WEEKLY TEST.

Number of purchasers served during the week ending April 13th, 1878:-4032. Corresponding week last year:-4489. Decrease 457.

WILFUL WASTE.

It appears that hundreds of cash buyers have lately been wasting their money by buying Horrockses' Cotton at 9c. per yard, whilst they could have purchased it from us at 8c.

A REPEATER.

We repeat it again, that whatever Credit Stores sell Horrockses Cottons or any other goods, at our prices will always be lower. Our system of doing business enables us to sell lower than any other firm in Montreal, even if we had to pay as high for

The old fogy Montreal system of doing business, connected and tainted as it is with the corrupt Mercantile Agency system of deception, is bound to succumb. Fifty cents on the dollar is shadowed over the door of every Mercantile Agency dupe in Montreal. But it pays the Agency men, as firms always bleed easier and oftener after a compromise. AT S. CARSLEY'S

Superb stock of Cushion Tassels, from 90c. to \$1.50.

A good assortment of Blind Tassels and Cord. AT S. CARSLEY'S. A grand array of Ladies' Fancy Sets from 25c, to

Real Irish Crochet Sets, from \$4. S. CARSLEY'S FRINGES. Fine assortment of Black Silk Fringes, from 15c

Wool Fringes, from 2c to 75. S. CARLLEY'S REGATTA SHIRTS. Beautiful French pattern Regatta Shirts, 38c. Strong Regatta Shirts, heavy make, 45c. AT S. CARSLEY'S.

Fine stock of Tulies and Gossamers. Good assortment of Real Laces and Nets. AT S. CARSLEY'S.

Misses fine wove Corsets, from 25c per pair. Ladies' fine wove Corsets, from 60c to \$4.59 per

S. CARSLEY'S SILK HANDKERCHIEFS. Ladies' beautiful Silk Handkerchief, from 10c to Gents' fine Silk Handkerchiefs, from 38c to \$2.

S. CARSLEY'S COLLARS AND CUFFS. Gents' fine 4-ply Linen Cuffs, from 28c to 45c. Gents' fine 4-ply Linen Collars, from 12c to 24c. AT S. CARSLEY'S.

Splendid French Pattern Shirts, beautifully finished with two Collars, for 60c

AT S CARSLEY'S. Gents' Underwear in White and Colored Merino Gents' Cotton Shirts from 35c to \$2 95. S. CARSLEY'S DRIVING.

Strong Useful Driving Gloves, from 50c to \$1 50-Gents' Kid Gloves, from 50c to \$1.50 per pair.

S. CARSLEY. 393 and 395 Notre Dame Street.

THE MAMMOTH.

RAFTER & CO. JOHN 450 NOTRE EAME STREET.

The stock of Dry Goods held at the above address comprises a full assortment of useful and cheap lots, as will prove by the following price list, and for quality and value we defy competition to the trade of Canada. Remember our motto—" Value for Value Received:"

CATALOGUE OF PRICES: Flannel Department.

Canton Flannels, 10c, 13c, 14c, 15c, 16c, 17c. White Saxony Flannels, 171c. 23c, 25c, 27c, 30c, White Welsh Flannels, 25c, 30c, 33c, 35c, 38, 40c,

30c, 33c.

Scarlet Lancashire Flannels, 30c, 35c, 38c, 45c. Grey Flannels, 25c, 33c, 35c, 37c, 42c. Plain colors, in Blue, Pink, Magenta, Amber, all

selling at 29c and 32c. Fancy Shirting Flannels, selling at 20c, 23c, 29c, 30c 35c, 40c, 45, 55c. The 55c line measures 7-8 of a yard wide.

Rlankets For Man And Beast. Ltocks of White Blankets, selling from \$1,75 to \$6 50.

Piles of Grey Blankets, selling from \$1,25 to \$4,000. Large lot of Horse Blankets, from \$1,25. Table Linen Department. Grey Table Linen, price from 14c to 50c.

Unbleached Table Linen, price from 25c to 60c. Half-Bleached Table Linen, price from 271c to 50c. White Table Linen, price from 35c to 75c. Napkins in endless variety, price from 750 per dozen.

Roller Towelling. Heavy stock of Towelling, prices, 5c, 7c, 9c, 10c,

Hucksback Towelling, price, 121c, 14c, 18c. Grass Cloth, checked and plain, price 8e, 12c, 14c,

Huck Towels by the dozen, selling at 5c, 6c, 8c, 10c, 12½c, 15c, 20c, 25c each.
Bath Towels, selling at 15c, 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c.

