FACTORY
$6000. West End, on railway, 2-storey factory; boiler and engine.
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TWENTY-SEVENTH YEAR — TWENTY PAGES—SATURDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 1 1906—TWENTY PAGES — ONE CENT

DISAPPOINTED IN TARIFF

IS THE EXPRESSION OF MANUFACTURERS

NO PROTECTION FROM U.S.

Feel That the Recommendations Made Regarding Individual Lines Have Been Practically Ignored — C. M. A. Committee Begins an Analysis.

INTERMEDIATE TARIFF, TAKEN, WOULD RUIN SOME INDUSTRIES

The special tariff committee of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association held a meeting yesterday afternoon for discussion of the revised tariff. W. K. George of the Standard Silver Co. presided. An analysis of the new schedule was entered upon, but from the many and various manufacturing sections of the association being as variously affected, and in frequently opposite directions, conclusions only of a general nature were reached. Several more conferences will necessarily be held before an authoritative pronouncement can be given out. Sufficient examination, however, was made to create a feeling of disappointment over the revised version, which, while practically the same as the old tariff, will not, by reason of the changes, encourage the establishment of new industries; and in the case of many of those in existence will create new hardships, or impose new burdens. The association claims, as part of its policy, the encouragement of increased manufactures rather than increased prices; more industries rather than more cost to produce; but the revision, as it stands, while holding out no encouragement that such effect will result from the alterations, clearly indicates that the recommendations made by the different manufacturers regarding their individual lines of industry have been ignored or almost wholly disregarded.

In the opinion of the committee, the general tariff appears to possess little or no improvement as a protection against the United States for reasons that are patent to those who will take the time and pains to itemize comparisons between the old schedule and the new; while, on the other hand, it would appear that the intermediate tariff, if carried into effect with that country, would be injurious to some and disastrous to many of the Canadian industries now in existence, or yet to be established.

It will be the task of the committee in its further sessions to have the specific items affecting the different manufacturing sections fully considered and discussed, but the deductions drawn from the calculations and comparisons at yesterday's meeting hold out but little promise that the new tariff will improve on closer acquaintance.

Adversely Affected.

Speaking of the new general tariff, Mr. George said he was unable to give an opinion on the way it may affect other manufacturers or industries with which he is not conversant, but so far as that which he represents is concerned, the revised schedule will in several particulars affect it adversely. Altho the tariff revision cuts from both sides, the increased duties are—judging from the cursory examination he has so far made—rather on the material used in manufacture than on the finished article. Not that a protection and in many cases an increased duty has been always neglected on the latter, for which, he said, he is thankful; but, in many instances, the material used in the manufacture, which, under the old tariff, was either on the free list or nominally taxed, is now advanced to a duty rate which will materially alter the present conditions of the manufacture of silver and plated ware. He also pointed out that the preferential rate, as applying to England, can seldom be taken advantage of, from the fact of the article taxed being usually one specially produced by the United States.

Adding to Cost.

Taking for example anodes of nickel and silver, which are used in coating ware in the plating baths. These, he said, are now taxed to such a degree that to save $50 in every $500 value of either material, it will be necessary to add to the present plant a section to make those plates, so indispensable to the manufacture of silver and plated goods. This does not create a new industry, but merely adds to the cost of the old. Also spoons of fancy design, such as the limited Canadian market will not admit of being specially manufactured, are increased to a degree that will likely in the end mean a charge against the consumer.

"The C. M. A. is of the opinion," said Mr. George, "that the industries of the Dominion, so long as the present prosperous conditions obtain, could have held their own against foreign competitors, and that the revision of the tariff should have been made with a view of protecting them best against a recurrence of the parlous times of the comparatively near past, and which, in the natural cycle of events, will inevitably, in a lesser or greater degree, be repeated at some period in the future."

Farmers Benefit.

It was the opinion of W. L. Smith, editor of The Weekly Sun, that the farmers had the best of the new tariff. There had been no material increase in anything that the farmer had to buy, but there had been reduction in some important items. The duty on axes, scythes, etc., threshing outfits and harvesting machinery had been lowered. This would be especially appreciated in the west, and should the government secure the adoption of the intermediate schedule with foreign countries, it would be still better.

"The continuation of the bounties on iron and steel production," said Mr. Smith, "is a serious objection to the new tariff, and will meet with a

Continued on Page 15.

