

## London Advertiser.

ESTABLISHED BY JOHN CAMERON IN 1863.

Managing Director and Editor, John Cameron

London, Saturday, Oct. 8, 1898.

## Britain and America in China.

In connection with the statement that two of Dewey's cruisers have been sent to Chinese waters, the article in the October North American Review, by the Hon. Mark B. Dunnell, on "Our Policy in China," gains additional interest. This essay shows that British policy in the far east is on the side of American interests, and deserves the loyal support of the republic. The writer is not by any means a Russophobic. He acknowledges the great success that Russia has had in her Chinese policy, and the great work she may do for civilization in that quarter, but he is equally emphatic in maintaining that England and America ought to stand side by side for "the open door." "The only serious obstacles to this course of action lie in the historical enmity between this country and England, and our traditional policy of avoiding alliances. Happily, recent events have done much to remove both these obstacles." The writer goes on to show how the late war brought Britain and America into sympathy with each other, and how the policy of isolation is giving way under the stress of new conditions. As to the duty of his own country he gives no uncertain sound. "Although our Government has stood aloof in the recent negotiations, it has not been because we were not concerned, but rather in accordance with our customary practice of culpably ignoring our interests abroad. As respects number of residents and volume of trade, the United States has much larger interests in China than any European power, save England, and yet, when these large interests were threatened, our government ignominiously left their defense to England. If the administration has any policy in China, it would appear to be the inglorious one of leaving England to fight unaided the battle for open markets, and then come in and enjoy the fruits of her valor under the 'most favored nation clause.'"

In the following passage he meets an objection which is commonly urged against vigorous action on the part of America: "It has been urged that we are stopped from fighting for open markets in China, because of our protective tariff at home. Nothing could be more absurd. It is not a question of fighting for new rights, but for the preservation of rights we already possess. At present, we have a treaty right of admission to all the markets of China through the 'open ports,' upon the payment of a nominal duty. Certain powers of Europe threaten this right by securing territorial concessions from China, without insuring us against discriminating duties within the territories granted. It is not a question of China giving away her own. These concessions are forced from her. It is simply a question whether we shall weakly allow ourselves to be pushed out of valuable markets, to which we have a possessory right." Hence the conclusion is, "Along these lines the two great branches of the English race seem destined to act in concert, with incalculable benefit to themselves, and the world at large."

These views, Mr. Dunnell supports with an array of stubborn facts, which will no doubt influence thoughtful politicians in the United States, and tend to make the Anglo-American alliance an influential reality.

## Increase in Insanity in England.

It was stated in these columns a short time since that lunacy was on the increase in the Dominion. This country seems not to be alone in this regard. The annual report of the lunacy commissioners of England and Wales proves that there has been a steady increase in the number of cases of mental break-down from the time of the establishment of official statistics until the present time. In 1859, for example, the total number of lunatics in England and Wales was 36,762, which has grown till it has now reached 102,000. In 1859, the number of lunatics per million to the population was 1,867; now it has increased to 2,248. The number of sane persons to each lunatic was, in 1859, 533; but it has now fallen to 303. Another significant fact is that the average rate of recovery has declined in the last ten years, as compared with the previous fifteen. This is not due to any retrograde movement among the lunacy experts who have charge of the asylums, but, according to the lunacy commissioners, is considered to be due to the fact that in recent years many more cases of mental failure from more old age have been removed to the asylum. A table in the report, possessing peculiar interest, shows the proportion of lunatics compared with the population under several groups according to their profession or occupation. With clergymen, the ratio of lunatics in 10,000 of the population is 11.1; physicians, surgeons, and general practitioners, 16.4; barristers, solicitors and attorneys, 15.4; chemists and druggists, 14.6; soldiers, 10.5, and so on. In all these instances the population for the census is taken separately, which serves to increase the female ratio. The proportionate cases of lunacy in the poorer class in which old age is assigned as the cause, continue to advance. This is no doubt due to the worry of attempting to "make ends meet," where the income of the poor

person is precarious and small. Among the physical causes of insanity, intemperance in drinking takes a prominent place, as do hereditary influences.

