

Fall Neckwear Display

Gentlemen! On the one hand, richness, elegance, riot of color, sumptuous are the words to use in describing the Fall display of Neckwear ready for your eyes and throat.

On the other hand Gloves, good to have on hand at this season.

Gilmour's, 68 King St.
Clothing, Tailoring, Furnishings.

Health Notes

Typhoid.
In our country where the seasons are so sharply differentiated into winter, spring, summer and autumn, it has for long been noted that in a very rough way, certain diseases, apparently, have favorite seasons. Thus smallpox, pneumonia, bronchitis, rheumatism and others are of more frequent occurrence in winter and early spring than at any other time. Summer, late summer with us, is the special time for intestinal diseases in young children, while the typhoid disease of the end of summer and autumn is, beyond doubt, typhoid fever.

In some of these instances it is not difficult to understand why certain diseases peculiarly affect certain seasons. Smallpox, for example, spreads more rapidly in winter than at other times because of the more crowded conditions of living. The cold weather compels a greater retention indoors of the family, and this contributes to infection one from another. And, again, the cold induces neglect of ventilation, indoor gatherings and recreation, while at this season also the lumber business is in full swing and the consequent intimate association in camps actively predisposes to epidemics of this disease.

Pneumonia and other acute diseases of respiration are favored in their onset by the inclemencies and changes of the winter and spring weather; and the acute diseases of indigestion in summer, both in old and young, are induced largely by the multiplication of injurious bacteria, owing to combined action of heat and moisture. It is not so easy to determine, however, nor is it nearly half so plain why typhoid should be a disease so peculiarly wedded to the autumn. Whole libraries of books have been written about it, giving more or less lucid explanations of this fact, but none of them are altogether convincing in detail. The reasons and theories advanced are much too technical to enter upon in note like this.

Whatever doubt, however, may attach to the cause of the autumnal prevalence of typhoid, there is none at all as regards the immediate cause of the disease, its mode of propagation and its general course.

Its cause is a small vegetable growth, so small as only to be seen by a high-powered microscope, called *Bacillus*, which lives principally in liquids more especially water and milk. It can only live, for any length of time in dirty water, that is water polluted with some animal substance and this is one of the greatest reasons for insisting upon the purity of drinking water. It is only very rarely that even polluted water contains this germ, but if the germ does obtain access to such water it will live and multiply to an extraordinary degree for some time and create typhoid in many persons who are susceptible to the disease, and who may drink such water. Milk, on the contrary, does not require to be "dirty" in order to contain typhoid. The writer has personal knowledge of an epidemic from typhoid in milk, in which the milk was of exceptional purity and cleanliness apart from this one germ. It had obtained access to the milk from water used to wash the cans, and which, by some accident, had been allowed to come, for a short time polluted with typhoid. It is easy to understand why good milk will sustain typhoid germ once it gets into it. Milk abounds with animal material, the better it is the richer it is in this respect, and so the germ nourishes in it. But, after all, typhoid from milk is comparatively rare, because it is so difficult to discover the cause. If the milk contains it, cases of the disease will break out in those families using it all at about the same time, and, generally, speaking, in those alone, for some time, at any rate. This peculiar location of the disease is readily noted by the health authorities, and that milk supply is at once cut off. But it is not water and milk alone that can and do convey typhoid. It has been proven beyond all doubt that the common house fly is capable of carrying the germ on its body, principally on its feet, if it comes into contact with filth containing the germ. This polluted it alights upon food, such as milk, meats, possibly bread, and so on, and thus starts a new focus of the disease. Hence the vitally important duty of the housewife to guard against flies.

But typhoid is frequently conveyed in yet another way. Once a case of this disease appears in a family, though the patient may have contracted it one hundred miles away, it is not a very unusual thing for it to attack one after another of the family at intervals in succession of two or three weeks or a month, and in this way, perhaps a whole winter may be spent with typhoid gradually passing from one to another.

