

NEW BRUNSWICK.
HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

FRIDAY, April 13th, 1854.
Yesterday the House went into Committee on Supply in the morning, and passed several grants, chiefly recommended by the Select Committee on Courts and Petitions. The debate was uninteresting.

At half past 1 o'clock Mr. Earle moved the Orange Bill in Committee, pursuant to the order for the day. Mr. Barbier immediately rose, and said a debate upon this bill could not only lead to angry altercation, which must necessarily go abroad and cause much harm; he therefore deprecated a discussion, and hoped a silent vote would be taken.

Mr. Earle replied that he was quite satisfied the question should be put without discussion, but he had no authority to constrain others.

The bill having been committed and read (Mr. Cutler in the Chair) Mr. Earle spoke very briefly in support of it, saying it was merely to give them the power to hold property. It is resuming his seat—evidently annoyed by the feeling generally prevailing throughout the House that there should be no discussion should be strictly confined to the question of right or wrong, or expediency, without going into the history of the institution, or the causes which led to its organization and perpetuation—when I say, Mr. Earle avoided these topics. He was called to his feet again, by Mr. Barbier, who demanded the reasons why there should be a Society of Orangemen at all, and why they should be continued by the House.

Mr. Earle's reply was as calm and unassuming as his opening remarks, and he was followed by Messrs. English and Wilnot, in very brief and very carefully worded speeches, in support of the Bill. Up to this time not one word had been spoken calculated to hurt the feelings of any one, or to provoke angry discussion. Mr. Barbier then rose, and for getting that he deprecated discussion, spoke for more than an hour, quoting from the Edinburgh Review, and other works—precisely the same passages read by Mr. Brown in 1849. He then went on to denounce the Orange organization as having been the cause of all the murders, and strife that had taken place in Ireland since the year 1795, and alleged that their advent in this country was a curse to it; with much more of the same kind.

Mr. Needham retorted upon Mr. Barbier in a speech of considerable length, and of great severity. He showed that the first Orange Society was formed in Londonderry, when the Pretence Boys shut the gates, and hung up the flag of "No Surrender," he then gave a sketch of the history of the Society, and the struggles they have had from time to time with their opponents, contending that they were never the aggressors. He met the objection made by Roman Catholics that the Orange Society was a secret Society by asserting that the Roman Catholic Church was supported by secret societies, viz: the several orders of monks and nuns, and yet the Roman Catholic Bishop in this Province was incorporated. He then read the Declaration of the Orange Society, and commented on it, showing that the Orangemen were not the vile rascals and murderers described by Mr. Barbier.

The Speaker then deprecated the wide range the debate was taking, and took Mr. Needham to task for having held up the Roman Catholic religion to ridicule. This Mr. Needham emphatically denied.

Mr. Boyd followed in a brief and conciliatory speech. Mr. Johnson then took the floor, and delivered himself of a long and exceedingly bitter speech; it was an exact counterpart of the speech delivered by the present Judge Wilnot in 1849. He represented the Orangemen as being the most wicked and bloodthirsty scoundrels that ever disgraced any country in any age. It being then six o'clock, the Committee reported progress.

This morning the House again went into Committee on Supply, and passed a number of school and other grants. At half past one the Orange Bill was again committed, when several members deprecating the course the debate took yesterday, and the angry feelings that must necessarily be aroused if that course was again pursued, expressed a hope that the question would be taken at once. Mr. Earle replied that he was willing, if it was agreed to by all hands. Mr. Gilbert, and Mr. Cunnell both stated that Mr. Johnson's bitter remarks ought to be replied to, and that they were prepared to do so, but would forego the occasion for the sake of peace. Messrs. Wilnot, Boisford, Smith, Harding, Street, and McPhelin all deprecated further discussion. Mr. Macpherson would not agree to it, and made a short speech, complaining that he had been recently denounced by the Roman Catholic Bishop for the Orange Bill last year, and the Roman Catholics were instructed not to vote for him. When the question was then thrown down there could be but two parties, and being compelled to make his selection, he would support the bill again. Mr. Harding next made a brief speech in favour of the bill. Mr. Smith then rose and commenced speaking, stating his intention of going into the matter thoroughly, when Mr. Earle rose and again stated his willingness to take the question at once. There appearing to be a general disposition to do this, Mr. Harding moved the further postponement of the bill for six months. The question was then put, when the Committee divided as follows:—For the motion—Messrs. Street, Partelow, Montgomery, the Speaker, Smith, Boisford, Harding, Johnson, Kerr, Barbier, Read, Scoullar, Landry, Wilnot, Gordon, Rice, Jordan, McPhelin, Thompson, and Porter—20. Against it—Messrs. Earle, Wilnot, Hayward, English

