The address slip pasted on the top of this page has a date on it, if the date of the paper is later than that on the slip it is to remind the subscriber that he is taking the paper with out paying for it. See Publisher's announcement on 4th Page.

MIRAMICHI ADVANCE.

VOL. 20. CHATHAM, NEW BRUNSWICK, MARCH 15, 1894. D. G. SMITH, EDITOR & PROPRIETOR

TERMS—$1.00 a Year, in Advance

BUSINESS NOTICE.

The "MIRAMICHI ADVANCE" is published at Chatham, Miramichi, N. B, every THURSDAY morning in time for despatch by the earliest mails of the day.

It is sent to any address in Canada, or the United States (Postage prepaid by the publisher) at ONE DOLLAR A YEAR, payable invariably in advance.

Advertisements, more than yearly or by the season are inserted at *eight cents* per line nonpareil, for 1st insertion, and *three cents* per line for each continuation.

Yearly, or season advertisements, are taken at the rate of $5 00 an inch per year. The matter, if space is secured by the year, or season, may be changed under arrangement made therefor with the publisher.

The "MIRAMICHI ADVANCE" having its large circulation distributed principally in the Counties of East Northumberland, Gloucester and Restigouche, New Brunswick and in Bonaventure and Gaspe, Quebec in communities engaged in Lumbering, Fishing and Agricultural pursuits, offers superior inducements to advertisers. Address

Editor Miramichi Advance, Chatham, N. B

MARBLE WORKS.

The Subscriber has removed his works to the premises known as Golden Ball corner, Chatham, where he is prepared to execute orders for

MONUMENTS, HEAD-STONES, TABLETS & CEMETERY WORK.

generally also, COUNTER and TABLE TOPS and other miscellaneous marble and FINE STONE work.

☞A good stock of marble constantly on hand.

EDWARD BARRY.

MIRAMICHI MARBLE, FREESTONE AND GRANITE WORKS,

John H. Lawlor & Co., PROPRIETORS.

a good stock of Marble always on hand

Monuments, Headstones, Tablets, Mantels & Table-tops, Garden Vases, Etc., etc.

CUT STONE of all descriptions furnished to order.

CHATHAM, N. B.

For Sale or To Let.

The Dwelling House and premises situate on St John Street, in the Town of Chatham, near the R. C. Chapel, lately occupied by H. J. Miller, Esq. For terms and further particulars, apply to L. J. TWEEDIE, Barrister-at-Law, Chatham.

Dated at Chatham, 24th March, 1891.

Robert Murray, BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Notary Public, Insurance Agent, ETC ETC., ETC. CHATHAM N B

G. B. FRASER, ATTORNEY & BARRISTER NOTARY PUBLIC AGENT FOR THE NORTH BRITISH —AND— MERCANTILE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

Warren C. Winslow. BARRISTER —AND— ATTORNEY-AT-LAW Solicitor of Bank of Montreal. CHATHAM N. B

TIN SHOP.

As I have now on hand a larger and better assortment of goods than ever before, comprising

Japanned, Stamped AND Plain Tinware,

would invite those about to purchase, to call and inspect before buying elsewhere, as I am now selling below former prices for cash

The Peerless Creamer, ROCHESTER LAMP, SUCCESS OIL STOVE,

—Also a nice selection of— PARLOR & COOKING STOVES —WITH— PATENT TELESCOPIC OVEN.

the lining of which can be taken out for cleaning, thereby doing away with the removing of pipe or oven as is the trouble with other stoves.

A. C. McLean.

DRS. C. J. & H. SPROUL SURGEON DENTISTS.

Teeth extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas or other Anæsthetics. Artificial Teeth set in Gold, Rubber & Celluloid. Special attention given to the preservation and regulating of the natural teeth. Also Crown and Bridge work. All work guaranteed in every respect. Office in Chatham, BENSON BLOCK. Telephone No. 53. In Newcastle, opposite Square, over J. G. ARTHUR' Barber shop. Telephone No. 8

ATTENTION! GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES, DRY GOODS & GROCERIES LOWER THAN EVER —AT— F. W. RUSSEL'S, BLACK BROOK.

JUST RECEIVED.

I have just received a large supply of PATENT MEDICINES, consisting part of the following:

Sarsaparillas, Emulsions, Cough Syrups, Liniments, Maltine Preparations, Hawker's Preparations, Quinine Wine, Quinine Iron, Quinine Iron and Wine, Shiloh's Consumption Cure, Groder's Syrups, Anti Dandruff, etc.,

TOGETHER WITH THESE I HAVE ON HAND A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

TOILET SOAPS, HAIR BRUSHES, WHISKS, TOOTH BRUSHES, NAIL BRUSHES, SHAVING BRUSHES. TOOTH POWDER, TOILET POWDER, AND COMPLEXION POWDER.