HARDWOOD FLOORING—Kiln dried stock, carefully laid by experienced workmen. John Kay, Son & Co., Ltd., 36 and 38 King St. West.

Something good, La Vola Cigar

COCKSHUTT SAYS TARIFF PLACES DUTIES TOO LOW

M.P. From Brantford Complains That the New Arrangement is Complicated.

Ottawa, Nov. 30.—(Special.)—H. H. Miller (South Grey) expressed himself as highly pleased with the tariff. He did not touch upon any schedules, but in a general way expressed his admiration of the government and incidentally eulogized Hon. Sydney Fisher as "the greatest minister of agriculture in the Dominion, or in any province before or since confederation, except John Dryden." He declined to say whether he would vote for a 10 per cent. reduction on agricultural implements, or to increase the duty on agricultural products from the United States.

W. F. Cockshutt (Brantford) pointed out that we now have four tariffs instead of one. The whole scheme was too complicated. It unnecessarily annoyed the importer. He denied that he was in favor of high protective tariff. He did not belong to the C.M.A. He favored adequate protection. He did not believe that there was any conflict between the farmers and the manufacturers. Both classes were helped by, and are mainly in favor of, moderate protection. The best way to convert farmers into protectionists was to establish factories, build up towns, and create a demand for perishable farm products. "Give the farmers of the Northwest an object lesson," said Mr. Cockshutt. "Establish factories at Port Arthur, Winnipeg, Regina and so on to the coast."

Against the Abolition.

Putting binder twine on the free list had put up the price. The same was true of barbed wire. He opposed reducing the duty on windmills and agricultural implements.

Mr. Paterson: Can you suggest what the duty ought to be on these?

Mr. Cockshutt: What are your views?

Mr. Paterson: They are embodied in the bill. Now what do you say?

Mr. Cockshutt: I do not know that I am bound to state. Let us form the tariff and you will see.

Mr. Cockshutt favored putting the duties on agricultural implements even higher than they were taxed under the Customs Act of 1897. He claimed that the freight charges from Ontario to the west eat up all the advantage conferred by a moderate tariff as against American importations. Mr. Cockshutt favored a duty on tin plate, or at least a bounty to this new industry. In a general way he thought that the proposed tariff erred in putting the duties too low.

To Restrict Preference.

Hance Logan (Cumberland) gave notice that he would move to restrict the British preference to goods imported thru Canadian seaports.

The motion to go into committee prevailed without division, and at 6 o'clock the house adjourned.

The following bills will be introduced:

By Mr. Macdonell—An act to amend the Dominion Elections Act.

By Mr. Verville—An act respecting the hours of labor on public works.

By Mr. Macdonell—An act to amend the Copyright Act.

FIND FOUR MORE VICTIMS WHO SAILED IN "JONES"

Men Who Worked in Lumber Camps and Had Taken Passage on Last Steamer.

Owen Sound, Nov. 30.—(Special.)—The names of three lumbermen who must have been lost on the steamer Jones have been positively identified on the Sheldon House register by Capt. Graham of that steamer, who arrived in town to-night. They are: R. Addison, who has been employed by a lumber company at Silver Water for three years, and who had come south to procure more hands for the winter's camp; A. E. Addison of Avon, Ont., cousin of the aforesaid, and J. E. Kennedy of Eaton, Ont.

They registered at the Sheldon House the evening of Nov. 20, and embarked on the steamer Jones the following day for Silver Water.

Another man who is supposed to be among the missing dead is Robert Edmonstone, a young fisherman of Nail's Point. Some days ago he left for a lumber camp on Manitoulin Island, and is thought to have embarked on the ill-fated vessel.

For Binders and Loose Leaf Supplies of all kinds phone M. 6374. Universal Systems Limited, 8 and 10 Adelaide st. West.

Linoleums, new importations in attractive tile, hardwood and conventional designs. John Kay, Son & Co., Limited, 36 and 38 King St. West

The morning World is delivered to any address in the city or suburbs before 7 a.m. for 25 cents a month. Phone Main 232 for complaints of unsatisfactory delivery.

Harper, Customs Broker, 5 Melinda

Edwards, Morgan & Company, Chartered Accountants, 26 Wellington st east. Phone Main 1163.

