

The Weekly British Colonist and Chronicle.

Saturday, May 9, 1868

English and Continental Summary.

Our mail dates are to March 21st. The English papers are making merry at the expense of the Times, which journal actually received later news from the Abyssinian war through the columns of the New York Herald than its own correspondent, accompanying the expedition supplied it. The Spectator says: "If old John Walter were alive what would he say? Here is the Times, which for half a century has beaten every journal in Europe in energy and enterprise, actually publishing the latest news of a British expedition per favor of a London correspondent of the New York Herald. According to a message received by that gentleman on Wednesday, and apparently ten days later than the latest official intelligence, Sir Robert Napier reached Antalo on February 15th, was to meet the "Prince" of Tigre on the 20th, and was then to press on to Magdalla, 15 marches off. The telegram is a little confused, but the statement that Sir R. Napier has reached Antalo is confirmed by a subsequent telegram from the Times' own agent. A report is current in Continental capitals that Prince Charles of Hohenzollern, Hospodar of the Principality, intends to declare himself shortly King of Roumania and independent of the Porte. Support for this policy has been sought at St. Petersburg and Berlin; but Count von Bismarck is not specially anxious to see the mouths of the Danube in Russian hands, and the Czar Alexander bides his time, dreading lest France, England and Austria should once more combine to prevent Turkey. This is the rumor, repeated with improbable details—such as that England intends to interfere actively—from many quarters, and, of course, it may be true. Russia is always at war with Turkey, more or less, and Roumanians are always more or less intriguing; but we incline to think the explosion is not yet. War with Russia just now would suit the Emperor Napoleon, and, consequently, Russia will await an opportunity when it will not suit him. The Pope has presented the Golden Rose, "the mystic rose bedewed with balm and musk, typifying the sweet odors which should exhale from the good deeds of all us," to Queen Isabella of Spain. It was presented to her on the 8th of March as "evidence of the earnest love we bear thee, as much for thy signal services towards this Apostolic See as for the high virtues by which thou shinest among women." Lord Derby's valet has committed suicide by cutting his throat, in consequence of an unrequited affection for one of the noble Earl's female domestics. A large meeting of London grocers was held lately at the Hanover Square Rooms, to form an association for the protection of the trade. Several speakers were very bitter against the Civil servants for setting the co-operative movement on foot; but the chairman, Mr. Newsom, thought the private dealers could hold their own. Their expenses of management, delivery and so on were only 8 1/2 per cent., while those of the Stores were 10 or 12 per cent., and he thought with fair prices they had nothing to fear from competition. Mr. Calvert, late Her Majesty's Consul at the Dardanelles, was, on the 21st of February, convicted at the Supreme Court, Constantinople, on the charge of conspiracy and attempting to defraud the underwriters at Lloyd's of a certain amount of insurances, £12,000, effected by him on a certain ship named Poision, laden with oil, which had loaded in Turkish waters for the United Kingdom, and which he falsely alleged was destroyed by fire off the Island of Lemnos. The Court found the prisoner guilty, and he was sentenced to two years' penal servitude. The prosecution in the first instance was undertaken by Lloyd's Salvage Association, but the proceedings at the trial were conducted by counsel by the order of the Foreign Office. Lord Byron, a cousin of Lord Byron, the poet, and who came to his title when that poet died, himself departed this life on the 2nd inst. He was the son of Capt. George Anson Byron, R. N., second son of William, fourth Lord Byron, by Henrietta, daughter of Mr. Robert Dallas, of Dallas Castle, Jamaica. A vacancy has just occurred in the representation of Huddersfield. Mr. T. P. Crosland, M. P. for that borough, died at his residence, Gledholt, near that town, on Sunday afternoon. He had for some time been in a declining state of health. He was 52 years of age. There are already rumors as to the aspirants to fill his place. Mr. Latham, who was unsuccessful at the last election, is spoken of, as well as