The source of contagion in such an instance is almost always by means of the hands of the person nursing the patient. The virus of the disease is transferred from the hands to the food, or perhaps to the mouth, directly. In all such cases, the hands should be immediately washed in soap, and if possible, in running water, each time after having anything to do with the patient. By such a simple means, typhoid can be prevented from spreading in a family, from one person to another. Broadly speaking typhoid cannot be contracted from the breath, or through the air, or from ordinary clothing, unless directly soiled with typhoid discharges, or from bedding or transportation vehicles unless under very peculiar and rare circumstances. The poison of typhoid, must, in order to be effective, be swallowed, and so get into direct access to the intestines, which are the chief seat of this disease. In this disease, above all others, personal cleanliness and the holding of soiled linen, and the application of chloride of lime in generous amounts to the discharges of the patient, are the main-stays in the way of prevention of the disease passing from one person to another.

Should anyone desire fuller or more precise information upon this matter of typhoid, a letter to the Department of Health, Fredericton, will elicit it.

Will Sell Food From Trucks To Cut Living Cost

Mayor Hylan of New York Approves Scheme That Will Save Thousands for Housewives.

New York, Sept. 19.—Mayor Hylan has endorsed a suggestion by a group of leading exporters of foodstuffs by which groceries will be sold in the streets of New York from trucks at from twelve and one-half to forty per cent. lower than the Fair Price Committee's quotations.

This announcement was made last night by Dr. Jonathan G. Day, Commissioner of Public Markets, who said that the Mayor heartily endorsed the idea as an emergency measure. Dr. Day said it was strictly a private enterprise on the part of the exporters, actuated by patriotic motives, to serve the people of New York in an effort to reduce the abnormally high prices of foodstuffs.

Dr. Day said that the city will merely co-operate in the work, that is, by the Mayor instructing the Commissioner of Licenses to issue licenses to the exporters for the trucks used in the sale of food. The licensees will be granted for trucks will be the usual vendors' licenses, with no time limitation. The exporters will have from one to five hundred trucks, or whatever number is necessary, said Dr. Day.

The Commissioner said that all details had been worked out and the scheme will be put into effect within ten days or two weeks. Discharged soldiers will be paid at the rate of \$5 a day as salesmen. Trucks will be hired and chauffeurs paid a reasonable compensation. The mobile grocery store will be operated through the city particularly in neighborhoods where high prices prevail.

Dr. Day explained that the articles sold will be direct from manufacturer to consumer, and will include general groceries, the surplus from the army food supply and other staple articles. The exporters who have arranged the scheme are trying to induce exporters of eggs, butter and other dairy products to participate in the movement.

Dr. Day said he will make public the correspondence on the subject to-day. This plan on the part of the exporters to serve the people will not interfere with their foreign trade, Dr. Day added.

FUNERAL OF LADY FOSTER

Took Place in Ottawa Yesterday—Expressions of Sympathy Received by Sir George Foster from Governor General and Prince of Wales.

Ottawa, Ont., Sept. 19.—The funeral of Lady Foster took place this afternoon. The services were conducted by two friends of the family, Rev. Dr. E. M. Kerstead, professor at McMasler University, and Rev. G. Colburn Heine, Montreal.

A wreath from the Duke and Duchess of Devonshire and a cross from Sir Robert Borden were received, while many expressions of sympathy and regret were received from members of the House of Commons, from the Senate, and from many citizens prominent in Canadian life. A message of sympathy from the Prince of Wales was received by Sir George Foster and one from the Duke and Duchess of Devonshire. Members of Parliament of the various provinces, the Unionist members and members of the Dominion Parliament sent tributes.

THE PRICE OF CORN.
Regarding the price of green corn, which is said to be selling at retail for 20 cents a dozen in Fredericton and 40 cents in Chatham, it may be interesting to state that at a St. John restaurant, 10 cents an ear was charged for green corn, making it retail, cooked, at \$1.20 per dozen.

Your Complexion By All Means

A Beautiful Skin and Stuart's Calcium Wafers Have Made Thousands of Girls Happy.

