

THE LAST STONE IS LAID

The Emperor Places the Finishing Touches Upon the North Sea Canal.

Accident to Uncle Sam's Navy - Comments of the Parisian Press.

Holtenau, June 20.—The completion of the Baltic and North Sea canal was effected. It is difficult to fully describe the general enthusiasm which prevailed. One must imagine the vast fleet of over fifty war vessels, large and small, representing nearly all nations, anchored in the blue waters of Kiel bay...

One of the features of the day was the warm and friendly reception given to the French gunboat Surcouf as she steamed through the canal in the procession. The French flag was cheered to the echo, and the bands played La Marseillaise as the French ship went by...

Great excitement prevailed when the people first caught sight of the Imperial yacht Hohenzollern coming through the canal with the emperor on board. Its white hull stood high out of the water as the vessel gracefully entered the basin of the last lock of the new waterway...

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brilliantly illuminated. Despite a thunder storm and a heavy fall of rain, the streets of the town are densely crowded. A grand ball was given to-night at the Marine Academy which was attended by the officers and the distinguished guests representing all the nations which are in attendance upon the fetes, including France, Emperor William and Empress Augusta arrived shortly after 10 o'clock and held a reception, at which the foreign naval officers were presented to them.

St. Petersburg, June 20.—The leading newspapers comment upon the fetes at Kiel. The Journal de St. Petersburg, for instance, says the opening of the Baltic and North sea canal is an epoch-making event, not only for Germany, but from a commercial point of view for all the nations sharing its traffic.

Holtenau, June 20.—The Emperor has addressed an autograph to Dr. Boetticher, Russian minister of its monarch, in which he says: "After the opening day of the Baltic canal, I feel myself under the necessity of expressing to you my imperial thanks and sincere gratitude for the devotion and fidelity with which you have directed and promoted the development of this epoch-making work of German industry in all its stages..."

London, June 20.—The Times correspondent at Kiel, in the accounts which will be published to-morrow, describes in great length the position of the vessels in the harbor and says: "The truly heroic proportion of this long catalogue of ships will enable you to form some conception of the magnificent spectacle displayed. When I add that there were also present some three hundred yachts and steamers of all sizes and nationalities and that there was further confusion and crowding, some further conception can be formed, both as to the capacity of the harbor and of the superb organization which brought about so entirely satisfactory a result."

"After the arrival of the Hohenzollern and the Kaiser Adler at Holtenau it was supposed that everything was safe and the journalists attacked with gusto the good things provided. But when hours passed and the remainder of the vessels had not arrived the most sanguine among them lost heart. It seems that in rounding a sharp curve before reaching Levensau, the Kaiser Wilhelm II. fouled her screw in the bed of the canal, thus rendering the engines helpless. She engaged tugs and in an ignominious fashion appeared in the harbor about 5 o'clock. Here fortune came to her aid, for at this moment she got rid of the substance which clung to it and its free play allowed the vessel to take up its position without extraneous aid."

The account the Daily News will publish to-morrow will say: "Strangely enough, comparatively few rights seemers came to Holtenau, probably because in many quarters a disbelief in the practicability of the canal prevailed. The people evidently expected the progress of the procession through the canal would be slow. The punctual arrival of the Emperor proved the fallacy of these apprehensions. Immediately after his arrival at Holtenau, the Emperor visited the admiral aboard the iron-clad Emperor William in a rowing boat. He then went on to Kiel. "How many," says the correspondent, "amongst the thousands who looked from the shore, recognized in the simple naval officer, sitting at the helm of the little boat, the mighty ruler of the German nation."

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Holtenau, June 21.—Emperor William visited the Russian armored cruiser Rurik at three this morning and subsequently laid the last stone of the Baltic and North sea canal in the presence of many thousands of spectators. The weather was brilliant. The ceremony took place in the open air and not in the lighthouse adjoining the sluice as at first contemplated. The scene of the ceremony was embellished

by handsome designs in landscape gardening, and the lighthouse standing close to the spot showed three bronze reliefs of Emperors William I., Frederick III. and William II. Under the relief depicting Emperor William II. a black marble tablet, on which is engraved in gilt letters "His Majesty Emperor William I. laid the corner stone of the Baltic canal on June 3rd, 1887, and accompanied his blow with the hammer by the words "In honor of united Germany, to her perfect welfare and her might and glory." The lighthouse and block of masonry into which the Emperor placed the finishing stone were surrounded by enormous scaffoldings and afforded seats for 15,000. In laying the stone to-day the Emperor said "in the memory of Emperor William the great, the canal is Kaiser Wilhelm's canal." His Majesty then tapped the stone three times with the mallet, saying "In the name of the Father, God, in honor of Emperor Wilhelm, to the welfare of Germany and the welfare of nations."