A Fine Lot of Pipes and Cigars always on hand. Newcastle Drug Store,

E. LEE STREET. Proprietor

Newcastle, Oct. 7, 1893.

CANADA EASTERN RAILWAY.

FALL 1893.

ON and after MONDAY, SEPT. 11 until further notice, trains will run on the above Railway, daily (Sundays' excepted) as follows:

Between Fredericton and Chatham.

For Chatham. (read down)		For Ftn. (read up)
7 45 a.m. lv	Fredericton	ar. 250 p. m.
7 50	Gibson	2 45
8 05	Marysville	2 30
9 35	Cross Creek	1 10 p. m.
10 45	Boiestown	11 50
11 45 ar	Doaktown	lv 10 50 / ar 10 30
12 00 lv		9 15
1 15 p m	Blackville	8 10
2 10 ar	Chatham Jct.	
2 30 lv		lv. 7 30
3 00 p.m. ar	Chatham	

FOR RUSTICO INDIANTOWN BRANCH. FOR BLACKVILLE

lv 8 10 a.m.	Blackville	ar 5 00 p m
ar 9 00 "	Indiantown	lv 4 10 "

Connecting with the I. C. R.

GOING NORTH.

	Express.	Mixed
Leave Chatham,	9 15 p. m.	1 55 p.m.
Arrive Chatham Junc.,	9.45 "	2.25 "
Leave " "	10.00 "	2.40 "
Arrive Chatham,	10.30	3.10 "

GOING SOUTH

	Express.	Mixed
Leave Chatham,	3.40 a m	10.30 a. m
Arrive Chatham Junc n,	4.10 "	11.00 "
Leave " "	4 25 "	11.25 "
Arrive Chatham	4 55 "	11.55 "

The above Table is made up on Eastern standard time.

The trains between Chatham and Fredericton will also stop when signalled at the following flag Stations—Nelson, Derby, Siding, Upper Nelson Boom, Chaleurs, Grey Rapids, Upper Blackville, Blissfield Carroll's, McNamee's, Ludlow, Astle Crossing, Clearwater, Portage Road, Forbes' Siding, Upper Cross Creek, Covered Bridge, Zionville, Durham, Nashwaak, Manzer's Siding, Penniac.

Express Trains on I. C. R. run through to destinations on Sunday. Express trains run Sunday mornings but not Monday mornings

CONNECTIONS are made at Chatham Junction with the I. C. RAILWAY for all points East and West, and at Fredericton with the C. P. RAILWAY for Montreal and all points in the upper provinces and with the C. P. RAILWAY for St John and all points West, and at Gibson for Woodstock, Houlton, Grand Falls, Edmundston and Presque Isle, and at Cross Creek with Stage for Stanley.

THOS. HOBEN, Supt. ALEX. GIBSON, Gen'l Manager.

Times are Changing.

Without his advertising the people now know that W. T. Harris' store, Chatham N. B., for

BOOTS AND SHOES IS THE SPOT, AND RUBBER GOODS AS WELL;

His goods are right and prices low And this you see when once you go.

Go there for Boots and Shoes.
Go there for Ladies' and Gents' Overshoes.
Go there for Ladies' and Gents' Moccasins.
Go there for Boys' and Girls' Moccasins.
Go there for Childrens' and Infants' Moccasins.
Go there for Ladies' Overgaiters and House Moccasins,
Go there for Ladies' and Gents' Slippers.
Go there for Ready Made Clothing.

In each he beats them all, And this you find when once you call.

In Staple and Fancy Groceries he leads as well;
In Candied Peels—Orange, Lemon and Citron;
In Pure Essences—Vanilla, Peppermint and Lemon;
In Fruits, Spices and Confectionery;
In Hams, Bacon and Poultry;
In Tea, Coffee and Canned Goods;
In Molasses, Vinegar and Oils;
In Pork, Beef, Herring and Codfish;
In Flour, Meal, Hay and Oats.

ALL AT HOLIDAY PRICES. BOUND TO SELL.

[ESTABLISHED 1852.]

THE GILLESPIE CHATHAM FOUNDRY, CHATHAM, - - N.B.

The subscriber having leased the above FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP, is prepared to meet the requirements of Railway, Mill and Steamboat owners and other users of Machinery, for all work and materials in his line.

IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS will be made a specialty. Stoves, Plow-castings, etc., always in stock

ORDERS IN PERSON, OR BY MAIL PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Estimates for work furnished on application.

JAS. G. MILLER.

FALL STOCK!

COMPLETE IN ALL DEPARTMNETS.

—FULL LINES OF—

Dry Goods, Groceries, Provisions, Boots and Shoes, Hosiery, Dress Goods, Haberdashery, Carpets, Cutlery, Hats, Caps, etc., etc.

