THE FALL TRADE.

Now that the Fall Trade has commenced, we have to remind the business men of this section that our facilities for turning out all kinds of JOB PRINTING are unrivalled. We have the best of Presses and Type, employ none but good workmen, and our charges are LOWER than any other office in Guelph. Orders from the country attended to, and work forwarded to all parts by the earliest mode of conveyance.

Guelph Evening Mercury

MONDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 7.

HUDSON'S BAY TERRITORY.

EVER since the Hudson's Bay Co. obtained their charter from Charles II., stipulating to give in return for the monopoly the paltry and nominal compensation of two or three skins of wild animals yearly, if they were demanded, their conduct has always been considered arbitrary and tyrannical. They have exercised the privileges thus bestowed on them exclusively to their own aggrandizement, and for the oppression of others. Fortified by their charter, their long conceded prerogatives, and a vast amount of arrogance, the extensive tract of land known as the Hudson's Bay Territory has been kept as a cover for wild beasts and a mine of wealth to a number of avaricious speculators, instead of being allowed to come in natural course under the fructifying influences of agriculture, and being converted into a broad habitation for a numerous, industrious and more civilized population. Man was made to till the ground, and the ground itself should rather be affected by his ingenuity and energies than the wild animals which subsist on its spontaneous productions. The red man is driven back, and the inheritance which he claimed as his by right of prior possession is appropriated without compunction. And why? For no other reason than his occupation can scarcebe designated a calling that is in accordance with the Scriptural laws; or at least, that the claims of civilization are paramount, and that he has no right to claim that a country shall lie in a wilderness state to afford him a hunting and fishing ground when in the course of human progress civilization demands that there she shall renew her labours. What higher claims have the Hudson's Bay Company to regard than the aboriginies of America, or why entrench themselves behind old customs, or a charter granted them when the Territory was not, as it now is, required for the comfortable maintenance of those who will cultivate it.

The feeling against the Company in the Red River settlement is daily growing stronger; it is denounced in unmeasured terms as being a nuisance strongly in the way of the prosperity and development of that interesting portion of the British North American possessions. Tyranny and misrule will provoke the disapprobation and indignation of others than the sufferers, and the actions of the Company have exposed them to general condemnation. Their days as monopolizers are apparently fast drawing to a close, and the shareholders who are amassing riches by contributing to the unnatural demands of opulence, and ignoring the claims of industrious poverty, will probably soon have to reconcile themselves to the loss of one wide source of income. Notwithstanding their misdeeds, the Imperial and Canadian authorities evince a disposition to deal generously with them, and a fair amount of commutation will scarcely be denied them. Of late we understand they have threatened to sell the Red River Territory to the Americans. They have been allowed to do a good many impudent things, but they dare not attempt this. American traders are now competing with the Company; and they are said to be fast losing the respect of the Indians, who regard them as in no manner superior to other traders. Combined circumstances point to the fact that the great North-West will, ere long form an addition to the new Dominion, and agriculture and manufacture supplant the less civilized pursuits of hunting and fishing.

Yellow Fever in New Orleans.

A New York paper says that the yellow fever still rages with frightful violence in New Orleans, and a renewed appeal is made to the citizens of New York for help. There is urgent need of nurses, of medicines, and of food to keep from starvation the families of those who are stricken down. The startling assertion is made by the Committee who put forth this call that twelve thousand human beings, the majority of whom are utter or comparative strangers, are perishing for want of help. It has been remarked that New Orleans never enjoyed such a happy immunity from the dread scourge as during the time the city [illegible] under the rule of Gen[illegible] Butler. It appears, [illegible] reformer that [illegible] the wholesome regu[illegible] were invaluable. It is [illegible] he virtually saved the lives [illegible] almost any one of whom [illegible] his at the time, had it [illegible] safe so to do.

The London *Free Press* of Saturday says—"The losses attending the stoppage of the firm of Buchanan, Hope & Co., of Hamilton, appear to have further ramifications. The New York and Glasgow houses have failed also, and out of the whole range of affiliated establishments, that in Montreal alone stands untouched. In this Mr Isaac Buchanan has a share. The proximate cause of the stoppage seems to have been the failure of a large tea firm in New York, though it is now evident that for some time past the affairs of the firm have been involved in difficulty. It is understood that Mr A. Hope and Mr Wemyss will make a proposition on their part to the creditors to continue the business, and that another proposition will come from Mr I. Buchanan. That no joint action is likely, arises from the fact that no little personal difficulty exists between Mr Hope and Mr Buchanan. It is quite probable that one of the offers may be accepted, and that the house will continue its operations."