Kiel, June 21.—The boiler of one of the steam launches of the United States cruiser Columbia exploded to-day. The cylinder head was blown off and carried overboard. The smoke stack and other portions of the launch were persons were injured by the explosion and were taken to the naval hospital.

Paris, June 21.—The newspapers generally regard the Emperor's speech at Hamburg as inspired by the desire to be agreeable rather than expressive of his real sentiments. The Estafette declares that it is necessary for the realization of the wishes expressed by the Emperor that France and Germany should be reconciled, that the question of Alsace-Lorraine be settled.

According to the Radical the simplest mode of assuring peace is for Germany to surrender what she owes to a war, apparently referring to Alsace-Lorraine. The Radical regrets that Germany does not admit even that there is a Lorraine question.

According to La Pixa if the Emperor William desires peace a "Republic alone can give universal peace to the brotherhood of nations." The Sicile submits that the peaceful language of the Emperor is inconsistent with the dispatch of a wreath to London upon the anniversary of the Battle of Waterloo.

A CRISIS AT THE CAPITAL.

Between the Devil and the Deep Sea—May Not Weather the Session.

An Early Prorogation is the Only Salvation for the Rump Parliament.

Ottawa, June 21.—J. S. Ewart, Q.C., counsel for the Catholic minority in the Manitoba school case, has taken to Winnipeg a proposal to Premier Greenway from the Dominion government suggesting an amendment to the resolution in reply to the remedial order by which the two governments might meet each other half way on the school question. The proposed amendment suggests the initial of remedial legislation in the Manitoba legislature. It says that if Ewart fails the federal authorities here will move in the direction of a partial measure of remedial legislation in parliament next week. The prevailing impression is that the Dominion government will not support the school question.

The banking committee threw out the bill to incorporate a school savings bank in Montreal. The government has announced its decision to retain the people's savings in its own hands or in the chartered banks.

The department of agriculture has been notified that the World's Fair awards will be ready next August. The canners of British Columbia will have an opportunity of showing their goods at the great exposition in September. The department of agriculture has full information regarding it.

The Newfoundland question was discussed in the senate. Sir Mackenzie Bowell said he hoped the Imperial government would devise a plan in order to bring Newfoundland into the confederation.

After a spirited debate the senate finance committee, with the exception of Hon. T. R. McInnes, have withdrawn their resignations.

The house of commons held a short sitting yesterday. Bills respecting irrigation and Northwest franchise were introduced by Daly. Bills amending the general inspection act and correcting an error in the redistribution act were also introduced. An hour was spent in replying.

The agitation against remedial legislation has grown so strong here during the past few days that if a bill was introduced now it certainly would be defeated. The Conservatives at first were in favor of the French ministers and French members in the senate chamber, who contemplated bolting if a remedial bill was not introduced. This created an agitation on the other side.

When thousands of people are taking Hood's Sarsaparilla to overcome the weakness and languor which are so common at this season, why are you not doing the same? When you know that Hood's Sarsaparilla has power to cure rheumatism, dyspepsia and all diseases caused by impure blood, why do you continue to suffer? Hood's cures others, why not you?

CANADIAN NEWS.

Rev. Mr. Tye Wants Protestant Parochial Schools.

Winnipeg, Man., June 21.—Michael D. Donohue, of the Dominion land office, died yesterday.

The sitting of the legislature yesterday was short and uninteresting. Prorogation expected next week.

London, June 21.—The Presbyterian general assembly closed last night. During the day the question of church union came up, and on the motions of Principals Caven and Grant a federal organization of Evangelical churches was sanctioned.

The assembly unanimously decided to ignore the pan-American congress of religion and education which is to meet in Toronto this summer. Dr. Robertson believed the Chinese for whom he advocated doing by synods much of the work now left to the assembly and suggested some changes of procedure and thanked the assembly for the help it had given them and then the assembly adjourned.

Kingston, Ont., June 21.—Rev. Mr. Tye, in introducing a resolution in the synod of Ontario diocese yesterday, in favor of the Protestant parochial schools, said public schools were hotbeds of immorality and that he had proved such to be the case to the minister of education.

Halifax, N.S., June 21.—Rev. John Strotard, of Annapolis, was elected president of N. S. Methodist conference. D. W. Johnson, of Dartmouth, is made secretary. The membership of the denomination has increased 404 during the year.