HARDWARE.

Wholesale & Retail.

J. B. SNOWBALL, CHATHAM.

Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM, N. B., - - MARCH 15, 1894.

STOMACH WORMS IN LAMBS.

Symptoms of Their Presence and a Simple Remedy for the Trouble.

During last autumn there was great complaint of mortality among lambs, says George W. Franklin in February number of the American Agriculturist, and this was not exceptional, for it is so nearly every year. The lambs are taken from their dams suddenly, and placed apart in some inclosed lot, and in a few days of bleating for their dams they begin to retrograde; parasites increase in numbers as the lamb deteriorates and fails to obtain the nutrition necessary to keep up thrifty growth. If malnutrition sets in, the lambs soon loose their appetite, diarrhea ensues, they become emaciated, their breathing is difficult, and a swelling is noticed about the throat and lower jaw. If not relieved, death results. When lambs have become so affected, some owners apply lotions, liniments and salves to the swellings, and lance them with a sharp knife. Such treatment is erroneous, since the trouble lies deeper. The swelling is an indication of malnutrition, which is induced by the presence of countless thousands of thread like worms in the stomachs. We are led to ask why the swelling on the jaws when the trouble is in the stomach? Dropsical effusions are general symptons attending many forms of disease where imperfect nutrition is present. It is the presence of great numbers of the twisted stomach worm (Strongylus contortus) in the stomach of the lambs, which interferes with the digestive functions. As the lamb is robbed of its proper nutrition, dropsical swellings result as outward indications of the trouble.

Long before the swelling occurs in the throat of the lambs, they will show signs of languor, which indicate that they are not well. This is the time when treatment should begin, before the swelling appears under the jaws and diarrhea and loss of appetite have emaciated the lamb. The affected lambs should be separated from the remainder of the flock, and given twice daily a dose of one-half ounce turpentine in one to two ounces of raw linseed oil. This will not only remove the stomach worms, but also any intestinal or lung worms which may be lurking in the system. This species of the strongylus is not found in great numbers in adult sheep, but in lambs its numbers are in direct ratio with the unthrifty condition of the lamb.

The practical eye of the shepherd can see when the first symptom of irregularity comes in the lamb, and he is at once prompted to use proper treatment for preventing any further disturbance in the functions of its system. In the incipiency of any disorder is the time to begin treatment, for a very sick sheep or lamb is difficult to treat with medicine, and one may as well kill it at once.

The lung worm (Strongylus filaria) is sometimes troublesome, but this species is indeed by no means somewhat different symptoms. The lamb coughs a great deal, and a mucus runs from the mouth and dries upon the under lips, though the lamb will always have a good appetite. The disease caused by this parasite is known as the "paper skin," owing to the bloodless condition of the skin. The treatment recommended above will prove beneficial in this disease, and will reach the worms through the blood.

Details in Care of Stock.

Have a fixed hour for feeding and watering stock and rigidly observe it. The animal system is a machine which works best when operated by the same rules. Additional food is necessary to restore normal condition when an unusual length of time has elapsed between meals. The feeder who is on time as faithfully as the hours arrive, saves fully one tenth of the food required where the intervals between feedings are varied. Stock grow discontented in a few minutes after their meal time arrives if not fed, and this restlessness causes a loss of flesh. The first cravings of hunger are greater also than an hour later, as Nature soon endeavors to supply the demands of the system from the stored reserve of fat. So a double loss is the result. The reserve is drawn upon, and this draft must be replaced. Water at the proper time allays more suffering than food at its regular period. All experience testifies that a desire for a drink when thirsty is more intense than the cravings of hunger. Exercise for animals is as important as regular feeding and watering. Lack of it tends toward dyspepsia which wastes both flesh and energy. In some way the breeding stock should always be given exercise. The farmer who practices punctuality in the care of his stock, breeding operations included, will find himself a better man in all the affairs of life, and is much more certain of reaping the full reward for his labors—Orange Judd Farmer.

A Curious But Excellent Test.

In bulletin 57 of the New York station the question has been tested whether hens will lay well when kept away from the males, and in an expert experiment where eight pullets were kept separate from a male it was found that they produced eggs at about 80 per cent. less cost than in another pen where roosters were kept. In a second pen where the test was conducted over several months almost a similar proportion of reduction in the cost was noticeable. It was found also that in some pens where cockerels were not kept the birds began to lay from one to three months earlier than where the roosters were kept with the pullets. The feeding was only such as is natural in most poultry yards, as no attempts were made to force the hens to lay. Every one was given enough to eat, and allowed to lay when she felt like it, and the whole surroundings were about the same as those in the ordinary pen. The conclusion of the bulletin is that it is a loss to keep the cockerels in the pen with laying hens unless they are kept for the purpose of breeding. For simple egg production the roosters are unnecessary adjuncts to the pen, for they often worry the hens to such an extent as to stop their laying.