White and Grey Cottons. Horrockses White Cottons, full stock. Water Twist White Cottons, price from 5c. Grey Cottons, Hochelaga, Dundas, Cornwall, Eng-

lish, price from 33e. Tweeds, Coatings, &c. Large lot of Tweeds for Boys, only 30c. Large lot of all wooi Tweeds, only 50c. Good line of Tweeds, only 60c. Extra large lot English Tweeds, only 70c. Splendid assortment Scotch, only 80c. Extra quality English Tweeds, only 95c. Real English Buckskin, only 95c.
Special lot Silk Mixed, only \$1,00.
Stacks of Small Check Tweeds, only \$1,00. Best West of England Tweeds, only \$1,35. Blue and Black Worsted Coatings, only \$1,30. Basket Coatings, only \$2,20. Extra large lot Coatings, selling at \$2,40. Best make Diagonal Costings, \$2,75.

Extra Heavy Worsted Costings, only \$3,15.

Large lot of double width Tweed Clothings, prices 75c, 9cc, \$1,00, \$1,20, \$1 30, \$1,35. Overcontings in Beaver, Whitney, Blankets, Cloth,

Pilot, Naps, in endless variety, price from 90c. Underclothing Department. Men's Canada Shirts and Drawers, prices, 25c, 50c

65c, 75c, 85c, \$1,00. Men's Real Scotch Shirts and Drawers, prices from \$1,00 to \$2,00 each. Oxford Regatta Shirts, price from 35c. Men's Tweed Shirts, price 75c. Men's Flaunel Shirts, price, 75c.

Endless variety of Ladies' and Gents' Kid Mitts. Gloves, &c., prices low.

Call early and secure the Bargains. Oct 31st-12-ly

AGRICULTURE.

CALVES.

By raising the heifers of our best cows, the stock will be improved. Every farmer should am to keep only the best. A cow yielding only eight quarts of milk a day does not pay for the feed, and should be replaced with a better one. We must look upon our live-stock as machines, kept for a purpose, and discard unprofitable animals-

THE PLOW.

The Plow is already at work in thousands of fields, while a few are yet kept idle by a sodden soil. Caution should be used least the plow be put to use too soon. No furrew should be turned while the soil is wet. When the mould-board is smeared, and does not brighten in the soil, or when the furrow is pasty and does not crack open and fall spart loosely as it is turned over, the soil is too wet, and will be injured by plowing. Make haste slowly in plowing.

MAKE A NOTE OF IT.

A little note-book for the vest pocket may be made by folding a sheet of paper until it is about 2 inches long and 1 inch wide. Stitch this into a paste-board cover, cut the edges, and keep the book in the vest pocket with a piece of lead pencil. Note down in this every thing that needs attention as it occurs, and in the evening either dispose of it, or make a more permanent memorandum. Having practised this method for years, we can commend it as very useful.

MEADOWS AND PASTURES.

Need a little stimulating tertilizer. A dressing of 209 pounds per acre af bone-flour, surerphosphate, or guano often doubles the yield. Nitrate of soda (159 pounds per acre) gives a rank growth, but the hay is not so nutritious as that from the phosybatic manures. Improved meadows mean more milk, cheere, butter, and beef, Along with the fertilizer a scattering of fresh seed, timothy, blue-grass, redtop, and clover early spring mixed; and a good harrowing will be beneficial. All this may be done this month.

A regular allowance of grain will now be needed by working teams. It is economical to feed ground grain. Ten quarts a day is a full allowance for a hard working horse. A pailful of moistened cut hay with 33 quarts of ground feed mixed with it is the usual quantity fed to each of our horses. This feed is not toe bulky, and when given nearly dry has not the injurious effect on the wind of wet soft feed. The best feed is equal parts of corn, rye, or and wheat bran.

00W\$

In coming cows should be treated with caution. Good hay is sufficient feed for the month previous to calving, Watch the udder closely and on the first appearance of heat and hardness bathe it with cold water to reduce the inflamation, and insert a silver milking tube into each teat to draw of the milk as it may be secreted. In case garget has occured previously give 20 grains of iodide of potassium in a drink of water and rub the udder with a mixture of 7 drams of glycerine and 1 dram of iodide of potassium. It is well to let the calf suck the cow if there is any trouble with the udder.

