

CHAPTER XIII.

TRADITION A NECESSARY KEY TO THE FACTS OF
CHURCH HISTORY.

1. Why so little is said in the New Testament about Church order and Sacraments. — 2. Tradition necessary to establish infant baptism, the necessity of sanctifying the Lord's day, &c. — 3. Why so little is found in regard to certain points of Catholic faith and practice in the very early Church. — 4. Nothing added to the fundamental Faith by the Church

119

CHAPTER XIV.

THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND THE MERE CHILD OF THE
STATE.

1. The Protestant alleged motive for the Reformation a mere fancy. — 2. The real motive personal to Henry VIII. — 3. The resistance of the Church in the outset. — 4. Her submission through fear. — 5. The transfer of the whole spiritual jurisdiction from the See of St. Peter to the king. — 6. Acts of parliament and Protestant testimonies confirm this. — 7. The king made the living standard of faith as well as the source of priestly authority

125

CHAPTER XV.

THE SUBMISSION OF THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND TO
THE TEMPORAL POWER PERPETUATED.

1. Acts of parliament conclusive. — 2. The changes of Queen Mary justified on every principle, and effected without a struggle. — 3. The changes of Elizabeth on every ground unlawful, and forced upon the Church against the will of every bishop, the convocation, and the two universities. — 4. The new system of things passed through parliament, not only against the vote of every bishop, but also by means of imprisoning two bishops, and creating five new Peers

143

CHAPTER XVI.

THE POSITION OF THE PRESENT CHURCH OF ENGLAND, AND OF HER DAUGHTER IN AMERICA,
FIXED BY THE PARLIAMENT OF
ELIZABETH.

1. Act of William IV. sufficient. — 2. The case of the American Protestant Episcopal Church shown to be the same as that of the Mother in England. — 3. The entire independence of the American laity. —