POOR DOCUMENT

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH, ST. JOHN N. B., MARCH 29, 1902.

Hon. Mr. Pugsley—It must be born in mind that my services extended over four years and included my own and the pre-

mier's travelling expenses.

Mr. Hazen said he considered the amounts the attorney general was in re(Continued on page 5, first column.)
ceipt of excessive considering that he received \$2,100 per year as attorney general.
Last year he received \$8,430, the largest ever paid an attorney general in one year. The average cost of each member of the sxecutive to the province last year was \$3,471.55. The opposition was charged with being equally responsible for the increased expenditures because they had voted for the several items in supply. This was absurd. After a criticism of the budget it is not the duty of the expensition budget it is not the duty of the opposition to criticise every item in supply thus causing delay and increasing the legislative expenses. But it was not true as charged by the premier that he (Hazen) had never opposed any item of expendi-

With reference to the St. John hospital while he regretted the evidence adduced, it was only fair to suspend judgment until the commissioners had reported. His idea was that the time had come for a change by placing and experience

A surplus of \$49,000 is estimated for next year, but deduct \$40,000 which is be-ing borrowed for smallpox expenditure and placed in the estimated receipts also a moss grown claim of \$8,000 and the surplus is reduced to \$1,900.

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.

Able Arraignment of Facts as Against Charges Made by Mr. Hazen and Col-

The attorney general said: "I am sure the house is to be congratulated on the able manner in which the case both of the government and the opposition has been presented. With regard to the government summerters who have spoken, there could not have been a more forcible presentation. As to the opposition I regret that the honorable member for Carleton, while he is to be congratulated on the eloquent speech, said some things which I think would have been better left un-said. No praise is needed for the eloquence off the leader of the opposition whose speeches have so often been heard with pleasure, but he certainly did not do himself justice in his opening remarks which were calculated to raise race and religious hatred. His attacks on myself because left the Liberal Conservative party were most unfair as were his observations or what he alleged was said at Pisarinco.

Mr. Hazen's Religious Appeal.

"I am sorry that he should think, when every other means of success has been ex hausted, that he should hope to succeed by making a religious appeal to the elec-tors of this country. In this last hopeless effort he will fail utterly. The people of this country are too broadminded to listen ernment on its merits, because they know that it is not influencing its policy by any questions of race or religion, but is ready to do justice to all. With reference to the meeting in 1896 he has not correctly stated what took place on that occasion. It is true that I had been a candidate of the Conservative party for Kings, but I had handed back my trust.

Justice Was Not Being Done St. John.

"I found that justice was not being done to the port of St. John and when we were told from the lips of the minister representing this province in the dominion government that we could not have just tice, I was proud to know that my hands were free. A feeling of indignation had spread through the community of St. John and I was glad to accept the nomination of the third party. That party rrimmphed as I predicted it would. But although I was not elected, the government were defeated and another government were defeated and another government. ment was formed which did justice to St.
John. My friend, the leader of the opposition, went down beneath the wave of dignation that was raised and when Mr. Blair became minister in the course of Blair became minister in the course of a year the mail steamers which had been going to a foreign port for 30 years begin to running to St. John. He did not do as the leader of the opposition did when he represented St. John in the thouse of commons and raised no voice on behalf its interests. Now St. John was becoming one of the great sea ports of America. The good cause has triumphed d opposed the remedial bill not from re-ligious prejudices, but because I regarded

FACTS IN CONTRAST
TO OPPOSITION TALK.

(Continued from page 1.)

(Cont would have been charged to us and the amount of the verdict taken out of our subsidy. When it came up before the Supreme Court of Canada, the chief justice said the province of New Brunswick should be represented. I looked into the whole case very thoroughly and for pre-timinary expenses I drew \$200. After doing some more work upon it, I drew \$200 more. Fearing that I might not be able to attend to arrue the case at Ottawa. to attend to argue the case at Ottawa I employed Mr. White and he argued the case and obtained a judgment for the province. I paid Mr. White's fee of \$350, out of my own pocket so that only \$50 was left to myself. It does seem to me that, before making this charge, my honorable friend might have asked me about this matter.

Another Item Explained.