THERE IS NO DANGER IN GROWING TOO MUCH. Great Britain imports eight hundred million of dollars warth of food every year for her 30 million of people. Her farmers only raise 40 per cent of the food consumed in the country; the rest is pur-chased from abrond. We can have the bulk of this trade if we want it. And besides this, our working population is increasing very fast. There is no danger of over production if products are properly assorted. Farmers, miners and artisans; in due proportion together will not flood a country with unsaleable products. Plentiful food is the basis of prosperity.

STRAWBERRIES,

The treatment of the plants when the crop is off will depend upon the system of culture adopted. In fields where alternating beds are made, the spaces that have served for paths are manured and plow-Scarlet Saxony Flannels, 171c, 20c, 23c, 25c 27c, ed, and the runners allowed to occupy them, and when the plants are well established—usually in S-ptember-then the old plants are plowed under By this treatment the plants bear but one crop of fruit. In garden beds, where the plants are in seperate stools, or have been allowed to fill in between the original plants to make a solid row, the mulch is removed, a dressing of fine manure forked in, and the mulch replaced; during the remainder of the season the runners are cut off as they grow, and the few strong weeds which make their appearance through the straw are pulled by hand.

THE CODLING MOTH.

This insect, says the Country Gentleman, is the most formidable enemy of the apple, and the loss from it. ravages amounts yearly to millions of dollars. It has for a long time eluded the efforts of orchardists or most of the remedies have been imperfect and unsuccessful. Every season, however, throws additional light on the subject, and it is probable that in a few years intelligent fruit-growers generally will know what to do to save their fruit. The two leading remedies in their hands at present, are the use of the paper-band trap, and the free range of swine and sheep under the trees. The former are more particulary adapted to the younger and smooth-barked trees, in the smaller orcoards; the latter to larger orchards, after the bark becomes rough and out of the way of injury from the sheep. In some instances, the two combined have rendered useful ser-The easiest way to use the paper bands, is first to procure a quantity of cheap, coarse wrapping paper, and fold it a few times into a band about five inches wide, and then to tie this with a cord around the tree at the middle of the paper. Insects coming down from above will hide under the loose paper above the cord, and those coming up from below will resort to the lower part. The usual mode for destroying the insects under these bands is to remove the bands crush the insects, and then replace them-performing this operation every ten days. An easier and more expeditious mode is to provide a soft-wood mallet, made nearly or about concave enough to fit the average size of the trees, and to pound gently with this on the outside of the paper. It requires some practice to learn to do this work effectively. Sheep and swine have been employed occasionally for the destruction of the insects, but the success has been quite imperfect in most instances, because the remedy has not been thorough and continued. There are two important requisites for success, namely, 1. To have animals enough to keep the fallen and infested young fruit promptly and thoroughly cleared away as fast as it appears. For orchards of much size, the number of swine usually kept is quite iusufficient, and when sheep have been turned in they have not remained long enough. As a general rule there should be one sheep to two apple trees, or a corresponding number of swine varying with their size. These animals should be kept constantly in the orchard from the time the trees are in blosssom till near the end of summer. An occasional turning in will be of little use. 2. They must be kept in continuously

do it. There is another reason why the sheep remedy should be more especially employed in older orchards. When the trees are young, they must be kept cultivated, and there is then less grazing for the sheep. When older, their shade and the depth of the roots render cultivation less essential, as the close grasing, the droppings of the sheep, and a moderate top-dressing of manure once in two years, if the orchard is naturally rich, will be sufficient to keep the trees in vigorous condition. Where this thorough treatment has been well kept up year after year, the fruit has been fair, and free from the cedling moth, while other orchards in the neighborhood have been numerously infested.

NUMBER OF HENS IN ONE YARD. Fifty hens are the largest number that should be in one flock. The roosts should be low and level, and not one above another, like the rounds of a ladder. The chickens will all seek the highest roost, and many will be crowed off, and probably injured by falling. Hens that are accustomed to low roosts are less inclined to scale fences, and may be kept in pens with less trouble. The ground under the roosts should be of loose gravel, mixed with loam. Two yards are better than one, as one may be cultivated while the other is occupied. In this way roots and other forage may be grown for the fowls on land fertilized by their droppings. The open shed is very important, as affording protection from cold in winter and heat in summer. I would cabbage, roots or other forage at noon, and grain at night. Hens must be fed well to be profitable, and if well cared for are like a machine with the power applied-it must work. If hens are well fed they must lay eggs or die.

