Army: 2,400, mainly deployed as part of 9th Corps Headquarters at Camp Zama;

Air Force: elements of the Fifth Air Force (16,600), including the Fifth Air Force Headquarters (Yokota Air Base), a tactical airlift group (Yokota Air Base), a tactical fighter wing and a strategic air wing on Okinawa, and two tactical fighter squadrons at Misawa Air Base. These forces are equipped with F-15 and F-16 interceptors; RF-4C, C-130, and HC-130 logistical support aircraft, and AWACS units;

Marines: 26,000, consisting of two air groups at Iwakuni, an air group, a logistical support group, and the Third Marine Amphibious Force based in Okinawa;

Navy: 7,400 personnel are stationed in Japan with headquarters in Yokosuka, a maritime air patrol group at Atsugi with detachments at Misawa and Okinawa (Kadena).

U.S. naval and marine forces in Japan are part of the Seventh Fleet, responsible for patrolling the western Pacific and Indian Oceans, with assets including three aircraft carriers (carrying 250 aircraft), 23 surface combat ships, 18 support vessels, seven ocean-going amphibious attack vessels, and approximately eight submarines. In addition, large supplies of war reserves and operational project stocks supporting the Korea-based U.S. Eighth Army are stored at the Sagami General Depot.

7. The Williamsburg Summit Declaration on Security reads in part:

"As leaders of our seven countries, it is our first duty to defend the freedom and justice on which our democracies are based. To this end, we shall maintain sufficient military strength to deter any attack, to counter any threat, and to ensure the peace. Our arms will never be used except in response to aggression.

"We wish to achieve lower levels of arms through serious arms control negotiations. With this statement, we reaffirm our dedication to the search for peace and meaningful arms reductions. We are ready to work with the Soviet Union to this purpose and call upon the Soviet Union to work with us."

8. The allegiance of Japan to American arms control and disarmament (ACD) policies had tangible benefits, most dramatically in American insistence (and in line with the Williamsburg statement) that the USA-USSR INF treaty include the elimination of