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London Monday, June, 2.

"PLUMP for Moses!" is one of the legends displayed on the billboards of Toronto these days. Some of his friends fear that Moses will be so far down on the list on polling day that they may have to plump for him in more ways than one.

DR. COLTER, the Third party candidate in West Lambton, caused hilarious laugh-ter at the late nomination when he dubbed Mr. W. W. Fitzgerald, the eleventh-hour Tory nominee "Macdonald's Coon." His name is William Weir Fitzgerald, says the the Sarnia Observer. After June 5 it will be William Weary.

WHEN Mr. Meredith was driven from Aylmer station to a meeting in that town last week his hack was drawn by two hearse horses. It was the work of a wag, but a correspondent asserts that the Tory leader's friends were indignant because the procession looked as though it had somtehing to do with the Opposition leader's political funeral!

MONTREAL STAR (Conservative): "Onthe world, but, to fully appreciate its worth, ne should live in Ontario and then in Quebec, The development of the educational system of the Province has been one of the chief cares of the Government, and the result is that a man can have his children educated better and cheaper in Ontario at the public schools than anywhere else. It is also a fact that the conduct and morals of the pupils are everywhere excellent. This, too, is the result of a wise system carefully

"No taxation to England without protection from the French," is the motto of the Newfound-landers. in this sign they may conquer.—[Buf-falo Express.

That motto has no point. Newfoundland being a self-governing colony pays no taxation to the motherland, with the exception of the salary of a governor. Nevertheless, it must be conceded that the Imperial Government has been shamefully neglectful of the interests of Newfoundlanders. Canada would be in a nice pickle to-day if Sir John Macdonald's proposition to annex New-foundland had been carried out while the trouble between the Newfoundlanders and

THE CAMP.

that the militia camp for the First District

This order is a breach of the understanding arrived at when the city purchased the

The advocates of that deal, to put money Confederation Act. ments chiefly on the great benefits which the annual camp always held here.

Now, for the second time, Mr. Carling permits the camp to be taken to Stratford, and London loses all the advantages accruing therefrom.

Not because the militia authorities desire the change, for it is no secret that the grounds by far the best for the purpose.

The trouble is that Mr. Carling has no longer any influence with his fellow ministers and Mr. Hesson, the M. P. for North D. A. G., the chief medical officer, and said:

to a

at the famous Mount Brydges meeting that he would drive him from public life Mr. Pardee lived and died, but from that day to this the Opposition leader has not made good his threat. Instead of that, for the purpose of getting a slap at Hon. A. S. Hardy, the successor of the lamented mem er for West Lambton in the administra tion of the Crown Lands Department, the cry now is that the Mowat Government st its only pure man when Mr. Pardee died. As Hon. Mr. Brown was wont to remark, is such criticism not "enough to sicken a horse ?"

THE GOOD NAME OF GRACCHUS A correspondent of the Toronto Mail has been writing to that journal a series of long, untruthful and virulent letters over the good name of Gracchus. If Gracchus could make his sentiments known out of the spirit world the person who steals his name for use in the Mail might find it hard to sleep o' nights for the reproaches of an injured immortal, assuming that the eminent Roman could be influenced by any other consideration than contempt for one who affects his virtues. No one need be surprised that the writer should wish to hide his personality, seeing how sparing he is of the truth and how reckless of the character of men whose sense of honor would not permit them to exchange the time of day with him on the street. For it is understood that the so-called Gracchus of the Mail is none other than Dr. John Herbert Sangster, once head teacher in the Toronto Normal School and deposed for conduct the thought of which should bring the blush to the cheek of the most hardened transgressor against propriety in the land. Dr. Sangste may go on holding Mr. Mowat in contempt, as he says he does, but he should know that his ill opinion of any man is the highest compliment which it is in his power to be-stow. It becomes the miserable Sangster to be quiet for the rest of his spoiled life.

A. ON THE SEPARATE SCHOOL SYSTEM.

The Advertiser has shown that there is no truth in the statement made by gentle men of the Equal Rights Association that the separate school system was foisted upon the people of Upper Canada by the French-Canadian representatives of Lower Canada in the Parliament of the old Union; so that Rev. Dr. Caven was strictly accurate when he said "that all attempts to make party capital out of the separate school question re either ignorant and dishonest, and will be discountenanced by every fair-minded man who knows a little of Canadian history." The Protestant representatives of Upper Canada had the same share in the passage of the Separate School Acts of 1841 and 1850 as the Roman Catholic representatives of Lower Canada, and even the act of 1863 was supported by nearly one-half of the repre-sentatives of this Province in the Legislature at that time. It is therefore unfair and dishonest to seek, as Mr. McCarthy and some others are now doing, to arouse a prejudice against Roman Catholics and French-Canadians by charging them with having imposed the separate school system upon our Province. And the tactics of those gentlemen are not the less disgraceful because it happens that almost all of the Upper Canadian members who voted for the act of 1863 were members of the Tory party—the same party to which Mr. McCarthy still professes to belong. The Reformers had opposed the extension of the separate school system very earnestly, although in vain, and one of the chief reasons which influenced them in ratifying the act of 1863 by the terms of Confederation was the pro-vision of finality on this subject. They accepted Confederation in good faith, and all who have a regard for honorable dealing all who have a regard for honorable dealing in public affairs are content to leave the school question as it was settled by the Confederation Act.

