

IN THE DEPTHS OF THE FIRST DEGREE. A Romance of the battle of Bull Run, by James Doran. *Buffalo: The Peter Paul Book Company, 1898.* 12mo., cloth, 391 p. \$1.75.

An outlaw, originally of good family, was living in *Omaha* with his son, also of bad character, when the war broke out between the North and South in 1861. For motives of personal spite they joined the Southern Confederacy. The story contains many details of the secret service both north and south, describes several battles besides that of Bull's Run, and gives a fair picture of many historical characters.

CABOT'S VOYAGES. A lecture delivered in St. Patrick's Hall for the Athenæum. St. John's, Newfoundland. By the Right Rev. Bishop Howley, January 11th, 1897. *Devine & O'Meara.* 12mo, 39 p., map.

CLAUDE-CHARLES LE ROY DE LA POTHERIE, par J. Edmond Roy. In 8, 44 p., autographes. — Extrait du volume III, deuxième série des *Mémoires de la Société Royale du Canada.*

COMPLETE PROSE WORKS. Specimen Days and Collect, November Boughs and Good Bye my Fancy, by Walt Whitman. *Boston, Small, Maynard & Company, 1898.* 12mo., cloth, gilt top, XIII-527 p., 7 ill.

The new and revised edition of Whitman's prose works, elegantly enuchased in a splendid cloth binding, gilt top, will surely be favorably received.

Whitman is one of America's best writers, and a great favorite of the reading people. He has a way of its own to handle the pen with humour and liveliness, and this way is a very pleasing and attaching one to all who have ever read anything of him, either prose or verse.

## PUBLICATIONS DIVERSES

NAPOLEON III and his Court. by Habert de Saint-Amand. Translated by Elizabeth Gilbert Martin. *New York. Charles Scribner's Sons, 1898.* 12mo., cloth, uncut, VII-407 p., portraits. \$1.75.

"M. DE SAINT-AMAND," says the *New York Times*, "has a graceful and fluent pen, and just the qualities of mind and temper suited to his task." The author is indeed very exceptionally equipped for writing the history of his country during the reign of Napoleon III. He witnessed the ovation given the Emperor after Pianori's attempt to assassinate him, started his diplomatic career under M. Drouyn de Lhuys, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, and witnessed the reviews of the returning Crimean troops after the fall of Sebastopol. This personal knowledge of the three years which this volume covers, 1853 to 1856, has combined with the author's acquaintance with every possible source of infor-