

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH, ST. JOHN N. B., JANUARY 10, 1903.

TRUE BILL IN MARSTEN CASE.

MURDER THE CHARGE. PRISONER PLEADS NOT GUILTY.

Trial Postponed Until January 27, as Attorney-General Wants to Get Witness Who Has Gone to Ontario Lumber Woods—Address to Judge Gregory.

Fredericton, N. B., Jan. 7.—(Special)—In the Meductic case of alleged poisoning the grand jury this afternoon, after three hours' deliberation, during which a dozen witnesses were examined, returned a true bill against Mrs. Annie Marsten, who is accused of poisoning her husband, the late George Marsten.

Immediately afterwards the accused was brought from the county jail, where she has been staying since Monday of her own accord, and she was arraigned on the charge of murder.

On the indictment being read to her she promptly pleaded not guilty, pronouncing the words in a clear, distinct voice.

Attorney-General Pugsley informed the court that one of the crown witnesses was at present absent from the province and it was absolutely necessary to have his testimony in order to ask for postponement of trial until such time as he could be brought here.

L. A. Curry, counsel for the prisoner, raising no objection, his honor postponed the trial until January 27 and remanded the prisoner to the county jail.

Mr. Curry, who had applied to have the case held over until the 27th, urged in support that she was the mother of an infant child that required nursing.

His honor and the attorney-general both held that it was not customary to accept bail in capital cases after the grand jury had returned a true bill.

Mr. Curry asked that the amount of bail was \$10,000 and he thought that it ought to be considered. After some further discussion, his honor said he could accept bail only with the consent of the attorney-general and that not having been given, the application must be refused.

The court room was thronged with spectators when Mrs. Marsten was brought in, but she seemed to be altogether indifferent to what was going on around her.

She wore a long grey ulster and bonnet trimmed with black crepe and made a neat appearance. Physically the prisoner is looking much better than when she was committed to jail here four months ago.

LIBERALS WIN ALL THREE SEATS IN ONTARIO.

Ross Government Makes a Clean Sweep in By-elections.

Garry North Grey, North Norfolk and North Perth, Two of Which Were Won by Conservatives Last May—Government Now Has a Majority of Five.

Toronto, Jan. 7.—(Special)—The Ontario government won a decisive victory in the by-elections today.

In North Grey, A. G. Mackay, Liberal, defeated G. M. Boyd, Conservative, by 150 majority, with one place to hear from.

In North Norfolk, John Brown, Liberal, defeated J. F. Monteith, Conservative, by 240, with one place to hear from.

In North Perth, S. M. Little, Liberal, won out in a hot contest from Doctor Snider, by 55 majority. In the last general election in North Norfolk, Snider had 27 majority over E. C. Carpenter, former Liberal member.

Ottawa, Jan. 7.—(Special)—There is much jubilation among the Liberals here tonight over the result of the local by-elections in Ontario, the Liberals carrying the three seats.

Yesterday's victories gave the Ross government a majority of five in a house of 100. The majorities are much greater than were expected. Two of the seats, North Norfolk and North Perth, were carried by Conservatives in the general election and North Grey by Liberals.

Mr. Foster Offered a Seat. Beaverton, Ont., Jan. 7.—(Special)—The Conservatives, in convention here today, unanimously nominated Hon. Geo. E. Foster as their candidate in the by-election for the dominion house. The seat was made vacant by the death of Angus McLeod.

U. S. Congressman Says It is the Only Way to Reduce War Possibility. Washington, Jan. 6.—Representative A. G. Dayton, of West Virginia, member of the naval committee, who has been very influential in shaping naval legislation, is an earnest advocate of a substantial increase of the United States' fighting power on sea being provided for at this session of congress.

More Battleships Needed. "In the development of the navy," said Mr. Dayton, "two things must be considered: First, the personnel, and second, the material—the ships. The two should be developed side by side. England, if I remember rightly, has over 60 battleships. When ours are all completed we will have less than 20. Germany has provided for a duplication of her present navy by 1908. Today she is equal to us in naval strength. Ten years ago we would have had to send a fleet nowhere. The defense of our common shores would have been the only problem. Today we must defend the Philippines, Hawaii and Porto Rico, and in a few years more we will be compelled to protect the Isthmian Canal. It is absolutely folly, in my judgment, to expect wholly to escape trouble at sea.