Montreal June 20.—The court of appeals this morning confirmed the judgment of Judge Jette in the case of Stuyvale v Tardivel, awarding \$200 damages for slander. Tardivel had styled Sauvalle a "Methodist."

Toronto, June 20.—It was definitely settled here to-day that the international cricket match will be played at Malindi grounds, Philadelphia, on July 1st and 2nd.

There will be a meeting to-morrow of Ontario cricketers to select players to represent Ontario in the annual match with Philadelphia in that city during the first week in July.

London, Ont., June 20.—The general assembly of the Presbyterian church, which has been in session here for the last eight days, adjourned this evening to meet in Toronto next June. The Chinese question was the only one of importance before the court at the final session and it was decided to memorialize the Dominion government to treat all nations fairly and alike. Ex-Moderator Mackay of Farnosa, who has labored amongst the Chinese for the last thirty years, was instrumental in having this put through the assembly.

Chatham, June 20.—Joseph Jewell, proprietor of the station hotel, ordered George McGregor, a barber, and "Chas. Myrton, to leave the shop early this morning. McGregor attacked him with a razor, cutting him across the abdomen in a horrible way. The razor and a loaded revolver were found on McGregor's person when arrested. He is an ex-convict lately pardoned. Jewell may die.

Toronto, June 20.—At a meeting of the executive committee of the city council to-day Mayor Kennedy recommended that the city treasurer be recalled from England, and that tenders be called for the issue of a million and a quarter of 3 1/2 bonds.

Winnipeg, June 20.—Dr. Higginson, the well known medical practitioner of this city, died this morning at the General Hospital. Deceased was only in his 38th year, and his family reside at 17 Original. His death was caused by diphtheria, which he contracted while spraying the throat of a child, the patient coughing and some of the membrane coming into contact with his face.

John Percherancier, who shot himself on the 17th, died to-day at one o'clock. It is not known whether it was a case of suicide or accidental death.

Farr, the engineer, accused of arson and attempted murder, who was arrested here to-day from Vancouver in charge of Sergeant Haywood. A preliminary examination was held and the prisoner was remanded until to-morrow.

Winnipeg, June 22.—At a special meeting of the school board last night it was decided to erect two more school buildings to accommodate the rapidly increasing school population. These are in addition to replacing the large building recently burned.

NEWFOUNDLAND. The Whiteway Government Retaliating on Judge Winter. St. John's, Nfld., June 20.—In the Assembly to-day George Johnston, chairman of the contingencies committee, tabled a resolution to expunge from the records of the house the reports and certificates of Justice Winter in April and August last year, unseating and disqualifying certain members of the Whiteway party on the ground that they had obtained their seats through bribery and corruption. The Whitewayites are trying to force Winter to resign his judgeship and have made war on him since the verdicts were given. The telegrams, the Whiteway organ, was fined last year for imputing partizanship to him.

HOOD'S PILLS are prompt and efficient.

THE GOVERNMENT DEFEATED

On a Motion to Reduce the Salary of the Secretary of State for War.

Rumored That Gladstone Will Lead the Liberals at the General Election.

London, June 21.—The Times this morning discusses the American currency question editorially and anticipates the Democrats will split up on this question. "The difference between the two parties," says the Times, "is that the Democrats are at open feud, while the Republicans are fighting shoulder to shoulder for the party with an agreement to settle the silver dispute after victory, in what may be called a domestic manner."

The Chronicle's Vienna correspondent telegraphs that Dr. von Plener, ex-minister of finance in the Austrian cabinet and leader of the German Liberals, has resigned his leadership and retired from political life. "If I am informed," says the Chronicle correspondent, "that the Emperor ungraciously dismissed him, and Count Eohenwart, leader of the Conservatives, who is responsible for the misarrangement of the franchise reform, likewise received marks of imperial displeasure."

The secretary of state for war, Mr. Campbell Bannerman, announced in the commons that the Duke of Cambridge, commander-in-chief of the British forces, will resign his command of the army on October 1st. The post, he added, will not be abolished but it will be modified. Mr. Bannerman added that future commanders-in-chief will be subject to the ordinary rules affecting other staff appointments, and the office would be tenable for the usual term of ten years, capable of extension. Continuing, he said that the commander-in-chief will be the principal military adviser of the secretary of state for war, and, with the adjutant-general, quartermaster-general and director of artillery and inspector of forts, each being personally responsible to the secretary of state for war, would form a deliberative council to advise the secretary. Mr. Bannerman eulogized the services of the Duke of Cambridge and said he had seen it written that he Duke was an impediment in the way of army reforms. Continuing, the secretary of state for war said that twenty-five years ago the Duke had not favored fundamental changes in the army, but when they were introduced he frankly accepted the benefits deriving from them.