Stiles, Gahler, Taylor, Macpherson, Pickard, McLeod, Ryan, Purdy, Boyd, Needham, Connell, Gilbert, Earle, Robinson and Hatheway—19.

On the House resuming, they divided on the question of accepting the report, the division being precisely the same with the exception that Mr. Gahler's name will appear in the place of the Speaker's.

All the members were present but Mr. Law, who entered the House a short time afterwards and stated that he had left the House for a short time, not having the slightest idea of the question being put so soon; and when he returned he found the vote had been taken. He desired that his name should appear in opposition to the postponement. The Speaker said it could not be done, as it would make an equal division.

The House then went into Committee on a bill to amend the Supreme and Chancery Courts, passed several sections of it, and then reported progress.

It is said the liquor bill will not be committed again—(New Brunswick).

RAILROAD RETURNS.

We give below an abstract of the Annual Report of the Canals & Baring R. R. made to the Secretary of State, showing the condition of that road Dec. 31, 1853.

Length of Line, 6 miles.	
Weight of Rail 55 lbs.	
Capital paid in,	\$10,000 00
Cost of Road,	217,255 55
Amount of indebtedness about	135,228 00
Due the Corporation,	8,713 70
Number of passengers in 1853, 14,554	
" through	7,230
" way	7,324
Received from passengers	\$1,361 50
" " freight,	25,975 12
" " other sources,	1,000 30
Total receipts in 1853,	\$28,038 12
Number of Depots,	1
" Engine Houses,	1
" Shops,	1
" Engines,	3
" Cars,	188
Number of Stockholders,	53
" who reside in this State,	29
Dividends in 1853, 6 per cent	

PROSPECTS OF THE LUMBER TRADE FOR 1854.

A Kingston correspondent of the Oswego Times & Journal who states that he has long been engaged in the business and derives all his facts either from personal observation or the most reliable authority, estimates the produce of sawed lumber that will be produced this year as follows:—From the north-eastern portions of Michigan, 100,000,000 feet of which he thinks twenty millions of feet will be sent to tide water markets.—Canada West will not produce the average supplies, partly on account of the foolish restrictions the Customs House authorities impose on this trade, partly from the deficiency of snow this winter which prevented the millers from getting in their full supply of logs, and partly from the money advances by the merchants to the lumbermen not having been so liberal as formerly. He thinks that not over 75,000,000 feet will be made from the Canada side of Lake Erie, including the Grand River districts, and the neighborhood of the Welland Canal, and of this only from twenty five to thirty millions will be forwarded to the North River. From the head of Lake Ontario and down the Lake to the head waters of the Bay of Quinte, twenty millions from the Bay of Quinte, twenty to thirty millions from near Kingston ten millions.

This aggregate quantity is very considerably less than that produced last year, and taking into account with this, the increased value of timber lands, the high rates of freight and the prospects of war in Europe, he concludes that the price of lumber for 1854 will be more than maintained.

THE COMING ELECTION.—We learn from a correspondent in Fredericton that there has been much interest in political circles at Head Quarters this session, but that the coming struggle is looked forward to with much anxiety. The elections are expected to come off in the latter part of May or early in June next. It is expected that the contest in York County will be severe. The Hon. Chas. Fisher and Messrs. Taylor, McPherson, Siget, Needham, Beckwith, Hatheway, Pickard and others are named as candidates. We believe it is not certain whether Mr. Fisher will come forward for York, but in the event of his doing so it is probable he will be successful.

