

YOUNG LIBERALS.

Proceedings of the First Day's Convention.

POLITICAL QUESTIONS DISCUSSED.

Tory Misgovernment Emphatically Condemned.

CHEERS FOR GLADSTONE AND PARNELL.

A Resolution in Favor of Irish Home Rule Adopted Amidst Wild Cheering—The Riel Question—Other Business.

The grand convention of the young Liberals of the Dominion, which was advertised to open on June 29th, drew a large gathering at North...

Mr. Robbette, of Toronto, moved, seconded by Mr. Edgar, Judge of Montreal, that Mr. Prefontaine be nominated a permanent chairman...

The following committee was then named after considerable trouble:—Messrs. J. S. McDonald, Parkdale; J. Cooke, Antville; E. G. Snellgrove, Cobourg; J. D. Clarke, Hamilton; E. H. Britton, Kingston; Geo. Reid, London; Dr. Cameron, Lucknow; Sharpe, Owen Sound; F. H. Dupier, Ottawa; Mathers, Winnipeg; J. H. O. H. Hope, St. John; Dr. Graham, Richmond; Dr. de Grosbois, Roxton Falls; J. B. Loomis, Sherbrooke; J. Robinson, Toronto; Barthe, Three Rivers; J. P. Graham, Morrisburg; J. P. Noyes, Waterloo; Eugene Sicotte, Swanton; Robinson, Iroquois; E. Standaert, Quebec City; H. Kider, St. John; G. G. Leoni, H. Andrews, Captain J. H. Brown, H. Roy, Clarenceville; J. C. McCormick, West Farnham; W. Finlay, Nicolet; V. Gladu, Yamaska; E. B. Munro, Compton; Lachine, L'Islet; L. Dizer, St. Jean; L. Rinfret, Champlain; L. P. Brodeur, Beloeil; — D'Amel, L'Assomption; Edmonds, Club Belletier, Montreal; A. D'Amel, Club National; E. Judge, Young Men's Reform Club; P. Prefontaine, St. Hilaire; L. Lavigne, Stanfold; L. P. Cardin, Sorel; J. B. Houlston, Three Rivers; Dr. Marchersand, St. Guillaume; Samuel Clifton, Contoiaque; Dr. Fortier, St. David; W. Nutting, St. Pudentienne; J. M. Coghlin, Qu'Appelle; James Harrington Knowles, Mauricie.

It being observed that Mayor Beaugrand was present in the hall, he was invited by the Chairman to take a seat on the platform, which he did amidst the cheers of the audience.

When the discussion on the subject of the liquor traffic was over, His Worship welcomed the members of the Convention to Montreal in his official capacity as Mayor.

He said he was sure that the citizens of Montreal, of all parties and all creeds, were glad that the convention had selected their city as their place of meeting, and, therefore, in their name he bid them welcome.

As a member of the Liberal party, he was delighted to see the young Liberals in convention, and he knew that they would discuss the subjects in which all Liberals were interested with moderation and good temper.

They should remember, however, that there was such a thing as party discipline, and that no section of the party could be independent of every other section.

It would never do, he said, for Tom, Dick and Harry to meet and to form a platform for their party. Individual ideas would have to give way to general opinion.

Mayor Beaugrand spoke of the Hon. Mr. Blake as a leader of whom Liberals, young and old, had good reason to feel proud.

THE EVENING SESSION. The Convention was called to order shortly after eight o'clock.

A DOMINION ASSOCIATION. The General Committee reported that they had selected Messrs. Kerr, Robbette, Chry, and Cameron (Ontario), Messrs. Dorion, Ryder, Parnell, Martineau (Quebec), Mathers, Harrington, Cadran (representing the other provinces), as a special committee to organize a Dominion Association of Young Liberals and to report to-day. Carried.

COMPLIMENTING CARDINAL TACHÉ. Mr. D. E. Cameron (Ontario), moved seconded by Messrs. J. X. Perrault and D. Barry:—

"That the Young Liberals of Canada in a convention assembled have learned with extreme satisfaction the elevation of His Grace the Archbishop of Quebec to the high dignity of Cardinal of the Holy Roman Empire to receive his sacerdotal consecration from the hands of the most worthy sons of Canada; That these congratulations be immediately telegraphed to His Eminence by the President of the Convention."