TO PROTESTANT INSTITUTIONS; FOR, IF A TEACHER BELIEVES A GIVEN THING TO BE TRUTH, IT WOULD BE HIS DITTY TO IMPRESS IT ON HIS PUPILS, AND AS I WOULD NOT LIKE in public affairs are content to leave the In this connection it is a matter of inter-

est to see how the question of separate would be derived by the city from having schools was regarded by the leader of the Conservative party twenty years after the system had been introduced, and before the measure "accepted as a settle-ment of the question by the authorities of the Roman Catholic Church" was introduced in Parliament by Mr. Scott. Speaking in this city in 1861, John A. Macdonald said:

Af ar as my own opinions are congruend by far the best for the purpose.

The trouble is that Mr. Caffing has no longer any influence with his follow missing the period of again carrying London. Has he resolved to try his hand in Perth 1

MILK FOR OHESSIMAKING.
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county of Haldimand, the same year, the Conservative leader said:

Conservative leader said:

"If it be asked why we did not repeal it (the 19th clause of the Common School Act), which authorized the establishment of Roman Catholic, Protestant and colored schools in this Province, I ANSWER IN THE FIRST PLACE THAT IT IS ONE THING TO GIVE A RIGHT OR A FRANCHISE AND ANOTHER THING TO DEPRIVE PROFILE OF 17; and in the second place we have the indisputable evidence of a disinterested witness, a man who cannot be suspected of any leaning toward Popery—I mean Rev. Dr. Ryerson, a Protestant clergyman himself, at the head of the common school system—a person whose whole energies have been expended in the cause of

energies have been expended in the cause of education—who states deliberately to the people of Canada that the separate school clause does not retard the progress or the increase of common schools, but that on the contrary it 'unidease the hearing the state of the contrary it 'unidease the hearing's the state of the contrary it 'unidease the hearing's the state of the contrary it 'unidease the hearing's the state of the contrary it 'unidease the hearing's the state of the contrary it 'unidease the hearing's the state of the contrary it 'unidease the hearing's the state of the contrary it 'unidease the hearing's the state of the contrary it 'unidease the hearing's the state of the contrary it 'unidease the contr clause does not retard the progress or the increase of common schools, but that on the contrary it "widens the basis of the common school system." If I thought it injured that system I must say that I would vote for its repeal to-morrow. You must remember, also, that Lower Canada is a decidedly Roman Catholic country, that the Protestant population of Canada is a decidedly Roman Catholic country, that the Protestant population of Lower Canada is a small minority, and if Protestant schools were not allowed there our Protestant brethren in Lower Canada would be obliged to send their children to be educated by Roman Catholic teachers. Now, I don't know how many Protestants or how many Roman Catholics I may be at this moment addressing, but I say that as a Protestant I should not be willing to send my son to a Roman Catholic school, while I think a Roman Catholic school, while I think a Roman Catholic should not be comthink a Roman Catholic should not be c think a Roman Catholic should not be com-pelled to send his to a Protestant one. In Lower Canada the teachers are gen-erally the Roman Catholic clergy, and, of course, it is their duty to teach what they consider truth, and to guard their pupils against error. But the system in vogue there is more liberal than even ours, in that it not only permits the estab-lishment of Protestant schools for Irot-estant children. but allows the whole

estant children, but allows the whole municipal machinery to be employed to collect the rates to maintain them." And once again in the same year, speaking at St. Catharines, John A. Macdonald (Sir John) spoke these words:

(Sir John) spoke these words:

"Well, sir, the last and greatest charge brought against us at the last general election was that we would not repeal the 19th clause of the Common School Act, and abolish separate schools. I repeat we had not passed that law; we found it in existence, enacted by the Baldwin Administration, which, you will admit, was not opposed to common schools, and we had to carry it out. 'Why did you not repeal the 19th clause?' asked some. I will tell you why. It is one thing to give a new Right—Quite another thing to Deprive A MAN OF AN ESTABLISHED ONE ESPECIALLY IF IT IS NOT PROVED THAT HE HAS ABUSED IT.—If the separate schools had been proved burtful to our common school system, then we might have asked Parliament to do away with them; but the able and energetic superintendent of common schools. Dr. Ryerson, said they widened and strengthened the basis of that system, and we could therefore do no such thing. I have never hesitated to express my own opinion on this point. I have always been against the repeal of that clause, and the I have never hesitated to express my own opinion on this point. I have always been against the repeal of that clause, and the consequent destruction of separate schools, and for these reasons: In the first place, you know that there is a large Protestant population in Lower Canada, and I wish the Catholics in Upper Canada to be in the same position as the Protestants are in Lower Canada. Why, when Lower Canada was a French Province, almost altogerher Roman Catholic, such was ALTOGETHER ROMAN CATHOLIC, SUCH WAS THE LIBERALITY OF ITS PEOPLE THAT THEY

THE LIBERALITY OF ITS PEOPLE THAT THEY PASSED A SEPARATE SCHOOL BILL MUCH MORE EXTENSIVE IN ITS TERMS AND CRANTING MORE PROTECTION TO THE PROTESTANT SCHOOLS IN LOWER CANADA THAN THE ROMAN CATHOLIC NOW ENJOYS HERE. And as a fair man, I could not, sir, administer one kind of justice to my Roman Catholic friends in Upper Canada and deprive them of a privilege they enjoyed, while at the same time my Protestant brethren in Lower Canada were enjoying the same rights to a greater extent. Again, THE SCHOOLS IN LOWER CANADA ARE MOSTLY IN TET HANDS OF THE ROMAN CATHOLIC CLERCY, AND AS I WOULD NOT WILLINGLY, IF I COULD AVOID IT, SEND MY CHILLD TO LY, IF I COULD AVOID IT, SEND MY CHILD TO A ROMAN CATHOLIC SCHOOL, SO I WOULD NOT COMPEL ROMAN CATHOLICS TO SEND THEIRS

OF PROTESTANT SCHOOL MASTERS. Such were the views which influenced the leader of the Conservative party 30 years ago in supporting a continuance of now when the system has been in continued and undisturbed operation for a period of 21 years under the terms of Confederation,

TO SUBJECT MY SON TO THE PROSELVIZING INFLUENCES OF A ROMAN CATHOLIC PRIEST, SO I WOULD NOT FORCE ROMAN CATHOLIC

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"I was troubled for years with indi-

"I was troubled for years with indi-gestion, constipation, and headache. A few boxes of Ayer's Pills, used in small daily doses, restored me to health. They are prompt and effective."—W. H. Strout, Meadville, Pa.

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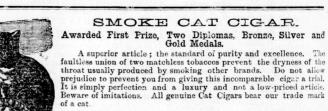
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LOST IN TH

The Tecumsehs D at Buffe

entroit Downed by To ton Beaten by the cumseh Parl

Buffalo, N. Y., May International League Cl is putting up a pretty fa They won a game from after everybody though lost. They won it on a but they played a good the way through, an the way through,
for the victory. Andrus
inning with a clean sin
got second on Rooks'
looked very sheepish wh
tim out at second. Pu
under his sleeve and cau on got two runs rrors by Quinn, Pe and a wild pitch. score in the second on Ce Quinn's hit over the got two more in the same single, Pettee's error, a p double and Coughlin's fourth Roach made a hon on halls. Hiland got Smith's wild throw to ca After the sixth inning Le this off Shellerman. Bu

tle in the sixth, Connor and Quinn
two runs resulting,
six to four, in Londs
the ninth opened by
getting bases on balls,
to Leighton, Andrus m
to right field, and Qu
getting third. Andrus s
lit to Lutenberg and v
went forth as Coughlin
fly. It was Reidy's ball and muffed it and Andrus skoote winning runs. London to itself in the last half, and a baser to right. Schell next three batters, striki was lustily cheered. It for Schellerman and for

Curry fined Catcher Road

nberg, 1b....

SATURDAY'S

Batteries—Clarkson and Baker and Wilson. Um Zacharias. At New York—
New York—2001
Cincinnati. 2011
Batteries—Sharrott and S
Keenan. Umpire—Lynch. Batteries-Lincoln and Zi Clements. Umpire-McDer

At Columbus—
Columbus ... 2 0 0 0 0
Athletics ... 0 2 0 0 0
Batteries—Widner and O
Robinson. Umpire—Emslie

PLAYERS' LEA At Boston-At Boston—

Boston 0 1 2 1 3

Butfalo 2 0 1 0 0

Batteries—Madden and 1

and Mack. Umpires—Matth At New York—
New York. 12271
Pittsburg 01200
Batteries—Keefe, Ewing a and Carrol. Umpires—Holb

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and Barnes. Something

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