Don't smear the face with creams, lotions, powders and rouge to hide



what ought to be real natural beauty. Don't try to hide pimples, blotches, or get rid of them by clearing the blood with Stuart's Calcium Wafers. This wonderful beauty-maker has a most remarkable action to naturally seek the skin, dry up pimples, so that the impurities pass off, boils cease, blackheads are gone, yellow muddiness disappears and before you can realize it you have a more beautiful complexion. No creams, lotions, bleaches or other external methods can do this, as all experience has proven. Get a 50-cent box of Stuart's Calcium Wafers at any drug store. Begin today.

Loss May Have Been More Than \$100,000

Train Robbers Said to Have Obtained That Amount from Ocean Limited—Insurance Companies Responsible—Banks Not the Losers.

Quebec, Sept. 19.—According to unofficial news today, the train robbery at Harlaka yesterday morning on the I. C. R. Ocean Limited train, brought the headline close to it not more than \$100,000. Two Quebec banks alone had sent over \$30,000 in the packets which were stolen. But they lost nothing, the insurance people being responsible for the protection of such shipments.

News coming from the district surrounding the scene of the robbery indicate that no trace whatever has been raised of the bandits. According to an interview given by R. Reay, the first man to see the robbed car to arrive here last night, the robbers left the train at Montmagny station. Arthur Lamarre, agent at Montmagny, questioned today by the Canadian Press, said he saw nothing of the supposed bandits when the looted train passed his station, and that the first news he had of the robbery was a flash sent over the wires by the operator at L'Islet.

The robbers, according to Reay, jumped off the car on the side opposite the station so that they could easily take to the bush close by and disappear even before the train pulled out of the station.

News-papers and detectives who have been all over the ground report raising not the slightest clue and no trace of men in the neighborhood. "This rate of investigations are going on in connection with the crime. The provincial police are busy on the crime with Detectives Trudel, Cummings, Hall and Boucher. The federal police are also looking into the thing with Captain Lavette in charge.

The post office department also has its inspectors busy with S. T. Green at their head here. Already a number of false clues have been called down by the detectives, and this morning it seems that there are still less indications than there were yesterday as to the identity and whereabouts of the robbers.

Canadian Hall of Record As Memorial

Mayor of Vimy Intimates He Has Not Heard Whether Canadian Government Intends to Accept Gift of Sites Offered.

London, Sept. 19. (By C. A. P. cable)—Some time ago the Belgian government presented Canada with a splendid site at the Monin-Gate, Ypres, for the erection of a Canadian Hall of Record as a memorial of Canadians fighting in the Ypres salient. The French government offered several acres of Vimy Ridge for the same purpose.

It is learned that the mayor of Vimy has written intimating that while he has been instructed to locate a site for this purpose, he has not yet heard whether the Canadian government intends to accept the gift of the Belgium government and is also unaware if the French government's offer will be accepted.

Sensation At Labor Convention

M. Merriham, Socialist, in Address in Lyons Said: "Money is Everything, We Must Save Working Class from That Wave of Immorality."