## Immigrants for Canada.

A movement is on foot to remove to Canada several thousand members of a Russian sect known as the Doukhorists, who are distinguished by an unflinching adherence to a moral principle—they will not enter military service. In Russia this is a crime which has drawn on them the most terrible persecution. They were banished to the Caucasus, but through the entreaties of the Dowager Empress of Russia, the Czar has permitted them to emigrate. Count Tolstol and other eminent philanthropists are interested in the sect, and agents are now at Ottawa trying to enlist the sympathies of the Dominion Government. Over 1,000 of these unfortunate people have located in Cyprus; the remainder, over 6,000, have still to be provided for, and it is desired to place them on farms in the Canadian Northwest.

The Doukhorists are a clean, thrifty, religious people. Their refusal to wear the brutal yoke of Russian militarism, is no sign of pusillanimity. A people who will suffer persecution for righteousness' sake—or what they believe to be right—may be peculiar in these days, but no one can deny their physical and moral courage. No doubt there will be some objection by the partisan press to the location of this sect in the Northwest, just as there was in the case of the Galicians. The Doukhorists are a better type of people than the Galicians; yet the latter have made good settlers, and are improving their lot from year to year. We do not want our Northwest to be swamped with European riff-raff merely to fill up our vacant lands; but we can accommodate the people of this sort, so long as it is judiciously distributed as the Galicians are. Our homogeneity will not be weakened by a moderate Slavonic graft. The Anglo-Saxon element is strong enough to assimilate all others.

## Toronto Religion.

Things seem to be getting rather hot in St. Andrew's Church (formerly Rev. D. J. Macdonnell's), Toronto. Its minister has been speaking his mind, and is likely to accept a call from Chicago. Says the Hamilton Times:

"In discussing the strictures of Rev. W. J. McCaughan, of St. Andrew's Church, Toronto, on his congregation for being behind in their finances so that he cannot have the \$1,000 check for his quarterly salary paid, a contemporary berates the people for their niggardliness, and remarks: 'And, after all, possibly the enjoyment that has arrived-up souls get from the services is not worth more than they contribute.' May it not be that church affairs, like style and society functions, are run at too high a pressure? Why should a \$1,000 congregation try to have a \$1,000 preacher? Probably 99 out of every 100 to whom he preaches have to struggle along on less than \$1,000 a year. Hasn't false pride something to do with it?"

Another point is this: What are the people fed on, in some of the churches where the financial call is too clamorous—bread? or sensational froth? The case of Mr. McCaughan's Toronto church starts up some reflections about the financial value of what are called "rounders" i.e., those who run about from church to church. Mr. McCaughan's church is crowded nightly to the doors, and yet it has been going behind financially. It was much the same in the case, a few years ago, of Dr. Wild's church in Toronto.

## The ward system must go.

The Spanish-American peace commission may end in a row.

There will be some objection to the abolition of the ward system. It will come from would-be aldermen who would be wiped out if the wards were.

Ottawa has a full-fledged Tammany Society. On Wednesday night it was addressed by two of Croker's lieutenants, fresh from New York. It is not recorded that they condemned the ward system.

Mayor Wilson told the Conservative Club that his official position had compelled him to stay out of politics this year. The report of his speech in the Free Press does not state whether the audience laughed or not.

It is hinted that the Russian Cosacks now in Pekin will remain there as a permanent escort. In consequence the British troops there will probably postpone their departure, somewhat as they are doing in Egypt.

When the Canadian and American commissioners reach an agreement, it will be known as the treaty of Quebec and will be signed in that city. Considering the good time Quebec has given the commissioners, this is the least the old capital deserves.

The London Times' correspondent attributes the weakness of the Government machinery in the Yukon to the difficulty of communication with the outside world. That is a misfortune that would have been remedied before this had the Dominion Government not been blocked by a partisan Senate.

The Ontario Government has again been instrumental in attracting British capital to Ontario, and millions will be spent in pulp and paper mills at Sturgeon Falls. This will probably be the signal for another blatant outburst by Mr. Whitney, who savagely abused the Government the last time it induced Britishers to spend their money in de-

veloping Ontario's resources. The province doesn't hear much now of the "monstrous Engledeue deal" from the Conservative press.