"Then I am charged with \$80, for expenses to Halifax. Why should that sum be charged against me? The premier and myself went to Halifax to consult with the government of Nova Scotia on the fisheries question, the Quebec resolutions, the agricultural college and other matters and this sum went to pay our hotel expenses. Other similar delegations have cost the province hundreds of dollars, while what we received barely paid our

persons imagine. The attorney general has to see that the province not deprived of its proper I have to keep constantly on the alent. Let me mention a case. Four years before I became attorney general, an estate had been valued so low as to escape the succession duties. The matter had passed the probate judge and the former attorney generals. I thought the estate had been undervalued and took the matter up and obtained \$700 for the prov-

The Facts of the Eastern Extension Claim.

"With regard to the Eastern Extensi "With regard to the Eastern Extension claim I am surprised at the leader of the opposition taking exception to the amount paid, after hearing the explanations of the premier that it was for services extended over four years. It also included travelling expenses for myself and the premier during that period, including many visits to Ottawa. The claim was a large and it was not a simple matter. large one and it was not a simple matter. For the thirteen years from 1884 to 1896, Conservative governments all refused to recognize it. When the present government came into power we felt renewed hope, but even Mr. Blair himself had very little hope that we would get more than \$110,000 and he told us so and advised us to take this sum. The case was this: In 1868 the Dominion government had paid to the province \$250,000 for the Eastern Extension when they ought to have paid \$400,000 and they did not pay this balance till 1884. Our contention was that as they had paid the principal they ought to pay the interest which would be \$110,000. It requires a good deal of skill to raise a claim from \$110,000 to \$275,000. The dominion government had entrusted their case to Mr. Newcombe, deputy minister of justice, who had been strongly opposed to the claim. We put forward the conten tion that as a result of their action they had kept back from us \$7,500 a year, pay-able every half year for interest, and that when this interest became due it should be regarded as principal. We succeeded in getting a banker on the arbitration and bankers are great people for interest, so the interest was compounded, \$110,000 added and the claim allowed. I was retained in this case in 1898 before I was even a member of this house and I gave it my best attention. I would like to know any company or private individual having a claim of nearly \$300,000, which had been pressed unsuccessfully for 20 years that would not be willing to pay \$20,000 to receive this money. The government were charged no more than a private individual would have to pay for my services. When I was young I would have been willing to work for \$5 or \$10 a day, but I have spent more than 20 years studying my profes-

gance we are able to show a surplus of nearly \$50,000 which I think is a very good showing. The leader of the opposi-tion in his speech for the purpose of il-lustrating the awful extravagance of the government read figures showing the difference in the cost of the executive government in 1895 and 1901. He said the cost had increased without taking into account the department of agriculture. He has picked out 1895 for his comparison because it was the last of the seven years except the year 1898. If he had called attention to the years 1897 he would find that that year the cost was \$31,278, while last year it was \$300 less. Why did he not say that we deserve credit for the reduction from 1897 to this year. He picks out the lowest year for his comparison, which is unfair. I mention this because the sum varies from year to year. the sum varies from year to year.

Deceived Kingston People.

while what we received barely paid our expenses.

"In his Kingston speech, for the sake of securing the votes of the people, he deliberately deceived them. He took up the expenses of the government and legislature and dealt with them, as a lawyer might do who had a bad case. He said to what they did. Then there was a refund to Mr. Regan of \$78, a refund to Julia McGe of \$175. The member for Carleton ought to have asked for information before making this charge either by asking personally or by an address and yet, without the slightest rhyme or reason in the sightest rhyme or reason in the manly part to have the facts fairly and truthfully presented. With regard to the succession duties let me say that the succession duties let me say that the labor performed is far greater than most."

"In his Kingston speech, for the sake of securing the votes of the people, he deliberately deceived them. He took up the expenses of the government and legislature in 1896 were by the Hon. A. S. White, the Hon. Mr. McKeown and Mr. Carvell and they were all paid for what they did. Then there was a refund to Mr. Regan of \$78, a refund to Julia McGe of \$175. The member for Carleton ought to have asked for information before making this charge either by asking personally or by an address and yet, without the slightest rhyme or reason in the manly part to have told the expenses of the year 1900 were swelled by the length of the session owing to the bridge investing attion, the indemnity of each member before the manut paid to members alone. The other expenditures that year from the succession duties let me say that the labor performed is far greater than most.

The other expenditures fell from \$2000 the carry mind of the sake of securing the votes of the people, he deliberately deceived them. He took up the expenses of the government and legislature in 1896 were performed and led the people to believe that the provisions where a debtor allows a creditor. The present bill is a complete redition to provisions where a debtor allows a cre "In his Kingston speech, for the sake fore the expenditures fell from \$29,000 in 1900 to \$21,000 in 1901 and this the leader of the opposition should have told his hearers if he did not intend to de-

It being 10.30 the debate was adjourned until tomorrow when Mr. Pugsley will remet at 3 o'clock. Hon. Mr. LaBillois to Mr. Hazen said the cost of repairing Perrys Point bridge, Kings county, during he last fiscal year, was \$700. In additio \$128.20 was paid the caretaker for openin and closing the draw; the work was no put up at public tender, as owing to the character it was not considered feasible.

