

- (a) consistent with the requirements of Article VI of the GATT and the related codes or successor agreements concluded under the GATT; or
  - (b) applicable to products imported in such increased quantities and under such conditions as to cause or threaten to cause serious injury to domestic producers of like or directly competitive products.
2. As soon as possible after a request for initiation of an investigation into a disruptive trade practice is accepted by the authorities of one Party pursuant to a law or regulation referred to in paragraph (1) of this Article, and before the initiation of and during any investigation, the other Party shall be afforded an adequate opportunity for consultations with the aim of clarifying the situation and arriving at a mutually agreed solution.
  3. The Party which intends to initiate any investigation into disruptive trade practices or is conducting such an investigation shall permit, upon request, access to non-confidential evidence and data being used for initiating or conducting the investigation.
  4. Each Party shall ensure that its laws and regulations referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article are transparent and afford affected parties an opportunity to submit their views. Such laws and regulations shall not be applied in a manner that discriminates arbitrarily or unjustifiably between products of the other Party and products of any third country.
  5. Notwithstanding paragraphs 1 and 2 of Article III or subparagraph 1 (b) of this Article, paragraphs 6 to 9 of this Article shall apply to trade in textile products.
  6. The Parties agree to consult promptly at the request of either Party that considers that an actual or prospective increase in imports of a textile product of the other Party is causing or threatening to cause market disruption in its market.