Oscar Hudson & Company, Chartered Accountants, 5 King West.—M. 4786

600 GUESTS ATTEND SAINT ANDREW'S BALL SCENE IS BRILLIANT

Ball Room at King Edward Hotel Presents Beautiful Spectacle—Most Picturesque of All the Annual Functions.

There's music in the gallery,
There's dancing in the hall,
And the girl I love is moving
Like a goddess thru the ball
Among a score of rivals
You're the finest in the room,
But I like you better, Marion,
Riding thru the broom.

If Whyte-Melville had been at the St. Andrew's ball last night he might have yielded something more to the seductiveness and generally radiant witchery of the great social event of the season. The King Edward ballroom was especially brilliant and all the ardor and amiability of Scotland in Scotland's over-sea home was gathered in honor of the patron saint and of the great earl who bears the King's will to his loyal subjects. Standards of old Caledonia hung on the wall; the red lion ramped, and the saint suffered on his cross. The sombre Davidson tartan mingled with the ruddy Robertson plaid in the draperies, and the electric brilliance was worthy of Hon. Adam Back. The floor was beyond the criticism of Commissioner Campbell and inspired him to new ideals of good roads.

There were 600 guests or more, and of course the space was taxed, but not disagreeably so, and President James Bain was the recipient of many congratulations on the grand success of his ball. Dancing began shortly after nine, and extras and "extra extras" were in demand up till 10.30, when his excellency's party arrived from the Government House dinner. The pipers were in full blast and marched round the big American room with exultant skirls and droning, and the Real o' Tulloch was danced with all the national abandon by 25 couples. Claret cup was dispensed during these preliminaries and there was much promenading on the corridor outside the banquet, or Louis XV. room, where supper was served. There were two pretty girls by actual count and a great many others who distracted the calculating sense of the enumerator. They were of all descriptions, from the gauzy and glittering young things looking as tho they had just crept out of their chrysalides to the more experienced butterflies of other seasons. The men were a handsome lot, well set up, well groomed and with a good deal of military uniform among them. But imposing as the Highland costume is it only forms a background for the ladies' splendor. It is not easy to distinguish, but Mrs. Robert Christie certainly maintained her reputation as the best dressed woman in the city. Miss Lois Duggan was perhaps first among the debutante equals. The vice-regal party were very simply dressed.

The Guard of Honor.

A truly magnificent guard of honor was provided by the kindness of Lieut.-Col. Robertson of the 48th Highlanders, in charge of Capt. Harbottle, Adjutant Miller and Lieutenants Anderson and Perry. There were 126 men all picked for their physique and 50 bandsmen and no more royal escort it was said ever marched in Toronto. They lined the corridor about ten to await the approach of his excellency. At 10.30 the procession appeared, headed by the pipers, who led the way. Then followed the marshals, Lieut.-Col. Robertson, Capt. Catto, Frank Gray, and C. H. S. Michie. The secretary, Duncan Donald, and the treasurer, George Keith, came next. First Vice-President Lieut.-Col. John L. Davidson and Second Vice-President George McMurrich walked together, and Jas. Bain, jr., D.C.L., president of St. Andrew's Society, preceded the lieutenant-governor's aides-de-camp. Next came the Misses Clark, Lieut.-Governor and Mrs. Clark, the governor-general's aides, the Ladies Grey, Lord and Lady Howick, and Earl and Countess Grey in this order.

The Set of Honor.

The national anthem was played as the party entered the ballroom, and immediately after the quadrille of honor was formed. It was danced by His Excellency and Mrs. Bain, Gen. Otter and Countess Grey; George McMurrich and Lady Sybil Grey, Mr. Benson and Lady Evelyn Grey, Lieut.-Col. Robertson and Mrs. Moss, Sir William Mulock and Mrs. J. J. Davidson, Lord Howick and Miss Jessie McMurrich, Lieut.-Col. Davidson and Miss Clark.

Premier Whitney and Mrs. Whitney mingled with the crowd. Prof. Galbraith was early on the scene. Hon. Dr. Pyne was not so prompt, but he had an earlier engagement. Dan Mann strolled into the ballroom, but finding no terminal facilities, quickly came out. Sir William Mulock wore his decoration, and Chief Justice Moss was another distinguished visitor. The presidents of the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society and the St. George's Society represented those bodies, and a large number of greetings were received from all parts of the world, sent by affiliated societies.