It was done under supervision of John W Chaloner, supervisor, and was days work.

Hon. Mr. LaBillois to Mr. Hazen said
the cost of building piers on the Kennebeccasis during the last fiscal year for the steamer Adino Paddock was: Pier at Titus' Landing, \$292.29; Rothesay, \$309.06; Island, \$135.50; McCormick's, \$258.42 total, \$1,542.06. The reason it was not put up at public tender was that the pro-prictor of the Adino Paddock employed Mr. Tapley to construct the pier at Titus' Landing, to the cost of which he was to contribute \$100, and the work was performed so satisfactorily and with such expedition that it was thought best, as there was urgent necessity for the piers for the accommodation of the public, to arrange with Mr. Tapley to build the others. He had the necessary scows and gear specially suited for the building of the piers and the lifting and placing in them of heavy stones to secure the piers, and it was done as cheaply as it could have been performed and with much less delay. It was done under direction of the proprietor of

Mr. Dunn to Mr. Hazen said nine cour ties are included in the areas mentioned in the licenses issued to the New Bruns wick Petrofeum Company: Westmorland Kent, Albert, Northumberland, Kings Queens, Sunbury, Gloucester, Restigouch Expenditure has been made in Westmo land and Albert, in sinking wells and by

prospecting in the other counties.

To Mr. Hazen, Hon. Mr. Tweedie said no appointment had yet been made to the office of recorder for York. The work the late registrar. An appointment will

be made in a few days. To Mr. Melanson, with reference to the bonusing of J. D. Irvine's flour mill at Buctouche, Hon. Mr. Farris said nothing had been given and nothing had been asked. To Mr. Melanson. Hon Mr.

statement of Newcastle for 1901. Mr. Purdy introduced a bill relating to the St. John water supply system.

Presbyterian Century Fund.

Hon. Mr. Tweedie presented the report of the corporations committee, recom-mending the bill relating to the board of trustees of the century church and manse building fund of the Presbyterian Church n Canada.

Mr. Lawson introduced a bill amending the act incorporating Perth Centre for vater and fire purposes.

The house went into committee, Mr. Porter in the chair in consideration of bill No. 38 amending the liquor act of 1896, bill No. 41 for the adoption of Atlantic standard time, and bill No. 10 to abolish priority among execution creditors. Bill No. 38, which relates to the parish of Beresford, was considered section by section and agreed to.

Atlantic Standard Time.

In reference to the bill relating to the doption of Atlantic standard time, Hon-Mr. Tweedie said he had received a tele-gram from the minister of railways statstandard time in the province was under consideration. This time is one hour faster than Eastern standard, and there is strong movement in the province for its ing no regular system having been experi enced by the travelling public and others The I. C. R. and the C. P. R. being will ing to adopt Atlantic standard, it was desirable to make it uniform in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, hence the introduction of this bill. The bill will not ome into force until proclaimed by the governor-in-council. It was agreed to-Bill of Importance to Business Interests

The bill to abolish priority among exe cution creditors was explained by Hon-Mr. Pugsley. The object was: The present law is causing discredit to the business community, and outside business houses are backward about giving credit to our

effect of doing away with the suspici the present act a creditor on the ground might be able to receive payment for the

distance get nothing.

Progress was reported.

Mr. Hazen gave notice of inquiry with reference to the Central railway. The house went into committee on the bill to incorporate the Carleton County Operative Fire Insurance Association. Management of the Composition of Woodstock into a mutual insurance con pany. It had been recommended by th

ommittee on corporations.