A Terrific Blizzard. South Dakota in the Grasp of a Fearful Storm. St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 6.—Messrs reports have reached St. Paul of a terrific blizzard raging tonight in South Dakota and moving rapidly eastward.

SIR WILFRID HOME; READY FOR WORK.

PREMIER IN EXCELLENT HEALTH.

Reached Ottawa, Accompanied by Lady Laurier, Last Evening—Hearty Greetings of Cabinet Ministers and Other Friends—Met by Good News of Victory in Ontario.



SIR WILFRID LAURIER. Chieftain Warmly Welcomed Back to Ottawa from the South.

Ottawa, Jan. 7.—(Special)—Sir Wilfrid Laurier arrived at 8 o'clock tonight and got a hearty and enthusiastic welcome. The train on which the premier and Lady Laurier traveled from Montreal was nearly an hour late in arriving here. There was a large crowd at the central depot waiting to extend a cordial welcome to the first minister. Notwithstanding that the train was late, the crowd waited patiently until its arrival.

It was known that Sir Wilfrid would not desire any demonstration, and therefore there was no organized arrangement in that respect. In fact, it was not generally known when he was to arrive. The train was due at 7:10, and it arrived 50 minutes later.

Among those present were Hon. W. S. Fielding, Hon. A. G. Blair, Hon. R. W. Scott, Sir Frederick Borden, Sir William Mulock, Hon. William Patterson, Hon. James Sutherland, Hon. Raymond Prefontaine, Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick, Mr. Belcourt, M. P.; Thomas Mackie, M. P., and a number of the deputy ministers and leading members of the civil service, as well as leading citizens of Ottawa, irrespective of political creed.

As soon as Sir Wilfrid and Lady Laurier were seen on the platform of the G. T. R. private car Muskoka, the crowd gave a cheer. The cabinet ministers were the first to rush forward and shake hands with their leader and Lady Laurier.

Sir Wilfrid spoke a few minutes, going among the crowd shaking hands, and afterwards drove to his residence on Theodore street.

Major Maude was present at the depot, representing his excellency, the governor-general. Everyone remarked how well the premier looked. He has put on flesh during his holiday in the south, and is in better health now than has been for the past two or three years.

Speaking to your correspondent, Sir Wilfrid said that he was feeling well and ready to start work. His trip has completely restored him. Indeed, it was apparent to all who saw him looking so bright and cheerful that this was the case.

As Sir Wilfrid was stepping into his carriage, a telegraph boy placed a despatch in his hand, announcing that Premier Ross had carried all three constituencies in Ontario.

In Montreal, Jan. 7.—(Special)—"Well, I am glad to see you and pleased to be home again. What news have you and how are all the friends?" This was the greeting extended to the group of political and personal friends who went to Bonaventure station to welcome the prime minister this afternoon.

As the hour of Sir Wilfrid Laurier's arrival in Montreal was uncertain to his many and known to only a few, the reception was limited to the close friends of the leader of the Ottawa administration. There were present Hon. Robert Mackay, Hon. R. Drummond, Justice Laverigne, Hon. L. P. Brodeur, Armand Levergne, Charles M. Hays, P. W. Morse, Arthur Dandreaux, Mr. Boudreau, private secretary to the premier; G. Langoin, and the Misses Descazeaux.

The train bearing Sir Wilfrid and Lady Laurier reached Bonaventure soon after 4 p. m., the prime minister giving a hearty shake of the hand to all who entered the private car, which had been placed at the disposition of the party during their sojourn in the United States. All were introduced in the premier's car, and satiated on expressed when it was seen that the Liberal leader was alert and vigorous and that he had regained his wonted strength.

Premier Laurier said he was ready to go to work again. He made no comment when some one remarked that newspapers were being founded in Montreal these days.

Sir Wilfrid described the beauties of the southern clime, "but, after all," he added, "give me Canada." He said he would probably return to Montreal by next Tuesday, and also pay a visit to Quebec. He then spoke of his aged mother, whom he had not seen for some time, and said he would pay her a visit in the near future.