Carried amidst applause.

LETTER FROM THE LEADER. The secretary then read the following letter:—

TORONTO, June 26, 1886. DEAR SIRS,—On my return to town I hasten to express my thanks to the Executive Committee of the Dominion Liberal Association for their kind invitation to be present at the convention of the Dominion Liberal Association, and to express my regret that it is not in my power to accept this invitation.

I hope the convention will be very successful. I shall watch with the greatest interest the reports of its deliberations. May they be such as shall tend to increase the force and maintain the unity of the Liberal party in this Dominion.

Yours truly, Edward Blake.

Messrs. Walker and Martineau, Sec's. A letter was also read from Mr. Gagnon, M.P., for Kamouraska, expressing regret at not being present and wishing the convention all success.

Mr. A. Dorion then moved, seconded by Mr. W. F. Kerr, and it was

Resolved, That it has been established by irrefutable evidence that in many instances the Indians of the Northwest who are wards of the Government have been wronged and defrauded by those who are specially appointed to care for them and promote their interests while ignorant of their rights and of the laws of the Dominion.

That the missionary efforts of the churches are counteracted and hindered, many sufferings brought upon the Indians and a state of dissatisfaction with the Dominion Government to such an extent that it has become necessary to cancel all appointments of agents or instructors, who are known to be tyrannical, unjust or immoral, and to fill their places with men of integrity, sobriety and purity.

INDEPENDENCE. It was then moved by J. X. Perrault, seconded by P. G. Gorman:—

"That, to secure the proper development of the trade of the Dominion, the Canadian people should have full power to negotiate their own commercial and other treaties with other powers."

Mr. Martineau moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Dorion:—

"That this convention expresses the hope that the result of commercial independence will be the complete political independence of the country."

Resolved, That it has been established by irrefutable evidence that in many instances the Indians of the Northwest who are wards of the Government have been wronged and defrauded by those who are specially appointed to care for them and promote their interests while ignorant of their rights and of the laws of the Dominion.

That the missionary efforts of the churches are counteracted and hindered, many sufferings brought upon the Indians and a state of dissatisfaction with the Dominion Government to such an extent that it has become necessary to cancel all appointments of agents or instructors, who are known to be tyrannical, unjust or immoral, and to fill their places with men of integrity, sobriety and purity.

INDEPENDENCE. It was then moved by J. X. Perrault, seconded by P. G. Gorman:—

"That, to secure the proper development of the trade of the Dominion, the Canadian people should have full power to negotiate their own commercial and other treaties with other powers."

Mr. Martineau moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Dorion:—

"That this convention expresses the hope that the result of commercial independence will be the complete political independence of the country."

A motion to adjourn the debate was unanimously adopted.

NOVA SCOTIA HEARD FROM. The secretary then read the following telegram from the Premier of Nova Scotia:—

"HALIFAX, June 30, 1886. I regret that I cannot attend the convention, for the success of which you have my best wishes. Political issues in Nova Scotia are best kept clear of ordinary party lines. Excessive taxation, neglect of our provincial rights and general misgovernment in Ottawa have not only intensified the original grievances of Nova Scotia, but produced a constitutional revolt against the union. The desire of our people is to be released from Confederation. We must press for that regardless of party alliances; but while Nova Scotia remains in the union the Liberals of the province will very cordially co-operate with their brethren of the other provinces in bringing about a change of government at Ottawa, feeling assured that the whole country will be benefited by having the affairs of the Dominion directed by a statesman of the lofty and splendid abilities of the Hon. Edward Blake."

"W. S. FIELDING." The convention then adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning, when it will be a vote on the Independence question.

SECOND DAY. MORNING SESSION. The Convention met yesterday morning shortly after ten o'clock, Mr. A. P. McIntyre, vice-president, in the chair.

Mr. Cameron, Lucknow, Ont., chairman of the committee to arrange for a Young Liberals' Dominion Association, reported that the committee had made the following nominations:—

Honorary President—Hon. Edward Blake. President—A. L. Prefontaine. Vice-Presidents—N. W. T. and British Columbia, Jas. Cochrane, Qu'Appelle; Manitoba, T. G. Mathers, Winnipeg; Ontario, D. E. Cameron, Lucknow; Quebec, Ernest P. Cameron, Quebec; New Brunswick, Jas. Harrington, St. John; Nova Scotia, Hon. S. W. Fielding, Halifax; Prince Edward Island, Hon. L. H. Davies, Charlottetown.

