

dispose of the aforesaid moveable and immovable property;

To acquire, hold, convey, sell the shares, bonds or other securities of any other company having the same objects as the present company or doing any business capable of being conducted for the benefit of this company;

To issue, transfer and give paid up shares of the capital stock of the company in payment of any business, franchises, services rendered, privileges, leases, hypothecs, licenses, patents, contracts, immovables, shares, bonds or other moveable or immovable property or rights which the company may legally acquire;

To sell or otherwise dispose of the whole or part of the moveable and immovable property of the said company upon such terms and conditions as the company may think fit and to accept in payment therefor sums of money, shares, bonds or securities of any other company incorporated for the same purposes as the present company;

To amalgamate with any other company having the same objects as the present company;

To carry on any other business deemed necessary or suitable for the company's purposes;

To subscribe for, accept, endorse, negotiate all bills of exchange, promissory notes, cheques and other negotiable instruments;

To contract loans and guarantee the reimbursement of same in such manner as may be determined by the directors of the company, and in particular by the issue of bonds bearing an hypothec upon the whole or part of the immovable property of the company;

To pay out of the funds of the company all costs relating to the incorporation and organization of the company;

To do all things and exercise all the powers and carry on any business necessary for the purposes for which this company is incorporated, under the name "La Corporation de Constructions Hygieniques, Limitee", with a capital stock of twenty five thousand dollars (\$25,000.00), divided into two hundred and fifty (250) shares of one hundred dollars (\$100.00) each.

The principal place of business of the corporation, will be in the city of Montreal.

Dated from the office of the Provincial Secretary this nineteenth day of January, 1917.

C. J. SIMARD,

Assistant Provincial Secretary.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, DISTRICT OF MONTREAL, SUPERIOR COURT, No. 1354. Notice is hereby given that Dame Haykeh E. T. Zarbatany, of the city and district of Montreal, wife common as to property of Abraham Habib Kousayeh, of the same place, duly authorized a *ester en justice*, has this day, sued the said Abraham H. Kousayeh, for separation as to property.

BISAILLON, BISAILLON & BEIQUE,

Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Montreal, March 12th, 1917.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, DISTRICT OF MONTREAL, No. 1242. Dame Donalds Gagnon of Montreal, wife common as to property of Joseph W. Larose, Plasterer, of City & District of Montreal, duly authorized to present, Plaintiff, vs. The said Joseph W. Larose, Defendant. An action in separation as to property, has been taken in this case on February 22nd, 1917.

Montreal, February 24th, 1917.

BRODEUR & BERARD,

Attorneys for Plaintiff.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, DISTRICT OF MONTREAL, SUPERIOR COURT, No. 268. Notice is hereby given that Dame Mary A. Anber, of the city and district of Montreal, wife common as to property of Georges Thomas, clerk, of the same place, duly authorized a *ester en justice*, has, this day, sued the said Georges Thomas, for separation as to property.

BISAILLON, BISAILLON & BEIQUE,

Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Montreal, February 26th, 1917.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, DISTRICT OF MONTREAL, SUPERIOR COURT, No. 2059. Notice is hereby given that Dame Rose Alma Caisse, wife common as to property of Joseph A. Lacroix, formerly mill owner and presently without any occupation, both of Contrecoeur, district of Richelieu, sued her said husband for separation as to property.

Montreal, 6th March, 1917.

BEAUDRY & BEAUDRY,

Attorneys for Plaintiff.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

ILLINOIS TRACTION COMPANY.

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND No. 49.

The regular dividend of one and one-half per cent (1½%) on the preferred stock of the Illinois Traction Company will be paid April 1st, 1917, for the quarter ending March 31st, 1917, to shareholders of record March 15th, 1917.

By order of the Board,

GEO. M. MATTIS,

Treasurer.

Champaign, Ill.

The Burglar: "Quick, now, where do you keep your potatoes?"

Householder: "The potatoes! Oh, dear! Won't you take the piano or something cheap?"

News of the Week

TUESDAY, MARCH 27

Two towns and a village have been captured by the French and British between Arras and Soissons. Germans attempt without success to retake Beu-metz from British.

Von Mackensen is in Constantinople to reorganize Turkish army.

Germans have taken 2,268 Canadian prisoners since war began.

France's war loan huge success. 600,000,000 Francs asked for; France gives 4,000,000,000 Frs.

Canadians raid German trenches and silence German batteries.

Several units of Canadian troops have safely landed in England.

Typhoid fever is epidemic around Farnham, Que. Britain's clocks will be advanced for the summer on April 8.

China has taken steps leading to a rupture with Austria-Hungary.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 28.

India offers Empire \$500,000,000.

The British hospital ship *Asturias* was torpedoed without warning — thirty-one killed and twelve missing.

