Hopics of the IVI eek.
The "Liberta" declares that a contor ${ }^{2}$ at has been settled upon between Germany and the Vatucan.
We learn that Sweden is again the scene of forsecution. The Baptists and other dissenters fiven the State Church of that country, are nade to suffer for their religious convictions. State estabiabhnetits of religion are not hakely to fuster a liberal spint tuward those without their pale. The orly remedy is to du away with them.

A liberal Calholic preacher has once again made bis appearance in Paris. A monk, Pere Liduu, has been drawing large audiences in the Churuh of St. Philippe du Roule, and has caused quite a sensation. But the Archbishop has interfered, and the Pere has been silenced for the present. Let us hofe that he may speak again.

At a meeting of the Glasgow Free Presbytery recently, the Rev. Mr. Campbell gave notice of a motion, asking for the appointment of a committec to investigate certain views expressed by Professor Candlish in nis opening lecture at the Free Church College. A conference to consider the matter was held in private at the close of the Presbytery meeting.

The Society for Irish Church Missions to Roman Catholics has raised $\$ 3,225,045$ within the last twentysix years for its work in Ireland; has been the means of erecting nineteen churches, thirty-three schoolhouses, and a few parsonages and orphanages; and employs 386 agents. It works largely by controversial methods and distributes its documents profusely.

The first Protestant church building in the $T$ yrol has been opened for worship. It is only within a few years past that the Protestants in that country have en joyed the privilege of forming themsel:es into congregations. It seems as if now better opportunities were before them than they have hitherto known. Sooner or later pratical re'igious liberty will prevail throughout the bounds of the Austrian Empire, and Protestantism need fas: nothing in that event. Give it an open door, and its ultimate success is certain.

A MAN of mark has recently passed away in Bishop Gilbert Haven of the American Methodist Episcopal Church. His Episcopal position was not his only, nor was it his chief claim to honour. Before he had attained to it, he had done good work by means of the pulpit and the press. We imagine that he will be remembered as a reformer, rather than as a church official. He was prominent in the anti-slavery and temperance work of other days. His death, no doubt, was caused by illness which came upon him in the performance of his duty.
We see that the American Board has petitioned the Massachusetus Legislature for authority to hold more property than the law allows it at present. It wants to invest moncy in real estate of the annual value of $\$ 50,0 \infty$, and in personal property of the annual value of $\$ 100,000$. The purpose is to derive a regular income from the property left it by the late Mr. Otis. It will need large sums for its future work for the purpose of the American churches is to en large their foreign missionary operations, and this is no more than right. Standing still is poor policy. "Onwasd!" is the metto for them as for all cles.

Woman's work in the mission field is illustrated by the following extract from a letter of a lady mission-
ary in Central Turkey. "It is astonishing what a fear these old church priests have of us women. As long as we keep out of a place they are on reasonably good terms with the natice preachers and pastors, and even friendly with our missionaries. They have worldly wisdum envagh tu understand that as ang as they can have the cuntrul of the wumen thear " ratit is in nod.anger. Experience has taught thein that tew of the wonen are reathed ty the best of maie teachers, or b) preabhers unacconpaned by femate belpers. The women of those eastern countries wat be reached only by women missionaries.

Dr. E. De Presserise, in "The Christan Wurld, expresses much anxiety on the commg phases of the religious controversy in France. The extremes on buth sides are very batter, and seem to be reads to do all thes can to prutuhe each wher. The Municipal Council of Faris, composed of righd Renublicans, undertook, recently, to suppress its part in the Budget for Public Worship by wathdrawing all the subsidies which it is bound by law tu furmish to the various churches, basing tis action on the ground that it was necessary to strike a blow at the very foundation of religious schools and to suppress superstition and belief in the supernatural. The action was cancelled by the Minister of the interior for allegality.

OUR congregational brethren in New South Wales ; held the annual meetirg of their Union in the Patt street church, Sy dney, in the latter part of October. The retiring Chairman, the Rev. J. Jefferies, LL.B., in reviewing the work of the year spoke of considerable progress. Several new congregations had been gathered and new buldings had been erected; the ministerial force in the colony had been increased; a Lay Preachers' Association of some thirty or forty members had been formed in Sydney. The report of the college shewed that six students were in traming, : and an effort is to be made to raise an endowment fund of $\{10,0 \infty$. The statistics of Congregationalism shew very well. Thereare thirty-six churches in the, cclony with thirty-five preaching stations and thrtysix ministers. The Church Extension Society reported an income of over $£ 600$, and an expenditure of over 6520. Taking all these items together, there certainly is reason for hope of a bright future. The Congregationalists of New South Wales seem to be active and aggressive, and activity and aggressiveness will always tell.