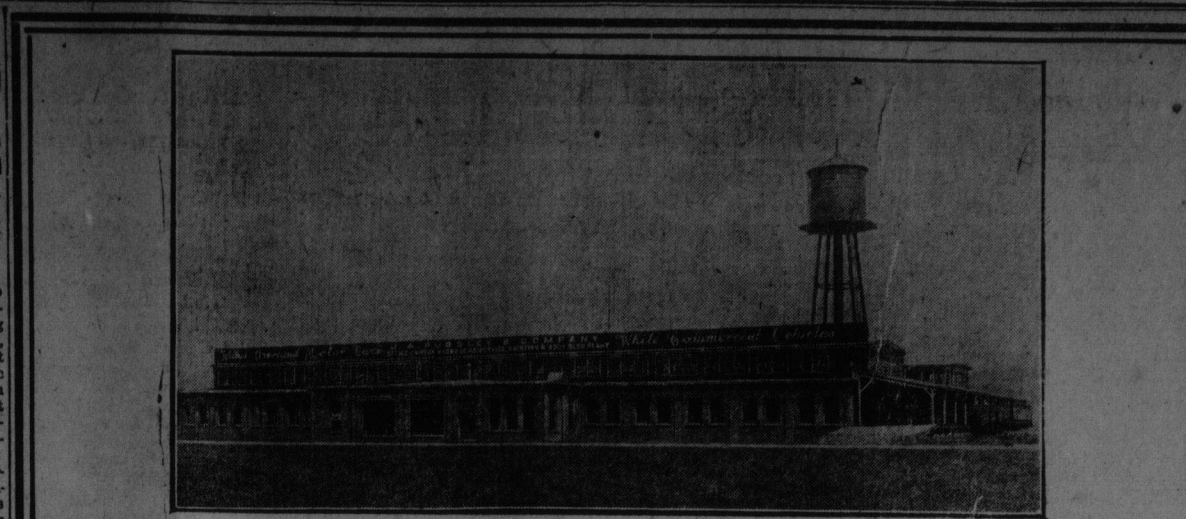
Paris, Sept. 19.—M. Merriham, secretary of the Metal Workers' Union, created a sensation at the Labor Federation convention in Lyons yesterday by denouncing "The wave of immorality which threatens to submerge all classes of societies—the working class more than others."

M. Merriham, who is one of the socialists who conferred with the German Socialists at Zimmerwald, Switzerland, during the war and who formerly was one of the most aggressive labor leaders in France, took the floor to defend the executive committee of the federation against criticisms by the extremists for the fiasco which marked the proposed general strike of July last, he ridiculed the pretensions of extremists of labor organizations who talked of such plans as a four hour day and said what organized labor needed was got to work. "You talk of a revolutionary situation," he said, "but left to itself, the proletariat could accomplish nothing. The war has sharpened all appetites and provoked all sorts of covetousness in all circles, even among the workers. Idealism has foundered under base material pre-occupations. "Money is everything, no one wants anything but money. We must save the working class from that wave of immorality."

M. Merriham's speech made a deep impression on the delegates, which was evidenced in a great ovation as he left the platform.

Storm Swept Area Of Corpus Christi

Corpus Christi, Texas, Sept. 19.—Through the storm-swept area of Corpus Christi are wide stretches of sand and shell where last Saturday stood homes that made this city of

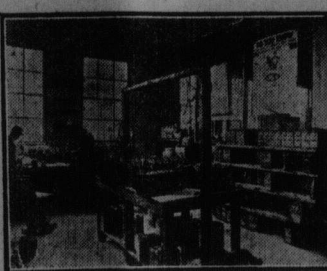


36,000 SQ. FEET OF CONCRETE FLOOR SPACE AND PRACTICALLY FIRE PROOF. TOWER IN BACKGROUND CONTAINS 30,000 GALLONS OF WATER, 65 FT. IN HEIGHT.

At Your Service

At our Glen Falls plant you will find one of the largest and best equipped Garages in the Dominion of Canada for the prompt and efficient repairing or rebuilding of all makes of Motor Cars and Commercial Vehicles in charge of skilled mechanics, divided into separate departments as follows:

STORAGE BATTERY AND ELECTRICAL REPAIR DEPT.



A VIEW OF BATTERY ROOM.

This dept. is in charge of expert electrical men and completely equipped with the most modern electrical instruments including the famous Amber device for quickly finding short circuits, etc. in wiring, generators, magnetos, coils, starting motors or other vital parts of a car, and which we are prepared to remedy on short notice. This dept. is also equipped with a complete battery charging and repair equipment with a full stock of parts for repairing or renewing plates, etc. on all makes of batteries.

COMMERCIAL TRUCK BODY-BUILDING PLANT

This department is well equipped to undertake the construction of all kinds of commercial bodies such as open express, panel delivery, stake, and dumping, and we usually carry in stock standard bodies to fit such trucks as the Ford one ton. The best grade of material is used and we will be pleased to send literature to interested parties.