Mr Somerset Beaumont. Lord Brougham is engaged on his memoirs. He has been assisted by a Dr Chauvin, who has read and arranged 30,000 letters for the ex-chancellor. The Prussian Government has proposed to the Zollverein Council to abolish the duty upon various articles of secondary importance in the tariff, and raise that upon tobacco instead. Raw tobacco is to pay 50 per cent., and cigars 25 per cent, more than at present, the excise on home produce to be raised in about the same proportion. It is calculated that the Zollverein proceeds on tobacco which in 1866 amounted to 2,800,000 thalers, if the consumption remains the same, will be increased by the new tax by about 2,000,000 thalers. Deducting from this the expense incurred in collecting the tax, and the share of the southern States, the addition to the revenue of the Northern Confederacy will amount to 1,275,000 thalers only. Another very eminent lawyer, Lord Wensleydale, better known perhaps as Mr. Baron Parke, expired at his residence, Park street, Grosvenor square, at a late hour on March 10th, in his 86th year. A horrid murder, or rather a series of them, was committed at Todmorden, by a weaver of checks, named Miles Weatherhill. Weatherhill had been paying his addresses to a servant maid at the Parsonage (the Rev. Dr Plow's) and in consequence of his visits the girl had been discharged. On Saturday and Sunday, Weatherhill went on a visit to her. On Monday he resolved on taking vengeance upon her late master and mistress, and upon the housemaid, who was supposed to have told of his visits. At half past ten o'clock at night, Mr Plow preparing to retire heard a noise at the back door. He went out by the hall door to the back of the house, where he saw Weatherhill, who snapped a pistol at him, but it missed fire. He then attacked Mr Plow with a hatchet. The noise alarmed the servants, and they seized Weatherhill by the hair and clothes. Mr Plow escaped by the front hall door, but received two wounds at the back and another at the top of the head, several cuts on the forehead and had one ear torn and other wounds. The housemaid sought shelter in the dining room, and kept Weatherhill at bay by placing her back against the door. He, however, managed to get his arm through, shooting her dead. He went into the kitchen, got a poker, and going up stairs to a room in which Mrs Plow was lying and where she had recently given birth to a child, he forced his way past the nurse, and stripping down the bed clothes, fired at Mrs Plow. He then attacked her with a poker, inflicting severe scalp wounds, breaking her nose, and otherwise injuring her. Whilst in the act, his arm was arrested by the parish clerk and two other gentlemen. By these he was removed and given over to the police. He was armed with three pistols and a hatchet when he went to the house. He behaved with remarkable coolness when in custody, remarking, "I have done it—I meant to do it and am only sorry the pistol (that aimed at Mr Plow) did not go off better." The lobby of the house was marked with blood like a slaughter house. Mr Plow and the infant subsequently died, and Weatherhill has been convicted of wilful murder and sentenced to death.

THE MAIL SUBSIDY.—The arrival of the G's Wright yesterday affords Government an opportunity of putting itself in communication with her owners, and ascertaining the lowest figure which they will accept for placing their boat in the direct trade between this port and San Francisco, making, say, two trips per month. We hear the Wright will accommodate 30 cabin passengers, and carry 170 tons of freight. If anything is to be done to win back the traffic with California we once enjoyed, now is the time to do it. By paying a moderate subsidy to an opposition boat we shall secure low fares and freights. By subsidizing the old line, we will assist to crush out all competition and render ourselves liable to a continuance of the charges which now bear so heavily upon us.

