmer, inspector of fruit pests, came up from Victoria yesterday. He will leave for Alberni in a day or two for the purpose of inspecting the orchards of that district.

There was some little trouble on board the Nicaraguan bark Leon yesterday which has been however amicably adjusted. It appears that while the vessel was in Alaskan waters the former owners sold her to another firm, who immediately deposed Captain W. Erickson and appointed the first mate in his place. Acting under the impression that their claim for wages would not be allowed by the new owners, several members of the crew refused duty. The captain applied to Mr. Bate for advice and was by him directed to see the Nicaraguan consul, Mr. Dennison. That gentleman managed to satisfy the malcontents that their wages will be duly paid on the arrival of the vessel at San Francisco, whither she is bound with a cargo of Wellington coal. On the strength of this assurance they returned to work.

The New Vancouver Coal Company offers a reward of $100 for such information as will lead to the conviction of the person or persons who started the bush fire near the old pest house on the Harewood road. The company had a large quantity of "prop (mine) timber" ready for hauling to the mines, but the bush fire consumed every stick.

J. Wilson, superintendent telegraph line, is at the scene of the fires on Gabriola and Valdez islands. He has just returned from the flooded districts of the Mainland, where he gave personal supervision to the repairing of the damage to the wires.

At the regular meeting of Doric lodge, No. 18, A.F. and A.M., on Tuesday night W. Bro. L. T. Davis, P.M., was presented with an elegant and a valuable souvenir in the shape of a Past Master's jewel.

The Boys' Brigade of St. Paul's church went into camp at Newcastle Island this evening. An advance party visited the spot and pitched tents in readiness for the main body. The whole of the details in connection with the company's visit will be carried out in true military fashion. Twenty or thirty enthusiastic youngsters are expected to say "here" to the muster roll, for the next week or fortnight, nor can they fail to derive both physical and moral benefit from the strict, though reasonable, discipline of camp life. There will be drill every day, and the culinary as well as every other department of this miniature army will depend for efficiency solely upon the boys who compose the brigade.

NELSON.

(From the Nelson Miner.)

The fires on Ten-mile creek have been so bad that men have had to leave the district.

It is reported that the ground sluicing on the Wonderful has resulted in finding the lead, though other reports say that the mineral discovered was only float, but in boulders of considerable size.

The Rueccau comes to the fore again with a strike of ruby silver assaying, so it is said, 10,000 ounces. One hundred thousand dollars worth of ore was taken out of this mine last season.

An extremely rich strike is reported from the Cameronian. This claim is just across the divide at the head of Lemon creek. It is the property of J. R. Cameron, T. Davis, J. T. Foley and A. Cameron. Samples from the new strike are said to assay $100 in gold and 2,000 ounces in silver.

The Montana company, operating in White Grouse mountain district, have let the first ten miles of their wagon road to John R. Patton, an old and experienced railway contractor, late of the Columbia & Western at Trail Creek, at $950 per mile. He has the privilege of the remaining eight miles at figures to be decided on hereafter, when the grade is established. The grade of the first ten miles is not to exceed 6 per cent. Work will commence on the 22nd instant.

With commendable promptitude the Nelson & Fort Sheppard railway has been got into thorough working order again. Since the new daily service to Spokane was commenced the passenger trains have arrived with the greatest punctuality.

S. S. Bailey has returned from Spokane and recommenced work on the Payne. The Surprise will also be opened up again shortly.

Mr. E. D. Carter, one of the owners of the Highland, is letting a contract for 300 feet of tunneling on his claim.

The teams of McGarvey & English are kept busy hauling ore and concentrates from the Skyline and No. 1 mines.

The prospects of the Ainsworth camp were never better than at present.

A number of strangers have been in town lately looking over mining property, and a couple of deals are nearly completed that will help to make things lively if they go through.

The Ainsworth Trading Company are putting up a building to be used as a store. They have been doing business in Green Bros.' old store since the fire. H. Giegerich has let the contract for excavating for a large fireproof cellar 25x60 feet. D. McLean has the contract and expects to have it finished in a few days.