RASPBERRIES

Raspberries follow close upon strawberries and as they are always biennial, the crop of next year will depend upon the care given to the plants this season. With the ordinary kind that throw up new stems from the root, or sucker, the shoots should be sel-ceted for next year's bearing caues, and all others cut off. There is nothing gained by letting the shoots grow tall; it stopped at three, or at most four-feet according to the vigor of the varietywhich is done by merely pinching out the growing point or tip with thumb and finger, the energy that would have been expended in procuring a cane 6 or 8 feet high, is diverted to forming branches, and by the end of the season will be a stocky' bran-ched bush, that will require but little support. The canes that have borne this year, will not bear again, but will be dead at the end of the season. Cultivators differ as to the proper time for removing these canes; some think that if they remain they contribute to the growth, and help to strength en the root, and do not cut them away until late in the fall. Whatever gain there may be, is, in our opinion, more than offset by the injury in crowding the new shoots and preventing their proper development, hence we cut out the old canes as soon as the fruit

CURRANTS

Currants for jelly should be picked as soon as they are fairly red, but for table use they are much better if allowed to get dead-ripe. If one has but a few bushes to care for, the new shoots not needed, and the pinching of too rampant growth, will anticipate much of the fall pruning.

NO LET—A Farm of 180 Acres, at Longue POINTE, Si miles from Montreal. Very suitable for milk-selling. Possession first of May next. Apply on the premises to MHS. E. QUINN, or to F. A. QUINN, 31 ST. JOHN BAPTISTE STREET, Montreal. 27-tf

COSTELLO BROTHERS.

GROCERIES and LIQUORS, WHOLESALE, (Nun's Buildings.) 49 St. Peter Street, Montreal.

PERFECT SAFETY.

TOWNSHEND'S BEDDING PATENTED FOR ITS PURITY.

CHEAPEST AND BEST. Old Bedding Purified By Patent Process 39 & 41 BONAVENTURE ST., Montreal. March 27, '78-33

NEW DAIRY BUTTER.

Received daily by Express from the Eastern Townships, very choice, at the

EUROPEAN WAREHOUSE.

DRIED BEEF, BEEF HAM, SUGUR CURED HAMS, SMOKED TONGUES, PICKLED CAMPBELL'S BACON (in select cuts.)

AT THE EUROPEAN WAREHOUSE.

APPLES (very choice, for table use,) ORANGES (Algeria, very sweet,) LEMONS,

BANANAS, and all kinds of Fresh Fruits and Vegetables,

> EUROPEAN WAREHOUSE, THOMAS CRATHERN. 1363 St. Catherine street.

WILLIAM DOW & CO. BREWERS & MALTSTERS

Superior Pale and Brown Malt; India Pale and other Ales, Extra Double and single Stout, in wood and bottle. Families Supplied.

The following Bottlers only are authorized to use our labels

BASKERVILLE & BROS. (OTTAWA CITY.)

(OTTAWA CITY.)

Previous to their removal first May next to the large Briek Store now occupied as furulture shop, two doors east of their old stand, on Rideau Street, offers their ENTIRE STOCK AT COST PRICES. All are invited to see the reductions that are going. They also guarantee the choicest Wines, Liquors, Tens, General Groceries and Provisions. Their spring importations, now ordered, are the largest vet made, and the premises that they are going into the first May next cannot be surpassed in the Dominion for convenience to themselves and customers. Families desiring supplies don't miss the opportunity. No. 1 LABRADOR HERRINGS, the cheapest in the market. [feb 20, '78-13ins

G. PARKS,

PHOTOGRAPHER, and publisher of

STERCOSCOPIC AND OTHER VIEWS,

LANTERN SLIDES, &c.

1951 St James Street, Montreal of little use. 2. They must be kept in continuously year after year. A single year's operations will not be a fair test, as an orchard once infected cannot be thoroughly cleaned in one year. If the trees are young and the bark smooth, the trunks may require protection from the sheep; there is little or no danger during the summer season of their attacking old and rough bark we have never known them to

A. BEAUVAIS,

WILL SELL TO-DAY,

GOOD AND DURABLE

PANTS for \$1.50 Pants for \$1.75 Pants for \$2.00 Pants for \$2.25 Pants for \$2.50 PANTS for \$2.75

GIVE US A CALL BEFORE

Pants for \$3.00

Purchasing Elsewhere.