In reference to the above, the London *Advertiser* has the following:—"The *Free Press* states that the losses of Buchanan, Hope & Co. have further ramifications, viz: the stoppage of the New York and Glasgow houses. The *Free Press* is under a mistake, as the New York and Glasgow houses referred to were merely offices kept open in these cities for the accommodation of the Hamilton house; facilitating exchange operations and the exportation of purchases. The partners were identical but had no independent capital and no distinct business, hence the stoppage of the Glasgow and New York houses were contemporaneous with that in Hamilton, being simply distinct portions of the same Hamilton firm. I. Buchanan & Co., Montreal. Adam Hope & Co., and Buchanan, Hope & Co., of Hamilton, formed three distinct firms, based upon distinct capital, and the present temporary difficulty arises only with the last named, the two former being untouched. It is generally understood that the liabilities are confined to certain banking institutions at home and in Canada, and the probabilities are that a complete arrangement will be carried out within a few days, leaving the business itself unimpaired, but causing a considerable loss to the individual partners of the firm."

Political Movements in the Lower Provinces.

Either the Privy Councillors belonging to the Maritime Provinces are very communicative to their newspaper friends, or our contemporaries are given to the circulation of rumours. The other day, the journals of New Brunswick informed us that General Doyle is to be Lieutenant Governor of Nova Scotia, and that a distinguished New Brunswick Judge is to be Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario. Now we are told by the Halifax *Unionist*—the organ of the Liberal section of the Unionist party—that Mr. Archibald has already been offered by one of his colleagues a choice between a seat in the Senate of the Dominion and the Lieutenant Governorship of New Brunswick. If Mr. Archibald wishes it, a vacancy will at once be made in the list of Nova Scotia Senators, and the vacancy filled by the appointment of Mr. Archibald. If he does not care to be a Senator, says the *Unionist*, he may be Lieutenant-Governor of New Brunswick.

Mr. Archibald had better take the Lieutenant-Governorship. It is much the better position, and he would probably fill it very satisfactorily. His appointment would, no doubt, be well received in New Brunswick. But the Anti-Unionists of Nova Scotia are already complaining that the Senators from that Province are all Unionists except one, and claiming that the Province is virtually unrepresented in the higher branch of the Federal Parliament. They would make a great ado were Mr. Archibald appointed to the polls. Let him take the Governorship, and cheat his opponents out of the grievance which they would make of his appointment to the Senate.—

DEATH OF AN INVENTOR.—Mr. Elias Howe, jr., the inventor of the sewing machine, died at his residence in Brooklyn on Thursday night last, in the forty-eight year of his age. Mr. Howe was borne in Spencer, Massachusetts. Until his seventeenth year he worked for his father on a farm and in a Mill. Then he learned the trade of a machinist, and began to experiment in that department of invention in which he has since obtained fame and wealth. He procured the first patent for a sewing-maching, September 10th, 1847. He built four machines and then went to England, where he remained for two years, returning in 1849 a poor man. For the next seven years he worked at his trade and persistently maintained his claim to his invention in the courts. In 1854 he won the battle, and since then has enjoyed the fruits of his inventive genius in peace.

JEFF. DAVIS:—The New York *Times* say:—"We have from Washington a renewal of the usual bladerdash about the trial of Jefferson Davis. The public was long since utterly disgusted with this whole controversy. It seems to have no other objection than to shuffle from one set of officials to another a responsibility which none have the courage to meet. The whole thing has been degenerated into a contemptible farce, and nobody is inclined even to read the special pleas by which each party seeks to show that everybody else is wrong in the course that has been pursued. Why cannot all parties agree either to put Davis on his trial or discharge him? Any course will be acceptable if it is only known to be final."

In order to destroy as much as possible all historical recollections among the Poles, it has been determined that Warsaw shall cease to be the capital of Poland.

A wide awake fire company in West Newton, Mass, turned out the other night to put out the aurora borealis but it had got under such headway that they returned without action. Nevertheless, their intentions were honourable.

exhibited at the Paris Exposition for obliterating the postage stamp, and at the same time marking the place where posted, the date and the number of the mail despatched, is extremely elegant At the same pressure of the dies a pair of rollets supplies them with ink. The revolving lift for raising the heavy mail boxes from beyond seas to the upper floor of the post office, shows how every late invention has been applied to this department. No model attracts greater crowds than the perfect one of the travelling railway post office, with all its contrivances for the accomodation of the sorters. The apparatus by which mail bags are delivered and received without stopping the train are seen in perfect working order.

