

fessed that they would be glad to see it disappear, but seemed to think that while the exuberance of youth remained the game would be carried on.

The Giessen Clinic was found, as was the case with others in Germany, situated in a part of the town where it was easily accessible to the student and physician. It provides accommodation for a hundred patients. Prof. Robert Sommer, who is Director, is a man of eminence and is known particularly in the field of psychology, being regarded as a man of great resource and originality. Some of his apparatus is wonderfully clever and his investigations of deep interest, especially those in connection with expression, etc.

Psychiatric and neurologic cases are received, each class being treated in a separate building. Epileptics and idiots are also cared for separately. The staff is composed of a director, four assistants, and an Army physician. In addition there are two or three voluntary assistants. Almost four hundred patients are admitted in a year. Many criminals are received for examination and study.

The laboratories are splendidly equipped for research work and much original investigation is carried on by the staff. The anomalies of speech are studied by means of the graphophone, and important records in this way are preserved for future use and comparison.

Apparatus for the study of time reactions is most ingenious.

The Giessen Clinic is constructed on the pavilion plan and is not regarded by some members of the staff as a success, and a difficulty is encountered in not being able to dispose of patients as they wish. This in a way accounts for the small number under treatment during the year.

The proportion of nurses is thirty-two to ninety patients, and the night service is decidedly small.

Some provision is made for paying patients in a small building which is comfortably furnished.