Dr. Noble, a Toronto school trustee, says the children are "breaking their hearts over the accursed algebra." It is easier for these educational tyros to criticise than to construct. There may be truth in the Toronto Star's suggestion that Dr. Noble's children have been asking pa to do their algebra lessons.

The London Free Press tries to make a political point out of the commutation of young Guilleman's sentence. Is it still ignorant of the fact that the trial judge recommended the remission of the death penalty, because some of the evidence pointed to Guilleman's innocence? If so, it had no business to criticise the Minister of Justice without knowing the facts of the case.

The municipal reform movement has reached St. Thomas. The Journal says: "The Journal has frequently deplored the fact that men best fitted by experience and ability to conduct the city's affairs cannot be induced to allow themselves to be put in nomination—not so much because of a disinclination to serve their fellow-citizens as an objection to canvassing and soliciting votes, and using the other means necessary to secure election—and we have advocated from time to time the formation of a citizens' association, who would select a ticket and put forth all possible effort to secure its election, thus relieving its candidate from the necessity of buttonholing voters."

## WHAT OTHERS SAY.

## An Awkward Position.

(Chicago Times-Herald.)

At this writing the Emperor of China appears to have one foot on the throne and one foot in the grave.

## Restriction Vs. Expansion.

(Louisville Courier-Journal.)

The truth is, the doctrine of territorial expansion is consistent only with the theories of the revenue tariff men. It is entirely at war with the system of trade restriction.

## The B. Lion.

(Comber Herald.)

Any old time the British Lion is reported to be sneaking in the direction of the jungle with his tail at half-mast you may expect to see him return with a large slice of new territory in his jaws.

## The Indians Oppressed.

(Detroit News.)

If the government would take the pains to search out the causes of the outbreak and hang the parties who provoked it, the Minnesota Indians would not be compelled to fight for their rights for some time to come.

## The Divorce Scandal.

(Chicago Chronicle.)

The whole matter of divorces, as a matter of fact, constitutes a national scandal which must sooner or later receive attention. The most sacred and most important of human obligations is regarded so lightly and is so lightly and easily nullified that marriage is rapidly becoming a mere temporary agreement, terminable at the volition of either of the contracting parties.

## LIGHT AND SHADE.

## A Self-Estimate.

"What do you think of Puffington?" "Oh, he's the kind of a man who thinks that when he steps on one end of the country the other end bounds up in the air."

## A Compromise.

Wife—Look here, Emil, if your colleague's wife gets a new hat I must have one too.

Husband—Keep calm about it. We have come to an agreement that neither of you is to have one.—Fleischmann's.

## Opportunity.

Master of human destinies am I! Fame, love, and fortune on my foot-steps wait.

Cities and fields I walk; I penetrate Deserts and seas remote, and passing by

Hovel and mart and palace—soon or late I knock unbidden once at every gate.

If sleeping, wake—if feasting, rise before I turn away. It is the hour of fate, And they who follow me reach every state.

Mortals desire, and conquer every foe Save death; but those who doubt or hesitate,

Condemned to failure, penury and woe, Seek me in vain and uselessly implore, I answer not, and I return no more!

## Easily Explained.

Small boy (looking up from history)—Papa, the Union soldiers were paid \$13 a month. Seems to me that's a awful small when a congressman is paid \$13 a day. Why ain't soldiers paid as much as congressmen?

Papa—Soldiers, my son, do not fix their own salaries.

## Puzzles of This World.

There are some things in the world that one can't understand. One is that you catch a cold without trying; that if you let it run on it stays with you, and if you stop it it goes away.

## FINDS NO FAULT

Gen. Lee Before the U. S. War Investigation Committee.

Washington, Oct. 8.—The war investigating commission held two sessions Thursday. Gen. Fitzhugh Lee detailed the conditions prevailing at the camp at Jacksonville. He said the site was a good one, the supplies were plentiful, the men were well taken care of and he had no complaints to make of the war department's treatment of his command. He also took occasion to say that he did not consider that he had been slighted in the war question.