190 St. Joseph Street. March 27, 78-33

MONTREAL WEST.

TO THE ELECTORS

WESTERN DIVISION

CITY OF MONTREAL.

GENTLEMEN:-

Having been honored with the unanimous nomination of the Conservative party to again represent this important Division in the Legislative Assembly of the Province, I accept the candidature, and, if elected, will use my best efforts to do my duty in that as in the other positions of honour in which I have, in the past, been placed by my fellowcitizens.

Your obedient Servant, J. W. McGAUVRAN. 44-4

STORE TO LET ONE OF THE

FINEST STORES

IN THE CITY. CAN BE ARRANGED TO SUIT ONE OR MORE

TENANTS. APPLY ON THE PREMISES. H. SHOREY & CO.,

23 ST. HELEN STREET. lv May 30, 77.

EDUCATIONAL, &c.

LORETTO ABBEY,

WELLINGTON PLACE, TOROXTO, CANADA. A Branch of the Ladies of Loretto, Dublin, Ireland, Board and Tuition-\$150 per annum. Send for circular LADY SUPERIOR

LORETTO CONVENT. Niagara Falls, Canada.

Two Medals for General proficiency in the different courses will be presented by His Excellency, Lord Dufferin, Governor General of Canada. Board and Tuition per year \$150. For futher information and prospectus, address LADY SUPERIOR

CONVENT

- OF OUR -LADY OF ANGELS, Belleville, Ontario.

Conducted by the Ladics of Loretto. Studies will be resumed at this Institution, for Boarders and Day-Scholars, on the 1st of September.

The Convent is situated in the most elevated part of the City, and offers rare advantages to parents desirous of pro-curing for their children a solid, useful and refined educa-

For particulars, please address
THE LADY SUPERIOR,
Loretto Convent, Belleville.

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OF THE SISTERS OF THE Congregation of Notre Dame, WILLIAMSTOWN, ONT. The system of education embraces the English and French

anguages, Music, Drawing, Painting, and every kind or useful and ornamental needle work. TERMS:

Bed and Bedding 1.00
Washing 1.00
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The Scholastic year commences in SEPTEMBER, and closes at the end of JUNE Nov 14, '77-14

PIANOS Another battle on high prices RAGING war on the monopalist renewed RAGING the feet Beauty's latest Newspaper full reply (sent free) the fore buying PIANO or ORGAN. Read my latest circular. WAR Lowest prices ever given. Address ORGANS
Nov 14, 77

Stained Class For Churches, Etc. A. FITZPATRICK, Artist, Diploma of England,

Supplies European Art Glass at the prices charged for the inferior article hitherto used here for Stained Glass. The best Memorial Windows. Send for prices, &c.

PRIZES RECEIVED:

London 1871. Philadelphia 1876--First Prize Late of London, Eng.

Studio and Works, Stapleton, Staten Island, N. Y. June 20, '77



CATHOLICS OF MONTREAL!

Read the list of Books we are offering at twent-five cents per week: Elegent-Family Bibles, "Life of the Blessed Virgin," "Inther Burke's Lectures and Sermons," "Lives of the Saints," "Life of Pope Pius IX," and a fine assortment of Mission and other Prayer Books. Also McGeoghegan and Mitchell's "History of Ireland," and "Life of Daniel O'Connell." The above works are all published by the well-known firm of D. & J. Sadlier & Co., of New York, and will be delivered in advance on receipt of the first payment at

LAMONTAGNE,

46 BONSECOUR STREET. Painting, Glazing, Paper-Hanging, White-Washing, Coloring

Done on shortest notice at moderate prices. Leave your orders for HOUSE CLEANING early, March 27, '78-33

RICHARD BURKE, Custom BOOT and SHOE-MAKER 689 CRAIG STREET,

(Between Bleury and Hermine Streets) Montreal. -:0:--

ALL ORDERS AND REPAIRING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO W. E. MULLIN & Co. MANUFACTURERS AND DRALERS IN

BOOTS AND SHOES. 14 Chaboillez Square, near G.T.R. Depot.

MONTREAL. WE KEEP IN STOCK SED MAKE TO ORDER THE LATEST PRENCH, ENGLISH and AMERICAN STYLES.

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MANUFACTORERS OF BOOTS AND SHOES.