There are several candidates named for St. John County, the most prominent of whom is our old and much valued friend Partelow, and from what we can learn of public feeling we are of opinion that he will not have much difficulty in being elected as one of our representatives. Messrs. Wilnot Godard, Gray, Ritchie, Simonds, and others of less note, are named also as candidates for the County. Mr. Ritchie's return is looked upon as certain.

In the other Counties our correspondent at Head Quarters thinks there will not be a great struggle.—Courier.

New York, April 10.

A letter from Washington published in the Express states that the British Government have notified the United States that immediately on the commencement of hostilities they will blockade all the Russian ports on the Pacific.

A LARGE FREIGHT.—The ship George

Phobody, of Boston, Capt. John Manson, cleared at New Orleans 30th ult., for Liverpool, with a cargo of 4365 bales of cotton, weighing 3,057,933 pounds. Her freight and prime amount to the large sum of £7900 sterling, being probably the largest freight ever made from that port. From Mobile last year, Capt. Manson, when in the ship Meridian, made a freight to Liverpool of £8490 sterling, being the largest up to that time ever made from America to Great Britain.

LOST TUNNEL.—Thursday morning a chimney sweeper came tumbling heels over head into the street opposite Mr. Musson's drug-store. The cap stones of the chimney toppled over and the man fell, grasping at the ladder which also gave away, but he suffered little injury beyond feeling queer and seeing quite a number of particles like gold dust before his eyes.—(Quebec Gazette.)

THE 71st REGIMENT.—It is credibly rumored that the 71st regiment, will not be recruited from Quebec, as it would appear that the imperial government do not intend to reduce the military force stationed in Canada below its present strength.—(1b)

THE STANDARD.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 19, 1854.

ENGLISH NEWS.—On our first page we have given the telegraph Report of the important news received by the Steamship America, from which it will be seen, that England and France have formally declared war against Russia. Large bodies of troops have left England and France in route for the sea, and in great force, the object being to strike a decisive blow before the arrival of the Anglo-French force. An unprecedented rise in breadstuffs had taken place—withstanding the large supplies of Flour and Grain, in Britain and the Continent.

THE COURT.—In advertising the sitting of the Courts, we inadvertently inserted, the "18th of April," instead of the 25th, for the meeting of the Circuit Court, an error which we now correct. We are also authorized by the High Sheriff to state, for the information of all concerned, that the Judge will open the Court on Tuesday-afternoon, after the arrival of the Steamboat, at which time, the causes for trial must be entered; but that the attendance of Jurymen will not be required until 10 o'clock on Wednesday morning, the 26th April.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—We have received a communication from one who styles himself "a friend to the Province"—but do not believe any good would result from its publication,—as it contained a statement reflecting upon some individuals which require confirmation. The proper method to adopt in such cases, is to make a specific charge over his proper signature, and give the parties an opportunity of admitting, explaining, or denying it.

"OBSERVER" RECEIVED.—As we could not find room for the whole letter in our present number, we prefer giving it entire in our next publication.

CONCERT.—We publish the observations of our correspondent, upon the Concert given by the Quartette Club, on Monday evening last, in preference to any remarks of our own.

MR. EDITOR.—Having been present at the Concert given on Monday Evening last, by the St. Andrews Quartette Club, I beg a brief space in your columns, to express my unqualified admiration of their performance on this, their first appearance as a club, before an audience capable of appreciating Musical talent.

Although they are very young men, being with one exception under twenty-one years of age; and altogether self instructed, their skill and taste, in my humble opinion would reflect credit on more practised performers. I regret to be compelled to state, that the only drawback to the evening's entertainment, was the conduct of several grown up lads (probably self-styled men) who occupied the back seats, which to say the least, was in very bad taste, and in striking contrast to that of their youthful entertainers; they appeared to overlook the fact that in their aim to annoy one individual, they disturbed the whole audience. I trust the "Quartette Club," will at some future time, favor the public with another entertainment.

Yours, MUSA

THE ANGLO-AMERICAN.—The April number of this popular Magazine, published by MacLear & Co., Toronto, has been received. Besides its usual variety of entertaining and instructive matter, it contains a neat lithographed Map of the Seat of War, Russia & Turkey—a Paris Fashion Plate for the month, and a view of Barre, Canada West.—The

present number is worth the whole annual subscription \$3.