Don't Keep Stock Waiting.

The first cravings of hunger are greater than an hour later, as nature soon endeavors to supply the demands or the system from the stored reserve of fat.

The feeder who is on time as faithfully as the hours arrive saves fully one-tenth of the food required where the intervals between feedings are varied.

STOCK HINTS.

The Principles Which Underlie All Success in Stock Raising.

It is the food that produces growth, and hence the expression "breed is in the trough." This is true only to a certain extent. There is something in the digestion of the food after it has been consumed, and as the digestive capacity of animals differs, the food may be fed at a loss, because the stock is incapable of converting it into the greatest possible product. It may also be truthfully added that the best animals of any breed will fail to give satisfaction if there is an inefficiency of food, and the farmer will also suffer a loss if he has choice stock and fails to provide his animals with the materials so necessary for their comfort and the production of meat, butter or milk in proportion to that which is expected of the breed selected. When the stock has been grazed up, or pure bred animals have replaced those that were unprofitable, there must also be a change in the conditions of management. Nothing must be relied upon to secure success but feed and care. The Shorthorn cow that has been accustomed to rich pastures cannot climb steep hillsides, or seek its food on scanty herbage, nor can it be made to produce a profit by being compelled to pick over straw and consume the extra corn fodder. In order to fatten and increase in weight it must be well provided with food. The deep-milking Holstein, while it is capable of giving good results under certain conditions, cannot give as full quota of milk when she is compelled to produce it from the wornout pasture, as her indigestion is too rapid for such methods of feeding. The Merino sheep, which can range in large flocks, and secure food where some animals could not exist, produces but a small carcass, with a heavy fleece, but the Oxford or Shropshire would starve under the same conditions. That it will pay to feed heavily to animals that are capable of giving good returns from the food has been demonstrated by numerous experiments, and economy in feeding the pure breeds consist in giving them all the food that can be digested and utilized in production. It is not suggested that any animal be fed more than it should have, for that would be a waste, but it pays to feed liberally when the result is a gain by so doing. In fact, the object in using a pure-bred animal is to have it eat as much as possible, those with the best appetites being the more valuable, but the production should be correspondingly as large. The pure breeds are not only better feeders than the natives, but they have been specially bred for capacity to digest and assimilate all they can eat, the record of the best animal showing that the cost of food is much less to produce a pound of meat, butter or milk from a pure-bred animal than from any other, thus securing a larger profit to the farmer.

A Cow of Especial Value.

A cow that will fatten rapidly after she has passed her usefulness as a milker is of especial value as a dairy animal. This is not the main point, but it is one of the points to be looked to when buying dairy stock. Now if it is a fact that the capacity to eat and digest which a good dairy cow must have is not always turned to the production of flesh and fat when she stops giving milk, how is a man to know, before he tries it, whether any particular cow will fatten or not? We think it may be set down as a rule with but few exceptions that cows that give a good quantity of rich milk will fatten readily on the same food when allowed to go dry. But "when they have passed their period of usefulness" means that they are too far gone to properly chew and digest their food and convert it into milk, and of course could not be expected to make beef readily. In their natural state cows are more inclined to make beef, for that is the method by which the system perfects itself and provides for future emergencies, while giving milk is only a temporary arrangement to feed the young calf, and the development of dairy breeds has been accomplished by overcoming and changing this natural propensity, and we see all grades of this development in dairy cows of the present time. Some cows will fatten while giving milk if well fed, and others cannot be fed so well but they will put all they digest into milk. The tendency of the breed is all the indication a heifer can show, and no man should expect a good dairy cow to make flesh after she is too far gone to make milk. Some whose tendencies are more the other way might do so.

What It is Equal To.

Professor Dana says: "The quantity of liquid manure produced by one cow annually is equal to fertilizing one and a quarter acres of ground, producing effects as durable as do the solid evacuations. A cord of loam saturated with urine is equal to a cord of the best rotted manure. If the liquid and solid evacuations, including the litter, are kept separate, and the liquid is soaked up by the loam, it has been found they will manure land in proportion, by bulk, of seven liquid to six solid, while their actual value is as 'two to one." The Journal of Chemistry contains strong testimong in regard to the value of liquid excrement: "A cow under ordinary feeding furnishes in a year twenty thousand pounds of solid excrement and about eight thousand pounds of liquid. The comparative money value of the two is but slightly in favor of the solid."

Pumpkin Seeds a Remedy.

The Stockman says: "A simple but effective remedy for worms in horses is pumpkin seeds, thoroughly dried and ground in a coffee mill or pounded in a mortar until fine. Give a teaspoonful of the powder in feed morning and night for a week, then give one pint of new milk mixed with a half pint of West India molasses. Any molasses made from sugar cane will answer as well, but the glucose which is sold for molasses will not prove so effective. Pumpkin seeds will act on the kidneys, and horses which are kept at work should be used with great care when taking any medicines which act as a diuretic."