THE PAIN-KILLER CASE.—Some years ago, Mr. Kennedy, formerly of Dundas, but for a few years back of Hamilton, and well known in the patent medicine trade, brought out a medicine which he called "Pain Killer." Lately, Messrs. Perry Davis & Son, of Providence, Rhode Island, applied to the Court of Chancery here for an injunction restraining Kennedy from using a designation which they claimed to be theirs exclusively, and a trade mark. Evidence in the case was taken at the sitting of the court in May last, and early in September, Vice-Chancellor Mowat gave an injunction, which, substantially, seems to be a judgment, in favor of the plaintiffs. It has been stated that they have thus obtained in Canada a judgment which they could not obtain in their own courts; but this I believe is incorrect, for the counter statement is made on good authority, that in 1834 they obtained in Rhode Island just such a decree as they have obtained against Mr. Kennedy here.

A case of courtship of forty-five years standing is reported at East Lynn, Mass. The gentleman has paid his visits on each alternate Sunday evening.

BIRTHS.

HOWIE—At the E. U. manse, Guelph, on the 5th inst., the wife of the Rev. James Howie, of a son.

GALLOW—In Guelph, on the 28th ult., the wife of Mr. A. Gallow, of a daughter.

MCDIARMID—In Minto, on the 26th ult., the wife of Mr. Malcolm McDiarmid of a son.

MARRIAGES.

HOHL—BUTCHART—In Elora, on the 3rd inst., by the Rev. J. W. German, Mr. Jacob Hohl to Miss Jane Butchard, all of Elora.

MCNAB—KELLY—In Garafraxa, on the 25th ult., by the Rev. Wm. Millican, Mr. John McNab, to Miss Ellen Kelly, all of Garafraxa.

SKENE—WILKIE—On the 27th ult., at St. George's Church, Guelph, Mr. George Skene, of Fort Austin, Michigan, to Miss Isabella P. Wilkie, only daughter of Mr. Alex. Wilkie, Township of Nichol.

DEATHS.

MUNRO—At Salem, on the 1st inst., Jane, second daughter of Mr. John Munro, aged 1 year, months, and 25 days.

LAWRENCE—At Salem, on the 28th ult., William Lawrence, aged 6 years, 10 months, and 27 days.

MOFFATT—At Garafraxa, on the 27th ult., Wm. Millican, youngest son of John Moffatt, aged 1 year and 10 months.

New Advertisements.

YOUNGER'S

EDINBURGH ALE,

At E. CARROLL & Co's,

Guelph Oct. 7, 1867. No. 2, Day's Block

DRILL SHED, GUELPH.

GRAND CONCERT!

On Wednesday, 23rd Oct. 1867

A GRAND CONCERT will be given in the Drill Shed in aid of the Orphans and Aged in St. Joseph's Hospital, under the care of the

SISTERS OF CHARITY.

Doors open at 7:30. Concert to commence at 8. Single Tickets, 50c. Family tickets, admitting five, $1.50.

A Quadrille Band will be in attendance after the Concert.

DENIS NUNAN, Secretary.

Guelph, Oct. 7, 1867 daw td

A Lot of New Strained Honey

At E. CARROLL & Co's,

Guelph, Oct. 7, 1867. No. 2, Day's Block.

Apothecaries' Hall,

MARKET SQUARE, GUELPH.

PATENT

STOVE VARNISH

Free From Smell,

Manufactured and sold by

ALEX. B. PETRIE,

Chemist, Market Square, Guelph.

Price, - - - $2 per Bottle,

or in quantities to suit purchasers.

Guelph, Oct. 7, 1867. daw.

FRESH LOBSTERS!

At E. CARROLL & Co's

Guelph, Oct. 7, 1867. No. 2, Day's Block.

OYSTERS!

OYSTERS.

JUST RECEIVED those celebrated

XXX BALTIMORE OYSTERS!

At GEORGE WILKINSON'S,

Next door to Telegraph and Express Office.

Guelph, 10th Sept., 1867. (d)

New Crop Teas

At E. CARROLL & Co's

Guelph, Oct. 7, 1867. No. 2, Day's Block.

New Livery Stable.

HORSES FOR HIRE.

PARTIES wishing to hire Saddle-horses, or Horses and Buggies, can do so at moderate rates, by applying to the undersigned, at the Wellington Hotel.