ARRIVAL FROM PORTLAND.—The steamship George S Wright, Capt Langdon, arrived from Portland yesterday afternoon, having sailed from Portland at 6 o'clock on Saturday evening. She brings a few passengers, 90 tons of freight and two head of beef cattle. The Wright will sail to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock for Portland. Persons taking passage by her will connect at Astoria with the Continental, bound for San Francisco.
IN OUR NOTICE of the fire we neglected to state that the flames were discovered by Mr McGee, night watchman, who worked incessantly in saving property. While the engines were being worked the firemen were treated to a bountiful supply of refreshments by Mr G C Wigham and Mr A W Piper, whose liberality is deserving of high praise.
THREATENING.—The Indians on Queen Charlotte Island have been abusive and threatening to coal miners there, and fears are entertained of an attack upon the few white men who are left. A gunboat might with propriety visit the locality occasionally.
POLICE COURT.—The dook was filled yesterday with drunks and Indian whisky sellers, who were all disposed of with fines. There seems to have been a general observance of the May festival at the lower end of the town.
MISSING MAIL BAGS.—It is now known that at least two mail bags, due at Victoria a fortnight ago, are missing. Letters posted at London two months since for business firms here failed to reach their destination.
A PRIVATE letter states that the road between Soda Creek and the Junction is in a bad state and that many bridges require immediate repair.
CIRCUS.—The many friends of Mr Bartholomew will be glad to learn he has again got actively to work and is amusing the good people of Portland with his excellent circus.
AN INDIAN at New Westminster, convicted of robbing and firing Eickhoff's store was yesterday sentenced to hard labor for four years.
A SAILOR was stabbed in the neck at Burrard Inlet on Sunday night by another sailor who was drunk. The wound is severe.
THE H B Co's steamer Otter will sail for the North to-morrow morning.
Vice Chancellor's Court. (Before Vice Chancellor Sir W. P. Wood.) London, Feb'y 26, 1868.
Macarivish vs. The Hudson Bay Company. This was a suit by the plaintiffs on behalf of themselves and the other Chief Factors and Chief Traders of the Hudson Bay Co., claiming to have the advantage of a rise in the value of the Hudson Bay house in Fenchurch street. Under the provisions of a deed poll dated in June, 1864, the Chief Factors and Chief Traders who are the officers having the control of the company's affairs in the Hudson Bay territory, in North America, are entitled to a certain share in the annual gains and profits of the company, and for the purpose of estimating these gains and profits in each year, there was to be placed on the debit side of each annual account the value of the Hudson Bay house in London two years back, with interest on such value at 5 per cent for two years, and on the credit side of such amount the value of the Hudson Bay house one year back, with interest at 5 per cent for one year. From 1834 to 1865 there had been placed on both sides of the annual accounts a fixed sum of £18 872 5s 4d as the value of the Hudson Bay house. The company being about to sell their old house in Fenchurch street and remove to Lime street, the attention of the plaintiff was called to the increase in the present value of the old house over its value in 1834, and they filed this bill to have the old amounts rectified, and the future amounts taken upon the principle provided by the deed poll.
Mr Giffard, Q C, and Mr Harlow Smith, were for the plaintiffs; Mr Druce, Q C, Mr Montague Bore, of the Common Law Bar, and Mr Thurston Holland for the Company. The Vice Chancellor said it was shown by the admissions of the Company that there had been a gradual rise in the value of the house, and that it was worth £36,000 more in 1865 than it had been in 1834. But from 1834 to 1860 there had been no very material increase in its value, the chief rise having taken place between 1860 and 1865. Under these circumstances the amounts must be rectified from 1860, and in the accounts for that and the five following years a gradual increase of £6000 in the value of the house, in each year, must be entered in the amounts which were to be taken under the provisions of the deed poll.

THE LEADING PERFUME OF THE AGE! From Fresh Colled Flowers, MURRAY & LANMAN'S Florida Water. This exquisite Perfume is prepared direct from Blooming Tropical Flowers, of surpassing fragrance. Its aroma is almost inexhaustible; while its influence on the SKIN is most refreshing, imparting a Delightful Buoynancy to the overtaxed Body and Mind, particularly when mixed with the water of the Bath For Fainting Fits, Nervousness, Headache, Debility, and Hysteria. It is a sure and speedy relief with the very BEST of Fashion; it has for 25 years maintained its ascendancy over all other perfumes, throughout the West Indies, Cuba, Mexico and Central and South America, and we confidently recommend it as an article which, for the delicacy of flavor, richness of bouquet, and permanency, has no equal. It will also remove from the skin Roughness, Blisters, Sun Burn, Freckles, and Pimples. It is as delicious as the Otto de Roses and lends tenderness and beautiful transparency to the complexion. Dressed with water it makes the best dentifrice, imparting a pearly whiteness to the teeth; it also removes all smarting or pain after shaving. COUNTERFEITS. Beware of Imitations. Look for the name of MURRAY LANMAN on the bottle. Wrapper and ornamental label. Prepared only by LANMAN & KEIM, Wholesale Druggists, 70, 71 & 73 Water Street, New York. AND FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. m18 & w 1y

