

The Advertiser

FOUNDED BY JOHN CAMERON IN 1868.

The Daily Advertiser.

(TWO EDITIONS.)

Daily, by mail, per year (\$ to 16 pages).....\$4 00
Daily, by mail, for three months.....\$1 00
All subscriptions payable in advance
IN LONDON—Daily, 10c per week, delivered.

Western Advertiser.

(OUR WEEKLY EDITION.)

By mail, per annum.....\$1 00

Advertising Rates made known on application at office. Address all communications to

ADVERTISER PRINTING CO
LONDON - CANADA

JOHN CAMERON, President and
Mng. Mr.

London, Tuesday, Sept. 1, 1896.

The Vote Tomorrow—The Sewerage Bylaw.

Tomorrow (Wednesday) the voting will take place on the sewerage by-law.

Particulars as to polling places will be found in our advertising columns.

We hope and believe that the bylaw will be carried, but if that is to be the case it will be noted that every favorable vote be polled.

We cannot do better than recapitulate the reasons already given why the bylaw should be sustained. In the first place, it must be distinctly understood that improved sewerage for the city is not optional—it is compulsory. The courts have decided that we must not put our sewerage into the river. A fine has been imposed; and an injunction to close up the present sewers prepared. These have been suspended for some years in order that the city might have reasonable time to prepare a satisfactory scheme of sewerage disposal. If we now refuse to do anything, and vote down the bylaw to be submitted, we must calculate to pay the fine; and be prepared to wake up some morning and find our sewers closed.

In addition, there are other lawsuits against the city, growing out of its imperfect sewerage. One of these has already been decided against us; but the judge allowed a few months' grace to enable us to abate the nuisance. The time has just expired.

There is really only one question to consider: Is the plan proposed a satisfactory one? The best answer to the question is this: The plan is one endorsed by three of the best sanitary engineers that could be secured—one in the United States and two in Canada. It is to be presumed that after a careful consideration by our local Board of Health for more than a year; and by the three consulting engineers—each of whom devoted several months to the problem, that it ought to be satisfactory. There can be no doubt that all conceivable methods have been carefully discussed; and the conclusions so unanimously reached may be accepted by us without hesitation.

The plans, and the system of disposal, have also received the official sanction of the Provincial Board of Health, without which approval no system of sewerage could be adopted by us.

But the chief reason why we should improve our sewerage, though it is not the one that always appeals most strongly to the public, is that we need it for sanitary advantages. London is a fairly healthy city. Its general cleanliness, its excellent water, its favorable surroundings, all tend to healthfulness. Only one thing more is needed. With a good system of sewerage it will stand without a peer in the Dominion. For this cause alone, the money expended would be the most profitable investment the city ever made.

The only objections anyone can raise would have their origin in the very natural hesitation we all feel over spending money, and increasing taxation. Fortunately in this case, the act obtained last session is exceedingly favorable. If the entire amount should be borrowed at once (which of course will not be necessary), it would only add between six and seven thousand dollars a year to our taxes; in other words, less than half a mill on the dollar of assessment. Surely, the outlay is trifling when compared with the beneficial results that are to be obtained, in improving the city, and in relieving it from legal disabilities which would in the end cost much more than the sewer debentures will cost.

Let every ratepayer see where his voting place is, and go to the polls. If all those who are in favor of the bylaw vote, it will be carried easily. But if they are indifferent, and neglect to vote, each one thinking there will be enough without him, then it is safe to say it will be defeated.

Lord Aberdeen and the Senatorial Appointments.