Secretaries—T. O. Robbette, Toronto, and A. Dorion, Montreal.

Executive Committee—Geo. M. Reid, London; J. D. Clarke, Hamilton; J. D. Edgar, Toronto; J. T. Hawke, Ottawa; J. A. Foran, Belleville; Chas. Langelier, G. M. Deschamps, Quebec; B. M. Ryder, Stanstead; L. P. Brodeur and H. J. Cloran, Montreal; Clifford Sifton, Brandon, Man.; Smith Curtis, Portage la Prairie, Man.; F. E. Burnham, Emerson; Dr. McArthur and Fred. C. Wade, Winnipeg.

The report was unanimously adopted amidst applause.

The adjourned debate on Canadian independence and Canadian treaty-making powers was resumed.

The two amendments to the main motion (already published) having been withdrawn, Mr. Cloran moved, seconded by A. Dorion, that the discussion of the question be adjourned until next session.

The amendment and the main motion declaring in favor of Canada negotiating her own commercial ties were then adopted.

NECESSARIES OF LIFE. Mr. J. G. Barthe then moved, seconded by Mr. G. M. Reid, London, that in the opinion of this convention all restrictions on the trade and commerce of the Dominion are detrimental to the best interests of the people, and that it is absolutely necessary as a step towards the more equitable government of Canada that, on the earliest possible moment, the taxes on coal, on flour and on other necessities of life, as well as raw material for manufactures, should be abolished. Carried.

IMMIGRATION. Moved by Mr. Dumont, seconded by Mr. McMahon, "Whereas the resources of the Dominion offer a sufficient inducement to all desirable classes of immigrants; and, whereas, the present policy of assisted immigration subjects our wage earners to unfair competition; therefore be it resolved that the expenditure of public money, in giving assisted passages, should be discontinued." Carried unanimously.

TORY MISREPRESENTATION. Messrs. Cameron, Lucknow, Cloran and others protested against the false and unjust report made by the Tory organ, the Gazette, of the proceedings of the convention. The remarks of the speakers were applauded, several of the delegates remarking, "We expected that."

IRISH HOME RULE. Mr. Thos. Dilly moved, seconded by E. I. Donohue, "That this convention expresses its sympathy with the gallant efforts now being made by Mr. Gladstone and Mr. Parnell and their followers to grant to the people of Ireland a Parliament to manage their local affairs; and the establishment of such a Parliament in Ireland is, in the opinion of this meeting, in accordance with the wants and rights of the Irish people, and would tend to the peace, harmony and prosperity of the Empire."

Moved by Mr. Cameron, seconded by H. J. Cloran, that a copy of this resolution be submitted to Mr. Gladstone and to Mr. Parnell.

The reading of the motion was received with loud and enthusiastic cheering, which lasted for some time, and after addresses by Messrs. Duffy, Barry, Cloran, Dr. Graham, B. J. Coghlin, L. O. David, J. M. Taylor, Toronto, and others, they were unanimously adopted, cheers being given for Gladstone, Parnell, Blake and Laurier.

THE LATE HON. L. S. HENNING. Moved by G. W. Stephens, M.P.P., seconded by J. E. Noyes, "That this convention has learned with deep regret of the death of the late Hon. L. S. Henning, one of the most distinguished leaders of the Liberal party in the Dominion of Canada, whose arduous services on behalf of pure Govern-

ment and the best interests of the Dominion, and whose name and sympathy with the young men of the country deserve the heartfelt recognition of this convention. It is further resolved that a copy of this resolution be sent to his family." Carried.

THE FISHERY QUESTION. Mr. A. Sutherland (Parkdale) moved, seconded by Mr. J. W. Harrington (St. John), and it was resolved, "That this convention is convinced that no settlement of the respective fishery rights of Canada and the United States will prove satisfactory unless the policy of England in the negotiations is based upon the recommendations of the Canadian Government." Carried.

MANITOBA LANDS. Moved by H. T. Duffy, seconded by Jas. Knowles, jr., and resolved, "That the public lands of Manitoba be given back to that province upon such conditions as should be found just and equitable." Carried.

