

perseverance that never tires." Nothing short of this will suffice. How strange then is the delusion of those who rush towards it, as the elysium of indolence! That such should be unhappy in the employment, is a source of gratification rather than of regret. Let them live to some other occupation, for here they will find no resting place for the soles of their feet. The motto of Luther, "Work on earth, and rest in heaven," must be the motto of every faithful schoolmaster; and he who is not prepared to live and act in this spirit, had better leave the service to warmer hearts and nobler minds. Such a man will never know anything of the elevated delights which associate themselves with the employment; he may have the drudgery, but he will not find the pleasures of the exercise; he belongs to that class, of whom Fenelon beautifully says, in relation to another (and yet not another) service, "They perceive what it deprives them of, but they do not see what it bestows; they exaggerate its sacrifices, without looking at its consolations." How can such as these know anything of the pleasantness of teaching?

"To send an uneducated child into the world," says Paley, "is little better than to turn out a mad dog or a wild beast into the street."

The population of Connecticut is about 300,000, and it was ascertained by the late census, that there was but one man of this population who could not read and write.

A Persian philosopher being asked by what method he had acquired so much knowledge, answered, "By not being prevented by shame from asking questions when I was ignorant."

TEMPTATION.—You know not the power of temptation. Associate with a vicious person but one day and you receive an injury; then what must follow if you are very intimate with such a character? By degrees you will be assimilated to his bad practices, till at length you become his equal in wickedness.

ECONOMY.—"Oh, eat it up, eat it up," says mamma. "I can't, ma, I've ate enough." "Oh, yes, dear, eat up what's on your plate, so that it needn't be lost." How common a practice that is! stuffing children beyond the wants of nature, and making them gluttons all their lives, so that the scraps needn't be lost! Precious economy this!—*Galaxy*.

## MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

By the last news from China, we learn that Canton is still in the power of the British, and the trade is carried on without interruption. There appears, however, no disposition on the part of the emperor to come to terms. On the contrary, he has condemned Keshen (the commissioner, who concluded a treaty with the British,) and all his family, to death.

The overland mail from India informs us that Commodore Bremer left Calcutta on the 26th of May, in the *Queen* steamer, and it was expected that the whole fleet would reach Canton by the beginning of July. The whole of the 55th had proceeded to China. The steamers had been fitted up with carronades for the river service.

Russia continues to carry on a devastating and demoralising war against Circassia.

A good understanding appears to exist at last between the Pacha of Egypt and the Ottoman Porte.

The elections in Britain have resulted in a conservative majority of 75, and Parliament was to meet on the 24th August.

The crops appeared to be good, but the weather was variable and unpropitious, and prices of grain advancing.

There is no improvement either in the state or prospects of trade. The accounts from the manufacturing districts are, if possible, more gloomy than ever.

The penny postage system is working remarkably well. The weekly average of letters that pass through London having increased from 36,000 to 170,000.

FATAL RESULTS OF TIGHT-LACING.—The higher mortality of English women by consumption may be ascribed partly to the indoor life which they lead and partly to the compression, preventing the expansion of the chest, by costume. In both they are deprived

of free draughts of vital air, and the altered blood deposits tuberculous matter with a fatal, unnatural facility. *Thirty-one thousand and ninety* English women died in one year of this incurable malady. Will not this impressive fact induce persons of rank and influence to set their country women right in the article of dress, and lead them to abandon a practice which disfigures the body, strangles the chest, produces nervous or other disorders, and has an unquestionable tendency to implant an incurable hectic malady in the frame? Girls have no more need of artificial bones and bandages than boys.—*Second Report of the Registrar General*.

Thomas Richardson, a Quaker of Stanford-hill, and Aytton-house, Yorkshire, has very recently performed an act of munificence. He had, on many occasions, liberally endowed British schools in various places; and has now given £5000 to found an agricultural school.

The President of the United States has vetoed the bill for a new National Bank.

Street preaching is practised to a considerable extent in Baltimore, and several most eminent men engage in it. Fourteen different places were announced in the Baltimore papers of Saturday, where there would be preaching in the street on the Sabbath.—*Evangelist*.

District Councils are about to be established in Canada, of which all the members, with the exception of the warden, are to be elected by the people. A Board of Works has also been appointed by law for carrying on public improvements throughout the province. These two measures are likely to produce important results.

Charles Lyall, Esq. the celebrated geologist and author, has visited America for the purpose, it is said, of making a geological survey of this province.

Sleep is death's younger brother, and so like him that I never dare trust him without my prayers.—*Sir T. Browne*.

## MONIES RECEIVED ON ACCOUNT OF

*Advocate*—A. Duff, Lachine, 3s. 4d; Mr. Baby, Moor, 2s. 6d; R. Holden, Belleville, £2 13s; U. Seymour, Madoc, £3 12s; W. Kingston, Cobourg, £5; Rev. D. Dolie, Huntingdon, 15s; Mr. Clough, Gently, 3s 4d; W. Taylor, Dawn Mills, 10s; C. W. Perkins, London, £2 5s; W. Laugh, Buckingham, 3s 4d; E. Perry, Cobourg, 2s. 6d; P. Christie, Martintown, £2 10s; W. Johnson, Georgina, 5s; W. Brough, Brockville, £3 10s; H. W. Hitchcock, St. Hilaire de Rouville, £1 10s; P. M'Donald, St. Andrews, 5s; W. James, Thorold, £1 10s; H. Brandage, River Trent, £2 15s; A. Russell, Pakenham, 10s; J. M. Korison, Kingston, £3; Sundries, Montreal, £3 8s. 9d.

*Anti-Bacchus*.—Mr. M'Master, Montreal, 5s; W. Holehouse, Quebec, £5 1s. 9d; E. Perry, Cobourg, £3 2s. 6; J. M. Korison, Kingston, £2 10s; Joseph Fraser, 10s; John Brodie, 5s; John Fairbairn, 7s. 6d; R. D. Wadsworth, £2 13s. 9d; James Milne, £2 10s; J. M'Watters, Montreal, £1 18s; Sundries, £1 1s. 3d.

*Donations*.—Rev. F. J. Lundy, Quebec, 8s. 3d; Jos. Fraser, Montreal, £1 5s.

## TEMPERANCE HOUSE,

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