European Intelligence.

FOUR DAYS LATER.

The Steamship Arctic, arrived at New York on the 16th. The Russians have gained important advantages over the Turks. Hirssea has been captured, with several other strong points. Turkish force of 60,000 men concentrating to stop the Russian advance.

Admiral Napier with 22 ships anchored off Moon Isle.

Fifteen Packet Ships were fitting out at Liverpool for conveyance of troops.

The vote on the Address in the Queen was unanimous in both Houses of Parliament.

Wheat advanced 2 1/2. Flour 6 1/2, since 31st March. Consols closed on the 4th at 86 1/2 to 86 3/4.

We learn from the Fredericton Reporter, that the new Bill for prohibiting the sale of intoxicating Liquors, was debated at length, in the Assembly during last week, and will be rejected.

Since writing the above we learn, that the Bill was lost, and a Bill re-enacting the old License Law was introduced by Mr. Williams and will pass.

CANDIDATES.—Requisitions are in course of signature, calling upon the hon. James Brown, to allow himself to be nominated as a Candidate to represent this County in the next General Assembly. We also learn from good authority, that Geo. J. Thomson Esq., will be a Candidate at the next election.

We intend publishing the names of the Candidates, as we receive them, upon good authority.

From a Report of the Post Master General we take the following:—

Postmaster of Campo-Bello.—This Office is paid above the calculated rate; but I do not think any Postmaster should receive less than £10 per annum; I cannot however recommend any increase.

Postmaster of Milltown.—I would recommend that the salary of this Officer be raised to £20.

Recommendation of Clerk for Saint Andrews Office.—I beg to recommend that a sum of £50 be allowed for assistance at this Office. The general increase of duties is more than ordinarily felt at this office where there is a large forward duty with the United States; all letters to and from which country have to be stamped twice over.

THE NORTH SHORE RAILROAD.

FROM QUEBEC TO MONTREAL.

We learn from the Quebec Morning Chronicle that there were 26 tenders sent in for the construction of the North Shore Railroad, many of which were excellent, but a Mr. Baby's was so advantageous in all respects that it received the numerous vote of the Directors. The following embraces the offers of Mr. Baby:—

The Road to be completed within three years, from Quebec to Montreal, with rolling stock, nearly double that mentioned in the Engineer's report; depots at intermediate stations, wharves and depots at Quebec; telegraph line with stations; right of way, and the purchase of ground for stopping places and stations; interest on the bonds of the Municipality and on those of the Company; also stock paid in, expenses past and future, and the Company for its services of Engineers & Board of Directors, the whole for the sum of £5000 currency per mile. 500 men to be at work on the road one month after the passing of the Contract; 1000 within three months, and 2500 within four months. The work to commence simultaneously at Quebec, Portneuf, and Three Rivers, proceeding from Quebec towards Portneuf, from Portneuf towards Quebec, from Portneuf towards Three Rivers, and from Three Rivers towards Portneuf and Berthier. The Contractor asks no advances, and is to be paid at every £30 000 work done, and as security leaves 5 per cent drawback.

MARRIAGES.

On the 6th inst. by the Rev. Geo. F. Miles, Mr. George McFarlan to Miss Kate McFarlan, only daughter of Capt. D. McFarlan both of St. Patrick.

DEATHS.

On the 22d ult. at Argenteau near Kirkcubright, Galloway, N. Britain, ROBERT KER, Esq., in the 82nd year of his age. Mr. Ker emigrated from Liverpool, England, in the year 1788 for the Island of Grenada, W. I., and for upwards of 40 years carried on an extensive business, in the Islands of Grenada and Tobago. The deceased was brother to Wm. Ker Esq., of this Town.

On Sunday last, after a brief illness, which he bore with Christian resignation, Mr. JAMES TURS, in the 77th year of his age, for many years a resident of this Town, where he has left a numerous circle of relatives and friends to mourn their loss. His remains were interred this day with masonic honours.

SHIPPING JOURNAL.

