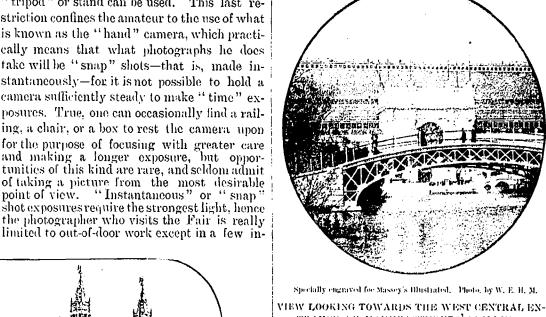
## HOW I MADE MY PICTURES AT THE WORLD'S FAIR.

BY W. E. H. MASSEY.

the day last summer while out in the counrv I was walking along a small village street with my camera in hand ready to make an exnos are, when a small boy came running up aying, "Mister, give us a tune on that, please." have had some amusing experiences while out icture making, but never before had I been ecredited with carrying about a concertina, for which my innocent photographic instrument vas evidently mistaken.

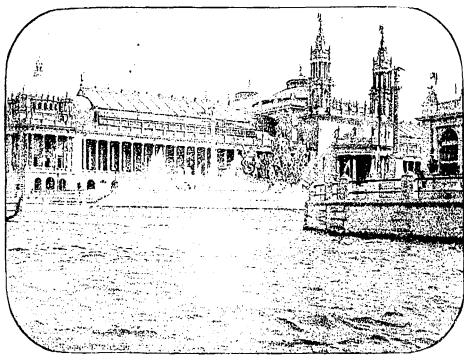
However, the World's Fair camera detectives. whom there are several stationed at every out the exhibitor's consent, and worst of all, no "tripod" or stand can be used. This last restriction confines the amateur to the use of what is known as the "hand" camera, which practieally means that what photographs he does take will be "snap" shots-that is, made instantaneously-for it is not possible to hold a camera sufficiently steady to make "time" exposures. True, one can occasionally find a railing, a chair, or a box to rest the camera upon for the purpose of focusing with greater care and making a longer exposure, but opportunities of this kind are rare, and seldom admit of taking a picture from the most desirable point of view. "Instantaneous" or "snap" shot exposures require the strongest light, hence the photographer who visits the Fair is really



TRANCE OF MANUFACTURERS' BUILDING.

stances, as the interiors of the buildings are not light enough for "snap" shots. Therefore, as the best photographs cannot be produced without the use of a tripod to admit of accurate focusing, and further, as explained, it being possible to photograph only such objects as are in the strongest light without giving lengthened exposures, it will be seen that the amateur photographer at the World's Fair is pretty badly handicapped.

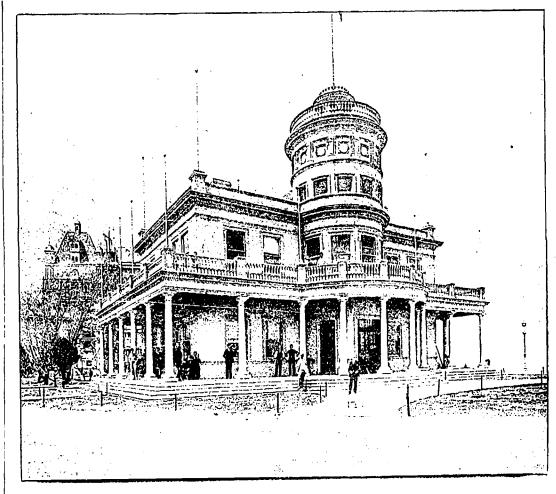
All these restrictions are made by the Exposition authorities to protect a "concession." This concession is an exclusive right to make and sell pictures in and about the Exhibition grounds and buildings, which concession has been sold for a large sum of money. At first it was determined to shut out amateurs altogether and allow no artist within the gates except the official photographers. Such an indignation was awakened, however, from one end of the United States to the other that the restricted privileges mentioned above were finally granted, but were nevertheless so unsatisfactory that the war was waged further, and other privileges



BE GREAT MACMONNIES' FOUNTAIN IN FULL PLAY-MACHINERY HALL IN THE BACK GROUND.

mance, are not so easily deceived; and though odern cameras scarcely look like photographic struments at all it is next to impossible to get rough the gate with any kind of a camera ithout being stopped, and many a fellow has d to open his box of lunch to prove that was not a camera. I had heard that the y of the amateur photographer at the World's ii: was hard, and that be was not held in very gh esteem. This I realized to be a fact all too on. Of course an enthusiastic amateur, such I must confess I am, would have no more oight of going to the World's Fair without a mera than he would think of starting off ithout a reasonably well-filled purse. Therere the morning after my arrival in Chicago e atter part of May last-it being a delightly clear and bright day—found me at the orld's Columbian Exhibition gates with a mera "loaded" and ready for business.

Scarcely had I passed the turnstile when two m noticing the black case in my hand- at suspecting it to be a camera—demanded know if it were. On my answering in the irmative a fee of \$2.00 was ordered to be paid. See entitling me to the use of the camera one day, and that, too, under rigid restric-Amongst other things no camera is alvel which takes a view over 4x5 inches hich was the size of the instrument I had th me). No pictures can be taken in the Art dery, and none of individual exhibits with-



THE CANADIAN PAVILION ON THE LAKE FRONT.