Diarrhœa in Calves.

The calves which were fed in a field of wet alfalfa have diarrhœa. Put them in their stalls, give each of them a quart of milk, in which a handful of wheat flour has been boiled for half an hour in a kettle of boiling water. This may be repeated every six hours. If there should be any diarrhœa after a day or two, give Epsom salts two ounces, baking soda two drams, powdered ginger two drams, warm milk half a pint. If the diarrhœa remains, give a teaspoonsful of laudanum and a tablespoonful of tincture of cardamons in a teacupful of wheat flour gruel after each passage.

General News and Notes.

The British Parliament is again in session.

RHEUMATISM CURED IN A DAY:—South American Cure for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents. Warranted by J. Pallen & Son.

Parliament opens to-day at Ottawa.

The Local Legislature opens to-day at Fredericton.

ENGLISH SPAVIN LINIMENT removes all hard, soft or calloused Lumps and Blemishes from horses, Blood Spavin, Curbs, Splints, Ring Bone, Sweeney, Stifles, Sprains, Sore and Swollen Throat, Coughs, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful Blemish Cure ever known. Warranted by J. Pallen & Son.

Dodge, the young man who is in Dorchester penitentiary for embezzling I. C. R. money will, it is said, soon be liberated.

Judge Palmer of the Supreme Court of New Brunswick, has resigned.

A Wonderful flesh Producer

This is the title given to *Scotts Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil* by many thousands who have taken it. It not only gives flesh and strength by virtue of its own nutritious properties, but creates an appetite for food. *Use it and try your weight.* Scott's Emulsion is perfectly palatable. Sold by all Druggists, at 50c. and $1.00.

Pansies and daffodils are just peeping out of the ground at Vancouver.

Prince Bismarck's health is so good that his physician will go to Italy for holidays.

Legal Notices.

NOTICE OF SALE.

To the Executors and Heirs of John Sadler, late of Chatham, in the County of Northumberland, and all others whom it may concern.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the seventh day of January in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty five, and made between the said John Sadler of Chatham in the County of Northumberland and Province of New Brunswick, Accountant of the one part, and James Hickey of the same place, merchant, of the other part, which Mortgage was duly recorded in the records of the County of Restigouche on the tenth day of January A. D. 1885 in volume 11 of the county records pages 301, 302, 303 and 304 and is numbered 2020 in said volume:

There will be in pursuance of the said power of sale and for the purpose of satisfying the moneys secured by the said Indenture of Mortgage, default having been made in the payment thereof of principal and interest, be sold at Public Auction on Thursday the seventeenth day of May next in front of the Post Office in the Town of Dalhousie in the County of Restigouche and Province of New Brunswick, at twelve o'clock noon the lands and premises in the said Indenture of Mortgage mentioned and described as follows namely:—

"All those pieces or parcels of land situate lying and being in the town of Dalhousie in the County of Restigouche in the Province of New Brunswick abutted and bounded as follows namely:—Four Town Lots in Dalhousie aforesaid comprised within the following bounds, commencing on the eastern angle of Town Lot number Seventy seven in the Town plat of Dalhousie aforesaid and on the South side of William Street, thence running South Twenty five degrees west Four hundred feet or to Adelaide Street, thence south sixty five degrees East Two hundred feet to Dalhousie Street, thence north Twenty five degrees east Four hundred feet to William Street and thence north Sixty five degrees west Two hundred feet to the place of beginning, containing one acre three rods and twelve perches more or less, subject to certain leases to wit:—Fifty feet square on the South east corner under lease and occupied by Peter Donald Ross. Also Fifty feet square on the South west corner under lease for the use of a Grammar School, and Fifty feet square on Dalhousie Street under lease to one Edward Gordon, which are hereby excepted, and the rights reserved thereunder. Also Town Lots number Seventy eight and eighty in the said Town of Dalhousie, described as follows:—Southerly by Adelaide Street, with a front thereon of Two hundred feet; Southwesterly by Town Lot number seventy six granted to Hugh and John Montgomery extending two hundred feet thereon, and running at right angles with Adelaide Street aforesaid; Northwesterly by Lots number Seventy seven and Seventy nine two hundred feet and Northwesterly by Lot number Eighty two granted to one Archibald Lannery, containing Three roods and twenty six perches more or less and being part of the same lands and premises situate in the County of Restigouche aforesaid that were conveyed by Sir James Carpenter of Glasgow and others to Honorable William Muirhead Chathm by Deed bearing date the eighth day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy five as by reference thereto will more fully appear and which said land and premises were conveyed by the said Honourable William Muirhead to the said John Sadler by Deed bearing date the Tenth day of November in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty four, as by reference thereto will more fully appear."