Cable From Dublin.

From Dublin Castle President Bain received a cable from Lord Aberdeen, the lord lieutenant. It was cordial and Scotch.

"Greetings tae ye," it read.

Wall Papers—A select stock from the foremost houses of Europe and America. John Kay, Son & Co., Limited, 36 and 38 King St. West.

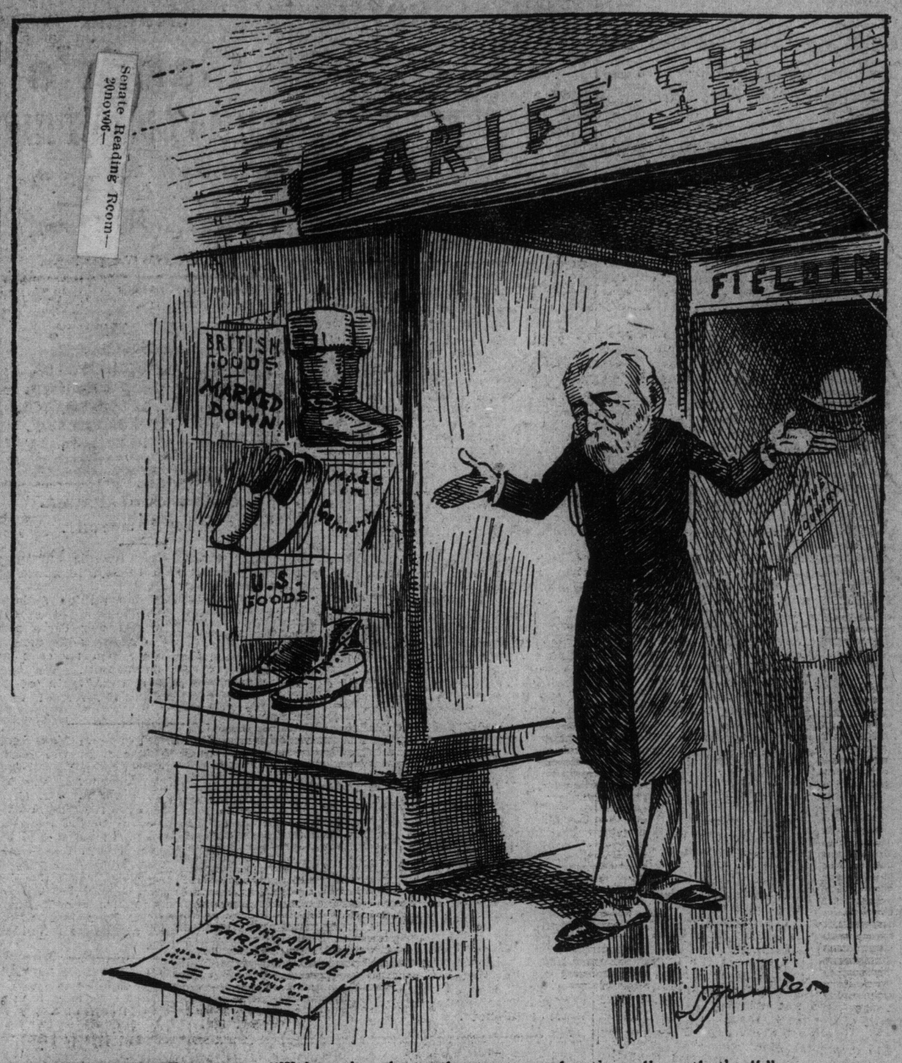
The centrally located Tremont Hotel, corner Yonge and Queen-streets, is the most convenient stopping place for out-of-town Xmas shoppers. dtf

SPECIAL—Business people's lunch at Arcade Restaurant from 11.30 to 2.30 52c. Grill Room open from 6 to 8 p.m. Lunch Counter a la carte as heretofore

Removal.

Walter H. Blight, Insurance Agent, to ninth floor Traders' Bank Building. Phone Main 2770.

SAME OLD PRICES



MR. FIELDING: "We're using the top boots as an advertising line—that's all."