Hon. Mr. Hill did not intend to oppos the bill, but he considered such legislation dangerous. When a great fire occurred such associations usually paid nothing

After passing three sections of the bill he committee separated un'til 7.30 o'clock. The committee resumed at half-passeven and the bill was agreed to with amendments.
On motion of Hon. Mr. Tweedie time for the introduction of private bills was extended for seven days.

ficials who are now doing the work of the agricultural department. Then take the item of education. In 1896 the expenditure was \$191,648; last year it was \$200,-The house proceeded to the order of the day. The attorney general said: "When I was closing my speech last evening charged the leader of the opposition wit having in his speech in Kings stopped at the year 1900 when giving out his state-ment of the expenditure of the govern-ment. I am unable to acquit him of hav-"Now when an opposition leader is seeking to oust a government I think that these are facts and figures that ought to be brought to the attention of the people. in his possession the statement contained in the Royal Gazette of December 25, showing a most material reduction in the I would next direct your attention to some figures with regard to contingencies. Here again he has compared 1895, a year of small expenditures, with last year. In legislative expenses for 1901, as compared with 1900, which were swelled by the grea length of the session owing to the bridge charges. If there is any one thing for which an opposition leader ought to be condemned it is for giving false informahouse, but that year five more were added, increasing the indemnity by \$1,500, besides mileage. Still I am willing to compare 1895 with last year. Taking all the expenses of the executive counce, travelling expenses, salaries of clerks, etc., I find that while there is an increase of \$6,823 in certain lines, there is a decrease of \$3,700 in certain other lines. In that increase there are additional salaries to tion, because it is the nature of people to believe what a public man states. He such as he made showing an increase about \$9,000 in the legislative expenses a few years was calculated to startle t people. He has not the excuse of having the startle to made this speech in the heat of political discussion, for it was carefully prepared beforehand, so that it appeared in the Sun in full on the Monday, having been delivered on Saturday. Why did he refrain from telling the electors that this increased according to the hydroge in the sun increased according to the same statement of the sun increased according to the same statement of the sun increased according to the same statement of the sun increased according to the same statement of the same stateme

ed expenditure was due to the bridge vestigation? He was also guilty of ne

PASTOR WHO WAS BEFRIENDED BY AN E BY AN EMPEROR SAVED BY PE-RU-NA.



Rev. H. Stubenvoll, of Elkhorn, Wis., is pastor of the Evangelical Lutheran St. John's Church of that place. Rev. Steubenvoll is the possessor of two bibles as a tonic. Accept my sincere thanks presented to him by Emperor William of Germany. Upon the fly leaf of one of for your personal interest in my case. the bibles the Emperor has written in his own handwriting a text. This honored pastor in a recent letter to the Peruna Medicine Co., of Columbus,

O., says concerning their famous catarrh remedy, Peruna:

The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.:

Gentlemen: "I had hemorrhages of the lungs for a long time, and all despaired of me. I took Peruna and was cured. It gave me Ave., Chicago, Ill., writes: strength and courage, and made healthy, pure blood. It increased "It gives me great pleasure to testify my weight, gave me a healthy color, and I feel well. It is the best to the merits of such a worthy remedy medicine in the world. If everyone kept Peruna in the house it for catarrh as your Peruna. I had would save many from death every year." Yours very truly,

REV. H. STUBENVOLL.

Thousands of people have catarrh who | the introduction of Peruna to the medical would be surprised to know it, because profession thousands of cases are cured Chicago Police Department for the past it has been called some other name than annually. catarrh. The fact is, catarrh is catarrh Mr. W. D. Smith, a well-known grocer wherever located: and another fact of Port Huron, Mich., writes:

which is of equally great importance, is that Peruna cures catarrh wherever taking Peruna and Manalin I am cured taking Peruna, taking Peruna and Manalin I am cured of catarrh wherever located.

Catarrh is an American disease. Fully one-half of the people are afflicted more or less with it in some form. Previous to the discovery of Peruna, eatarrh was taking Peruna and Manalin I am cured write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, or provided the proposition of the discovery of Peruna, and Manalin I am cured write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

considered well night incurable. Since am alright."-W. D. Smith.

Perma can be obtained for \$1.00 a bottle at all first-class drug stores in Janada. The this of lafe," which can be secured at all up-to-date drug stores and upon request is sent free to all, gives a short description of all catarrhal diseases. Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio, U. S. A.

then. I do not reflect on Mr. Blair, for made up of the increased cost of the de-he was doing as much as he could with the means at his disposal, just as we are the leader of the opposition made this of about \$14,000. Surely that speaks well

for the government's attention to the agricultural interests. This increase of course, includes the salaries of the of-

"Then he has sought to create an alarm ture was \$191,648; last year it was \$200, 631. The expenditure on the lunatic asylum, an institution of which we are all proud, was \$41,872; in 1896 and last year, \$61,543. In these three items alone there is an increase of \$45,000 in our expenditures over '96.

"Now when an opposition leader is seeking to oust a government I think that in the seeking to oust a government I think that which we should not have been expended. Of the bonded debt, \$150,000 was for the Woodstock bridge. Will the member for Carleton say that that money should not have been expended. Of the bonded debt, \$150,000 was for the woodstock bridge. Will the member for Carleton say that that money should not have been expended. Of the bonded debt, \$150,000 was for the woodstock bridge. Will the member for Carleton say that that money should not have been expended. Of the bonded debt, \$150,000 was for the woodstock bridge. Will the member for Carleton say that that money should not have been expended. Of the bonded debt, \$150,000 was for the woodstock bridge. Will the member for Carleton say that that money should not have been expended. Woodstock bridge. Will the member for Carleton say that that money should not have been expended. say that these bridges are unnecessary? People will take no stock in these charges unless the opposition can point out that the money was improperly spent.

Bonded Debt Analyzed. "Then let us look at the item which makes up the bonded indebtedness of the province. A great part of this is due to

The member for Carleion is a most relation of comparing the control of Largest and the control of Larg

C. F. Gerding, Milburn, Neb., writes: "I contracted a heavy cold about fifteen years ago and tried all kinds of patent medicines and drugs recommended for a cold or heavy cough, but found none to help me until I com-menced using Peruna. My age is seventy-eight years, and I am better now than I have been for years. I still keep using your great medicine, and am still improving in health. I recommend

-C. F. Gerding. Peruna, The Greatest Remedy Known For Catarrh.

it to all sufferers with coughs and colds."

Mr. Chas. H. Stevens, 97 Seventeenth Street, Detroit, Mich., writes: "It affords me great pleasure to testify to the merits of Peruna as a remedy for catarrh. I suffered for some time with chronic nasal catarrh, but after five months treatment during which time I used seven bottles of Peruna I am pleased to say that I am entirely well, there being not the slightest trace of the catarrh left. Peruna is without doubt the greatest remedy known for catarrh."-Chas. H.

Afflicted Since Childhood With Catarrh. Mr. Elbert S. Richards, Milton, Conn.,

"I am near sixty-eight years of age, and have from childhood been afflicted with catarrh in the head, and, for the past four or five years been much afflicted with it in my eyes; they being watery, would materate a good deal, and stick together in the night. My condition was so fully described in your almanac that I decided to try Peruna.

"I am thankful to say that I now consider myself entirely free from catarrh, and only use Peruna occasionally now "My son, 21 years of age, has been using Peruna for a number of weeks for catarrh in the head and has obtained great relief."-Elbert S. Richards.

Catarrh Thirty Years. Mr. Andrew Barrett, 940 N. Kidzie

suffered for thirty years from this very disagreeable disease and had tried many so-called remedies but until I used Peruna none had the desired effect.

twenty-eight years. I can cheerfully recommend Peruna w anyone suffering from catarrh."-Andrew Barrett.

oday are in some lines than they were to. This increase has been almost entirely orable friend to say that any of these "There is another matter of grave imthe was doing as much as he could with the means at his disposal, just as we are doing now with the means at our disposal. Take the item for agriculture. The expenditure for that in 1896 was \$21,889, but we were spending this money for the while last year it was \$35,691, an increase the leader of the opposition made this statement many persons thought that we when the old government desired to assist the railway from Gibson to Edmundston, they did not issue bonds, but while last year it was \$35,691, an increase the leader of the approximation of the farmers. a mile of the best timber lands in New Brunswick or about 1,600,000 acres altogetner. This land would be worth now at least \$5,000,000. If we had been guilty of

such reckless conduct as this we might have been condemned. It would have been better for the province to have given a subsidy of \$20,000 a mile for this railway and retain its forest lands. When the old government wanted money, they put up land for sale and got money with it, I am sure that the people are of the opinion that the administration of affairs since 1883 has been far superior to that

Credit Due Hon. Mr. Tweedie.

"My honorable friend, the premier, who holds the purse strings, deserves the greatest credit for the manner in which he has maintained the services of the province, notwithstanding the large amount of in-terest which has to be paid on the debt incurred by the old government. ...e esubesides mileage. Still I am willing to compare 1895 with last year. Taking all the expenses of the executive counca, travelling expenses, salaries of clerks, etc., I find that while there is an increase of \$3,700 in certain lines, there is a decrease of \$3,700 in certain other lines. In that increase there are additional salaries to certain clerks besides three or four additional clerks.

Salaries of Departmental Officials.

"Will any man say that the clerks in our public department are over paid. Our deputy receiver general, who has been in the service for more than 30 years and has performed his duties with the great-