

by all, the observance of which would save immense trouble to the State, while it would really benefit the Church and religion. Let those who believe in a State Church hold their opinion, but let them recognize the necessity of observing—in a province such as Ontario at least—the course here indicated.

As long as Separate Schools exist by authority of the State they should be under regulations identical with those which govern the Public Schools, except in so far as the special character which belongs to them or the provisions of the British North America Act determine otherwise. I can hardly see how this statement can be controverted, and it covers, if I mistake not, what is said on this subject in the Address, while it supplies a comparatively easy rule for the Legislature to follow.

The Equal Rights Association will be regarded, I trust, as acting fairly towards the parties in setting forth its views in good time for all to consider them; and who can object to the closing words: "Candidates in the field should be approached by our friends in the constituencies, and he who—other things being equal—is found to be most in accordance with our principles should receive their hearty and undivided support."

Yours, etc.,

WM. CAVEN.

TORONTO, May 10.