MUNICIPALITIES GET GOVERNMENT PRICES FOR SUPPLY OF POWER

Following is a copy of the letter sent by the hydro-electric power commission of Ontario to the several municipalities asking for power, the blanks being filled as for Toronto:

Dear Sir,—In reply to the request of your council for the cost of electric power, the commission has estimated, upon the basis of the quantities applied for, that 30,000 horse-power can be supplied at Toronto ready for distribution, at from $14.15 to $16.61 per horse-power per annum for continuous power. It is, however, obvious that the ultimate price will depend upon the gross quantity used by all the municipalities and the commission has estimated that if the quantity used by your municipality should be considerably less than 30,000 horse-power, the cost will be from $15 to $17.75 per horse-power per annum for continuous power.

This letter was sent to all the places shown in the table of accompanying minimum and maximum prices of continuous power.

The information contained in these letters will enable the various municipalities to complete the preparation of the bylaw which is to be submitted on Jan. 1, of which the following is a copy:

The Bylaw.

No. —, a bylaw to authorize the municipal corporation of the ——— to enter into a contract with the hydro-electric power commission of

Continued on Page 7.

Our Shaw-Walker Four-Drawer Vertical Filing Cabinet will take care of 30,000 letters. Price only $44. We are the sole agents in Toronto. John Kay, Son & Co., Limited, 36 and 38 King St West.

Are You Afraid of Typhoid?

At this season of the year many persons are apt to be nervous about their water supply.

Nervousness is an enemy to health. Be on the safe side. Drink radnor water, for you can have no worry as to its purity.

Radnor comes to us from an absolutely uncontaminable source in the Laurentian Mountains.

Why not spare yourself the worry and expense of buying numerous Xmas gifts? Sit for a dozen good Portraits at Rosevear's Studio, West Queen, near Bathurst. Branch—North Yonge, near Bloor. 246

Caledonian At-Home, St. George's Hall, Dec. 11th. Good singing, good music and good dancing.

A Continuous Success.

In our Electrical Blue Printing Department we make prints up to 100 yards in length, without joints. Have our messenger call for your tracings. Lockhart Photo Supply Co., Limited. Phone M. 1745. 6363

Empress Hotel, Yonge and Gould Sts., R. Dissette, Prop. $1.50 and $2.00 per day.

Babbit Metal. The best made Canada Metal Co.

MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM PRICES OF CONTINUOUS POWER

Copy of Quotations Made to Municipalities November 29th

	H.P. Consumption.	Price per H.P. Minimum.	Price per H.P. Maximum.	H.P. Consumption.	Price per H.P. Minimum.	Price per H.P. Maximum.
1. Berlin	3,000	$17.85	$20.83	3,000— 1,500	$18.00	$23.50
2. Waterloo ..	900	19.02	22.01	900— 600	19.00	24.50
3. Guelph	3,000	18.01	20.79	3,000— 1,500	18.00	24.00
4. Hespeler ...	750	19.02	21.81	750— 500	19.00	24.50
5. Preston ...	800	19.00	22.00	800— 600	19.50	23.50
6. Galt	2,500	17.37	20.07	2,500— 1,500	17.50	22.00
7. Paris	1,000	18.16	20.90	1,000— 500	18.50	24.00
8. S. Dumfries.	3,000	16.63	19.37	3,000— 1,000	17.00	21.50
9. St. Thomas.	1,500	21.10	23.76	1,500— 1,000	21.50	26.50
10. London ...	10,000	17.49	20.28	10,000— 5,000	17.50	22.50
11. Tillsonburg	1,000	21.00	23.79	1,000— 500	21.00	28.00
12. Ingersoll ..	1,350	19.02	21.79	1,350— 900	19.00	23.00
13. St. Mary's.	2,000	19.85	22.52	2,000— 500	20.00	29.50
14. Stratford .	5,000	17.84	20.49	5,000— 1,500	18.00	24.50
15. Woodstock.	1,200	18.95	21.73	1,200— 900	19.00	23.00
16. Brantford .	3,000	16.57	19.30	3,000— 1,500	17.00	21.50
17. Brant'd Tp.	300	16.57	19.30	300— 200	17.00	21.50
18. Hamilton .	15,000	13.97	16.25	15,000— 8,000	14.00	17.50
19. Dundas	3,000	15.67	18.25	3,000— 2,000	16.00	19.00
20. Toronto Jct.	10,000	14.56	16.98	10,000— 5,000	15.00	18.50
21. Toronto ...	30,000	14.15	16.61	30,000—15,000	15.00	17.75

NOTE—Brantford Township not included in above estimate, but quoted at Brantford rates, at Brantford sub-station.