Together with all and singular the buildings and improvements thereon and the rights members privileges hereditaments and appurtenances to the same belonging or in any wise appertaining.

Dated this Ninth day of February A. D. 1894.

JAMES HICKEY, Mortgagee.

TWEEDIE & BENNETT, Solicitors to Mortgagee.

NOTICE OF SALE.

To be sold at public auction on Thursday the 10th day of May next, in front of the Post Office in Chatham, Between the hours of 12 noon and five o'clock p m.

All the right, title, interest and shares of Robert Brimner and Alexander Brimner in and to those several pieces or parcels of land and premises situate lying and being on the south side of Napan River in the Parish of Glenelg and County of Northumberland and Province of New Brunswick, particularly described as follows: viz:

All that piece or parcel of land situate lying and being in the south side of Napan River in the Parish and County aforesaid known and distinguished as the Skidd property, commencing on the shore of Napan River at a point twenty four rods below or Easterly from Andrew Gillis' easterly line and running back to the High-way thence from the South side of the said Highway commencing at a point Thirty rods from the said Andrew Gillis' easterly line and running back to the rear of the said Lot—and being the upper part of the Homestead property of the late Robert Brimner, deceased, being all that tract of land and premises devised by the late Robert Brimner, deceased, to his son Philip Brimner, late deceased, by his last will and testament dated the 25th day of November A. D. 1881, and registered in the Northumberland County Records—Volume 61, pages 87 and 88.

Also all the Right, title, interest and shares of the said Robert Brimner and Alexander Brimner in and to all the Homestead property of the said Robert Brimner, deceased, situate on the south side of Napan River in the Parish and County aforesaid known and distinguished as Lot No 16, and bounded as follows—viz:—In front or Northerly by the said Napan River Westerly by Lot No 17 at present occupied by Andrew Gillis, Easterly by Lot No 15 at present occupied by George McKnight, and in rear by Wilderness lands, being the Homestead lands and property owned by the late Robert Brimner, deceased containing 300 acres more or less and originally granted to Philip Brimner deceased.

The same having been seized by me under and by virtue of an execution issued out of the Supreme Court by William Wyse against the said Robert Brimner and Alexander Brimner.

JOHN SHIRREFF Sheriff.

Dated Sheriff's Office Newcastle, this 26th day of January 1894.

NOTICE OF SALE.

To be sold at Public Auction, on Wednesday the 4th day of April, next, in front of the Registry Office, Newcastle, between the hours of twelve noon and 5 o'clock p. m.

All the right, title and interest of James Somers, in and to all those several pieces or parcels of land in the county of Northumberland and Province of New Brunswick, more particularly described as follows: viz:—

All that certain peice or parcel of land situate lying and being in the Parish of Southesk, being the residue of a block of land reserved by the government for the use, benefit and behoof of the late Francis Julian's tribe of Indians, situate on the south side of the Little south, West River, abutted and bounded as follows to wit:—Commencing at the upper side line of lot let by Bernaby Julian, Mitchell Julian and Bernard Julian to Timothy Crow and sons, thence to extend up stream till it strikes the lower line of land formerly in the occupation of Moses Travis, which is at a gully near the head of the Sixty Rapids, (so called), thence back on a line parallel with the said Timothy Crow's lot to the rear of the said Indian Reserve or allotment—together with the Island known and distinguished as the Old-Squaw—which said before mentioned land is called the Perrie Long property, and was decded to the said James Somers by Allan A. Davidson by deed dated the 1st May, A. D. 1873, and registered in volume 56 of the Northumberland County Records, pages 521 and 522.

Also, all that other tract of land situate in the Parish of Southesk in the county and province aforesaid, bounded as follows to wit:—

Beginning at a stake placed on the southern bank or shore of the Little Southwest Branch of the Miramichi River, distant one half a chain from the line east of lot number Eleven on a course at right angles Easterly thereto within the Indian Reserve, thence running by the magnet south two degrees west fifty nine chains to a birch tree standing on the northern side of the road from the upper settlement, thence south eighty nine degrees and fifteen minutes, east eighty chains and twenty five links to a beech tree, thence north twenty two degrees, east fifty nine chains to a cedar tree at aforesaid bank or shore, thence following the various courses thereof up stream to the place of beginning, containing forty seven acres more or less, and known as the Travis property and was decded to the said James Somers by Oliver Willard by deed bearing date the 14th day of October A. D. 1873, and registered in volume 56 of the Northumberland County Records, pages 522 and 523.