(From the Tribune.)

S. M. Wharton, owner of the Apache claim, recently bonded to the Horne-Payne syndicate and subsequently jumped on a technicality, announces his determination to fight the jumpers to the end. The contention of the jumpers is that stake No. 2 was not put in. Wharton states that he can bring witnesses to swear that they saw the stake.

It is announced that W. A. Potter has bonded the mineral claim Mountain Goat, adjoining the Texas, in the dry ore belt.

The Whitewater, in tha Slocan, will begin regular shipments so soon as the wagon road connecting the mine with the Kaslo & Slocan railway is completed. There is considerable development done on the Whitewater. No. 1 tunnel is in 160 feet; No. 2, 360; and No. 3, 36. A fourth tunnel was commenced last month and is now in some ten feet. In the third tunnel a cross-cut to the hanging wall shows the vein to be 20 feet thick, with three feet of ore on the hanging wall and two feet on the foot wall, the vein matter having more or less ore shot through it. At 225 feet the vein is 16 feet wide, and at 270 feet it is eight feet. The shipments up to date have aggregated in value $30,324, the average value of the ore being 107 ounces silver and 30 per cent. lead. The Whitewater has paid one dividend of $12,000.

The following are the returns of shipments of bullion, matte, and ore from the mines and smelters in Southern Kootenay since last week's report:

	Pounds.	Customs Value.
Hall Mines smelter, Nelson, matte	230,500	$26,833
	Tons.	Approx. Value.
Slocan Star mine, Sandon, ore	120	$9,440
Washington mine, Slocan, ore	48½	3,963
Total	283½	$40,236
Total so far for 1896	15,69½	1,732,621

The report comes from the Slocan that the ledge has been discovered on the Wonderful. This location was made on the strength of very large quantities of float galena. It was bonded to John A. Finch, who spent thousands of dollars in a fruitless search for the ledge, and afterwards threw up the bond. Recently the Wonderful Group Mining Company undertook the search. After considerable ground sluicing the company is credited with uncovering the ledge. There is said to be a large quantity of ore in sight.

The Alhambra Gold & Copper Mining Company which is being organized in Victoria for the purpose of developing the Frances J. and Major, a couple of prospects on Morning mountain, has spent about $600 in developing the property, chiefly by means of an open cut and ledge stripping. In running the cut two small 18-inch veins were encountered before the main 5-foot ledge was reached. An assay made from one of the smaller veins gave $20.34 gold, $6.70 silver, and $46.80 in copper.

On Tuesday Patrick Driver fell from a bucket in a shaft of the White Bear mine at Rossland, and was instantly killed. The shaft is 40 feet deep.

The survey of the wagon road up Ten-mile has been completed. This road when built will be some eight miles long.

Forest fires have again been doing considerable damage along the line of the Kaslo & Slocan railway, in the vicinity of Whitewater. On Tuesday last the cabins on the Porcupine were burned and the occupants compelled to seek safety in flight. The buildings on the Wellington and Whitewater claims were also in danger, but workmen were taking measures for their protection.

SANCA.

(From the Nelson Tribune.)

Everything about Sanca, at the mouth of Granite creek, is assuming a business like appearance. A portion of the townsite has been laid off and a number of persons have secured locations on which buildings will be erected as fast as lumber and material can be secured.

E. B. Hosford, one of the Montana parties who have the controlling interest in 14 claims on White Grouse Mountain, is very much pleased with the appearance of everything.

It has been decided to begin the construction of the wagon road from Sanca to White Grouse by the 25th instant, and push the work forward so as to complete the 18 miles of road in 40 days.

Ten men are working on the Storm King, sinking on shipping ore. They are sacking assorted ore worth over $100 per ton, leaving a quantity of $50 ore on the dump which will be shipped after the wagon road is completed.

Next week about twenty-five miners will be put to work exploiting the Silver Tip, Big Four, Copper King and Golden King claims. The company expect to have 200 men on the pay roll by the middle of August.

The steamer Angerona is running daily, connecting Sanca with the outside world.