THE RIEL CASE. Mr. A. F. McIntyre (Ottawa) then moved, seconded by Mr. H. J. Cloran.

"That this Convention approve the course of the Hon. Edward Blake in relation to the execution of Louis Riel, and is desirous of joining in the censure of the Dominion Government for that act, for the reasons stated by the leader of the Liberal party at the late session of the Dominion Parliament."

Messrs. McIntyre, Cloran, David, Mayor Beaugrand and Jas. McShane, jr., M.P.P., delivered brief addresses in support of the resolution. They pointed out the unjust manner in which Riel had been executed, when all knew well that he was not sound in his mind. They also censured the Government for its maladministration of North-West affairs, and concluded by expressing satisfaction at the fact that this question had been taken up in a broad and national manner, and all hoped that the unity which now prevailed among all liberal minded people would continue, and that the rights of all the provinces would be looked after.

THE FRANCHISE ACT. Moved by Mr. Robbette, seconded by Mr. Martineau, and resolved, "That the convention condemns the Franchise Act adopted by the Dominion Parliament, approves the principle that the Franchise is a subject which should be dealt with exclusively by the Provincial Legislature, declares that the preparation of Electoral lists should be delegated to the municipal councils of the county, and pledges itself to use every legitimate effort to secure a repeal of the said act and so save to the people of Canada the enormous costs involved in the operation of the act."

The convention then took recess.

AFTERNOON SESSION. Mr. Edgar Judge called the meeting to order at three o'clock, and expressed the hope that the speakers would be brief in their remarks, as there still remained much business to be done.

THE VETO POWER. Mr. J. P. Noyes moved, seconded by Mr. A. M. Taylor, and it was resolved, "That this Convention protest against the unjust and unconstitutional encroachments of the Federal Government upon rights guaranteed to the several provinces of the Dominion; believes that the veto power now possessed by the Governor-General in Council with respect to provincial legislation should be abolished, and further believes that the courts constitute a supreme check upon unconstitutional provincial legislation." (Carried.)

THE SENATE. Mr. Williston then moved, seconded by Mr. Jas. Mitchell:—

"That the Dominion Senate as at present constituted is utterly useless as a legislative body and has failed to realize the hopes or expectations of those who at Confederation had looked to the second chamber, composed entirely of members nominated by the Crown, would prove a non-partisan body and a check upon hasty and imprudent legislation by the House of Commons; that in the opinion of this Convention the Senate should be reformed in such a way as to make it an elective chamber, without interfering with the present proportionate representation of the various provinces. Be it further resolved that the territories of Assiniboine, Saskatchewan and Alberta ought to be granted representation in the said elective Senate."

Mr. L. P. Brodeur moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. P. G. Martineau:—"That all the words in the motion be erased and that the Senate be abolished."

Mr. Williston and Hawke advocated the motion, while Messrs. Dorion, Tremblay and Brodeur favored the amendment, which on being put to the vote was carried by a division of 53 against 26.

APPOINTMENT OF JUDGES. Mr. James Knowles moved, seconded by Mr. Taylor:—"That the Judges of Provincial Courts should be appointed by Provincial Governments." Carried.

THE LABOR QUESTION. Moved by Mr. Cameron, seconded by Mr. Robbette:—"That in the opinion of this convention tribunals of arbitrators should be appointed with compulsory powers to settle labor disputes between public corporations and their employes, and this convention further recommends the appointment of a commission to enquire into and report upon the whole labor question." (Carried.)

An amendment to postpone the question was rejected, and the main motion carried.

MANITOBA RIGHTS. Moved by T. G. Mathers, seconded by W. F. Kerr, and resolved, "That the right of the Province of Manitoba under the British North America Act to charter railways within its boundaries should not be interfered with." Carried.

IMPERIAL LEGISLATION. Moved by Mr. A. M. Taylor, seconded by Mr. Walker, "That legislation by the Imperial Parliament be sought with the view of restoring to the Dominion the power possessed by the former Province of Canada to alter or amend the constitution of the country," was lost.

SUPERANNUATION. Moved by Mr. Williston, seconded by Mr. Ryder, and resolved, "That the system of superannuation and granting of pensions to members of the Civil Service is attended with great abuses, and having due regard to existing rights should be entirely abolished." (Carried.)