The organs of Sir Charles Tupper, in discussing the action of his Excellency the Earl of Aberdeen, in respect to Senatorial appointments, adopt a line of argument which will not admit of a moment's examination; but in this they are simply following the lead of Sir Charles himself. Sir Charles points out in his memorandum that Peers are sometimes appointed by retiring Ministers, and he infers from this that a retiring Minister in Canada may with equal propriety appoint new Senators. This is not so. The number of peers is wholly unlimited. The appointment of prominent men to the peerage in England in no way hampers or interferes with their successors in office. This is not so in respect to the appointment of Senators. The number who may have seats in the Senate Chamber is limited; and the filling up of vacancies by a retiring government may be very unjust and extremely embarrassing to their successors in office. If a prominent statesman in England is required in the House of Lords by an incoming administration, there is no impediment in the way of his being elevated to the peerage. But if Sir Charles Tupper had been permitted to have a free hand, Mr. Laurier could not have sent Sir Oliver Mowat to the Senate. But, besides the inconvenience to an administration, there is the further consideration mentioned by Lord Aberdeen that there were only five or six Senators who belonged to the Liberal party; while there were upwards of seventy Senators in that Chamber supporting the retiring Administration. No one will for a moment argue that the state of parties has ever been such as to make their relative number in the Senate a proportional representation of the two great parties in the State. The use that Sir Charles Tupper proposed to make of the royal prerogative would have necessitated immediate action in the direction of Senatorial reform, and would have probably led to the abolition of the Senate, because it had become an obstructive committee within the Conservative party.

We are not among the number who think that a second chamber properly constituted is without obvious utility; but had Sir Charles Tupper's advice been taken, it is not improbable that an immediate demand would have arisen all over the country for the total abolition of the second chamber. A second chamber, recruited from time to time from men of long parliamentary experience in the House of Commons, would unquestionably be of advantage to the State. We by no means contend that no others should be chosen, but we do think that the class of men we have mentioned should be of the number. But those that have gone thither, whether from within the House of Commons, or from the great mass without, have been, with few rare exceptions, not of those who should have found their way into that chamber. Prof. Goldwin Smith, in his essay on the younger Pitt, points out that while that statesman was comparatively free from having had recourse to pecuniary bribery, he was, beyond any man who had preceded him, the great briber by offering to wealthy and obscure men seats in the House of Lords.

We are at a loss to understand why Sir Charles Tupper should have been so anxious that this correspondence should be laid before Parliament. We feel quite sure that the public judgment will be entirely with Lord Aberdeen and against Sir Charles Tupper in the country.

By the Way.

The Hamilton Spectator (Conservative) is hailing dead cats at the Governor-General, and at Lady Aberdeen, too.

The prohibition neblistic deputation will meet Mr. Laurier and Sir Oliver at Ottawa on Thursday at noon.

The voters on the sewerage bylaw tomorrow are all freeholders of \$400 and over; and all lease-holders of 40 years' tenure.

What is Sir Oliver Mowat's particular scheme for ameliorating the Senate? There are more ways than one of killing a cat, you know.

At Montreal, on the 15th of September, it is proposed to start a Canadian Bar Association. Hitherto, all such associations have been local, or at most provincial. It is believed, in the words of the circular, that "an opportunity for a comparison of views and friendly intercourse is needed by the profession, and would be of service in helping to advance the science of jurisprudence, promote the administration of justice and uniformity of legislation, and uphold the honor of the profession of the law in Canada."

The Canada Presbyterian thinks it questionable kindness on the part of directors of the Toronto Fair to urge Mr. Laurier, while in the thick of his first Parliamentary session, as Premier, to open the exhibition. The Ottawa Free Press joins in warning Mr. Laurier not to kill himself, or allow himself to be killed, by over-

engagements and overwork. In any ordinary year, Parliament would not be sitting in September, but this year is abnormal, in a Parliamentary sense.

A correspondent writes to know about the expression, "As poor as Job's turkey." Says the correspondent: "I suppose I am very ignorant and ought to know; but I don't. Did Job have a turkey, and how poor was it?"

Wanted for Murder.

A Tramp in Woodstock Jail Under the Accusation.

Was Sent Down for Breaking Into a Sealed G. T. R. Car.

Chief Skirving, of Ingersoll, yesterday received a telegram from the chief of police of Houston, Texas, asking him to arrest George C. Underwood on the charge of murder.

Underwood is the tramp who was arrested by Chief Skirving for breaking into a sealed car on the G. T. R. He was sent to Woodstock jail for 30 days and given six days more for trespass. Chief Skirving asked him at the time if he had been a cowboy. Underwood replied affirmatively.

"Did you ever kill a man?" the chief asked.

"Oh, yes," said Underwood, with an air of bravado.

"What for?" asked the chief.