It is estimated that two years is the average sickness experienced by a person before the age of 70.

## AWFUL SIGHTS IN HAVANA!

## Dead Lie Unburied in the Streets.

Gen. Garcia's Mission Already Bearing Fruit—U. S. Losses in the War—Clever Political Scheme.

Havana, Oct. 8.—Owing to the vast amount of red tape required to obtain burial permits, many bodies of the poor, picked up in huts and the streets, are left for days unburied, even after they are taken to the cemetery. Two nights ago an old woman died in the middle of the Calzada del Cerro, a street in Havana, about 9 o'clock. At her head sat her little daughter in the last stages of consumption, her haggard eyes red and swollen with tears. Horse cars run along that thoroughfare, and many persons stopped before the sad picture of distress and death. A purse was made up for the little orphan. Next morning the body was removed, twelve hours after death.

## CUBANS DISARMING.

New York, Oct. 8.—A dispatch from Santiago says: Gen. Garcia left the city on Thursday morning with an escort of 60 men on his mission through Santiago Province, acting as an agent of the American Government, to arrange the details for the disarmament of the Cuban army in the east. The officials of the American administration here prophesy good results from his negotiations, and that his efforts will be successful in getting the provincial hands, who are living in the country in a state of outlawry.

Gen. Garcia is, however, daily losing influence among the Cubans. Many of the latter characterize him as a coward, and openly avow that he is allowing himself to be sold to the Americans.

Gen. Perez will assemble the remaining troops of his command in the vicinity of Guantanamo on Oct. 10, and will there disarm and disband them.

A Cuban assembly by 100 officers of the Cuban army, proposing the raising of a fund locally among the planters to pay the insurgent army.

## OCCUPATION OF CUBA.

Washington, Oct. 8.—Gov. Beaver, of Pennsylvania, during the examination of Gen. Lee, gave the war department a shock by exposing the plan to start the occupation of Cuba, and have the hurrah naturally consequent thereon just when it will have the best effect for Republicans at the polls. Gen. Lee had just come from a long conference with Secretary Alger and other war department officials, when the Dodge commission called him. The actual date when Gen. Lee is expected to start is Oct. 27. The administration has decided not to go into the election this fall without some showing in Cuba. It is considered imperative that the G. O. P. leaders that when election day arrives the country shall be engrossed in the hubbub of sending troops to Cuba, and with the probable stories of how the Spaniards are being pushed out much faster than they want to go.

Gen. Lee himself prefers to land his troops at Mariel, some miles west of Havana, because he fears fighting will occur if he enters Havana itself before the Spaniards get out, and, as he must get to Cuba before election, he must necessarily reach there a good while before the Spaniards leave.

## 2,910 DEAD MEN.

Washington, Oct. 8.—The following statement has been given out by the war department:

Deaths from all causes between May 1 and Sept. 30, inclusive, as reported to the adjutant-general's office up to date (Oct. 3) were:

Killed ..... Enlisted Officers. Men.

Died of wounds ..... 23 257

Died of disease ..... 4 61

Being an aggregate of 2,910 out of a total of 274,717 officers and men, or a percentage of 1.059.

## EVACUATION OF PORTO RICO.

Washington, Oct. 8.—President McKinley has cabled the United States military commission at Porto Rico that the island must be evacuated by the Spanish forces on or before Oct. 18, and that the Spanish commissioners be notified. In case of the failure of the Spaniards to complete the evacuation by that date, the United States commissioners are directed to take possession of and exercise all the functions of government. This fact was developed at yesterday's cabinet meeting, and it was also stated that from this

## ITCHING SKIN DISEASES

Chronic Eczema spread all over my head. I had no doctor and tried lotions, but received little benefit. The dreadful itching became almost intolerable, and when I was heated, the Eczema became painful, and almost distracted me. Tried CUTICURA REMEDIES, the great skin cure, and I am now well with no trace of any cutaneous disease.

Feb. 22, '98. Box 123, Thornton, Ind.

