

## Bargains

## Company Limited

Coats  
Lines in Early Fall  
wood weight diagonal  
and wisteria, 50 inches  
d, Newmarket back,  
ss shoulders, single  
with pockets and turn-  
and revers, trimmed  
black, seams welted  
tailored. Regular  
\$4.95.

is of German beaver  
nch length, lined to  
back, navy, grey and  
nitted back, with an  
the front panel, fin-  
ned effect below the  
back; front single  
neat side pocket, low  
ar and revers, make  
for early fall wear,  
and finished with a  
\$16.50, for \$11.75.

ool Reefers, in Pan-  
worsteds, double  
rimmed with novelty  
light of cloth; the col-  
green, grey, brown,  
Sizes 8 to 14 years,  
5.00. Friday \$2.49.

in regular stock. Reg-  
Friday, pair 19c.  
All-wool Plain Black  
medium weight. Reg-  
Friday, 19c.

Footwear for Men  
Women  
Men's Boots, every pair  
d, medium and heavy  
t, tan calf, vic kid  
others; samples size 7,  
to 11. Regular prices  
Friday bargain \$2.49.

Men's Boots.  
Women's Boots, patent  
t and vic kid lea-  
lar styles; all sizes  
lar prices \$3.00 to  
price, Friday bargain

Men's Boots.  
Women's Boots, Dongola  
t toe caps, also box  
medium and heavy soles.  
2. These boots are  
from the great "Queen  
2. Regular \$3.00. Fri-  
9.

new designs. Regular  
waist, with floss to  
Cushion Tops, in tap-  
linen and anatol-  
ular 50c. Friday to

Jewellery 25c Each  
Brooches, Enamel-  
Belt Buckles and  
Silver Thimbles,  
Cuff Links, special set  
Links, Hand Engraved  
Sterling Silver Hand  
Sets, Pin Sets, Pearl Set  
thet Hat Pins, Clear-  
25c.

Jewellery.  
Rings, 10c. Crescent  
Scar Pins, Silk Rib-  
Chains, Neckties, Cuff  
Links and Stone Set  
Rings, Baby Pendants,  
Neckties and Pearl Set  
Real Pearl Rings, 10c.  
Regular selling \$1.00  
Friday bargain 95c.

STRIPED FLANNEL-  
TES 75c.  
lots of colorings and  
strong, and well nap-  
Sale price Friday,  
\$1.00.

FLANNEL 16c YARD.  
wide, plain or twilled,  
rough substances or  
wearing flannel. Sale  
Friday, 16c.

Furniture  
g Chairs, upholstered  
leather, large size, well  
finished. Regular sell-  
75c. Friday bargain

solid hardwood frame,  
d in red or green  
lar selling price \$3.00,  
\$6.25.

le, in genuine oak, rich  
y English finish. Regu-  
\$15.00. Friday bar-  
\$10.00.

solid oak, mission de-  
36 in. high. Regular  
\$5.00. Friday bargain

of this famous ware,  
Friday's bargain 95c.  
10 pieces, rich cream  
re, violet design, en-  
galloped, with heavy gold  
y \$3.21.

Boston Ferns 69c  
s. Regular \$1.00, for 69c.  
ants and Palms. Regular  
and Ferns. Regular 20c,  
or 2 for 25c.

## ISLAND RESIDENCE FOR SALE

\$4000. will buy a. choice, detached,  
eight-roomed residence, with bath-  
room; situated on Lake Front; runs  
through to Lagoon; choice location;  
exceptional opportunity.

H. H. WILLIAMS & CO.,  
24 Victoria Street, Toronto.

PROBS: Strong winds, w. to N.W.  
ing showers, but general

WOULD RETAIN  
VOLUNTARY  
SYSTEM

General French's Report on the  
Militia Recommends a First  
Line of Defence of 100,000  
Men, With Divisional Or-  
ganization — Need of In-  
creased Staff.