Underwood replied that he shot a colored man dead for attempting to assault a white woman. He asked the chief to write to New York, asking to have his mail forwarded to Woodstock. The New York authorities had been posted by the Houston police, and immediately informed the latter of Underwood's whereabouts. The Houston chief is expected in Ingersoll in a day or two, when particulars of the crime will be learned.

IN A PASSION.

A Michigan Boy Accidentally Kills His Brother With a Pair of Shears.

Traverse City, Mich., Sept. 1.—Elmer Buisson, an employee of the Oval Wood Dish Company, aged 28, went home, and found his brother, Leon, a younger brother, aged 14, took his sister's part.

During the quarrel Leon seized a large pair of shears and threw them at Elmer, piercing the abdomen and causing a wound from which Elmer died on Saturday night.

Leon, who had no intention of hurting his brother, is prostrated with grief. Elmer, in his dying words, told Leon not to grieve about what was purely an accident.

COACHMAN WEDS GOVERNNESS.

Sandwich, Mass., Sept. 1.—John J. Nolan, President of Cleveland's coachman, and Jennie Schultz Landers, the governess in Mr. Cleveland's family, were married here on Sunday. Mr. Cleveland gave the couple a substantial check as a wedding gift.

A New Plan in Mining.

A new departure in mining companies was opened in our midst during the past week, and has awakened much interest among investors and financiers. The plan is to develop the sterling qualities in the business methods of the Colorado Gold Mining and Development Company, as shown in the plan of their prospectus, even in The Advertiser the past few days. Many people have always held a disregard for mining investments in general, from the fact of a speculative, speculative nature. The scheme which has been presented by this company is an entirely new one, doing away with the objectionable element of speculation, and offering instead a plan for profitable investment, which is purely mutual in its benefits, each stockholder possessing equal rights in the same basis with the officers and promoters of the company.

The plan of developing collectively and only such projects as show profit at sight, as in cases where valuable claims have been abandoned from lack of necessary funds to continue work, surely broadens the field for success, for when a single mine would be liable to exhaustion, even though a fair face was presented, the co-operation of an unlimited number, as handled in this way, makes satisfactory results practically certain, and the endorsement which has already been accorded the Colorado Gold Mining and Development Company must create an unusual amount of interest among those anxious to make profitable mining investments.

The Professor Is Coming.

Prof. Dorenwend, the greatest known Hair Goods Artist, will be in London three days during the Fair, on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, Sept. 15, 16 and 17, at the Grigg House, where he invites all the afflicted ladies and gentlemen who are bald or have thin hair, to call and see his fine Wigs, Toupees, Bangs, Switches of long hair, Wavy Fronts, etc. Show and fitting rooms, perfectly private. Consultation free.

Brux, in Northern Bohemia, which was partly wrecked by the moving of a quicksand, under the town last year, is collapsing again.



Pure "Oak-Tanned"

BELTING

Forty years experience in the belting business has placed our goods as the first on the market.

THE J. C. McLAREN BELTING CO.
Montreal. Toronto.



Radway's Ready Relief is safe, reliable and effective because of the stimulating action which it exerts over the nerves and vital powers of the body, adding tone to the one and inciting to renewed and increased vigor the slumbering vitality of the physical structure, and through this healthful stimulation and increased action the CAUSE of the Pain is driven away, and a natural condition restored. It is thus that the Ready Relief is so admirably adapted for the Cure of Pain and without the risk of injury which is sure to result from the use of many of the so-called pain remedies of the day.

It is Highly Important that Every Family Keep a Supply of

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

Always in the house. Its use will prove beneficial on all occasions of pain or sickness. There is nothing in the world that will stop pain or arrest the progress of disease as quickly as the Ready Relief.

For headaches (whether sick or nervous), toothache, neuralgia, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and weakness in the back, spine or kidneys, pains around the liver, pleurisy, swelling of the joints and pains of all kinds, the application of Radway's Ready Relief will afford immediate ease, and its continued use for a few days effect a permanent cure.

A CURE FOR ALL

Summer Complaints.

A half to a teaspoonful of Ready Relief in a half tumbler of water, repeated as often as the discharges continue, and a flannel saturated with Ready Relief placed over the stomach and bowels will afford immediate relief, and soon effect a cure.

Internally—A half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Vomiting, Heartburn, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Sick Headache, Flatulency and all internal pains.