The leader of the government made no reference to political subjects and his friends followed their chief's example. Before his departure Sir Wilfrid cordially thanked Mr. Hays, saying the Grand Trunk Company had done everything possible for his comfort.

Lady Laurier, who appears in excellent health also, expressed the pleasure she felt in reaching home.

Within a short time after the train reached Bonaventure the prime minister's car was attached to the Canada A's express, which was soon speeding toward the capital.

What England Bought from Canada in 1902. Toronto, Jan. 7.—(Special)—The Telegram's cable from London says: The values of imports from Canada in 1902 were: Cattle, £1,944,473; sheep, £33,597; bacon, £1,203,293; hams, £493,319; but, £1,947,343; cheese, £4,301,530; eggs, £229,318; horses, £25,533.

I Will Cure You of Rheumatism. Else No Money is Wanted. Any honest person who suffers from Rheumatism is welcome to this offer. I am a specialist in Rheumatism, and have treated more cases than any other physician, I think. For 18 years I made 2,000 experiments with different drugs, testing all known remedies while searching the world for something better.

England Taking Cognizance of Sir William Macdonald's School Plan. Toronto, Jan. 6.—The Telegram's special cable from London says: "The Morning Post, in an article headed 'An Object Lesson from Canada,' says the Canadian education system, as planned by Sir William Macdonald, will suggest means by which the chief weakness of the English country schools might be remedied.

Fort Fairfield High School Burned. Fort Fairfield, Me., Jan. 6.—The High School building here was burned this afternoon causing a loss to the town of more than \$10,000. The insurance is \$3,000. The library books and the laboratory apparatus were lost.

MRS. NATION'S HOME FOR DRUNKARDS' WIVES.

COM. BARRY'S REPORT IN DEAF AND DUMB INQUIRY.

NOVA SCOTIA JUDGE IMPOSES DEATH SENTENCE ON PEDDLER.

TO BECOME PRIESTS. Two Former Protestant Clergymen Leave for Rome.

ATTACKED BRIDE AND GROOM AT CHURCH DOOR, DROVE HIM INTO A COLLIERY.

Son Had to Go by Circuitous Route to Reach Bodside of Dying Mother—Witnesses Tell Coal Strike Commission Tales of a Reign of Terror.

WHAT ENGLAND BOUGHT FROM CANADA IN 1902.

TARTE PROCLAIMS HE'S FREE FROM PARTY TIES.

FORT FAIRFIELD HIGH SCHOOL BURNED.

Austrian Court Ball.

Good Healthy Action is easy to have by taking this famous old remedy—T look well and keep well, use Beecham's Pills.

Kansas City, Jan. 7.—Mrs. Carrie Nation today closed negotiations for a large residence at Kansas City, Kansas, to be used as a home for drunkards' wives. The price paid was \$7,500. The money to establish the home was raised by Mrs. Nation on a recent trip to the east.

Windsor, N. S., Jan. 7.—(Special)—Sian Anushaly, an Armenian peddler, who killed Son Landora at Tenny Cape Mines, Oct. 22, was found guilty of wilful murder tonight and sentenced to be hanged on March 18.

The trial opened here Tuesday morning, with Justice Townsend presiding. H. K. Frances was foreman of the jury. The prisoner, who was defended by J. H. Sargent and E. J. Morse, through his counsel pleaded not guilty. Mr. Christie prosecuted for the crown. Great interest was taken in the trial, and the court was crowded.

New York, Jan. 6.—Dr. Kennedy, rector of the American college at Rome, sailed on the Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse today, accompanied by Dr. B. F. Da Costa, former rector of the Episcopal church of St. John the Evangelist, this city, and Doctor Dorn, formerly a Protestant minister in Philadelphia, both of whom are going to Rome to become Roman Catholic priests. Doctor Da Costa is 71 years old and a widower.

To lessen the risk of disease, orders have been given that all Berberia pilgrims going to Mecca next year must accompany the caravan which is sent from Cairo to Mecca annually, with military escort. Doctor Da Costa is 71 years old and a widower.

