

Questions

other staff members; (b) transportation of pupils; (c) rentals; (d) operation, maintenance and repairs; (e) furniture, textbooks and supplies; (f) miscellaneous expenses, including liability insurance, sports and special classes; and (g) included in the costs for overseas are the transportation costs for the teachers to and from Europe.

An estimate of costs for 1964 and 1965 have been worked out as well as what it may be expected to cost in 1966, i.e.

	1964	1965	1966
In Canada	\$6,747,000	\$6,871,000	\$6,067,000
In Europe	3,756,000	3,630,000	3,814,000

ARDA PROJECT, TÉMISCAMINGUE COUNTY

Question No. 925—**Mr. Lefebvre:**

Will the county of Témiscamingue soon have a pilot project and full development and, if so (a) what is this project (b) how much will be spent for this project (c) does the ARDA program provide for a complete study of this county?

Hon. Maurice Sauvé (Minister of Forestry):

1. To date, the province of Québec has not submitted a proposal to cover a pilot project for the county of Témiscamingue.

(a) Answered by 1 above.

(b) Answered by 1 above.

(c) The province may submit project proposals for consideration under Part I of the federal-provincial rural development agreement 1965-70 to undertake jointly, physical, social and economic research concerning any of the projects or programs under this agreement. Basic physical and biological research is not considered pertinent to the intent of the act.

ARDA AGREEMENTS

Question No. 968—**Mr. Stefanson:**

1. On what date did the first ARDA agreement expire?

2. On what dates was the second ARDA agreement signed with each of the provinces and who signed them?

3. What is the effective date of these agreements and when do they expire?

4. How much money has the federal government allocated for the duration of the agreements and on what basis will it be allotted to the provinces?

Hon. Maurice Sauvé (Minister of Forestry):

1. March 31, 1965.

2. British Columbia, May 25, 1965; Saskatchewan, April 20, 1965; Alberta, April 15, 1965; Manitoba, July 29, 1965; Ontario, April 9, 1965; Quebec, May 18, 1965; New Brunswick, April 21, 1965; Nova Scotia, May 28,

[Mr. Hellyer.]

1965; Prince Edward Island, April 6, 1965; Newfoundland, May 13, 1965.

In each case, the Minister of Agriculture of each province signed the agreement, except for the province of Newfoundland it was Premier Joseph R. Smallwood, minister of Economic Development, acting in this capacity.

3. Effective date, April 1, 1965—Expiry date, March 31, 1970.

4. (a) An amount of \$125 million has been approved for allocation to the provinces. (b) The annual allotment available to the province shall be determined as follows: (a) an initial amount of \$375,000; (b) the balance of the allotment shall be calculated according to a formula based on the following factors as recorded in the 1961 census of Canada, each given equal weight: (i) the rural population of the province expressed as a percentage of the rural population of the ten provinces combined; and (ii) the number of rural non-farm families in the province with a family income less than \$3,000 per year expressed as a percentage of the number of such families in the ten provinces combined; and (iii) the number of farms (excluding residential and institutional farms) with a total capital value of less than \$25,000 and annual sales of farm products of less than \$3,750 expressed as a percentage of the number of such farms in the ten provinces combined.

ENCOURAGEMENT OF CANADA-U.K. TRADE

Question No. 1,097—**Mr. Flemming:**

1. Does the Department of Trade and Commerce attempt to draw the attention of manufacturers located in the United Kingdom to the possibilities of the sale of goods in Canada which we are presently importing and does the Department advise Canadian manufacturers of natural products of the possibilities of making sales of their products in the United Kingdom?

2. If so, what is the method of disseminating such information?

Hon. Robert Winters (Minister of Trade and Commerce): 1. (a) The responsibility for assisting United Kingdom manufacturers to sell in Canada rests largely with the staffs of the British High Commissioner's office and the eight British Trade Commissioner offices across Canada. Appropriate assistance is provided to these offices by the department when requested. (b) The department spends considerable effort in advising Canadian manufacturers and exporters of the possibilities of making sales of their products in the United Kingdom.