LAND SPECULATION. Moved by Mr. Clarke and seconded by Mr. Brodeur and resolved, "That in the opinion of this convention the policy of granting the public lands to speculators pursued by the present Dominion Government is to be condemned, and that in future all the public lands should be granted to actual settlers only." (Carried.)

INDEPENDENCE OF PARLIAMENT. Moved by Mr. McMahon and seconded by Mr. Tremblay, and resolved, "That no member, solicitor or employe of a corporation seeking or receiving land, contracts, money, subsidies or other pecuniary advantages from the Government should be permitted to sit or vote in Parliament." Carried.

BRIEBRY IN ELECTIONS. Moved by Mr. Hawke, seconded by Mr. Chryslor, and resolved, "That in the opinion

of this convention, bribery in elections is a conspiracy against the public welfare and should be made punishable by imprisonment without the option of a fine in the case of both briber and bribee." (Carried.)

CIVIL SERVICE REFORM. Moved by Mr. T. C. Robbette, and seconded by Mr. Tremblay, and resolved, "That the Civil Service of the Dominion be such as to call for immediate action; that the annual expenditure upon the Civil Service is far beyond the requirements of the country; that the present system of examinations is farcical and useless, merit being wholly ignored; that a complete measure of Civil Service reform is necessary by which the expenditure may be reduced, the nepotism and favoritism practiced by the present Government rendered impossible and the public service rendered independent of political parties. That this convention desires to place upon record its condemnation of the practice of importing men to fill positions in the public service, which can be properly and efficiently filled by Canadians." Carried.

GERRYMANDERING CONDEMNED. Moved by Mr. Robbette, seconded by Mr. D. E. Cameron, that the Dominion authorities shall have no power to change the electoral divisions; but that the Provincial Government shall have full control of all such matters.

Moved by J. Knowles, seconded by J. E. Allan, that the subject be postponed until the next convention.

It was moved by Mr. Williston, in sub-amendment, and resolved, "That this convention condemns in the strongest possible terms the gerrymandering of the constituencies, as undertaken unwarrantably by the present Dominion Government, and resolves that the evil shall be undone at the earliest possible moment." (Carried.)

RECIPROCITY. Mr. E. Judge moved, seconded by Mr. E. P. Casau, and it was unanimously resolved that this convention is strongly in favor of a treaty of reciprocity with the United States.

CONGRESS OF NATIONS. A lengthy motion, moved by Mr. Wm. Mitchell and seconded by Mr. H. S. Snellgrove, with regard to having Canada represented at the coming Congress of American States at Washington, was postponed until next convention.

PENNY POSTAGE. Moved by Mr. Knowles and seconded by Walker, and resolved, "That this convention is of the opinion that the two cents postage system should be established in the Dominion."

This completed the business of the convention, and on bringing it to a close the Chairman returned thanks to all those who had attended it. He said that the work of the convention would have a good effect upon the electorate, and he also hoped that the efforts of the Young Liberals towards obtaining good government would be rewarded. He also thanked the press for the fairness they had shown in reporting the proceedings of the Convention, with one exception, which was the organ of one of the Ministers at Ottawa, which had been most unfair and unjust and had falsely reported the proceedings. He hoped that at other conventions they would also be treated well. In concluding he said that he had been chosen by all the delegates and had accepted the position knowing that it was a great honor to him. The Tory party had done everything to prevent him receiving that honor. It was for him a vindication (Cheers), though he did not need that, as his friends were perfectly well satisfied with his course. He closed by thanking all for their attentions at the first convention of Young Liberals held in the Province of Quebec.

Mr. A. M. Taylor (Toronto), then moved, seconded by Mr. Graham (Morrisburg), "That the thanks of the convention are due to the different Montreal clubs for bringing this convention to success."

Mr. Taylor, in speaking to his motion, returned thanks for the manner in which the Ontario delegation had been received, and hoped that the visit would be returned by the Montreal contingent. He was proud of the Young Liberals of Quebec and all had been charmed by their eloquence.

Mr. Graham also spoke to the motion in the same strain, after which it was carried.

Mr. Hawke returned thanks on behalf of the Ottawa delegation, and then moved, seconded by Mr. Robbette, "That Ald. Prefontaine leave the chair and be replaced by Mr. Cameron." Carried.

Thanks were then voted to Alderman Prefontaine for the manner in which he had presided at the Convention.