Was afflicted with an itching rash all over my body. I could not sleep, but was compelled to lie awake and scratch all the time. My father and two brothers were afflicted with the same thing. We all suffered terribly for a year and a half. Three cases of CUTICURA Soap and three boxes of CUTICURA (ointment) cured the four of us completely.

Feb. 22, 1898. RICHARD ANDERSON, Geneva, Box Elder Co., N. Y.

My hands were completely covered with Eczema, and between my fingers the skin was perfectly raw. I could get no ease night or day. I was in a rage of itching. My husband had to dress and undress me like a baby. The best physicians' medicines gave me no relief, and drove me almost crazy. I used the CUTICURA (ointment), and five minutes after the first application I was perfectly easy, and slept soundly all that night, and I have not had the Eczema in two years.

AGNES M. HARRIS, Rush, Va.

SWIFT CURE TREATMENT FOR TORTURING, DREADFUL HUMORS, WITH LOSS OF HAIR.—Warm baths CUTICURA Soap, gentle anodyne with CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, and I am now well with no trace of any cutaneous disease. Sold throughout the world. FORTY DOLLARS AND OVER. CUTICURA, No. 100, Boston.

How to Cure Itching Skin Diseases, mailed free.

## 208, 210, 210½ and 212 DUNDAS ST. THE RUNIANS, GRAY, CARRIE COMPANY.



## Interesting Prices

## Clothing and Furnishing

DEPARTMENT

For Today and Monday

## HERE'S HOW WE GO ABOUT IT:

## Clothing Specials.

Men's Suits in light and dark-colored Tweeds and Serges, well and strongly made, best Italian linings, worth \$6 to \$7.50; our price, \$3.50.

Men's Suits in black and colored Tweeds and Serges, Italian linings, all sizes, 26 to 44; worth \$7.50 to \$8.50; very special at \$6.50.

Men's Suits in all-wool Tweeds, gray and black, checks, plain, etc.; good value at \$12; our price, \$8.50.

Men's Suits in double-breasted, all-wool Frieze, well made and trimmed with best Italian linings, fall and winter goods; worth \$15; very special at \$10.

Men's Suits in black and gray Worsted, Italian linings, etc., sewn with silk, beautiful finish, perfectly-fitting garments; worth \$15 to \$17; our special price is \$12.

Men's Suits in West of England Worsted, saucers, fancy plaids, checks, etc., best Italian linings, silk sewn, beautiful finish, worth \$20; special at \$15.

Men's Overcoats in fine blue and black Beaver, velvet collar, Italian linings, silk sewn, all sizes; worth \$7; special at \$5.

Men's Overcoats in fine blue-black and black beaver, best Italian linings, velvet collar, silk sewn, all sizes, worth \$10; very special at \$8.

Men's Overcoats in extra fine blue and black Beaver, with velvet collar, padded, satin linings, silk sewn, beautiful finish; worth \$13.50; very special at \$10.

Men's Overcoats in extra fine blue and black beaver, velvet collar, satin linings, silk sewn, beautiful finish, 1898-1899 styles; our price, \$14.

Boys' fancy Vestee Suits in navy blue and black Tweeds and Serges, beautifully trimmed, with fancy linings, etc., all sizes, 26 to 36; worth \$4 to \$5.00; very special at \$3.

Boys' fancy Vestee Suits in colored Tweeds, with fancy braid trimmings, all sizes, 20 to 26, worth \$4.50 to \$5; special at \$3.50.

## Clothing Specials.

Boys' fancy Vestee Suits in blue, black, brown, fawn, etc. Fancy corduroy and velvet vests, large sailor collars, braid trimmings, etc., all sizes 20 to 26; very special at \$4. \$4.25, \$4.50, \$5 and \$6.

## Furnishings.

30 dozen Neckwear, in the very latest patterns, in Daws, Puffs, Strings, Four-in-Hands, Graduates, etc., all silk; very special at 25c.

27 dozen Neckwear, in the latest American and Canadian patterns in Puffs, Four-in-Hands, Flowing-ends, etc.; all new goods, very special at 50c.

8 dozen Neckwear, just to hand, beautiful goods, in Puffs, finest material; regular \$1 goods; our price, 75c.