A peitrion signed by Christians of all denominations in Ceylun is about to be sent to the Archbishop of Canterbury, entreating that Bishop Copleston be re-called. This bishop who brought an element of discord, with his arrival in Ceylon, into the missions of the Church Society, has become even more offensive to the native Christians. The : atter have held a conference, and resolved to appeal to the Archbishop of Canterbury for relicf, declaring they will no longer pay allegiance to Bishop Copleston, who seems to be taking measures to make the diocese completely ritualistic. In their appeal the native Christians say : "We beg to remind your Gace that we are inhabstants of a country still to a great extent heathen; that many of us were brought up as worshippers of idols; and that, therefore, the placing in churches of things which appear to be intended as objects of material worship is more offensive to us than it sisht be did we not sec those around us bowing down to wood and stone. We would also inform your Grace that in heathen worship flowers and lights take a prominent place, and that their intimate connection with devil worship renders them, in our view, a most undesirable adjunct to the seivice of the Church."

HOW TO CHEER THE PASTORS.-II. an charles stanford, bid.
Take into account this further consideration. Uur gricalist stu iess dues not come to light within the range if iur carthi'y lifetime. Here is an instance. There "aronce an whicuppic namad Zachary and Elizabeth. Well, I hase reasun to believe iat these worthy perfe weic on une uctabun the instruments of turnang to Ciud three thumanal persons all in one day, yet -he: rever hnew of it. Whe wis the mstrument of con rting Peter? Andrew. Who was the instrument of converting Andrew? John the Baptist? Who cunverted John the Daptist? "He was filled with the Holy Chost from his Lirth," you say. Yes, but the Hul) Spurit is not a mechanic force, but the mighty Paraclete whu works through the truth, and the truch is applied by instrumentalues. Who were the human instrumentalities in this case? Zachary and Elizabeth, the child's father and mother. We are told, and with a purpose, that " they were both righteous before the Lord, walking in all His commandments and ordirarices biancless." Well, of course they would Le spectially tadeful tu renieniber the remarkable ordinance abuat the training of chaldien which they found in the siath Chapter of Deuteronomy. Thas, then, was the clear and lineal sequence of the pentecostal instrumentality. Only the Infinite One can tell the infinite story of consequences. The three thousand converts were three thousand centres of converting poner, starting afresh from those centres, the influence has been straking out and going on through checks, intersections, and interrupuons, ever since; it is going on iv-day, is golng on here, wall be going on unthl it shall reach the widest extent of local diffustun and the last syllable of time; yet all shis began in the conversion of "only one."
Earnestness is a senstive thing. It is all one to a stone whether you throw it up or down, but a man with a passiun for souls is not like a stone. Tell your minister when has heart is low, that he is a successful man, fur that sure as he speaks the word of God and sure as he cummuts it to His blessing, that word "will not return unto Him void, but will prosper in. the thing for which He has sent it."
To cheer the pastors, let every man mind his own business. Every man in the church has his own church business; let him find out what it is, then fill his own particular office, do his own particular work, and exercise his own particular gift, even if that office, or work, or gift, should shew no particular effect all at once, or have no mmediate relation to the great enterprise of saving souls. Different gifts of the Spirit are wanted to assist the life that is already saved from penalty, by carrying on its sanctification, or its enlightenment, or its comfort, or its power of usefulness. "There are duversties of gifts." Look at the difference between John Foster and William Grimshaw, his spiritual grandfather, to whom allusion has just been made. Both were members of the true church, and each had his own post of service in it, but how different! Bishop Butler could not have set up the first Sunday school. Robert Raikes could not have written the "Analogy." Jeremy Taylor could not have given us "The Pilgrim's Progress," nor John Bunyan "The Golden Grove." Let every one be himself, and act "according to his measure of the gift of Christ."
There is yct another way of checring the pastors. If you have derived hencfit from their misistrations, cheer thens by letting thenn knore. When Edward Payson died, his people came one by one into a certain solemn chamber out of which silence seemed to flow and fill the house. They lifted a covering, and saw his face fixed in its last look of delicacy, of en-