There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure fever and ague and all other Malarious, Bilious and other fevers, aided by RADWAY'S PILLS, so quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Radway's Pills

for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Dizziness, Vertigo, Costiveness, Piles, etc.

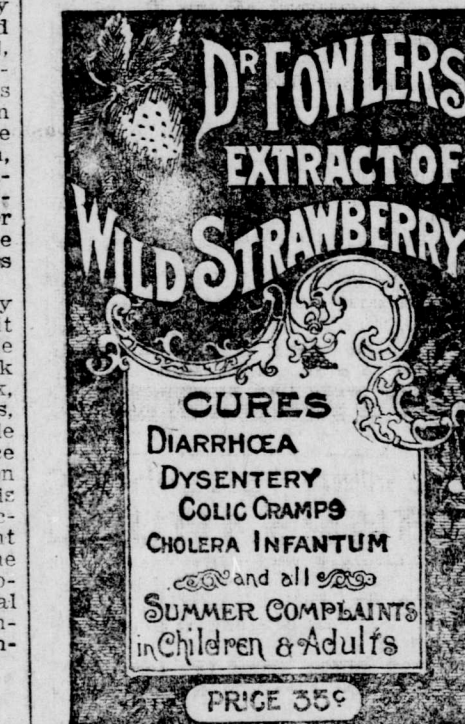
SICK HEADACHE, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, BILIOUSNESS, INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION and ALL DISORDERS of the Liver.

Observe the following symptoms resulting from diseases of the digestive organs: Constipation, inward piles, fullness of blood in the head, acidity of the stomach, nausea, heartburn, distention of food, fullness or weight of the stomach, sour eructations, sinking or fluttering of the heart, choking or suffocating sensation when in a lying posture, dimness of vision, dots or webs before the sight, fever and dull pain in the head, deficiency of perspiration, yellowness of the skin and eyes, pain in the side, chest, limbs, and sudden flushes of heat, burning in the feet.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system of all the above-named disorders.

Price 25c per box. Sold by Druggists or sent by mail.

Send to DR. RADWAY & CO., No. 7 S. Helen street, Mon. real, for Book of Advice.



LEADING HOTELS

THE RUSSELL,

OTTAWA.

This hotel contains accommodation for over Four Hundred Guests, and commands a splendid view of the city. Visitors to the Capital will find it very convenient to stop at the Russell, it being centrally located. Every attention paid to guests.

F. X. ST. JACQUES, Proprietor.

Recessin House

TORONTO.

Largest hotel in the Province accommodation for 500 guests. Complete in all its appointments. Elegantly furnished.

HESITATION

Often cheats the sportsman out of the choicest game. Hard to tell at a glance just which bird you want.

WHILE YOU ARE HUNTING TRY

Chapman's Dress Goods Dept.

There the hesitation will be caused by not knowing what not to buy.

New Goods Arriving Daily.

Beautiful Plaids

A great range of these much-sought-for goods. We start them in double width at 20c per yard. Also lines at 25c, 38c and 50c per yard.

Come Ahead

We are ready for you with the best line of Jet and Sequence Dress Trimmings by the yard, and also Vandyke Points, Pendant Trimmings, Collars and Ornaments in great variety, both in patterns and colors.

Lining Dept.

As good almost to have no Lining Department as a Lining Department poorly stocked. Lining Departments that have become famous achieved their prominence and reputation not only by their supplying the every-day lining requirements of consumers, but by having always on hand the most complete lines of the best brands. Whatever is best and absolutely perfect in Linings we have always in stock. Prices in every instance satisfactory.

The Last Call on Summer Goods

One lot of Summer Dress Goods, assorted colors, and the regular prices of which were from 35c to 75c per yard. Now you can have your choice at 25c per yard.

A Few Left

Only a few of those Silk and Wool Crepons in stock. We will let you have your choice now at 25c per yard.

Rock Bottom

To make a clean sweep of Summer Goods we have put the balance of the Colored Summer Goods worth 25c per yard at 12 1-2c yard. Only 12 pieces left.

... Skirts ...

German goods, nicely braided, fine assortment, just the thing for the early fall; take a look at them; from 65c each to \$2 50 each.

For Sound Value Come to

CHAPMAN'S

126-128 Dundas Street.