After some remarks by Messrs. Tremblay, Cameron and McIntyre, Alderman Prefontaine returned thanks.

A vote of thanks was also unanimously passed to the secretaries, Messrs. W. S. Walker and P. G. Martineau, for their arduous duties in connection with the Convention, which had been brought about by a resolution offered by Mr. Walker on the 25th September, 1885.

The Convention was then closed with cheers for the Queen, Blake, Mercier, Laurier, Mowat, the Young Liberals and Alderman Prefontaine.

EASILY CURED. Mrs. Berkinshaw, 26 Pembroke street, Toronto, cured of a bad lameness of the knee-joint, upon which the surgeons were about to operate. Other treatment had been tried in vain. Hagar's Yellow Oil was the remedy used.

A gentleman at Allendale, S. C., who is fifty-one years of age, has begun cutting a new set of teeth.

AFTER TWENTY-THREE YEARS' SUFFERING. Rev. Wm. Stout, of Wiaton, was cured of scrofulous abscess that seventeen doctors could not cure. Burdock Blood Bitters was the only successful remedy. It cures all impurities of the blood.

German engineers have succeeded in diminishing the swaying in locomotives, and with it the wear of the rear driver flanges, by making the tender coupling more or less rigid laterally, and, indeed, four-wheeled locomotives have been used on some roads for line engines by having heavy shoot bolts on each side entering sockets on the tender—in this way preventing either vertical or horizontal swaying.

A MIDNIGHT ALARM. There is scarcely any fright more alarming to a mother than the ominous sound of croup—so liable at the hour of night. When Hagar's Pectoral Balsam (for the throat and lungs) is at hand, croup and distressing coughs lose half their terrors. It cures coughs, asthma and bronchitis.

Three hundred observers have enlisted in Massachusetts to take thunder-storm observations this summer.

BELSHAZZER'S WARNING. "Tried in the balance and found wanting," is the general verdict rendered against most of the so called cures for lung troubles. Such a decision has never been given against Dr. V. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery." On the contrary, it is conceded by thousands who have tried it, to be the only remedy for consumption (scrophula of the lungs) and scrofulous diseases generally. It will not cure when both lungs are most gone, but it takes when the disease is in the first stages it never fails. It is also specific for such scrofulous affections as fever-sores, white swellings, hip-joint disease, and great tingling ulcers, and for blood taints generally, from whatever cause arising. By druggists.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—In all outward complaints a desperate effort should be made; at once remove these annoying infirmities, and establish a cure. The remarkable remedies discovered by Professor Holloway will surely and victoriously accomplish this desirable result, without any of those dangers or drawbacks which attend the old method of treating scrofulous inflammations, scrofulous affections, and scrofulous annoyances. The most timid invalid may use both the Ointment and Pills with the utmost safety with certain success, provided a moderate attention be bestowed on their accompanying "Directions." Both the preparations soothe, heal, and purify. The one assists the other most materially in effecting cures and renewing strength by helping exhausted nature just when she needs such succour.

MARRIED. FULLERTON—KELLY.—On Tuesday, the 22nd inst., at St. Patrick's Church, Quebec, by the Reverend J. Hayden, C.S.S.R., Robert Fullerton to Mary Ann Kelly.

DONAHUE—KENNEDY.—At St. Anthony's Church, by the Rev. Father Laroque, on the 21st inst., William Donahue to Miss Ellen Kennedy, daughter of the late Michael Kennedy. All of this city. 147-2

DUCLOS—FARRELL.—At St. Joseph's Church, by the Rev. Abbe Bruchet, assisted by the Rev. Father Laroque, Robert Duclos to Mary, youngest daughter of Francis Farrell, all of this city. 154-2

DINAHAN—MULLIN.—On Monday, the 28th inst., at St. Patrick's Church, by the Rev. Father Dowd, Mr. R. T. Dinahan to Miss W. Mullin, daughter of Mr. M. C. Mullin, of this city. 153-2

POLEY—SHANAHAN.—At Cadillac, Mich., on Sunday, June 27th, John Poley, of Montreal, to Miss Elizabeth Shanahan, of Osgoode, Ont. 154

WALSH—SHEPHERD.—At St. Ann's Church, on Tuesday, the 22nd inst., by the Rev. Father Cullin, Richard Walsh, of St. Martin, to Miss Mary Ann Sheehan, daughter of the late Thomas Sheehan, of this city. 149-2

DIED. McCAULEY.—In this city, on the 25th of June, Annie McCauley, aged 21 years.