J. T. Simpson, of Moose Jaw, N.W.T., expects to have a saw mill in operation very soon. He has contracted with the townsite company to cut 250,000 feet of lumber the first four months he has his mill running.

At least 100 laboring men and small contractors, and from 25 to 30 experienced miners, will be needed between the 25th instant and August 1. Possibly by the first week in August the different companies and individuals operating in White Grouse district will employ in the aggregate 300 men.

W. J. Manson, of Nanaimo, is erecting a store building, and will have a stock of goods on hand in a few days.

Passengers on the steamer Angerona gobbled up $2,950 worth of Sanca realty on Thursday while the boat lay at the dock.

Four hotels, two stores, a restaurant and a number of private residences are going up.

KASLO.

(From the Kootenaian.)

Madison Hicks with a small crew has begun work on the Gibson. The first work will be a sixty-foot cross-cut with the object of striking the lead at a greater depth than the present working, and where it is thought to be solid. The Gibson is on the South Fork, about one mile from the Black Fox, and has a fine surface showing.

The Lucky Jim compressed air plant was delivered by the K. & S. this week. The machinery will be placed in position as soon as possible, with a view to beginning extensive operations.

Word reached here Thursday that on Wednesday evening bush fires burned out a large section of the Idaho tramway at Three Forks.

F. M. O'Brien, local agent of the Provincial Building and Loan Association, received telegraphic advice on Wednesday that the first two applications by the local board for loans aggregating $5,000 had been approved by the general board at Toronto.

The water in Kootenay lake reached its highest mark on the 10th inst., and on the 11th began to recede, since which time it has fallen nearly thirty inches. It is expected that within ten days at the most Buchanan's mill and a part of the lower railway yards will be dry. Kaslo river, too, is falling and all danger of further damage to the low land property has passed.

TRAIL CREEK.

(From the Trail Creek News.)

The News will not hesitate to say that before another twelve months the camp of Monte Carlo, now called Waterloo Landing, will be of as much prominence as Trail or Rossland.

The machinery for the new 250-ton blast furnace for Trail's smelter has reached Northport. Everything has been made ready and by August 10 the big furnace will be treating ore. When it is at work the Trail smelter will have a capacity of 500 tons per day.

The B. C. S. & R. Co. have secured contracts for the entire output of the War Eagle, Iron Mask and Virginia mines from July 1 to January 1, 1897.

Eight thousand tons of Le Roi ore have been handled by the Trail smelter this year.

Capt. Fitzstubbs has been in town and the country for several days in his official capacity as gold commissioner. He will go into the Murphy Creek country for the purpose of attending to the needs of that district in regard to trails, he having three thousand dollars to be spent on such work in the next twelve months.

A. W. Boyd and W. H. Hurlbert, of Fort Sheppard, who have been prospecting on the north fork of the Salmon, have, it is reported, made the biggest find ever discovered in that lively camp. It is a seven-foot ledge with iron capping, showing free gold to the naked eye, and the result is that everybody hereabouts is ready to stampede. This property is three miles from the railroad siding at North Fork, and a mile from the trail leading up that river.

QUEEN VICTORIA.

LONDON, July 21.—As the royal procession was leaving Windsor Castle for the railway station, the horses attached to the carriage preceding the one in which the Queen rode, and which bore Her Majesty's Indian attendants, bolted and overturned the carriage. The driver and one of the Queen's attendants were badly hurt. The Queen's carriage followed quietly. Her Majesty was much perturbed by the accident and asked as to the condition of the men who had been hurt. There was no demonstration along the railway route from Windsor station to Paddington. Arriving at the latter station the Queen walked to her carriage with slight assistance. She appeared to be in good health.

SALISBURY'S DEFEAT.

LONDON, July 23.—The House of Commons yesterday considered in committee clause 24 of the Irish land bill, which provides that in purchase transactions the land committee shall advance money in lieu of the stock heretofore issued. An amendment moved by Sir Thomas Esmond, seeking to continue the existing arrangement, was carried by a decided majority. The whole clause was then withdrawn on a motion by Balfour. The defeat of the government was totally unexpected, and is ascribed to the absence of many ministerial members at the royal wedding. Sir Thos. Esmond's amendment was supported by all the Irish members and by the Irish landlords.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE ROYAL WEDDING.

