1825.

and enables Quebec to be divided into two bishoprics, a measure essentially necessary for the progress of the church in the province. Believing the division will take place, reminds Wilmot Horton of his claim which he and Bathurst acknowledged and this claim to professional advancement would not be questioned by any one in Canada. Page 448 Galt to Bathurst. Thanks for the offer to present him at the levée.

June 28, London. July 1, London.

Sir John Harvey to Wilmot Horton. The conditions of service of the incorporated militia of Upper Canada were the same as those of the Voltigeurs and an examination of the service, the returns of killed and wounded, &c., show that the claims of the former were at least equal to those of the latter.

July 1, London. Cockburn to the same. Submits hurried remarks. Thinks Bathurst has shown every consideration for the incorporated militia. 153

Enclosed. Cockburn to Wilmot Horton (?) Discusses the right of halfpay being paid to the incorporated militia of Upper Canada, as well as to the Voltigeurs of Lower Canada, and concludes that the militia regiments are not entitled to half-pay. Had his opinion been sought as to half pay for the Voltigeurs he would not have recommended the measure. There would be no difficulty in raising in Upper Canada the sum required. His appreciation of the services of the militia.

July 2, London A. McLean to Wilmot Horton. Had a few days before delivered a letter from Sir Gordon Drummond on the subject of half-pay for the officers of the incorporated militia, now sends one from Harvey on the same subject. The testimonies from men of such position should be sufficient to warrant Bathurst to recommend the officers to the indulgent consideration of His Majesty.

July 6, London. The same to the same. Understands that the papers relating to the application of the incorporated militia for half pay have been referred to an officer who served in Canada. Asks that he may see the report when completed. Asks also for a copy of Prevost's dispatch recommending the Voltigeurs.

July 7, London.

Has examined the rules respecting land grants Robinson to the same. in New South Wales and Van Dieman's land to see how far the system might be applied to Upper Canada. The lands to be given free to UE. loyalists and for military service in the latter province. Both these classes must stand and cannot be precluded by any change of regulations. Officers and men reduced in 1815, and going out to Canada also receive grants, but these are optional and may be discontinued with these exceptions. Sees no reason why the rules in New South Wales might not be acted upon in Upper Canada. As a preliminary, Upper Canada might be divided into parishes as proposed in New South Wales and Van Dieman's Land, but instead of parishes of 25 miles as there, he thinks each township should be divided into two parishes with an average area of 50 miles. The provision made for a Protestant clergy will not admit of a more numerous establishment. It is not stated how the value of the lands is to be ascertained. The few alterations he would suggest would be most conveniently presented in a paper framed on that referred to him. This he has done with the desire of avoiding unnecessary deviations because the more uniform such a system can be made throughout the colonies the better. 379

Enclosed. Proposed new system for granting lands in Upper Canada.

Bannister to Wilmot Horton. Requests him to lay the enclosed

July 7. Bandifter to Lincoln's Inn. before Bathurst.

Enclosed. Bannister to Bathurst, same date. Points out the prejudicial exects of the proposed sale of the reserves to a company and the destruction of the interests of the lease holders.