SALES OFFICE.

We feel sure that all will agree that our facilities are unexcelled and it is the ambition of the entire staff in this new plant of ours to build up a lasting reputation for prompt service and efficient workmanship.

J. A. PUGSLEY & CO.

Established 1906.

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MOTOR AND CHASSIS REPAIR DEPARTMENT

Our machine and repair shops for the overhauling, repairing and rebuilding of all parts of the motor car or truck chassis is completely equipped with many special time-saving tools for the use of our men assigned to specific work as on axles, motor, carburetor, clutch, transmission, radiator, etc. The building in which it is located is exceptionally well lighted and of fireproof construction, making for better workmanship and safety for the owner's car. To those owners who do not reside in the city we would suggest that you send us such parts as motors, etc. by express or freight for necessary repairs.



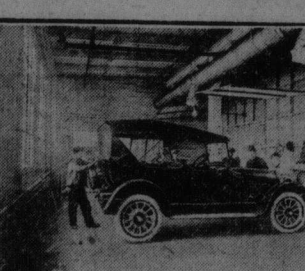
VIEW OF ONE END OF STOCK ROOM.

We Carry at All Times a Very Large Stock of Parts and Accessories and which We are Increasing as Rapidly as Unsettled Conditions at Factory Permit.

WE INVITE INSPECTION

of our premises and we will be pleased to show car owners and others through the various departments.

MOTOR CAR AND TRUCK PAINTING DEPARTMENT



VIEW OF PAINT DEPT.

Our paint shop which is the largest and best equipped in Eastern Canada is of fireproof construction and being steam heated to a high temperature we are able to use the very best English varnish which is not usually possible in the ordinary shops. Special equipment is provided for automobile painting and when cars are finished they are sent to the mechanical dept. to be tested before owner receives delivery. The men in charge have had many years' experience in some of the best shops in this country.

CAR AND TRUCK STORAGE DEPT.

We have some ten thousand square feet of cement floor space available for winter car storage for owners and dealers who have not sufficient space at exceptionally low rates considering the special services rendered, and a big saving is also effected in cost of insurance and freedom from damage to car through careless handling or dampness. Rates quoted on application.



GENERAL OFFICE AND SHOW ROOMS.

The Freshness and Fragrant Aroma of the Choicest Tea grown on the sun-drenched hills of INDIA and Ceylon are brought direct to your table in the air-tight packet.
MORSE'S TEAS

HALIFAX ALDERMAN DIED YESTERDAY

Halifax, Sept. 19.—Alderman James S. Edwards, one of the best known men in the north end of Halifax, died today. Mr. Edwards came to Halifax a good many years ago and established himself in business. He took a marked interest in civic affairs and wrote considerably for the press. A long series of his articles was published under the nom de plume "North End Observer."

to the pelicans along the shore, many so burdened with oil they cannot fly. In the business section the buildings utterly demolished include the city's electric power plant, and until this service is restored, which probably will not be for at least thirty days, there will be no electric lights or street car service.

Oil from the shattered banks at Fort Arancas coats everything that will sustain it, from seaweed washed ashore, furniture in homes somewhat back from the beach and other objects,

of them beyond trace, while here and there a palm tree, hanging low with its oil-begrimed leaves, marks the spot of some former show place.

In this section, the Bay line has changed, the water having established a new line varying from fifty to two hundred feet inland from the former position.

Oil from the shattered banks at Fort Arancas coats everything that will sustain it, from seaweed washed ashore, furniture in homes somewhat back from the beach and other objects,

18,000 a resort of national repute. Fifteen hundred homes stretching along the beach for twenty-three blocks were crushed and hurled away or wrecked by the tidal wave, which reached a depth of 15 feet in some places. Over much of the beach section not an indication of former homes now remain, except here and there a bath tub or part of a brick chimney.

From St. street, where the business section on the beach terminated, to Dan Reid street, every one of the 900 beach homes has been destroyed, most