BRISTOL'S (Vegetable) SUGAR-COATED PILLS! THE GREAT CURE For all the diseases of the LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS, Put up in Glass Phials, warranted KEEP IN ANY CLIMATE. These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SASSAPARILLA, in all cases arising from depraved humours or impure blood. The most hopeless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies, that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to. DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION LIVER COMPLAINTS CONSTIPATION HEADACHE DROPSY PILES. For many years these PILLS have been used in daily practice, always with the best results and it is with the greatest confidence they are recommended to the afflicted. They are composed of the most costly, purest and best vegetable Extracts and Balsams, such as are but seldom used in ordinary medicines, on account of their great cost, and the combination of rare medicinal properties is such that in long standing and difficult diseases where other medicines have completely failed, these extraordinary PILLS, have effected speedy and thorough cures. Only 25 cts per Phial. FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. m18 & w 1y Hostetter, Smith & Dean.

Barnard's Express. Owing to the infrequency and irregularity of Steam Communication between VICTORIA AND SAN FRANCISCO We have made arrangements with WELLS, FARGO & Co., For the transmission of our Letters and Express Packages to San Francisco via Portland, Weekly. A saving of from two to three weeks will thus be made in the Conveyance of Letters to CALIFORNIA, EASTERN STATES, EUROPE AND CANADA. RATES PER WELLS, FARGO & Co. Oregon and Washington Territory per 1/2 cts 25 Cents California..... " " 25 " Eastern States..... " " 37 1/2 " Great Britain..... " " 50 " France and Germany..... " " 62 1/2 " Mexico and Sandwich Islands..... " " 25 " To which our Rates must be added; in all cases Letters must be pre-paid. F. J. BARNARD. INSURANCE AGENCY. MARINE—Pacific Insurance Company, San Francisco. FIRE—Imperial Insurance Company, London. LIFE—City of Glasgow Assurance Company, Glasgow. For Rates of Premium, apply to J. ROBERTSON STEWART, Agent. Wharf street, Victoria, B. C., 1867. m18 & w 1y

Ayer's Cathartic PILLS. Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system unwell, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some of the sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. This is Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the system, and give vigor and energy to the system, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in the trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deepest and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect exists in all. The same vigorous activity, and the same arrangements of the natural functions of the body, they rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the use of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure. Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well-known public persons: From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb 4, DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of vicious sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, the also your Pills afforded her what she had cured her. ASA MORGRIDGE. As a Family Physic. Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any other. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease, and for the removal of the most delicate and dangerous humors. DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you what complaint I have cured with your Pills better than to say all that we ever treat with your Pills. I place great dependence on that effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do, that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly. PLYMOUTH, Pa., May 1, 1855. DR. J. C. AYER, Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst biliousness by your Pills. I place great dependence on that effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do, that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly. ED. W. FREBLE, Clerk of Steamer Clarion. Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints. From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City. Your Pills are admirably adapted to their purpose as a purgative. They produce beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of bilious complaints than any other remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, Washington, D. C. 7th Feb. 1866. Sir: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice for some years, and I can not hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangement of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of bilious disease so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. FRANKLIN J. HARRIS, Physician of the Marine Hospital. Dysentery, Diarrhea, Relax, Worms. From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago. Your Pills have been a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as the best aperients I have ever found. Their alternative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for bilious dysentery, cholera, rheas, Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children. Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood. From Rev. J. Y. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston. Dr. Ayer: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family, and I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever used. I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. Y. HIMES. WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855. DEAR SIR: I am using your Pills in my daily practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and purify the fountain of the blood. G. MERRILL, M. D. Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc. From Dr. J. F. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada. Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of costiveness. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it, for the benefit of the thousands who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe costiveness to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease. From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston. I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the natural secretion when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual in clearing the stomach and expel worms. They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients. From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Episc. Church. PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856. HONORABLE SIR: I should be grateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating neuralgic pains, which ended in chronic rheumatism. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I purchased your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well. SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855. DR. AYER: I have been afflicted with your Pills, of Rheumatic Gout—a painful disease that has afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL. Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which although a valuable remedy in small doses, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever. Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for \$1. Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., Lowell, Mass. MOORE & CO., Corner of Yates and Langley Streets. G. SUTRO & CO., Importers of CIGARS AND TOBACCO. SUMMER CLOTHING.—WM. WILSON, opposite Post-office, is now showing a very Superior Assortment of SUMMER CLOTHING, received direct from England, ex Oridamme.