Ottawa, Sept. 8.—(Special).—One of  
the pieces of work which awaited Sir  
Wilfrid Laurier on his return to the  
capital was to confer with Sir Freder-  
ick Borden on the subject of General  
Sir John French's report on the Cana-  
dian militia. The minister of militia  
has been withholding the report from  
publication on the ground that so im-  
portant a document must pass before  
the premier's eye before being made  
public. To-day the document was  
placed in the premier's hands and the  
objection to publication disappeared.

The report made by the Imperial  
Inspector-General on the whole ap-  
proves of the retention of the volun-  
tary system for Canada. Sir John  
French also approves of the numbers  
aimed at by the existing Canadian  
system, namely a first line of 100,000,  
with provision for the ultimate organi-  
zation of a second line, also 100,000  
strong. With this as his basis, he  
makes a number of suggestions and  
criticisms.

War Organization.  
Peace organization practically iden-  
tical with that which should obtain in  
war time summarizes the needs of the  
Canadian militia, as presented in the  
report. The necessity for a large in-  
crease in the staff organization and  
the preparation of efficient plans of  
prompt mobilization are among the  
most important points brought out.

The fondness of the city corps for cere-  
monial rather than the practical busi-  
ness of war is adversely commented  
upon, and in this connection the  
length of the annual camp training, es-  
pecially for the cavalry, is declared to be  
quite inadequate to the production of  
efficient soldiers.

Prompt mobilization being of the ut-  
most necessity in modern warfare,  
the general recommends in the mobi-  
lization staff alone an increase of ten or  
twelve officers, at headquarters and in  
the different districts, that plans may  
be worked out in minutest detail. One  
of the most important features of  
mobilization is the concentration and the  
perfection in advance of time-tables. The  
general recommends the adoption of  
the system of the service corps, in  
which a railway war council, composed  
of railway managers and military officers,  
is maintained.

Lack of Efficient Officers.  
The lack of efficient officers in all  
branches of the service comes in for  
severe criticism. The general finds the  
standards set all right, but too much  
laxity in the enforcement of these  
requirements. The general also recom-  
mends that the training of the junior  
officers in the work of their sub-units,  
whereas they are at present kept in  
leading-steps by regiment or  
battalion drill being taken up too  
soon, to the detriment of the more  
necessary groundwork. Every facility  
should be given to the junior officers  
to study and practice in the field.  
The militia and the general de-  
clares, unless the tests are enforced,  
unless every person holding a post re-  
quiring special proficiency and effec-  
tiveness in full measure which he  
finds is not the case at present.

Haphazard Methods.  
The haphazard way in which new  
corps are formed is commented on, by  
which the individual preferences of the  
promoters of the new corps determi-  
ned the arm of the service to which they  
should belong. This has produced a  
badly unbalanced militia force. The  
proportion of infantry is too large. The  
proportion of field artillery should be  
reduced to each thousand men. In-  
stead of two as at present. "Each com-  
pany should, he says, furnish a proportion  
of each arm of the service. In-  
stead of special training, an efficient  
"remount staff," to look after the sup-  
ply of horses, is noted.

Divisional Organization.  
Permanent organization, instead of the present system of indi-  
vidual commands, grouped in military  
districts, is declared to be a necessity.  
The divisions should be based, not on  
geographical distribution, but on  
troops, and each division should be  
habituated to working together in  
peace as they would have to in war.  
Better facilities should be provided for  
the training of officers in the handling  
of the larger commands, and in the  
technical details of control of the  
marching, provisioning and control of  
large bodies of men.

Recommends Howitzers.  
In the matter of armament, General  
French recommends the howitzer, a  
short gun, throwing a 90 to 100-pound  
shell almost vertically upon the ene-  
my hidden by hills or trenches, as  
more suitable for eastern Canada than  
the "Long Tom," which is adapted to  
direct fire. Some of the heavy artillery  
should be converted into howitzer bat-  
teries.

For the west the problem is different,  
for the general recommends the de-  
velopment of a force of mounted rifles,  
field artillery and infantry in the pri-  
vate towns. There should be a day  
training for the mounted men.

