

ly and severally against the United States, for land, money or other things guaranteed to said Tribes or either of them by the stipulations of any former Treaty or Treaties.

Under this Treaty the Tribal organization of the said Indians ceases, and provides for the issuing of Patents as confirmation of their title to the lands.

In the month of October last, between the 10th and 17th, being commissioned, I visited the Chippeways in Isabella County for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not at any time the Foreign Indians, now residing on the Sarnia Reserve ever availed themselves of the benefits conferred by the Treaty.

A list of the heads of families was furnished me which I took and presented to some of the principal men. They recognized all the names and told me that those Indians formerly belonged to their Tribes, and that nearly all of them made, some by themselves and others by their friends, selections of lands and made considerable improvements thereon.

They further stated they have tried to persuade their bretheren to return to their possessions, and at the present time if they would do so they would be entitled to the benefits conferred by the said Treaty.

With respect to the Ottawas of Walpole Island, although formerly belonging to the Ottawas of the Oceana and Mason Counties, have never in anywise received any benefit under the said Treaty.

The Pottawatomes of said Island who number about 150 appear to have been regarded by the United States as a distinct Tribe from the Ottawa and Chippeway Indians, and having lands separate from that of the others. Their principal leader was "Micksawba." Having left the State and coming into Canada their lands appear to have been sold, and the money placed at investments. The late Mr. Robert Johnson entered into correspondence with the Government at Washington respecting the claim. I myself was Mr. Johnsons Interpreter in his transactions of the business. The Government reported of \$280,000, as a sum due to the said Pottawatomes under the Treaty of the 19th. Sept., 1827, marked X accompanying the Memorial. Mr. Johnson having died no further action was taken in the matter.

WM. N. FISHER.

Walpole Island, Nov. 9th, 1870.

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List of Surrenders of Indian Lands in Upper Canada.

BY THE CHIPPEWAYS.

May 12, 1781, Island of Michelimacknac. Consideration, £5000.
May 19, 1795, 28,00 acres—land, water and islands—Penetanguishene, Nottawasaga and Saugeen Bay. £101.

September 7, 1796, 132,000 acres north side of the Thames, about 19 miles above the Delaware Village to the upper fork adjoining Oxford. — £1,200.

September 7, 1796, 88,000—Chenail Ecartie. £300.

August 8, 1798, Island of St. Joseph, 120 miles in circumference. £1200.

November 17, 1815, 250,000 acres—Kempfeldt Bay, on Lake Simcoe, to Lake Huron. £4000.

October 17, 1818, 1,592,000 acres—Huron Tract (Huron District). £20,000. Annuity, £1200.

November 5, 1818, 1,951,000 acres—Home District, Lake Simcoe, commencing at the Township of Rawdon. \$12,000. Annuity, £740.

March 9, 1819, 552,000 acres north of the River Thames, £10,000. Annuity, £600.

July 8, 1822, 580,000 acres—Longwood Tract. £10,000. Annuity, £800.

July 10, 1827, 2,200,000 acres—London and Westminster District. Consideration, £18,500. Annuity, £1100.