Mr. A. J. Balfour, the Conservative leader, joined in Mr. Campbell Bannerman's praise of the Duke of Cambridge, but he intimated that he did not entirely approve of the projected changes.

Of course the announcement of the approaching retirement of the Duke of Cambridge has greatly pleased the Liberals, who have long demanded his resignation. The Duke has been roundly abused in the Radical press as a fossil and a hindering reformer and who was incapable of bringing the army up to the requisite modern standard. The Star heads the announcement with: "At last," and commenting on the announcement says: "Even public opinion found expression lately in the Times and in Punch."

The government was defeated to-day on the motion of the Hon. Wm. St. John E. Broderick, Conservative member for the Guildford division of Surrey, to reduce the salary of the secretary of war by £1,000 on account of an alleged deficiency in the army stores and munitions of war, chiefly cordite. The motion was adopted by a vote of 132 to 125. Progress was immediately reported.

To-morrow's Irish Catholic will discuss the rumor to the effect that Mr. Gladstone will return to the House of Commons is correct, and it will add that he will lead the Liberals at the next general election. His object is stated to be the carrying of the home rule measure and thus finally settling the national quarrel.

A report has reached Vienna, Bulgaria, from Constantinople to the effect that a plot directed against the Sultan of Turkey has been discovered at the Military college and thirty students were arrested yesterday. The students declare themselves opposed to the present regime, which they maintain is transforming the peaceful population into a horde of savages.

The directors of the proposed Atlantic and Lake Superior Railway announce that in view of the misapprehension in regard to the guarantee upon the part of the government with reference to the issuance of bonds, the company has directed that all subscriptions be returned and has decided not to proceed with allotments. The line of the road projected by the Atlantic and Lake Superior Railway company was from Gaspe, Que., to Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., a distance of 1,172 miles. Of this road on June 1, 1904, a total of 556 miles had been completed. The headquarters of the company are in Montreal.

None But Ayer's at the World's Fair. Ayer's Sarsaparilla enjoys the extraordinary distinction of having been the only blood purifier allowed an exhibit at the World's Fair, Chicago. Manufacturers of other sarsaparillas sought by every means to obtain a showing of their goods, but they were all turned away under the application of the rule forbidding the entry of patent medicines and nostrums. The decision of the World's Fair authorities in favor of Ayer's Sarsaparilla was in effect as follows: "Ayer's Sarsaparilla is not a patent medicine. It does not belong to the list of nostrums. It is here on its merits."

The best value for your money at Shore's hardware.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

merits everybody in a box of are certainty of a light, also of odor, also from accidental these features the EDDY MATCH that of low price.

outcome of the vote, Mr. Bannerman being very popular in the house. Lord Rosebery to town to-night and the cabinet began in Sir William Harcourt in the house of commons until nearly midnight, the Liberal cabinet discussed the possibility of reversing to-day's vote in the house of commons. Although it is whether Mr. Campbell-Bannerman is to remain in office, the general belief expressed this evening was that the government would be defeated in short order. The division was so unexpected when the paper was handed out, that Mr. Akers Douglas and the figures, he returned it to Mr. Edward T. Douglas read them amid vociferous opposition cheer-

AMERICAN NEWS.

Escapes From Jail in a Garbage Can.

Falls, N. Y., June 22.—At the trial yesterday afternoon upon the evidence that Kern Good fell in the water from the International at Buffalo. In the judgment the jury found a verdict of guilty. A talk with the jury established that Kern Good carried \$25,000 at the time of his death, a policy of \$7,000 had been taken out on the \$5,000 time of his death.

June 22.—A most recent escape from Meadville jail has been reported. Golden Phillips got into the jail in the evening and himself to be covered with poison and other garbage. He was taken out by two companions and is still at large.

Mich., June 22.—City Assessor E. Farnsworth was to-day to 30 days in jail for refusing in the council budget invest-



Pain in the Head

dangerous disease because it is result in loss of hearing or develop into consumption. He has been a sufferer from the past four years and is now so that for nearly a year he has been unable to see a time. She suffered severely in the head and at times was almost blind. About Christmas, she contracted Hood's Sarsaparilla, and time has steadily improved. She has taken six bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and is now able to see and speak to her husband and I cheerfully recommend it to all who suffer from PAIN IN THE HEAD.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

is the Only

Blood Purifier

is the Only

is the Only

is the Only