333 St. Paul Street, Montreal. A Large and Well-assorted Stock constantly on hand

STAFFORD & Co.,

WHOLESALE MANUFACTURERS OF BOOTS AND SHOES,

No. 6 Lemoine Street, MONTREAL, P. Q. May 23, '77. 1-41-y

MULLARKY & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF

BOOTS AND SHOES, No. 8 St. Helen Street, Montreal

P. A. MURPHY & CO..

IMPORTERS OF ENGLISH AND FOREIGN LEATHERS. INDIA RUBBER GOODS. ELASTIC WEBS.

&c., &c., &c., No. 19 ST. HELEN STREET, MONTREAL. May 2, 77

FOGARTY & BRO.,

BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTURERS, 245 St Lawrence Main Street, CORNER ST. CATHERINE STREET,

Dec 5, '77 PROVINCE OF QUESEC, In the SUPERIOR COURT for District of Montreal.

No. 84. The fifth day of April, eighteen hundred and seventy-Present:

The Honorable Mr. JUSTICE DORION. Joseph Poissant, dit Boileau, residing in the Parish of St. Philippe, District of Montreal, farmer, Moise Lanctot, heretofure of the Parish of St. Constant, District of Montreal, farmer, and Napoleon Mongeau, heretofore of the Township of Hereford, District of St. Francis, farmer, both absent from the Province of Quebec, Dominion of Canada, Plaintiff:

of Canada,

Defendants.

IT IS ORDERED, on the motion of Phileas Lanctot, Fisq., of Counsel for the Plaintiff, in as much as it appears by the return of John Hoolahan, one of the Bailliffs of this Court, on the writ of summons in this cause issued, written, that the Defendants have left their domicile in the Province of Quebec in Canada, and cannot be lound in the District of Montreal; that the said Defendants by an advertisement to be twice inserted in the French language, in the newspaper of the City of Montreal, called Le National, and twice in the English language in the newspaper of the said city, called TRUE WITNESS, be notified to appear before this Court, and there to answer the demand of the Plaintiff within two months after the last insertion of such advertisement, and upon the neglect of the said Defendants to appear and to answer to such demand within the period aloresaid, the said Plaintiff will be permitted to proceed to trial and judgment as in a cause by default.

(By the Court),

F. BELANGER, Depy. P. S. C.

NOTICE.

THE COUNTY OF HOCHELAGA BUILDING SOCIETY will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, to obtain a special not of incorporation, giving it power:

1st. To become an ordinary loan and investment

society, with the privileges accorded to Permanent Building Societies according to the laws in force. 2nd. To discontinue and abandon the system of allotments. 3rd. To reduce its capital to twenty per cent of the amount now subscribed, except in so far as repects the holdings of present borrowers, who will

remain shareholders for the full amount advanced

to them. And if they prefer not to retain such

shares, power to make arrangements with them for the repayment of what is due on their loans will be asked. 4th. To increase its capital stock from time to time; to create a reserve fund; to continue to issue temporary shares, if thought advisable; to create a lien on the shares for the payment of claims due to the Society; and to invest its moneys in public securities, and to accept personal, in addition to hypothecary guarantees as collateral security for

loans made by it. And generally for any other powers necessary for the proper working of the said Society

H. JEANNOTTE, N. P. PROVINCE OF QUEREC,) SUPERIOR COURT. District of Montreal.

Dame Julie Tellier dite Lafortune, of the City and District of Montreal, wife of Joseph Narcisse Portelance, trader, of the same place, Plaintiff;

The said Joseph Narcisse Portelance, trader, of the same place,

An action for separation as to property has been this day instituted in this Court, at Montreal.
THIBAULT & McGOWN, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Montreal, 9th March, 1878. PROVINCE OF QUEBEC,) SUPERIOR COURT, District of Montreal. Montreal.

No. 192.

Dame Isabella, alias Isabella Berry, of the City and District of Montreal, wife of W. Robert Smith, and District of Montreal, wife of W. Robert Smith, and District of Montreal, wife of W. Robert Smith, and District of Montreal and Montreal an gentleman, of the said City of Montreal, duly authorized to ester en justice a l'effet des presentes. Plaintiff;

The said W. Robert Smith, gentleman, of the same place,

An action en separation de biens has been issued against the Defendant, returnable on the thirtyfirst day of January last.

L. L. MAILLET. Atty for Plaintiff.

Montreal, 1st February, 1878.