of a sort of clearing system for the regulation of balances without the absolute handling of values, and hence the system of exchanges, which, as long as there was no multiplication of individual obligations based on the same parcels of property, was a valuable arrangement. We find, however, that at recurring periods the confidence begotten by this facility of exchange hurries up the volume of trade, so that in many cases a sum of indebtedness is created which cannot be liquidated by the disposal of the property on which it is based, and so the strain on credit reveals the fact of over-trading. We have allowed a number of persons to create for each of this number a fictitious interest, amounting to as many times the real intrinsic value of the product, then comes the crash, and values promptly assume their normal relation to the manufactures and other substances on which they are basedthis is what is called a clearing of the financial atmosphere.

We hope that the Journal will forget the high crime of the Canadians, and advocate a convenience of interchange; but at the same time it must always remember that the overgrowth of confidence and excessive stimulation of trade will infect us both again, until the time comes when every business man is perfect in wisdom.

CANADIAN MANUFACTURERS AND FOREIGN IMPORTS.

As any information bearing upon the state of Canadian manufacturing industry and commerce is particularly interesting at the present moment, and as a good deal of misapprehension exists upon these subjects, we have been at some pains to compile from the several sources available for the purpose the tables we give below, showing:—

- 1. The amount manufactured in the Dominion, as stated in the census of 1871.
- 2. The quantities imported and entered for consumption of the same goods in 1870-1, 1873-4, and 1874-5, respectively.
- 3. The quantities imported in the last six months of 1875.

The goods referred to were exclusively those subject to an ad valorem duty of 17½ per cent. The years given are the financial, not calendar years, and run from July 1 to June 30, respectively.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

	Sua	des, &c.		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		3 00 3 77
mporta- tions. G. Britain . U. States Other coun-	1871 \$31,857 100,7:0	1974. \$49.668 117,182	1975. \$13,449 132,963	6 mos. 187 \$5 6 5 48,341
tries	885	••••		••••
Per capita	183,002	166,850	146.414 SU 04.	54,008
Equal to	per annum			108.012

So far, therefore, as this important branch of industry is concerned it would appear:

—That while Canada manufactured five years ago at the rate of 77 cents per head of her population, her importations only amounted to the insignificant sum of 4 cents per head; that in the five years the foreign manufacturer had made no progress against the home manufacturer; and that whatever stimulus foreig importations may have received in 1874 had entirely ceased in the latter half of 1875.

	BLAC	RING.		
Production Per capita.				,665 0 011
Importa- tio s. G. Britain U. States Other coun-	1971. \$4,180 10,809	1974. \$6,398 22,176	1875. 87 858 28,208	6 mos. 18.5. \$3.076 9,026
tries	31	533	418	322
Per capita	\$15,00	\$29,107	\$31.484	\$12,424
Equal to pe	n annum	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		\$2: 818
In this case	again tl	ie temp	orary in	crease
has evident	ly ceased	l to exis	st.	

\$231,712

\$241,223

\$100,310

\$100 805

			\$528	
Importa- tions. G. Britain. U. States.	1871. \$17,728 9,2 5	1874. \$14,704 17,0,2	1875. \$16,807 20,021	0 15 6 mar. 1715. \$189 7.116
Other coun-	379	1.106	7,184	952
Per capi	\$27.3,2	82 832	41,012 \$ 01 2	12,357
Equal to	per anna	n		\$21,714

BROOMS AND BRUSHES

In this branch the importations are insignificant, and have now actually fallen below their amount in 1875.

Production		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. \$3,580.9	78 00 1 (3
Importa- tions. 1 G. Britain 8 U. States Other countries.		1874. 13.111 311,476 783	1875. 18,991 845,536 1,286	6 mos. 1876. 7.036 140,8: 8
l'er capit	105,508	815,370	348 813 So 09	148.418
Equat to per a	nnum			\$20€,88 ;

In these goods, of which there had been an enormous over-production in the United States, the importations in the four years had nearly trebled, although they never amounted to one-tenth of the home manufacture in 1871. And it is

observable here, as in other cases, that importation has now sustained a check, the imports having fallen to a fraction over 8 cents per head.

		•		
CARRI	AGES OF	ALLE	NDS.	
Production Per capita,	··· ····		\$4,849,23	00
Importa- tions. G. Bettain U. States Other countries	51.036	1874. 9.821 120, 68 1,837	1875. 29.276 88,908	6 mos. 1875. 3 131 20 290
Per capita	\$53,834	131,221	118,184 \$0 08	42. 35

In these goods, although there was an inc ease in 1874, there has since been a decline, both in 1874-5 and the current year, and the difference between the last half of 1875 and 1870-1 is unappreciable.

and Drilling	r, Cotton	Narps, Cot	ons, Jeans, ton Yain:	Denims
Prod ct Per capi	ion ita	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$7\$1.00	0 60
	1 71	1874.	1875.	6 mos. 1875.
G. Britain U. States Other coun	. 170,42	\$2,89±,443	\$2,159,969 460,871	\$324,003 178,601
tries		••••	812	85

S2,505,281 \$3,232.888 \$2,661.6 2 \$502.779

Per capitus
Equal to per annum \$0.72

Equal to per annum \$1.005.559

As between 1871 and 1875 the difference is trifling, and if home industry has been unfavorably affected in the last half of 1875, it has only suffered in common which is enormous.

BEASS, HEON, AND LEAD CASTINGS (STOYES, EC).

P oductie Per capit	nı	· · , · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$803,3	88 00 0 26
timporta- tions. G. Britain U. States	1871. 8267,120 195,417	1875 8688 468 505,157	1875 \$508.684 492,059	6 mos. 1875. \$132.41- 312.06
Other coun-	2.071	2,890	1.005	3
Per capit	\$405,608	\$1,093,593	\$1,001.718	8274,51
to Dull for				A0 10 00

Production Per capit	n	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		31 00 2 10
Importa- tions. G. Britain . U. States Other coun-	1871. 8 75,315 438,819	1874. \$153.982 805,860	1875. \$129,418 776,315	6 mas, 1875. \$ 9 U 5 271,89
tries	2,139	3.764	2,033	2,57
Per enpit	\$516.3)3	\$933,576	\$907,666 \$0.25	\$865 62
Equal to	per annun	1		\$730,05

MACHINERY PAYING DUTY.

The importations in this case are so small in proportion to the home manufacture that no such variations as those above shown can have been very severely felt, and the comparatively large increase in 1874 and 1875 was evidently of the most temporary character.

most temporary character. FURS, HATS, CAPS, AND BONNETS. \$2,815,000 (0 0 82 Production . fer capita tions. 1871. G. Britain \$549.564 U. atates Importa-6 mos 1874 \$861.116 \$9:6,063 400.455 647.334 Other coun-11,494 29,455 \$917;802 \$1,345,978 \$1.4.2.899 \$4:0,654 9881.808 GLASS: