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VOL. XXXI—No. 11,353

OTTAWA'S VAST JUBILA OVER NATION'S NEW LEADER

**Celebration at Capital Re-
flects Enthusiasm of All
Canada on Accession of R.
L. Borden to Power—Car-
riage Drawn Thru Three
Miles of Cheering People.**

OTTAWA, Sept. 26.—Ottawa gave R. L. Borden a joyous welcome to-night. The premier-elect was the central figure in a demonstration which for size and enthusiasm was approached only by the Liberal rejoicings in 1896, when Laurier was returned to power.

The chief event was a monster procession, the largest in the capital's history, which escorted Mr. Borden from his house thru the main streets of the city and back to his home again.

Several thousand people took part in the parade, while the streets were thronged with cheering crowds, who heartily acclaimed the Conservative leader as he passed in his carriage, drawn by 100 men.

There was no doubt about the whole-heartedness of the tribute paid to Mr. Borden. The procession took 40 minutes to pass a given point, and there was a roar of cheering all along the route. It was a great sight for Ottawa Conservatives.

Paraded Thru Three Miles.

In the carriage with Mr. Borden was George H. Perley, whose tireless work as chief opposition whip did so much to carry the party to victory, and the two elected Conservative members for Ottawa, Messrs. Frapp and Chabot. The parade reached Mr. Borden's house on Wurttemberg-street at 8 o'clock, and Mr. Borden and his conferees were placed in a carriage and dragged thru the three miles of packed humanity.

The Union Jack was everywhere in Ottawa to-night, and the city was brimming over with British sentiment. Some of the banners carried in the parade caught the eye of the crowd, particularly one which proclaimed: "Reciprocity is dead." "We kept Canada in the Empire" was another favorite motto, while the length of life of the Conservative administration was forecast in the slogan "Borden forever."

Mr. Borden was obviously pleased and touched by the magnificent welcome. He was kept bowing continuously, and when the crowd had vented their enthusiasm and escorted him home again, it was a tired but happy premier-elect who, in a few brief words, thanked his fellow-citizens for the honor accorded him. There were no formal speeches.

Pugsley Will Retire.

Hon. William Pugsley, it is stated, will resign his seat in St. John City and go out of federal politics. Mr. Pugsley made what practically amounted to a statement of his intentions in conversation to-day. He does not want to sit in opposition with Conservatives in control of his old department, especially when there are prospects of lucrative law work in St. John.

HAMILTON, Sept. 26.—The official result of last Thursday's polling in this city, according to the returning officers for the two Hamilton constituencies are:

West Hamilton, T. J. Stewart, 4390; J. I. McLaren, 2370; Hiram Dickout, 822. Stewart's majority over McLaren is, therefore, 1820.

In East Hamilton the count is 4981 for Samuel Barker, and 2496 for John Peebles, giving the former a majority of 2485 votes.

It is rumored that the Liberals in West Hamilton are trying to get Hiram Dickout to contest the West Hamilton seat in the provincial assembly. Mr. Dickout is said to be somewhat shy in the matter.

Cornwall Will Jubilate.

CORNWALL, Sept. 26.—The Conservatives of the Town of Cornwall and County of Stormont, have arranged for a grand demonstration in honor of the double victory in this county and throughout the Dominion on Thursday last, which will be held at Cornwall, on Friday evening, Sept. 22.

In order that the people from the country districts, who played such an important part in the local contest, may have an opportunity of attending the celebration, cheap rates have been secured on the Ottawa and New York Railway, and a special train will run north along this road at the conclusion of the celebration.

There will be a torchlight procession, followed by a magnificent display of fireworks by Prof. Dominico Ruffe, on the canal bank in front of Central Park. Music will be furnished by the Citizens' Band, the National Band, and several Highland pipers.

Short addresses will be delivered at Central Park by Dr. D. O. Aguirre, member-elect for Stormont; Andrew Broder, member-elect for Dundas; Dr. J. D. Reid, member-elect for Grenville; John Webster, member-elect for Brockville; A. E. Tripp, K.C., and Dr. J. L. Chabot, members-elect for Ot-

Continued on Page 3, Column 3.

Will March in Old Path

Premier-elect Borden, at the close of the procession thanked the demonstrators, saying: "This is a wonderful demonstration, perhaps the greatest in Ottawa, or in fact, the Dominion, and it is right that it should be so in the capital city, for, gentlemen, the twenty-first of September will go down in the history of the country as one of the most important and notable dates since confederation."

"This is not so much a demonstration of the triumph of one political party over another, this demonstration is because the people of Canada have spoken and have said that this country will march in the old path, the path that leads to Canadian unity, Canadian nationhood and British connections. Canada has said: 'Now and for all time in the future, there is no 'parting of the ways.'"

NE TEMERE DECREE LIKE INQUISITION TORTURES

**Hon. S. H. Blake Makes Strong
Comparison in Address at
Wycliffe College.**

Hon. S. H. Blake addressed the Wycliffe Association last night upon the still prominent subject, the Ne Temere decree. His address did not have the vigor which usually attends his utterances, and which it was expected would have enlivened his treatment of this question, but his attitude left no doubt as to his opinions of the decree. His address partook more of the nature of a history of the decree and a review of its effects.

He traced back its history to the Council of Trent in 1563, when the Church of Rome first made its influence felt in the laws of marriage as related to others outside its jurisdiction, mentioning that its introduction was made in this country as early as 1741, but that its complete enforcement was not made until four years ago, when the Catholic Church declared that a mixed marriage, under the decree, was absolutely invalid.

"The Church of Rome," declared Mr. Blake, "has brought misery, degradation and grief into many homes thru this outrageous decree. Can Canada be compelled to submit to the dictation of Rome on the subject of validity of marriage?" He believed that a test case should be prepared and submitted to the privy council, so that the question of a church's interference in a civil contract would be finally settled.

"No torture of the inquisition could more hurt the chaste woman than the unwarrantable presumptions of this decree," he declared.

"The question raised under the Ne Temere decrees must not be the subject of strife with the Catholics on the one side and the Protestants on the other, but is a matter of civil rights, embracing a solemn contract on which all should acknowledge the sacramental blessing of the church to which they belong. Each church should give its blessing, but should not place such impediments in the way as does this decree," declared Mr. Blake.

Matthew Wilson, the Chancellor of Niagara, who followed, in a short address, said that if we would preserve the sanctity of the home and the morality of the country, we must preserve the marriage status.

Dr. C. H. Thomas, the president of the Wycliffe Association, presided.

KILLED IN PISTOL FIGHT Sheriffs Were Shot in Trying to Arrest Negroes.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Sept. 26.—Sheriff W. D. Preston of DeSha County and Deputy Sheriff Barney Stiel of Little Rock were killed in a pistol battle with a party of negroes near Dumas, Ark., late this afternoon. Three negroes were also killed.

Preston and Stiel were endeavoring to arrest several of the negroes, wanted in Little Rock.

McBride for Cabinet?

VANCOUVER, Sept. 26.—The World alleges that Aid. H. H. Stevens, M.P. elect, will resign to be collector of customs here in succession to J. M. Bowell, who will soon be retired on a pension.

According to The World, the theory is that Premier McBride will be taken into the federal cabinet, and will take Stevens' Vancouver seat. Stevens denies the story.

ALL IN THE HOLE



An Accident to the Rescue Party.

ZIA BEY PASHA SEES NO WAR AHEAD

Turkey Is Happy to Be On
Friendly Terms With Every-
body—Compromise Likely
in Recognition of Italy's
Economic Interests—Canada
No More Subject to
Washington Than Tripoli to
Rome.

BELLFORT, L. I., Sept. 26.—Zia Bey Pasha, the Turkish ambassador to the United States, told a representative of the Canadian press to-night that he had as yet received no instructions from the Porte to invoke the good offices of the American Government in the way of restraining Italy from hostile action in Tripoli.

A despatch from Constantinople, Sept. 25, said that all Turkish representatives abroad had been requested to act in this direction. But should such instructions be received, the ambassador said he would not be surprised, for it would be entirely in accord with the treaty of Paris of 1856, to which the United States had subscribed, and by which the powers undertook to guarantee the integrity of the Ottoman Empire.

The guarantee of integrity contained in the treaty of Paris, which concluded the Crimean war between Russia and Turkey, was reiterated in the treaty signed at Berlin in 1878.

International Authority.

Zia Bey Pasha believes that the Tripoli dispute will be settled without recourse to war. He is entirely familiar with every phase of that question, and during his long and varied diplomatic service at St. Petersburg, Berlin and Paris, has had an opportunity to follow at close diplomatic range its various aspects and developments. He is, moreover, an authority on international law, and is now engaged in translating an important treatise on that subject from French into the Turkish language.

"Remember," said the ambassador, "that Tripoli is a province of Turkey. According to some despatches, Italy would try to take that province and make it an Italian protectorate. When France took Tunis, Italy, which had

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John D. With Pride Recalls First Job

"Was Just 55 Years Ago That Oil
King Started Business Career—
Flag Flying Marks Anniversary."

CLEVELAND, Sept. 26.—John D. Rockefeller to-day issued his first statement to the public in many years. It came in the shape of a message expressing his thankfulness for a long and successful business career, following the gaining of his first job 55 years ago.

Incidentally it revealed the fact that the Oil King held only one "job" in all his career.

Here is how the statement read: "The flag is flying over Forest Hill to-day in memory of 55 years ago when I secured my first and only situation, in the forwarding and commission house of Hewitt and Tuttle, on the river. I am very grateful for this memory."

The statement was made by Mr. Rockefeller to his brother-in-law, Geo. Rudd. The latter telephoned it to the papers.

Hewitt and Tuttle years ago was a well-known business firm, with offices on the Cuyahoga River front.

C.N.R. AND G.T.P. IN RACE

Both Railways Work Hard on Lines
From Edmonton to Calgary.

It is announced at the Canadian Northern offices that the grading on the company's line from Edmonton to Calgary has been completed to the city limits of Calgary, but the rails have yet to be laid on a considerable stretch of the roadbed.

The Grand Trunk Pacific has also made good progress on their line between these cities. It has more miles of rails laid than the C.N.R., but is not so far advanced with the grading. Western Canada, especially the citizens of Calgary, is very much interested in the race into Calgary between these two lines. Both railways are pushing on their lines with all speed, and it is problematical which will be completed first.

MANY DIFFERENT BLOCKS.

This year's fashions in men's hats are sufficient in range to suit almost anyone. There is the flat brim and low crown derby or the high crown and rather narrow rim. In all-pines there is a great variety in texture, color and design. The silks are very novel in the new fall shapes. The Dineen Company, of London and Dunlop of New York, have an unusually fine display now on sale in the showroom. All prices in hats to suit any face and in all sizes.

CAN'T BE HAPPY TILL THEY GET IT

New Brunswick Paper and
Pulp to Be Admitted Free
to United States Till Next
August—Sworn Statements
Wanted Regarding Pro-
ducts From Crown and Pri-
vate Lands.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—Practically all the wood pulp and print paper produced in New Brunswick until Aug. 1, 1912, will enter the United States free of duty.

This is made possible by a revised rule made to-day by Acting Secretary of the Treasury Curtis, under the only operative clause of the Canadian reciprocity agreement.

The surveyor-general of customs of New Brunswick advised the treasury department that the new law of that province restricting the exportation of wood pulp and print paper did not apply to lands operated under licenses issued or renewed prior to Oct. 1, on which date the act becomes effective.

The lands are used under long-term licenses, governed by yearly licenses, and Aug. 1 is the date for renewing these licenses. Consequently, until that time there will be no American import tax on pulp wood or print paper originating from those lands.

Regulations also were issued by Mr. Curtis to-day governing the taxation of Canadian pulp wood and print paper coming partially from crown lands and partially from private lands.

American customs collectors will insist upon sworn statements showing the percentages of origin, assessing duty on products of crown lands where the importation is restricted and entering the remainder free.

PARNELL MONUMENT.

DUBLIN, Sept. 26.—Richard Croker has accepted John E. Redmond's invitation to unveil the Parnell monument. This ceremony will take place on Oct. 1. The monument consists of a bronze statue of Parnell, by Augustus St. Gaudens, on a pedestal with a shaft of Connemara marble, which forms its background. It is the tribute of Ireland to the great Irish leader.

Demand New Legislation To Stop Race Track Betting

Moral Reformers' Platform.

Legislation against race-track betting.
Protection of morals of men in all employments.
Probation or indeterminate sentences in certain cases of infractions of the law.
Complete suppression of immoral resorts.
Refusal of bail in cases of social crime.
Power to search for obscene literature given to constables.
Make the possession of obscene literature a crime.
Amelioration of conditions in lodging houses of low standards.

HAMILTON ASYLUM FIRE PRESENTS NEW FEATURE

Continuous Startling Developments
Demand Further Investigation
By Provincial Government.

HAMILTON, Ont., Sept. 26.—Since the publication on August 14 and 15 of The World's charges in regard to the farcial inquest into the deaths of the eight men, who lost their lives in the terrible fire at the Hamilton Asylum for the insane, on August 1, additional information, which has a direct bearing on the fire, and the subsequent inquest, has been secured.

At the inquest it was sworn that inmates were not allowed to smoke in the corridors of the asylum. The World has positive information to the effect that they were habitually allowed to smoke in corridors, but that it was the practice of the hall attendants to light only one match in each corridor at "smoke time."

This one match provided the initial blaze, and the necessary "light" was transferred from one patient to another by means of small torches improvised from bits of paper, and in such manner the small blaze was frequently carried from one end of a corridor to the other.

The World has previously shown beyond reasonable doubt, that the fire of August 1, started at some spot in hall C, and this discovery in regard to smoking, and the manner in which it was carried on, suggests a possible cause of the horrible conflagration, in which eight helpless inmates of the asylum were burned to death, without a chance to escape.

BUSY IN QUEEN'S PARK BUT PREMIER IS SILENT

Provincial Organizer and Andrew
Broder Confer With Cabinet—
Lists Being Printed.

Whatever its political significance may be, there was an unusual activity yesterday up at the parliament buildings. All afternoon the premier's office was a busy place. A cabinet meeting was held in the morning, with nearly every minister in attendance. At noon one or two of the ministers left the city, grip in hand and wearing a very business-like expression. Sir James Whitney had numerous callers during the afternoon and there was every evidence that business of importance was being discussed.

Andrew Broder, M.P. for Dundas, was in calling on the premier, and so was J. S. Carstairs, the Conservative organizer for Ontario.

When asked about the report that he might be the new minister of agriculture, Broder said: "I have no particular ambitions, personally. But I do want to see Mr. Borden with a good, strong, honest government."

J. S. Carstairs was in good spirits. He hadn't heard anything about provincial elections. "But we couldn't have too much of a good thing," he jokingly remarked.

Sir James Whitney had no positive information to impart concerning the political plan of action in Ontario at this time.

"With regard to the question of these nine by-elections, or whatever they may develop with reference to them," said the premier, "there is nothing to say, but the fact that these questions beyond the fact that they will be taken up and dealt with by the cabinet in the ordinary routine way."

As the reporters left the office, Sir James remarked that the weather was very nice.

It is stated that the provincial lists are being printed, which would seem to indicate that an appeal to the country is not many months distant.

Moral and Social Reformers At- tack Pari-Mutuel System as Fostering Gambling Spirit— Social Evil is Vigorously As- sailed and Suggestions Made for Raising Moral Standard.

"The executive of the council in the light of these facts and considerations is of opinion that the time has arrived when this matter must again be faced and the battle fought to a finish, it being impossible to rest until this degrading business of exploiting vice is made in law what it is in fact, a criminal business, quite regardless of whether it is practised by those in the highest social circles or in the lowest strata of society."

In these words, following a long praiseworthy setting forth the results of the recent legislation at Ottawa designed to restrict race-track betting, the legislative committee of the Moral and Social Reform Committee urged that renewed efforts be made at the meeting in St. George's Hall yesterday.

The matter of race-track gambling was referred to a committee which was authorized to obtain legislation which will make race-track wagers illegal.

Slap at the Pari-Mutuels.

Commenting on the race-track situation the report says:

"Two racing seasons have passed and several things have transpired.
"1. Race tracks have increased in number.
"2. Several tracks have introduced the pari-mutuel machines, either along with or as a substitute for bookmakers."

"All the information we have been able to gather as to how this innovation is working out leads us to believe that it has not resulted in the lessening of the evils of race-track gambling and betting, but rather increasing them. Many people who were afraid of matching their wits against the bookmaker have no objections to putting up their money against each other thru the medium of the pari-mutuel machine."

"By this system the racing association becomes the keeper of a common betting house within the definition of the criminal code itself. The reports from Australia also bear testimony to the same fact that the pari-mutuel machines encourage and extend the vice of gambling."

"The courts have interpreted the law as not prohibiting the publication and circulation of information that may be used in bookmaking, namely, the Minoru of Vancouver, B.C., has had three immediately successive seven-day racing meets with full gambling and betting accompaniments, the second and third being held under the auspices nominally other than those of the association owning the track."

Moral Standards Confused.

In addition to these considerations we are compelled to face the following facts:

"1. Parliament two years ago deliberately put itself on record, in the name of the Canadian people, as favoring within specified limits of space and time, what is, outside of these limits, universally recognized as a criminal and degrading business, involving financial, social and moral ruin to large numbers, particularly of young men. This is a confusion of moral standards which must inevitably bear a terrible harvest of harm in days to come."

"2. This same action leaves the Canadian people open to the charge of permitting under the Union Jack what is criminal under the Stars and Stripes in almost all of the states in the American union, so that the professional swindlers in the persons of race track gamblers look upon Canada, and speak of it as almost the only remaining

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The Coming and The Going

I stood in the September field in the morning looking toward the upland and the rising sun. It had rained thru the night and the ground was wet; the young fall wheat was up two or three inches, as to show the regimented drill and every bright green blade was a little scimitar with sparkling drops in the sunlight. The slight breeze made them wave in unison; and as you saw them wave you again thought of them as choristers, and if you bowed reverently enough you thought you heard what seemed a glorious but almost inaudible song. At all events they were all joy.

And alongside was a great field of fodder-corn ready for the harvest. Tall, gaunt with the frost that had been a few nights ago, and every lance-like stalk with a rustling, faded, drooping plume. They, too, were regimented as choristers, and they, too, were quiring some invisible music, but in another key.

Perhaps the myriad little green blades of the wheat were hymning the mighty corn stalks that were to fall that day to the charioted knife of the farmer; and perhaps the rustling stalks, in their turn about to die, were saluting them as they came bursting into the sunshine of life.

The coming and the going and the aimed the one the other, each in its fitting way. But how much you heard of the two choirs was measured by how much you had left of comings and partings of your own.

Matting

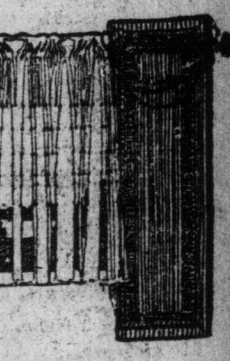
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