

contested; the Court, under the circumstances, refused costs to either party up to the hearing, and gave the defendant the subsequent costs of a redemption suit where the right to redeem is admitted.

Boswell v. Gravley, 523.

See also "Submitting to Decree."

REGISTRAR.

A registrar of deeds gave to an intending purchaser an abstract of title, which by mistake omitted an outstanding mortgage:

Held, that a purchaser who had notice of the omitted mortgage could not make any claim against the registrar in respect of payments made by the purchaser after such notice; and the registrar, who on finding his mistake had bought up the outstanding mortgage, was held entitled to foreclose the same.

Brega v. Dickey, 494.

REGISTRATION.

The principle upon which the Registry Act proceeds is, that a party acquiring land ought to see whether there is anything registered against the land he is about to acquire, and that he is assumed to search the registry for that purpose; but this does not apply to one who is not acquiring, but parting with an interest in land.

The Trust & Loan Co. v. Shaw, 446.

RENEWAL.

See "Rector."

RESCISSION.

See "Vendor and Purchaser," 2.

RESTS.

See "Mortgage," &c., 7.