The standards of training of the perma-  
nent force are approved, but the  
numerical strength desired to be too  
small. The general declares the small prop-  
erly administered for too much attention to  
ceremonial. There should be frequent  
practice in simple tactical schemes.  
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## The Toronto World

FOURTEEN PAGES—FRIDAY MORNING SEPTEMBER 9 1910—FOURTEEN PAGES

SENATE READING ROOM  
JANUARY 1903  
SENATE P.O.

## CARDINAL GIBBONS

Of Baltimore, Md., who reached  
Montreal yesterday. He will en-  
deavor to secure the next Ameri-  
can congress for New York City.

MONTREAL'S RECEPTION  
ANOTHER GREAT CRUSH

Thousands Attended Function at  
City Hall—Cardinal Gibbons  
Now at the Congress.

MONTREAL, Sept. 8.—(Special).—  
If numbers and enthusiasm are tests of  
loyalty, then was the reception of the  
Papal legate at the city hall to-night  
one of the most loyal that can be grasped  
by even the most vivid imagination.

The hour appointed was 8.30 o'clock,  
but long before that time, the square  
and avenue surrounding the great civic  
institution presented an appearance  
comparable to nothing, but a sea of  
living humanity.

The big building was decorated on  
the exterior by rows of lights, which  
outlined its fine proportions. The steps  
were guarded by officers in uniform,  
and on the main entrance stairs  
and corridors, the throng swarmed.

The unbroken line of masses, by de-  
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ANGELICANS NOT  
GOING BACK  
TO ROME

Bishop Ingram Resents State-  
ment at Eucharistic Con-  
gress, That Half Is Drifting  
Into Agnosticism and Rest  
Going Back to Rome—Pic-  
turesque Convocation.

HALIFAX, Sept. 8.—(Special).—  
"Baltimore Castle, I have read with  
much satisfaction the telegram  
which you have sent me on behalf  
of the Church of England in Can-  
ada, 'holding congress in Halifax,  
and I thank you most warmly for  
the assurance of loyalty' to my  
throne, to which it gives expression."  
(Sd.) George F.

This telegram was received at the  
conclusion of the convocation given in  
Edge Hill College for Girls, at Wind-  
sor to-day, to the members of the  
church congress, who went to attend  
the special convocation of King's Col-  
lege.

The reports of some of the speeches  
at the Montreal congress have aroused  
criticism, especially the statement that  
one-half of the Church of England was  
occupied with agnosticism and politics,  
and the other half was going over to  
Rome as fast as it could.

"Not a word of truth in it," said an  
indignant Canadian bishop, not long  
elected. The Bishop of London was  
seen by the press, and he was laugh-  
ingly put aside as unworthy of serious at-  
tention. "It was Bishop Creighton, who  
was a much better scholar than I can  
profess to be," he remarked, "who said  
the reformation was a return to sound  
learning, and it will be found to be so.  
I heartily agree with him."

Not Ahealed of Church Truths.  
Dr. Ingram, perhaps, bore the matter  
in mind, for in his address after con-  
vocation, said: "We are not ashamed  
of the truths of the Church of Eng-  
land, and we are not ashamed to say  
that we are one of three points he  
dwelt upon. 'I think I saw the pa-  
pers something about the Church of  
England going back to Rome. I could  
not help smiling. There is about as  
much chance of a church going back  
to Rome as there is of it going back  
to the Druids.'"

He thought there was more and more  
evidence of the decline of the church  
to each other, and they were leaving  
to teach the great catholic, not Roman  
Catholic, truths.

After luncheon, Bishop Worrell called  
on Bishop Ingram, and they were leav-  
ing, who made a strong appeal for  
holding the general synod in the west  
as soon as possible.

A petition has been circulated and  
largely signed, asking that the next  
synod be held in Victoria. Dr. Perrin  
was positive that after the opening of  
the Panama Canal the Pacific coast  
would become the centre of Canadian  
life.