Also, all that tract of land situate in the Parish of Southesk in the County of Northumberland and province aforesaid: Beginning at a stake standing on the northerly bank or shore of the little Southwest Miramichi River in the southwest angle of lot number thirteen in the Indian Reserve granted to David and James Somers, thence running by the magnet of 1847 north two degrees, east ninety two chains and fifty links along the westerly line of said grant to the northwesterly angle thereon, thence north eighty eight degrees west fifteen chains, thence south two degrees west seventy nine chains and fifty links to a maple tree standing on the northerly bank or shore of the river, and thence following the various courses of the same down stream in a southeasterly direction to the place of beginning, containing one hundred and fifty four acres more or less including Gibbons Island lying in the aforesaid river in front of the above described lot, which said described lot is known and distinguished as lot number twelve in the Indian Reserve, and was granted to David Somers and the said James Somers by grant dated the 6th August 1855, and is the land and premises on which the said James Somers resides.

Also, all that one half part of all that lot or tract of land situate lying and being in Northesk in the County of Northumberland and province aforesaid, and bounded as follows, to wit:—Beginning at a birch tree standing on the eastern bank or shore of the Northwest branch of the Miramichi river in the southwest angle of lot number four above the Little Southwest river, thence running by the magnet east thirty chains and seventy five links to a fir tree, thence south forty five degrees east twenty nine chains and fifty links, thence south two chains, thence west fifty nine chains to a stake, and thence following the various courses of the aforesaid bank or shore up stream to the place of beginning, containing ninety two acres more or less, and distinguished as lot number five and known as the Ronan property.

The same having been seized by me under and by virtue of executions issued out of the Supreme Court at the suit of John Ferguson against the said James Somers and at the suit of William Somers against the said James Somers.

JOHN SHIRREFF, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Newcastle, this 15th day of December, A. D. 1893.

Legal Notices.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

To be sold at public auction on Friday the 15th day of June, next, in front of the Registry Office, Newcastle, between the hours of 12 noon and five o'clock p m.

All the right, title and interest of Timothy Savage, deceased, which he had before and at the time of his death in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the Parish of Newcastle, in the County of Northumberland and Province of New Brunswick, distinguished as the front part of the rear lot number sixty-six in the second concession, granted to the late Alexander Russell, deceased, and bounded in front by the lots fronting on the Miramichi River, comprising all that part of the said lot excluding from the front thereof, of the whole width of the lot back or in rear until it meets the road leading westerly near as the said lots from Russell's Grist and saw Mills on the Little Rattling River;—being all that part of the said lot lying between the said road and the front line of said lot, containing 33 acres more or less, and bounded easterly by lands formerly owned by Isaac McLeod and westerly by lands occupied by Lynch.

The same having been seized by me under and by virtue of an execution issued out of the Northumberland County Court by Samuel Thomson, against the said Timothy Savage.

JOHN SHIRREFF Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office Newcastle this 24 day of February A. D. 1894.

NOTICE OF SALE.

To Christopher C. McLean of the parish of Hardwick in the County of Northumberland and Province of New Brunswick, farmer and mariner; and Mary Jane McLean, his wife; and all others whom it may concern:

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the sixth day of February in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty nine, and made between the said Christopher C. McLean of Hardwick in the county of Northumberland and Province of New Brunswick, farmer and mariner, and Mary Jane McLean, his wife, of the one part, and Margaret Vondy of Chatham, in the county and province aforesaid, Spinster (now deceased) of the other part, which mortgage was duly recorded in the records of the County of Northumberland on the seventh day of February A. D., 1889 in volume 66 of the county records pages 367, 368, 369 and 370 and is numbered 339 in said volume;

There will be in pursuance of the said power of sale and for the purposes of satisfying the moneys secured by the said Indenture of Mortgage default having been made in the payment thereof of principal and interest be sold at Public Auction on Friday the thirteenth day of March next in front of the Post Office in the town of Chatham in the county and province aforesaid, at twelve o'clock noon the lands and premises in the said Indenture of Mortgage mentioned and described as follows:—

"All that lot of land situate on Eel river in the said Parish of Hardwick granted to one John S. Merchant, containing one hundred acres more or less and known and distinguished in the grant thereof as lot number eleven in Eel river settlement, and is bounded as follows to wit. Beginning at a stake standing on the eastern bank or shore of Eel river at the south west angle of lot number ten in Eel River Settlement, thence running by the magnet south eighty five degrees and thirty minutes, east fifty chains, thence south degrees west twenty chains, thence north eighty five degrees and thirty minutes west fifty one chains to a pine tree standing on the eastern bank or shore of Eel river aforesaid, and thence along the wood following the various courses thereof down stream in a northerly direction to the place of beginning and on which said John S. Merchant lately resided. Also, all the right, title, interest, property, possession, claim and demand whatsoever of said parties of the first of kind soever of the said Christopher C. McLean, of in to or out of all that certain piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in Eel River Settlement aforesaid and known and distinguished as lot number ten on the easterly side of Eel river aforesaid, formerly occupied by Roderick Chisholm and lately by the said John S. Merchant, which said lots pieces or parcels of land were sold and conveyed to the said Christopher C McLean by Andrew Brown, by deed bearing date the twenty third day of February A. D. 1884, as by reference thereto will more fully appear. Also all that certain other lot or tract of land situate lying and being in the Parish of Hardwick aforesaid, known as lot number eleven and formerly owned and occupied by the late Alexander McLean, and bounded as follows, on the north by lot number twelve, on the east by Bay de Vin Bay on the south by lands presently owned and occupied by Jarmien savoy, and on the west or in rear by crown lands; being the same lands and premises on which the said Christopher McLean presently resides.—