CLEARED AT ST. GEORGE.

April 9.—Schr. Julia, Meating, Boston.—Knees, H. E. Seelye & Co.

11.—Schr. Utica, Meloney & Boston, Hackmatake Knees, H. E. Seelye & Co. Schr. Ori, Anderson Boston.

Charlotte County Bank, 15th April, 1854.

A DIVIDEND of THREE PER CENT on the Capital Stock, for the half year ending 3d April, 1854, will be paid to the Stockholders, on or after the 15th day of May next.

By order of the Board, C. W. WARDLAW, Cashier.

AUCTION.

THE Subscriber will sell by Auction, on WEDNESDAY the 26th inst., at 11 A. M. on the premises: The House and Lot, now occupied by Mrs. Dougherty, adjoining the premises of Jas. McGarry.

Also immediately after—

- 1 Superior hair cloth (cov'd) Sofa (nearly new),
- 1 Mahogany Pembroke Table,
- 2 Bedsteads,
- 6 Mahogany stuffed chairs, and rocking chair to match,
- 6 Cane bottomed chairs, and rocking chair,
- 2 Stoves, CARPETS,
- and a quantity of other Household Furniture.

For further particulars, enquire of Mrs. Dougherty on the premises or

ROBERT KER, Auctioneer.

Saint Andrews, April 15, 1854.

Charlotte County Bank, 30 April, 1854.

THE Annual General Meeting of the stockholders of this Bank for the choice of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Bank on Monday, the first day of May next.

H. HATCH, President.

ROOM PAPER.

FOR Sale by the Subscriber 700 rolls of PAPER HANGINGS, just received by Steamer Eastern City from Boston.

Also, a complete set Harpers Family Library, 138 volumes.

ROBERT KER, April 11, 1854.

SEEDS! SEEDS!

Field and Garden Seeds.

Warranted Fresh and True to their Kinds.

THE subscribers are now receiving ex Ship Middleton, from Liverpool, a large assortment of Seeds, comprising—TURNIPS—Early Lothian, purple top Swedish, Shaving's improved Swedish, Aberdeen yellow, white globe, early white Dutch, yellow Malta, early white stone, Robertson's golden stone, CARROTS—Early horn, long orange, large Altringham, white Belgium, CABBAGES—Early and large York, flat Dutch, red pickling, drumhead, and Batter sea.

300 Bushels Hopetoun and potato OATS, Red and White Sugar BEET, Long red Mangold Wurzel; yellow globe Mangold Wurzel; large Cow Grass and white Clover Seeds;

Tares; Lettuce Seeds; Onion Seeds; Pot Herbs; long and short Pickley Cucumbers; Salmon Radish; Celery Seeds; Parsley; Pumpkin; Spinnage; Parsnip; garden Peas and Beans, and field horse Beans.

FLOWER SEEDS OF CHOICE

VARIETIES.

From Boston—20 Tierces fresh CLOVER SEED.

From Harvey Settlement—300 Bushels superior Timothy SEED.

To arrive per John Baber—5 Tons Peruvian GUANO.

For Sale wholesale and retail by

JARDINE & CO.

Always kept on hand—a large assortment of Agricultural Implements.

St. John, April 8.

WANTED.

A BLACKSMITH to work in a Sawmill & Wagon factory, constant employment will be given Winter and Summer, for 2 or 3 years if required.

A large number of waggons on Hand for sale at low descriptions, Horse CARTS, Wheelbarrows, &c. &c.

EDWARD STENTIFORD.

St. Andrews, April 8, 1854.

NOTICE.

MISS GILLEY a First Class Licensed Teacher, respectfully informs the Inhabitants of St. Andrews, that she has opened a School, in the house adjoining Dincock & Wilson's store. Miss Gilley takes a strict attention to the improvement of Pupils, to merit a share of public patronage.

St. Andrews, March 29, 1854.

HOUSE FOR SALE,

BY AUCTION.

ON Saturday next the 22nd day of April next will be sold by Auction—the House and premises in Water St. at present occupied by Mr. John Fitzgerald—nearly opposite the Railroad Hotel.

J. W. STREET.

March 28, 1854.