Hon Walkem moved that the Assay Office be attached to the department to fill up their time. Hon Pemberton moved to move to some other part. (This was attached to hon. Young and the joint resolution.) In the course of debate on hon Young said no fresh debourcured during the past year, considerable liability had been incurred. On the item for Government Hon Stamp wished to be parties and not tendered for much over figure than it Government vessels. He said that Douglas had been engaged. Hon Young said strong had been made to the Exchequer retaining the Douglas on the had only towed one vessel, a consequence of there being to be had, and under circumstances necessary. Hon Pemberton—If the Douglas off the station, whole settlement abandoned. Hon Trutch—The Douglas of a road, which, if the steam ed, must be constructed, so of economy the steamer was tenders for the service, they published and no acceptable sent in. The Douglas is another suitable steamer place her. Hon Spalding—The only for the services were wholly work. If the Douglas were elements that were doing we abandoned. Hon DeCosmos thought plied between Victoria and N would perform the service in addition to the present employ than half the sum expended Douglas. Hon Young did not see how accomplished; at any rate no been made, and ample time to the proprietors to tender. The Committee rose, report asked leave to sit again. Bill to increase duties on time; second reading for Mo The Council then adjourned this evening. EVENING SESSION. Council met at 8 o'clock, Hon G. Spalding, Ham Stamp, Trutch, Pemberton, Cosmos, O'Reilly, Ker, Ball, (presiding.) The House resolved itself of the Whole on Supreme Co old bill having been taken considered discussion the fo being all now comprised in the passed: Clause 6 (formerly) to be Clause 7 Clause 14 Clause 15 The Committee then pass bill. After passing a number of bills (occupying the whole eve mites rose, reported progre leave to sit again. MONDAY, APR. Council met at 1 p. m. Wood, Crease, Trutch, Ham DeCosmos, Robson, Spalding, Cox, Elwyn, Ball, Young (pr of Message No. 12 from His Governor, enclosing correspo subject of specific number of oil, to be allotted to memb couver Island. Her Majesty's State was in accord with the pressed by the Attorney Ge colony, that the act of Union to any particular number for but merely designated the to which the Council would be of Union was accomplished. Hon Heineken gave notice returns of arrears of expendi Hon DeCosmos gave notice that the present was the most for the Union of this Colony. Hon DeCosmos presented a Thomas Spence, an exten bridge over Thompson river. The House then went into Supply. EDUCATION. Hon Wood proposed the fo tion: "That it is the duty of educate the people, and th vote of \$20,000 be put upon t carry out this principle." Th spoke at great length. Th returned his address. He a only member of the Board of Victoria present in the Council to bring the subject of e them. He complained that were opposed to the genera res education, and they ign upon which education had be to be carried out in Vancover then went into the system of used in Vancover Island up of the general duty of the the masses. The Board of E unanimous in their general the principle, not only as a conviction, but in obe unmistakable desire of th He went generally into the education in Vancover Islan how in his judgment it wa apply the principle of local local taxation, to all part Island, especially, in those pl populations were small, with sion of the general principle large being called upon to p as a uniform system in equal alike. He then detailed t penses of the education of 200 and girls in a town like would require at least four three or four school rooms, and books, the cost of these salaries for school teachers, and other necessary expenses, could be less than something like \$4,