Two British destroyers are reported sunk.

Russian troops have pursued the Turks out of Persia.

British and French have made additional important gains between Arras and Soissons.

Germans burned French village before retreating.

Greece demands withdrawal of Italians from Epirus to Atyona.

A French prisoner was forced by the Germans to work in the zone of fire.

Australia is in the throes of a general election on issues related to the conduct of the war.

George Vaux Bacon, an American newspaper man, was sentenced to prison in the United States for spying for Germany.

Three of the ten entombed miners in the Pueblo copper mine have been rescued alive, but there is no hope for the rest.

Sir Thomas White, Minister of Finance, announced that the subscriptions to the third Canadian War Loan totalled \$250,000,000.

THURSDAY, MARCH 29.

British Government accepts woman suffrage.

Two Prussian U-boats waiting off Long Island for American shipping.

Two more villages taken by advancing Allied armies.

German people demand relief.

Tax increased on profits from Ontario mines.

The Railway Commission declines during the war to put a maximum length on freight trains.

A bridge on the Intercolonial Railway near St. Germain, Que., collapsed owing to pressure of ice.

The Ross rifle factory was formally taken over on behalf of the Dominion Government by General Elliott, Master-General of Ordnance.

Sir George Foster had a conference with representatives of shipbuilding interests with a view to speeding up construction of vessels ordered through the Imperial Munitions Board.

FRIDAY, MARCH 30.

Comparative calm prevails everywhere.

The British have taken another village in France.

British and French war chiefs visited the Italian front.

Teuton attacks on the Roumanian front were repulsed by the Russians.

Bethman Hollweg declares that Germany never wanted war with U. S.

A Japanese warship reported sunk by a German raider in the South Pacific.

"A Little Nonsense Now and Then"

The large, portly colored man entered the drug store and looked around uncertainly. "Young man," he said to the clerk confidentially, "has you got any letter-paper and envelopes with flesh-colored borders?" "Was it mourning-paper you wished for, sir?" inquired the clever clerk. "You's struck it, disactly! But I disremembered the name. Gib me a box of it, if you please, sah."—Everybody's.

A considerable amount of excitement has been aroused in the offices of editorial paragraphers by the question which a Missouri young woman asked of a farm journal, to wit: "What shall I do to keep my calves from freezing?" The question admits of only one answer, however. To keep her calves from freezing, the young woman shouldn't go out of doors until longer dresses become fashionable.

A glue factory stands near a certain railway. Its charms are not for the nose, and therefore a lady often carried with her a bottle of lavender salts. One morning an old farmer took the seat beside her. As the train neared the factory, the lady opened her bottle of salts.

Soon the whole car was filled with the horrible odor. The farmer put up with it as long as he could, then shouted, "Madam, would you mind puttin' the cork in that 'ere bottle?"—New York Tribune.

"It is remarkable," said Mr. Gruntler, "how mean some people are. I had with me on a fishing trip two friends who evidently were familiar with my reputation as an angler. Before starting, one of them made the following suggestion: 'We will agree that the first one who catches a fish must treat the crowd.' I assented to this, and we started. Now, don't you know those two fellows both had a bite, and were too mean to pull them up."

"I suppose you lost, then?" remarked the friend.

"Oh, no," replied Mr. Gruntler. "I didn't have any bait on my hook."

The sad-looking man at the corner table had been waiting a long time for his order. Finally his waiter approached, and, with a flourish, said:

"Your fish will be coming in a minute or two now, sir."

The sad man looked interested.

"Tell me," he said, "what bait are you using?"—Harper's.

Said the manager of the gas company, who was questioning an applicant for the job of meter inspector: "I want it understood that we don't tolerate drinking in our employes."

"Yes, sir; I can't drink, sir; one drink always makes me see double."

"Well—er—we might permit you to take one drink each day before you start to inspect the meters."

Russian workmen appealed to those in Germany and Austria to throw off the yoke of autocracy.

SATURDAY, MARCH 31.

British take three more villages.

Canadian infantry twice raids enemy territory near Neuville St. Vaast.

Hun raider sinks a number of vessels in South Atlantic.

Germans claim to have sunk steamer *Maslotte*.

MONDAY, APRIL 2.

British seize 12 villages in last two days.

Germany conceals submarine facts.

The Standard Bank of Canada

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND NOTICE NO. 106.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of THIRTEEN PER CENT PER ANNUM upon the Capital Stock of this Bank has this day been declared for the quarter ending April 30th, 1917, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office in this City and its Branches on and after Tuesday, the 1st of May, 1917, to the Shareholders of record of the 21st of April, 1917.

By order of the Board.

J. S. LOUDON,

Assistant General Manager.

Toronto, March 22, 1917.