Canon Powell, formerly of North To-  
ronto, the new president of King's Col-  
lege, looked on the scene with a  
room and a more picturesque ceremony  
than the convocation proceedings has  
never been enacted. A commencement  
had just been made, when the Bishop  
of Ottawa, dressed in purple and scar-  
let, crowned with his great mitre, and  
preceded by his cross-bearer, came in.

Continued on Page 7, Col. 1.

## FIRE IN A BATTLESHIP

Three Dead and Seven Injured on  
United States S.S. North Dakota.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—Three coal  
passers are dead and seven machinists  
and firemen injured as the result of oil  
catching fire on the battleship North  
Dakota. This occurred at 3.30 p.m. from  
Admiral Schreeder, commander-in-chief  
of the Atlantic fleet, and the aged Admiral  
Schmidt, Jos. Street and R. Gilmore. All  
of the seven injured will recover. The  
dead and injured have been transferred  
to the hospital ship Solace. An investiga-  
tion has been ordered. The explosion re-  
sulted from a test of oil as fuel.

## JUMPED FROM TRAIN

But Man About to Be Deported Was  
Seen Recaptured.

OTTAWA, Sept. 8.—Herman Peter-  
son, known as the "Terrible Swede,"  
arrested here some weeks ago for de-  
manding food from a local housewife  
at the point of a pistol, was being de-  
ported by the immigration authorities,  
when he jumped from a train running  
30 miles an hour, near Coteau, and es-  
caped. He was recaptured in a hay-  
stack ten miles away about five hours  
later.

## REFORMERS MEET TO-DAY

And Will Discuss the Advisability of  
a Convention.

Shall a convention of the Liberal party  
in Ontario be held this fall? Is the ques-  
tion which the general Reform Asso-  
ciation of Ontario will be called upon to  
settle at the annual meeting to be held  
in the Temple Building to-day. The need  
for a convention has been felt for some  
time, and it is expected that a more  
advantageous time, as the influence  
would likely have a more potent effect  
on the next election.

The appointment of a new president will  
give the delegates work to do. The de-  
cision of H. M. Mowat, K.C., to resign is  
not, however, taken seriously, although it  
may be the first fruits of the demand for  
reorganization. Last night Hon. A. G.  
MacKay referred to the subject. "You have  
heard," he said, "that I have resigned. I  
have not. Mowat's word for it yet. See what  
the meeting will do."

## VISITORS' CHANCE IN ENGLISH HATS

It would be good policy for any visitor  
to purchase a hat while in Toronto,  
especially an English hat. Toronto is  
a great distributing point for these  
goods, and the Dineen Company is sole  
Canadian agent for the greatest of all  
English hats, those by Henry  
Heath of London, England, who makes  
hats for His Majesty the King. Di-  
neen is also sole Canadian agent for  
special blocks by Dunlop of New York.

HEARST WOULD LINK  
UP WITH ROOSEVELT

Willing to Lend Him Support of  
Independence Leagues in  
Fight Against Bossism

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—Is Wm. Ran-  
dolph Hearst seeking an alliance with  
the Republican party? In view of the  
four column display editorial on the  
front page of his "American," this  
morning, politicians are seriously dis-  
cussing the possibilities. In view of  
the hostility to Roosevelt which Hearst  
has hitherto taken no pains to conceal,  
this declaration is a surprising change  
from party is all the more significant.  
In part he says:

"Mr. Roosevelt lately declared that  
he was determined to drive the corrupt  
bosses out of his party in New York City.  
I cannot sympathize with Mr. Roosevelt's  
reckless and imprudent  
stock upon the financial interests."  
It is too reminiscent of Mr. Roosevelt's  
unfortunate connection with the  
late lamentable panic.

"I can, however, sympathize with Mr.  
Roosevelt's determination to eliminate  
corrupt bosses from the control of his  
party. But if Mr. Roosevelt's determi-  
nation is sincere, let him come home  
to New York and seriously apply  
himself to the work in hand. Criticism  
of Mr. Taft is not particularly admirable  
as long as he is president, while Mr. Roosevelt  
is chief of the opposition. Mr. Roosevelt  
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DURAND, Mich., Sept. 8.—(Special).—  
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