"Also, one undivided moiety of all that certain other piece or parcel of land and premises situate at the mouth of the Black River in the Parish of Glenelg in the county aforesaid, and bounded as follows: Westerly by lands owned and occupied by George Palmer, Robert McDonald and Daniel McDougall, northerly by the base or rear line of the Point aux Carr Lots, easterly by lands owned and occupied by Farquhar McGraw, southerly by the Black River, being the same lands and premises that were devised to the said Christopher C. McLean and Donald McLean, by Alexander McDonald, deceased, by his last Will and Testament bearing date the twenty first day of August A. D. 1864 and which said Will was duly recorded in the County Records on the twenty third day of January A. D. 1869, in volume 43 pages 169, 170 and 171 and is numbered 114 in said volume as by reference thereto will more fully appear.

Together with all and singular the buildings and improvements thereon, and the rights members privileges, hereditaments and appurtenances to the same belonging or in anywise appertaining. Also the reversions, remainder and remainders, rents, issues, profits thereof the said Christopher C McLean and Mary Jane McLean, or, in, to, out of, or upon the said lands and premises and every part thereof.

Dated this twenty-seventh day of December, A D 1893

ELIZABETH HAWBOLT, Executrix of the last will and testament of the late Margaret Vondy, deceased.

M S BENSON, Solicitor for Executrix of Mortgagee

SHERIFF'S SALE.

To be sold at public auction on Saturday, the 24th day of March next, in front of the Post Office, Chatham between the hours of twelve noon and five o'clock p. m.:

All the right, title and interest of Mary Jones in and to all that lot or piece of property situate in the Town of Chatham, in the County of Northumberland, commencing at the north-easterly corner of building lot number twenty on the southerly side of Centre street running southerly along the division lines between said lots 20 and 21 one hundred and eight feet to the northerly side of a piece of land lately in the possession of the Hon. Jos Cowan, thence following the said northerly side of the last mentioned piece of land easterly fifty feet to the westerly side line of building lot number thirty-one thence northerly along the westerly line of lots number thirty one and thirty-two one hundred and eight feet to the southerly side of Centre street, thence along said side of last mentioned street fifty feet to place of beginning.

Also all other lands, tenements, hereditaments and premises whatsoever and wherever, situate in the said County, of the said Mary Jones;

The same having been seized by me under and by virtue of an execution issued out of the Northumberland County Court at the suit of Roger Flanagan against the said Mary Jones.

Dated Sheriff's Office, Newcastle, this 19th day of December, A. D., 1893.

JOHN SHIRREFF, Sheriff.

NOTICE OF SALE.

To George Stothart, of the Town of Chatham in the County of Northumberland, and Province of New Brunswick, Matilda his wife and all others whom it may concern:

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage, bearing date the sixth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two and made between George Stothart, Merchant, of Chatham, in the County of Northumberland, Province of New Brunswick, and Matilda his wife, of the first part; and Minnie R. Loggie of the same place, of the second part; and recorded in Volume 59 of Northumberland County Records, pages 218, 219, 220, 221 and numbered 17 in said Volume, there will, for the purpose of satisfying the moneys secured by the said Indenture of Mortgage, default having been made in the payment thereof, be sold at public auction on the premises in Chatham aforesaid on Friday the twenty-seventh day of April next at twelve o'clock noon, the lands and premises mentioned and described in the said Indenture of Mortgage as follows:—"all that piece or parcel of land and premises situate lying and being in the Town of Chatham aforesaid, in the County aforesaid, being part of the land formerly owned by the Chatham Joint Stock Company, and conveyed to the said George Stothart, by Wm. A Hockson by Indenture dated the 29th day of May A. D. 1892, which said piece of land is abutted and bounded as follows;—Commencing on the easterly side of Queen street at the northwesterly corner of that part of the same lands presently owned and occupied by Samuel C. McCulley, thence northerly along the easterly side of Queen street to the southerly side of Duke Street thence easterly along the southerly side of Duke Street one hundred and thirty five