HUGH STRAHAN.

Guelph, Oct. 7, 1867. do-3m

TEACHER WANTED.

WANTED, a School Teacher for School Section No. 5, Township of Puslinch, County of Wellington. Good references required. One having a First-class Certificate for Common Schools. To commence teaching on the first day November next. Apply personally to School Trustees.

DONALD CAMERON.
EDWARD RAMSAY.
DONALD McMILLAN.

Puslinch, 3rd October, 1867. w4in

Fresh Coffees

At E. CARROLL & Co's

Guelph, Oct. 7, 1867. No. 2, Day's Block.

MONTREAL

OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO'Y.

1867 1867

GUELPH AGENCY.

Steam to Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

Steamer Hibernian Quebec to Liverpool, October 12th.

Tickets to and from the Old Country, Passage Certificates to bring friends out, Return Tickets good for six months, issued at reduced rates. State Rooms secured, and every information given on application. Insurance Policies for the voyage issued at the low rate of $1 per 1,000 up to 10,000.

Apply to

GEORGE A. OXNARD,

Agent, G. T. R., Guelph.

Guelph, Oct. 7, 1867. daw

A Large Stock of New French Fruits

At E. CARROLL & Co's

Guelph, Oct. 7, 1867. No. 2, Day's Block.

AUCTION SALE

W. S. G. KNOWLES will offer for sale by Public Auction,

On FRIDAY, OCT. 25th, 1867,

By order of Mr. William Hamilton, who is retiring from the farm, on Lot No. 4, 3rd Con., of Eramosa, near Rockwood, the whole of his valuable property, viz: 1 span of Horses, 1 brood mare and foal, 2 span of Colts two years old; 6 good Cows in calf, 1 do. with calf at her feet, 3 Heifers in calf, 5 yearlings, 4 Calves, 1 yoke of first-rate Oxen, 40 Leicester Ewes, 10 Lambs, Cotswold Ram, Waggon, Trucks, new Bob-sleighs, double sleigh, Cutter Covered Carriage, Fanning Mill, Cutting Box, an 8-Horse Power; Horse Hoe, Iron Plough, Wheel Cultivator, Harrows, Turnip Drill, Saddle, Harness, Carriage do., Wheelbarrow, Grindstone, &c.

TERMS—Twelve months' credit for all sums of $5 and over, on approved notes, under that sum, cash. Sale at noon. No Reserve.

Eramosa, Oct. 7, 1867. daw2in

CORDWOOD

IMPORTANT to the FARMERS

Near ACTON,
ROCKWOOD,
GUELPH,
SHANTZ,
BRESLAU, and
BERLIN,

CORDWOOD in quantities from Five Cords upwards will be received at the above stations, or any where along the track of the G. T. R., at greatly advanced prices. Payment,

CASH ON DELIVERY

or as soon as wood is in a shape to measure.

MEN WANTED

Good Steady Choppers will always find constant employment. Apply to

ALEX. NAIRN,

Rockwood, G.T.R.

Rockwood, Oct. 2, 1867. 6d-w3m

(Berlin Journal to copy one month.)

New Smoked Salmon

At E. CARROLL & Co's

Guelph, Oct. 7, 1867. No. 2, Day's Block.

NEW FANCY GOODS

MRS. HUNTER,

No. 7, - - - Day's Block,

HAS pleasure in informing the ladies of Guelph and surrounding country that she has received a large and choice assortment of

BERLIN WOOL

FINGERING WOOL,
FLEECY (Single and Double) WOOL,
ZEPHYR WOOL.

New Slipper Patterns and Worked Ottomans.—Also, a large variety of other Fancy Goods and Toys.

All orders for fancy work promptly executed.—Stamping and Braiding done to order.

Guelph, 25th Sept., 1867. dw-4in

Enlargement of Premises.

LARGE ARRIVALS OF

DRY GOODS

GROCERIES,
HARDWARE,
CROCKERY,
BOOTS & SHOES,

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

WINES AND LIQUORS.

J. McLEOD,

ROCKWOOD,

HAVING purchased the greater portion of his Goods direct, he is in a position to sell at Toronto and Hamilton Wholesale Prices. The Stock is the most complete in the County of Wellington. 10,000 pairs of Boots and Shoes to select from.

☞ A call is solicited to convince the most credulous.

Rockwood, 3rd October, 1867. w2m

COTTAGE WANTED

WITH six or seven rooms, and good commodious yard room. The West End of the Town preferred. Address with particulars as to rent, &c.