MILLOU.—In this city on July 2, 1886, of James Milloy, a Graduate, youngest daughter of James Milloy, aged 5 years 8 months.

BYRNES.—At Quebec, on the 23rd inst., Mr. Michael Byrnes, aged 86 years, a native of the County Carlow, Ireland.

DICKSON.—Accidentally drowned, at Quebec, on June 25th inst., David James Dickson, son of Wm. Henry Charles Dickson.

JEFFEY.—At Quebec, on the 23rd inst., Marie Eva Eiza, youngest daughter of Robert Andrew Jeffrey.

LEMESURIER.—At London, England, on the 10th inst., Lucy Darling, wife of Lieut. Colonel T. A. Lemesurier, A.C.G.

RYAN.—In this city, on the 26th inst., Mabel Clifford, aged 3 months, only daughter of Wm. Ryan.

MACKAY.—In this city, on 23th June, Mary Milne, aged 8 months, youngest daughter of Jas. Mackay.

CAMBELL.—In this city, on June 29th, Letitia Hughes, aged 28 years and 19 months, beloved wife of John Campbell.

DONNELLY.—On Wednesday, 30th June, 1886, Joseph Neil, aged 9 years and 9 months, eldest son of P. Donnelly.

McMANUS.—In this city, on the 28th inst., of 1r in fever, Joseph Patrick, aged 20 years and 4 days, son of Patrick McManus.

BOWD.—In this city, on the 29th inst., Francis Robert, aged 1 year and 10 days, only son of C. H. Dowd.

MCCARTHY.—At St. Gabriel Village, on the 27th inst., Frances Anne, aged 1 year, 4 months and 3 days, youngest and beloved daughter of Denis McCarthy.

REDDY.—At Quebec, on the 25th inst., after a long and painful illness, Bridget Agnes, youngest daughter of John Reddy, aged 17 years and 4 months.

MATTHEWS.—At Chicago, on the 16th inst., Edward Matthews, aged 21 years, son of the late Roger Matthews, of Montreal. New York and Brooklyn papers please copy.

DICKSON.—Accidentally drowned, on the 25th inst., at Quebec, David James Dickson, oldest and beloved son of William H. and Charlotte Dickson, aged 9 years and 10 months.

MAHER.—In this city, on the 23rd inst., Anthony Maher, aged 67 years, Sub-Chief of Police, a native of Ballyfinn, County Tipperary, Ireland.

Boston and Lowell papers please copy.

MACMAHON.—At Spencer Cove, Quebec, on the 17th inst., Mary MacMahon, widow of the late Maurice Lynch, a native of the parish of Adair, County Limerick, Ireland, aged 67 years.

Grand Rapids, Wis., and Quebec papers please copy.

BEAUDRY.—In this city, on the 25th inst., the Hon. Jean Louis Beaudry, Legislative Councilor, at the age of 77 years and 3 months. The funeral will take place on Monday, 28th inst., from his late residence, 31 Drummond street.

FARM FOR SALE. 300 acres (90 of which are under cultivation), 3 miles from Roman Catholic Church, Barns, Dwelling Houses, and Saw and Grist Mills. TERMS EASY. Particulars at 240 COMMISSEYON STREET.

CURE FITS! When a boy or girl has been seized with fits, epilepsy or falling sickness, it is no time to lose heart. There is a cure for these troubles. Send at once for a copy of our new and valuable remedy, Ultra Extract and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and I will send you a copy free.

Branch Office, 37 Yonge St., Toronto. 31-2

Beef, Iron and Wine. Prepared by W. H. BRIBBETT, of New York and London, and recommended for all persons of both sexes and of all ages. Debilitated persons should eat it and take no other.

TEACHER—A YOUNG LADY HOLDING a diploma for a Model School, French and English, from the R. C. Board, Montreal, wishes an engagement. She has taught in the best schools, and is capable of organizing and directing the choir of the church, both in French and English. Address "Teacher," office of THE TRUE WITNESS, Montreal.

Reference: The Sisters of St. Anne, Lachine, P. Q. 47-3