LAURIER WIRES SIR THOMAS TO GIVE COAL RIGHT OF WAY

Premier Comes to Relief of Saskatchewan Hamlet—Strike is Settled.

Ottawa, Nov. 30.—(Special.)—Sir Wilfrid Laurier has wired Sir Thomas Shaughnessy:

"I am informed that there is a coal famine at Bladsworth, Sask., and that there is no coal available at Lethbridge. Please forward coal, giving same right of way. Conditions very serious."

Sir Thomas answered that even tho the mission of Hon. Walter Scott and Deputy-Minister King to Mr. Mitchell at St. Paul proved successful, it would be some days before there could be any output of coal from Lethbridge.

Meanwhile, Mr. White of the C. P. R., and the provincial authorities are co-operating. All cars have been used to forward coal, even to the extent of delaying grain. He does not anticipate any serious coal famine.

Mr. Lemieux has heard from Mackenzie King to the effect that the strike is virtually settled.

W. P. Godson & Company, Chartered Accountants, City Hall Square, Manning Chambers. Phone Main 4381.

Bonding Responsible Officials.

The London Guarantee and Accident Company issues guarantee and fidelity bonds to cover the responsibilities of cashiers, secretaries, treasurers and officials holding positions of trust. The largest Canadian financial institutions avail themselves of the protection of these bonds. Small liabilities also covered. Address Canada Life Building. Phone Main 1642.

Pub Hotel, cor. Yonge and Alice Sts. Remodeled under new management. W. J. Davidson, Prop. 216

Battery Zincs, all kinds. The Canada Metal Co.

C.P.R. ROLLING STOCK.

Orders Placed Include 10,000 Cattle and Freight Cars.

Montreal, Nov. 30.—(Special.)—It is stated to-day that rolling stock to the value of $13,500,000 is now under construction by the Canadian Pacific.

This order includes 150 engines, 50 sleeping, dining and parlor cars, 200 passenger baggage cars, and no less than ten thousand cattle and freight cars.

CARD LEDGER SYSTEMS—Outfit No. 1 includes a polished oak box, 400 good Bristol cards and 2 sets of alphabetical guides. Price complete, only $2.00. John Kay, Son & Co., Limited, 36 and 38 King St. West.

Fine funeral wreaths our specialty. Night or day, prompt delivery. Phone M. 7210, and night, Park 1637. Jennings, 123 West King.

BIRTHS.

WILLS—On Friday, Nov. 30th, 1906, at 28 Howard-street, Toronto, the wife of Alex. W. Wills of a son.

MARRIAGES.

YOUNG—MARSHALL—On Nov. 21st, 1906, at the residence of the bride's brother, by Rev. M. McArthur of St. Andrew's, Scarboro, assisted by Rev. Jas. Brown of Agincourt, John Young of Markham to Margaret Marshall of Scarboro.

DIED.

DORSAY—On Friday morning, Nov. 30th, at her home, 152 York-street, Mrs. C. Dorsay, aged 76 years.

Funeral from her late residence, Monday, Dec. 3rd, at 2 p.m. Interment at Necropolis. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

NANTON—In Ottawa, on Thursday morning, Nov. 29th, 1906, Mary Louisa Nanton, wife of the late Augustus Nanton, esquire, barrister of Osgoode Hall, in her 74th year.

Funeral from St. Luke's Church at 2.30 p. m., Saturday, to St. James' Cemetery.

EVERSON—On Nov. 29th, 1906, suddenly, of pneumonia, at 355 Church-street, William J. Everson, in his 44th year.

Funeral from the above address on Saturday, Dec. 1st, at 2.30 p.m., to Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

The F. W. Matthews Co., Phone M 2571. Private Ambulance Service.

John Kay, Son & Co., Limited, are the sole Toronto agents for the famous Shaw-Walker Multi Cabinet Filing Sysetms. 36 and 38 King St. West.

LABOR NOW ENTITLED TO A REPRESENTATIVE IN THE LEGISLATURE

Studholme of Hamilton Has a Splendid Meeting—Candidate's Attitude Toward Public Ownership—W. F. Maclean, M.P., One of the Speakers.