Philadelphia, Jan. 7.—The non-union men continue to occupy the attention of the coal strike commission in presenting evidence of lawlessness in the anthracite coal region during the strike. The testimony included many acts of violence from murder to plain assault and petit larceny.

During the proceedings James H. Torrey, of Scranton, counsel for the DeWane & Hudson Company, interrupted long enough to explain to the commission the law in Pennsylvania regarding the pay of deputy sheriffs for special duty, which caused some discussion yesterday. It was to the effect that the laws of the state were not adequate enough to permit the country to pay the deputy sheriffs for this special service and that in consequence corporations foot the bills. Mr. Torrey said the operators will gladly join the miners in having the laws amended.

One witness told of having been punished by a mob forcing him to walk 15 miles at the head of a jeering crowd of strikers. Other testimony was also presented in the endeavor to show that a reign of terror existed in the strike affected territory of the state and that members of the union were largely responsible for it.

Many questions were asked the witnesses by the commissioners. Counsel for the miners attempted to break down some of the stories but they did not succeed in shaking their testimony.

The most interesting story was told by Thomas Wolski, of Hazelton, a clerk for Pardee & Company, who was married on the night of Sept. 16 last. He was at work at the colliery and his neighbors began to annoy him. On the night of the wedding a small crowd gathered at the Catholic church and as the bridal party entered the edifice, the bride and groom were called "Scabs." Coming out after the ceremony, he was assaulted by the waiting crowd which had greatly increased. The driver of the carriage was not permitted to take the couple home and the witness sought refuge in the parochial residence, and the bride was escorted in a trolley car by friends. Later on, the witness said, he managed to get away from the crowd and spent the night in the colliery, being afraid to go to his home. The bride spent an anxious night as some unknown persons came to the house and threw stones at the place.

New York, Jan. 8.—Under an agreement of the Hamburg-American line the Cameron steamship line will withdraw from the service between New York and Havre and the Hamburg-American Company will increase its fleet on that route by the addition of the Florida and Bolivia.

Steamship Agreement. Many questions were asked the witnesses by the commissioners. Counsel for the miners attempted to break down some of the stories but they did not succeed in shaking their testimony.

Understood The Telegraph's Allegations Are Justified in the Commissioner's Official Statement to Government—Attorney-General Intimates That He Will Ask for Indictment.

Fredericton, Jan. 7.—(Special)—While Commissioner Barry's report on The Telegraph's charges of brutality, immorality and lack of proper financial methods by the officials of the Fredericton Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb, has not been made public, it is understood the report absolutely confirms the charges in every respect.

Attorney-General Pugsley intimated to the grand jury of the Circuit Court this afternoon that he might have further indictments to present.

This is taken to mean that the Attorney-General is disposed to take action criminally against the officials of the institution, and that until then the report will not be made public.

Attacked Bride and Groom at Church Door, Drove Him into a Colliery. Son Had to Go by Circuitous Route to Reach Bodside of Dying Mother—Witnesses Tell Coal Strike Commission Tales of a Reign of Terror.

Philadelphia, Jan. 7.—The non-union men continue to occupy the attention of the coal strike commission in presenting evidence of lawlessness in the anthracite coal region during the strike. The testimony included many acts of violence from murder to plain assault and petit larceny.

During the proceedings James H. Torrey, of Scranton, counsel for the DeWane & Hudson Company, interrupted long enough to explain to the commission the law in Pennsylvania regarding the pay of deputy sheriffs for special duty, which caused some discussion yesterday. It was to the effect that the laws of the state were not adequate enough to permit the country to pay the deputy sheriffs for this special service and that in consequence corporations foot the bills. Mr. Torrey said the operators will gladly join the miners in having the laws amended.

One witness told of having been punished by a mob forcing him to walk 15 miles at the head of a jeering crowd of strikers. Other testimony was also presented in the endeavor to show that a reign of terror existed in the strike affected territory of the state and that members of the union were largely responsible for it.

Many questions were asked the witnesses by the commissioners. Counsel for the miners attempted to break down some of the stories but they did not succeed in shaking their testimony.