Dresses of the Queen, Princess of Wales and Duchess of Sparta.

Reception at Malborough House—The Government Defeated on a Catch Vote.

LONDON, July 22.—At the wedding of the Princess Maud the Queen walked into the chapel leaning heavily on the arm of Prince Christian of Denmark and was conducted to a chair at the left of and facing the altar. Her Majesty was dressed in black silk and wore the ribbon of the Order of the Garter and other decorations. A white lace veil surmounted with a diamond tiara covered her head.

The Princess of Wales wore a gown of rich white silk with silver embroidery around the neck. Her hair was dressed in exquisite taste and liberally set off with diamonds. The Duchess of Sparta wore a gown of white and silver brocade and a magnificent diamond tiara tipped with white pearls. The gown worn by the Duchess of York was of white brocade silk, the bodice trimmed with Point d'Alencon lace. She also wore a tiara of diamonds and pearls. Mrs. Joseph Chamberlain wore white satin, the bodice being almost veiled with white chiffon.

All the guests proceeded after the wedding to Marlborough House, where a reception was held. The streets through which they drove to the railway station were lined with enthusiastic crowds. The city was illuminated to-night in honor of the wedding.

The government were to-day defeated during the absence of a number of ministerial members at the royal wedding. It was on a motion offered by Sir Henry Esmond, supported by the Irish members.

There has been continuous fighting in Crete during the last few days. The Turks have been trying to capture the heights on the Kissamo Selino road. If they could capture this position they would cut off the western portion of Crete from the rest of the islands. A later dispatch received from the front states that in the course of the fighting the Turks lost 200 killed and 600 wounded. The Cretan loss was twenty-six killed and sixty wounded. The deputies absolutely refuse to meet until they receive a reply to their propositions from the sultan.

FIRE AND WIND.

SEATTLE, Wn., July 23.—Forest fires to-night destroyed the logging camp of S. Clother & Son at Central Station, on the Bellingham Bay and British Columbia railway; loss $20,000. The entire country north of here is in flames. Four freight cars and a considerable quantity of side track of the B.B. & B.C. railroad were destroyed. The flames are gradually working towards New Whatcom. The U.S. forestry commission are here for the purpose of inspecting the forests, but the commissioners cannot go out on account of the fires. They estimate the damage at many millions of dollars.

A strong wind has been blowing from the east for the past 24 hours, clearing the atmosphere of smoke, but in the mountains to the north the breeze has been the means of fanning the fires into raging walls of flames, which are sweeping across the mountains and down the valleys with terrible rapidity. When the air was still the fires were confined to the mountains and did not creep down into the valleys, but now those who sought safety there are compelled to flee for their lives.

News from points along the Columbia is to the effect that the high wind has fanned the smouldering embers into fresh blazes and where the miners thought they were safe, the fire having passed over them, they find themselves surrounded by flames. In some cases escape is impossible and a number of deaths may be the result.

A BURNING METEOR

CITY OF MEXICO, July 23.—A remarkable phenomenon at the mine of Santos Reyes, in the state of Chihuhua, occurred yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock. A tremendous explosion was heard and an enormous mass of burning matter was seen to fall from the heavens, striking the side of the mountain and bringing down with it in its course the entire cliffs. It finally plunged into the ground, making a hole from which boiling water still issues. One of the most singular phenomena observed was the heavy rainfall immediately after the descent of the meteor. The people are very superstitious as this is one of the many realizations of the prophecies of the vision-seeing girl of Tabasco. The same meteor destroyed the house of a miner, killing two children.

TORONTO, July 23.—The remains of Mrs. Letitia Yeomans were interred yesterday at Picton, the service being held in the Methodist church. Many high tributes were paid to the deceased lady for her long and active service on behalf of the temperance cause.

What you want when you are ailing is a medicine that will cure you. Try Hood's Sarsaparilla and be convinced of its merit.