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"ONE IS YOUR MASTER, EVEN CHRIST, AND AILL YE ARE BRETHREN."

## THE CANADIAN INDEPENDENT.

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## EDITORIAI, DEPARTMENT

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 each Church. Adsernsung sates sent on application.

The religious newspaners of Chicagn, without exception, oppose the anti-Chinese movement.

A VERY good book is the "Englist: Reformation how is came about and how we should uphold 1 ," by Dr. Cunningham Geikie, once connected whth our Canadian Congregationalism.

The Rev. H. D. Dowis is announced to deliver a lectare in Zion church, Toronto, on Monday evening next, at 8 o'clock. Subject: "John Bunyan." It is to be hoped that there will be a large attendance.

Bismarck's attempt to gag free utterance in the German Reichstag has not been followed with any gratifying success. His Parliamentary D.scipline Boll has aroused bitter opposition, and is likely to be set aside.

President Hayes has vetoed the Chinese Bill, and Congress has failed to pass it over his veto. The President objected to it simply on legal grounds. His contention is that Congress has no right to abrogate or modify a treaty.
"Agriculturiai Depression" is a question that has been attracting some attention in England of late. It is affirmed that during the last ten years the farmers of England have suffered severely from unfavour able climatic condations and other causes. The farming industiry of the country has scriously lost ground in that period.

SONE Methodist laymen of Brooklyn, N.Y., demand the repeal of the limitations of the pastorate. They talk of petitioning the General Conference, which meets next year, on the subject. There is no doubt that sooner or later their end will be gamed. The feeling is strong both with laymen and ministers in fsvour of making pastoral settements for indefinte periods.
J. Baldwin Brown delivered a discourse in Brixton Independent church, on the 16th uit., on "The recent policy and tendency of the Congregational Union," and on the 23rd he followed with another, on "The future of Independency." In the former he takes strong grounds against officialism, centralization, government by committees, and so on. He does not want to see a "Congregational Church of England."

The batle is over in the Episcopal Diocese of Toronto. The candidates who were first produced, Provost Whitater on the one side, and Dr. Stillivan on the other, were withdrawn, and Archdeacon Sweatman of the diocese of Huron, reccived the votés of nearly all the clergy and lay delegates. The
bishop-elect is described as a moderate man, one! of the Church of Scotland is ripe for immednate pracwho has not in the past idenufied himself with any tical action; that, therefore, the chairman be requested party in the Church.

Leo Xill. declares his desire to reconcile princes and people to the Church; says he is ready to extend his hand to all who repent and cease their persecutions, but announces his unflinching attention always to combat, in the defence of the rights and independence of the Church, those who war against her. In plain English, his meaning is, that he will stand up for all the ancient pretensions of the Church, or, at least, as many of them as he can wisely and safely adhere to.

The American Congregationalists have-for the first tume, we believe - pubhshed a " Year- Book."' Up to this date, the now defunct "Congregational Quarterls," had answered the purpose for which the new publication is started. We think that this is a wise departure. The colume is well and thoroughly edited. It must be so, seeing that Drs. Quint and Dexter of Massachuselts and Moore of Connecucut, have charge of it. The Congregational Publishing Society, Bos. ton, brings it out.

Dr. E. de Prassence, the - ninent French Protestant preacher, withal a member of the House of Deputies, speaks highly of the newly-elected President of the Republic. He writes of M. Greve's wisdom and moderation, and concludes with the follow. ing sentences :-" He is in his religious views a man of harge toleration. Of this I have myself had personal proof. One of the pleasantest memones of my parliamentary career is the cordial assent kindly given by him to a speech of mine, in which I advocated, on the broadest grounds, entire religious hiberty.

The report of the hospital for sick children for the car 1878 shows that fifty-three in-door patients were under treatment during the whole or some part of the yeat; and that 184 out-door patients recewed more or less attention during the same peliod. This is a most uscful institution. It owes its existence and its condinued usefulness to the excrions of a few charitable ladies in the city; and with the exception of the city grant of $\$ 250$ per annum, it is entirely dependent on voluntary contributions sent in wihout solicitation. The Secretary is Mrs. Samucl MeMaster 537 Church strect, Toronto.

One-malif of New York city live in tenement houses. The moral and physical filth of these bomes beggars deseription. Men and women fierd together like animals. In one room, sixteen fect square, were found four families, the only partition being a chalk line on the floor. In one six-story building, were found ninety-two persons, in another 181. The average population in some blocks is 750 persons in the acre. The little ones suffer most. It has been estitimated that ninety per cent. of the children born in these houses die before reaching youth ; and that onehalf of the deaths in the eity are children under five years of age. This massacre of the infants out-herods Herod. The New York pulpits have "turned en the light" on these hot-beds of ci :me and disease. Practical measures are being taken for their betterment.

In view of the approaching elections in Great Britain, a large and influential meeting of Noncontormist ministers from all parts of England was recently held at Leeds, when the following resolution was unanimously passed: "That, in the opinior of this Conference, the question of the disestablishment
to convey to Earl Granville and the Marqus of Hartington, as the Liberal leaders in the two Houses of Parliament, the opinion of this Conference that this question ought to be included in the programme of the Leberal party, and that its inclusion would prove advantageous by promoting united action at the next general election."

Think of it: Thurlow Weed and Jonquin Miller are nut in opposition to the antr-Chuese Bill, which recently passed both Houses of the Anerican Congress. And two thousand Christians--lleaven save the mark!-assembled in one of the l3aptist churches of San Franciseo gave their voice in its favour, and telegraphed their decision to President Hayes. To say nothong of humanity, have these Christians, as they call themselves, no sense of equity or honour? The Unted States cannot shut out the Chinaman without disregarding solen,n treaty oblygations. But Cloristian statesmanship must seem a very curious sort of thing to these payrims. They have had enough of it, we should think, by this time. After all the best thing for China in view of its experiences with Occidental Christians, is 10 go back to uts old pohcy of exclusion.

IN the "English H.dependent" is the following paragraph, from the pen of Rev. Eustace R. Conder, on "The condition of Congregationalism in England:" Congregationalism is based upon the fact that a Christian church is a religious brotherhood of spmentu-ally-minded persons, ruled by the Word of Christ, and led by the Spirit of Christ. Consequently, if the members of a church are not spiritual, but worldlyif they are slothful and prayerless, or self-seeking, conceited, and quarrelsome-such a church not merely cannot prosper, it ought not. . . . As far as I am able to judge, there was never more real Christian life among our churches than to-day: At the same time, it would be blindness not to see that we are passing through a time of great peril and trial, especially for our young people, in which we shall find safety and stability only where the apostolic churches found them, in the Word of God and prayer.

ARTHUR MURSEll, in a recent letter to the "Christian World," of London, speaks very severely of the strictness and bitterness of sectarianism on this side of the Atlantic. He is specially hard on the exclusiveness of the Baptist brethren. He writes :-" Why, sir, they dare not let me revisit Philadelphia because of what I have said on the communion question in these sketches which I have remitted to your paper. 1 was to have spent my last two nights in America, lecturing for two English friends, one of them a fellowstudent with myself, and the other an alumnus of the same old college. But, even though they had pnoted tickets and advertisements, and all the rest of it, they wrote to entreat for the canceling of the visit, because they could not appear as my friends after what I had writes in the 'Christian World.' Because I had protested against the chaining of a rabid, snarling Cerberus to the leg of the table of the Lord, to snap at every one who accepts His free invitation to the feast, the ministers deputed from our own colleges, where they had drank in liberty of communion as an axiom of Christian life, were afraid to endorse the Christ-like heresy, or to be seen in fraternity with the heretic." If a few others of our English Baptist leaders were to come out in that fashion, it is possible the cis-Atlantic Baptist narrowness may receive a shake from which it cannot recover.