The most interesting story was told by Thomas Wolski, of Hazelton, a clerk for Pardee & Company, who was married on the night of Sept. 16 last. He was at work at the colliery and his neighbors began to annoy him. On the night of the wedding a small crowd gathered at the Catholic church and as the bridal party entered the edifice, the bride and groom were called "Scabs." Coming out after the ceremony, he was assaulted by the waiting crowd which had greatly increased. The driver of the carriage was not permitted to take the couple home and the witness sought refuge in the parochial residence, and the bride was escorted in a trolley car by friends. Later on, the witness said, he managed to get away from the crowd and spent the night in the colliery, being afraid to go to his home. The bride spent an anxious night as some unknown persons came to the house and threw stones at the place.

New York, Jan. 8.—Under an agreement of the Hamburg-American line the Cameron steamship line will withdraw from the service between New York and Havre and the Hamburg-American Company will increase its fleet on that route by the addition of the Florida and Bolivia.

Steamship Agreement. Many questions were asked the witnesses by the commissioners. Counsel for the miners attempted to break down some of the stories but they did not succeed in shaking their testimony.

Understood The Telegraph's Allegations Are Justified in the Commissioner's Official Statement to Government—Attorney-General Intimates That He Will Ask for Indictment.

Fredericton, Jan. 7.—(Special)—While Commissioner Barry's report on The Telegraph's charges of brutality, immorality and lack of proper financial methods by the officials of the Fredericton Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb, has not been made public, it is understood the report absolutely confirms the charges in every respect.

Attorney-General Pugsley intimated to the grand jury of the Circuit Court this afternoon that he might have further indictments to present.

This is taken to mean that the Attorney-General is disposed to take action criminally against the officials of the institution, and that until then the report will not be made public.

Attacked Bride and Groom at Church Door, Drove Him into a Colliery. Son Had to Go by Circuitous Route to Reach Bodside of Dying Mother—Witnesses Tell Coal Strike Commission Tales of a Reign of Terror.

Philadelphia, Jan. 7.—The non-union men continue to occupy the attention of the coal strike commission in presenting evidence of lawlessness in the anthracite coal region during the strike. The testimony included many acts of violence from murder to plain assault and petit larceny.

During the proceedings James H. Torrey, of Scranton, counsel for the DeWane & Hudson Company, interrupted long enough to explain to the commission the law in Pennsylvania regarding the pay of deputy sheriffs for special duty, which caused some discussion yesterday. It was to the effect that the laws of the state were not adequate enough to permit the country to pay the deputy sheriffs for this special service and that in consequence corporations foot the bills. Mr. Torrey said the operators will gladly join the miners in having the laws amended.

One witness told of having been punished by a mob forcing him to walk 15 miles at the head of a jeering crowd of strikers. Other testimony was also presented in the endeavor to show that a reign of terror existed in the strike affected territory of the state and that members of the union were largely responsible for it.

Many questions were asked the witnesses by the commissioners. Counsel for the miners attempted to break down some of the stories but they did not succeed in shaking their testimony.

The most interesting story was told by Thomas Wolski, of Hazelton, a clerk for Pardee & Company, who was married on the night of Sept. 16 last. He was at work at the colliery and his neighbors began to annoy him. On the night of the wedding a small crowd gathered at the Catholic church and as the bridal party entered the edifice, the bride and groom were called "Scabs." Coming out after the ceremony, he was assaulted by the waiting crowd which had greatly increased. The driver of the carriage was not permitted to take the couple home and the witness sought refuge in the parochial residence, and the bride was escorted in a trolley car by friends. Later on, the witness said, he managed to get away from the crowd and spent the night in the colliery, being afraid to go to his home. The bride spent an anxious night as some unknown persons came to the house and threw stones at the place.

New York, Jan. 8.—Under an agreement of the Hamburg-American line the Cameron steamship line will withdraw from the service between New York and Havre and the Hamburg-American Company will increase its fleet on that route by the addition of the Florida and Bolivia.

Steamship Agreement. Many questions were asked the witnesses by the commissioners. Counsel for the miners attempted to break down some of the stories but they did not succeed in shaking their testimony.