

opposite the Methodist Book Room. Some of the medical lectures were delivered in the Queen St. lecture-room and some in that on Richmond St., and the students had a short walk and some fresh air in going from one to the other. The old dissecting-room in the yard of the Queen St. house was still used, and did good service for some time. After these changes, which in themselves indicated prosperity, the school suffered for a short time from the withdrawal of Dr. Rolph, who re-entered political life and accepted a seat in the Cabinet in 1851. He returned to his college duties with great pleasure in 1855.

*The Toronto School of Medicine*, as Dr. Rolph named it. In 1854, by arrangement with the Board of Victoria College, the school became the medical department of that university—it being considered that such an arrangement would be mutually advantageous. The connection of the Medical School with this institution, while adding to the prestige and influence of the latter, would enable students who desired to do so, to proceed to their degrees in medicine instead of taking only the license of the Medical Board as heretofore. In 1856 a large building, formerly used as a church on "Little Jarvis St., Yorkville" (now No. 10 Bismarck Avenue), was purchased and fitted up for the newly-formed "medical department," and for a good many years afforded ample accommodation and every facility for medical teaching in the many subjects students have to study.

Some difference in connection with the school arose between Dr. Rolph, who was the Dean of the Faculty, and his colleagues, soon after these changes had taken place. Most of his colleagues had been educated in medicine chiefly, and some solely, by himself. The Victoria College Board supported Dr. Rolph on its being appealed to in the matter. On this account his colleagues resigned in a body just the day after the opening of the session of 1856-7. The University authorities promptly accepted the resignations which had been sent in, and directed the Dean, as the responsible head of the department, to fill the places of the gentlemen who had retired, as well and as speedily as he could. Although placed in an exceedingly difficult position, the Dean proved himself quite equal to the occasion. During the little more than two weeks it took him to complete new arrangements for carrying on the work of the session, Dr. Rolph alone, kept everything going on in the college. He lectured during this period four or five times every day on the various subjects to the entire satisfaction of the students, who, with hardly an exception, stood by their able teacher and Dean.

The high character of the Dean's teaching during this time made it even more difficult, than it would otherwise have proved, for the new professors whom he called to his aid, and appointed to fill the vacancies. At this time the writer was appointed Professor of *Materia Medica* and *Therapeutics*, to which chair the duties of another were very soon added, viz., those of *Midwifery* and *Diseases of Women and Children*; a large burden with which to begin, with no special preparation, the responsible duties of medical teaching. With further and very willingly rendered help, the session was successfully completed.

Throughout Dr. Rolph's Deanship, which lasted till 1870, this Medical School was singularly prosperous. He at first continued to use the