Hamilton, Nov. 30.—(Special.)—The The Spectator is making a strong effort to divide the electors on party lines, in the election contest in East Hamilton, the campaign of the Labor and public ownership candidate is swinging strongly in his favor. An enthusiastic meeting was held to-night in Association Hall, and the arguments for the election of Allen Studholme to the legislature met with a splendid response. The speakers were the candidate, W. F. Maclean, M. P.; J. G. O'Donoghue of Toronto, and S. Landers of Hamilton, the last two being prominent in labor circles. Charles Aitchison presided.

Mr. Studholme answered the allegation that he was afraid to meet his opponent in debate by challenging Mr. Scott to a joint meeting on Saturday or Monday. He claimed that, as arbitrator for the street railway men, he had secured an award that gave the men an increase of $30,000 in wages, and readjusted the hours of work so as to afford reasonable time for rest and recreation. For his services during five weeks' time he charged $60, less money than he would have received from his employer. The Cataract Power Company would not, he feared, respect its agreement with the city, and he was not sure that peace would continue. He said that the owners of The Spectator, who were fighting him so vigorously in the campaign, were large stockholders in the company.

Mr. Maclean was given a flattering reception. He explained that he had come to Hamilton at this time because Mr. Studholme was a declared supporter of public ownership. Premier Whitney was one of the foremost exponents of the principle of public ownership, and he believed Studholme to be a man who would support Mr. Whitney in regard to Niagara power.

Where They Stand.

"I know where Studholme is," said Mr. Maclean, "and altho I sent two representatives to see Mr. Scott, I have not been able to find out where he is on this great question."

In Canada there were only two representatives of labor in parliament, whereas in Britain there were over 40 men in parliament who were elected to represent the interests of the working men. The appearance of these 40 Laborites at Westminster was working a revolution in British politics. The interests of the great mass of the electors were coming to be recognized, and he found in some of the British magazines from two to four articles on labor questions. Old-fashioned England was leading Canada in this respect.

"There ought to be a representative of labor in the Ontario Legislature, and now that the opportunity has come to Hamilton working men, they ought to take advantage of it," he said.

The underlying principle of government was to increase the number of common comforts and conveniences of life, and to extend their benefits to the greatest number of people. If these great conveniences fell into the hands of monopolies the plan would be to limit their number, and to increase the cost to the people.

A City Owned Street Railway.

Hamilton was tied up to a great corporation. If the city owned the street railway it could admit any outside systems on favorable terms, there would be an adequate service, fair wages and a profit returned to the people, as in the case of Guelph, where a municipal railway had proved a success. When the public owned a utility there was no watered stock.

The speaker used the Toronto Railway as an illustration. There the cars were run to 11 a.m. to pay interest on first mortgage bonds, from 11 to 3 to pay cost of operation and improvement of roadbed and rolling stock, and from 3 till midnight to pay interest on watered stock. The earnings that were devoted to the paying of interest on watered stock should go to improvements and better wages for the employes.

A private corporation contracted to supply street lights of a certain power and gave lights of only half the stipulated power.

Evade Agreements.

It was impossible to compel corporations to live up to their agreements. When the courts were resorted to years were spent in litigation.

Mr. Maclean believed the great corporations were at the bottom of the political corruption that existed in Canada. As soon as the people gave a cor-

Continued on Page 3.

COLDER WITH SNOW.

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—Fresh to strong westerly to northwesterly winds; fair and colder, local snowflurries.

THE BAROMETER.

Time.	Ther.	Bar.	Wind.
8 a.m.	36	29.88	.....
Noon.	40	29.75	Calm.
2 p.m.	42	.....	.....
4 p.m.	41	.....	.....
8 p.m.	40	29.67	14 S.W.
10 p.m.	41	29.66	12 S.W.

Average for day, 37; difference from average, 8 above; highest, 43; lowest, 30.

STEAMSHIP ARRIVALS.

Nov. 30	At	From
Pretoria	New York	Hamburg
Sylvania	Boston	Liverpool
Lucania	Queenstown	New York
Montcalm	Liverpool	Montreal
Pennsylvania	Hamburg	New York
Montezuma	St. John	Antwerp
Sardinian	Havre	Montreal
Carthaginian	St. John's	Glasgow

MANY HAPPY RETURNS.

To Col. W. M. Button. Born at Buttonville, Dec. 1, 1816.