Gents' Four-ply Linen Collars, in all the very latest shapes, at 12½c, 17c, 20c, 25c and 25c.

We carry a full line of the D. S. Co's Gents' Suspenders, at 10c, 15c, 25c, 35c, 45c, 50c and 75c.

17 dozen Men's Shirts, in all the very latest fall patterns, plaid bosoms, etc., lovely goods; come and see them; special at \$1.25.

Men's Laundered White Shirts, Comfort brand, all sizes, lovely goods, at 45c, 50c, 65c, 75c, \$1, \$1.25, \$1.40 and \$1.50.

Gents' Unlaundered White Shirts, all sizes, linen bosoms and cuffs, reinforced front and back; try one at 50c.

Gents' Silk and Wool Underwear, all sizes; special at \$5, \$5.50, \$6, \$6.50 and \$7 per suit.

Gents' Arctic or Fleece-lined Underwear, full range of sizes; special at \$1, \$1.50, \$2 and \$2.50 per suit.

Wright's Health Brand Underwear, all sizes shirts and drawers; special at \$1.75 each, or \$3.50 per suit.

Men's all-wool Underwear, extra finish, fall and winter weight; special at \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2 and \$2.50 per suit.

Men's Fancy Striped Union Underwear; special at 75c and \$1 per suit.

208, 210, 210½ and 212 DUNDAS STREET.

## Don't Hesitate

when you pay your life insurance premium. It is NOT EXPENSE. You are NOT PAYING SOMETHING FOR NOTHING. You are SAVING MONEY, and insurance is taking care of it for you. Life insurance is business done in a business-like manner.

## THE NORTHERN LIFE ASSURANCE CO., of Canada,

are just issuing some new plans having special investment features. Consult with them before you invest.

JOHN MILNE, Manager.

Head Office, Temple Building, London, Ont.

## FROM THE DIGGINGS

Fifty Passengers From Dawson—Schooner and Barge Beached—Rush for Golovin Bay.

Seattle, Wash., Oct. 8.—The steamers Brixham and Tillamook have arrived from St. Michaels with 150 passengers, about fifty of whom were from Dawson. On September 20 the Tillamook picked up the small steam schooner Fortune Hunter off San Francisco, about fifty-five miles south of St. Michaels. The Fortune Hunter was water-logged and in a serious condition. Besides her crew, she had ten passengers aboard. The Fortune Hunter left St. Michaels Sept. 16 for Golovin Bay, with a barge in tow, and was caught in a storm. The barge was beached and the schooner stood out to sea. She became unmanageable, and was drifting south when picked up by the Tillamook, which towed her to Golovin Bay, where she was beached. Sterling Martin, of Chicago, was left on the barge when the Fortune Hunter abandoned it.

The United States surveying party in command of Capt. Pratt, who has been surveying the mouth of the Yukon, has returned to St. Michaels. Capt. Pratt says the proposed waterway at the mouth of the Yukon for large ships is a myth. The excitement over the reported riches of Golovin Bay continue and people are leaving St. Michael's every day in small boats.

No one need fear cholera or any summer complaint if they have a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial ready for use. It corrects all looseness of the bowels promptly, and causes a healthy and natural action. This is a medicine adapted for the young and old, rich and poor, and is rapidly becoming the most popular medicine for cholera, dysentery, etc., in the market.

## Don't Burn Your Rags

We use enormous quantities in our paper mills. Sell your rags to the nearest rag man. We buy them and make them into paper, which we sell throughout Canada.

The E. B. Eddy Co., Limited.

Mammoth Mills at Hull, Branches and agencies at Montreal, Toronto, Quebec, Hamilton, Kingston, St. John, Halifax, London, Winnipeg, Victoria, Vancouver, St. John's, Nfld.

## ELECTRIC BELLS,

Annunciators, etc., put in and repaired. Medical Batteries for sale and repaired. Second-hand medical batteries wanted.

R. M. Millar

434 Talbot Street.

In answering advertisements or in inquiring at a store respecting something advertised kindly mention that you saw the advertisement in this paper.