

ARTICLE VI

1. Australian goods imported into Canada shall not be subject to the provisions of Section 6 of the Customs Tariff of Canada.

2. Canadian goods imported into Australia shall not be subject to the provisions of Sections 4 and 5 of the Australian Customs Tariff (Industries Preservation) Act 1921-1957.

3. If either Government considers that any product is being imported from the other country under such conditions as to cause material injury to producers of like or directly competitive products in the country of importation, the two Governments shall after notice has been given in writing, consult together to consider measures to prevent further injury.

4. If a mutually satisfactory solution does not result within sixty days from the commencement of these consultations the relevant provisions of paragraph 1 or 2 of this Article shall not apply to the product specified in the notice.

ARTICLE VII

1. Notwithstanding the provisions of Article II of this Agreement, the Australian Government may admit goods under By-law items of the Australian Customs Tariff.

2. Where the admission of goods under By-law has the effect of eliminating a minimum margin of preference accorded to Canada on goods specified in Part I of Schedule B, the Australian Government will afford the Canadian Government opportunity to consult and will take into account any representations which that Government may make. This undertaking shall not limit the right of the Australian Government to determine whether any particular goods shall be admitted under By-law.

ARTICLE VIII

1. The Canadian Government and the Australian Government shall consult together, at the request of either, regarding the operation of this Agreement or of any provision thereof.

2. The two Governments recognize that matters not otherwise dealt with in this Agreement, including instability in international trade in basic primary products, shipping problems and non-tariff obstacles to trade, such as agricultural protectionism, import restrictions, surplus disposal transactions, other non-commercial trading practices and export subsidies, may have a material effect on their trade. The two Governments shall consult together about any such matters at the request of either.

3. The two Governments shall establish the consultative procedures necessary to achieve the purposes of this Article.