BOX D., Guelph P. O.

October 3, 1867. do6

WANTED.

WANTED a few good SEWING GIRLS. Also a few Apprentices.

A. A. GARLAND,

Hatter and Furrier, Market Squ

Guelph, Oct. 2nd. d3t

The

EXHIBITION

Prize

SHIRTS

and

DRAWERS

For Sale

At the Guelph

Cloth Hall.

A. THOMSON & CO.

Guelph, October 5, 1866. dwtf

FALL IMPORTATIONS!

WM. STEWART

HAS NOW OPENED A LARGE AND SPLENDID STOCK OF

Fall and Winter Dry Goods!

In Fancy Dress Goods, in all the new styles and textures. Winceys, Plain and Fancy Flannels, Blankets, Cottons, Prints, &c.

FANCY MANTLE CLOTHS,

Water-proof Cloakings, New Mixtures, Velveteens and Whitneys, Hosiery and Gloves. large choice of COLLARS and CUFFS in Linen and paper. A large variety of Jet Bugle Trimming, Mantle Ornaments, &c.

☞ Purchasers may rely on getting the Cheapest and Best Goods. All Departments will be found complete.

WILLIAM STEWART.

Guelph, 3rd October, 1867. dw

ARRIVAL OF FALL & WINTER GOODS

A. O. BUCHAM

Invites the public to an inspection of his new Fall and Winter stock of

Fancy and Staple Dry Goods

Which is large, and contains every new and leading style and material for the season.

FANCY DRESSES, PLAIN DRESS GOODS,

SHAWLS, MANTLES, AND MANTLE MATERIALS.

Millinery and Fancy Woollen Goods in beautiful variety.

☞ INSPECTION INVITED.

A. O. BUCHAM.

Guelph, 1st October, 1867 (dw)

DOMINION BITTERS

R. HOPKINS & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY inform the inhabitants of Guelph and surrounding country, that they are prepared to fill all orders for any quantity of

The Dominion Bitters

Put up in barrels, half-barrels, kegs and bottles

N. B.—Purchasers will not confound the "Dominion Bitters" with the "New" or "Old" Dominion Bitters.

Manufactured a few doors West of the Wellington Hotel, Wyndham Street.

Guelph, July 23, 1867. daw-tf

FRESH OYSTERS

Wholesale and Retail, at the

FRUIT DEPOT,

Wyndham Street, Guelph.

HUGH WALKER.

Guelph, 16th Sept., 1867. (dw)

LOT FOR SALE.

FOR sale, a valuable lot on the main street in the village of Hanover, on the Durham Road, with a Blacksmith's Shop, 24×36 ft., and a Dwelling House attached 18×24 ft. Will be sold cheap, and on reasonable terms. The owner being a waggonmaker would like to sell to a good blacksmith. For particulars apply (post-paid) to

JAMES C. CLARK,

July 18th, 1867. 3m Hanover P. O.

New Songs.

"I am Dreaming."
"The Colonel from Constantinople."
"Mary Aileen."
"Pat Malloy."
"Somebody's Darling Slumbers Here."
"Lonely Oh, So Lonely!"
"When shall I see my Darling Again?"
"Sweet Face at the Window."
"Come wh[illegible] you will, I've a Welcome for Thee."
"Norah O'N[illegible]."
"Belgravia Waltzes."
"Wandering Refugee."

At DAY'S BOOKSTORE,

Opposite the Market.

Guelph, Sept. 27, 1867. daw tf

Toll-gates to Let.

Elora and Saugeen Road.

THE two Toll-gates below Elora, and the Alma Gate, will be let at Biggar's Hotel, Elora, on

SATURDAY, 12th of OCTOBER

at 9 o'clock a. m.; and on the same day at 2.30 p. m., the remainder of the gates will be let at Rothsay.

☞ The parties tendering must be prepared with two responsible securities.

G. GRAIN, Road Superintendent.

Fergus, 28th Sept 1867.

Farm [illegible] Rent.

FOR sale or to rent that [illegible]ing Lot No. 14, in the 8th Conc[illegible] [illegible]ownship of Puslinch, consisting of 100 a[illegible] 80 acres of which are cleared and under cultivation. There are on the premises a good Stone House, Frame Barn, with stabling under, a good bearing Orchard, excellent Spring Well, and plenty of water for cattle. For particulars apply on the premises, or if by letter (post-paid) to

THOMAS BAILEY,

Puslinch, Oct. 2[illegible], 1867. w3m Aberfoyle P. O.