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CONDITIONS GROW WORSE IN RUSSIA

Bloody Affrays Continue Throughout the Empire

Martial Law Proclaimed in Odessa, and Hundreds Slain by Cossacks--Jew-Baiting Continues Aided by the Police--Young Student Leader of the Revolutionary Forces.

London, Nov. 2.—A despatch to a news agency from Odessa says that martial law was declared there this afternoon. The whole garrison has turned out and now occupies the city. Police control also has been re-established. All citizens are forbidden to leave their houses after 9 o'clock in the evening, at which hour all lights must be out. Maxim guns have been placed in positions commanding a hundred streets. Under these conditions, the despatch says, a repetition of the fearful scenes is practically impossible. The peace loving people are overjoyed at the prospect of witnessing the restoration of order and the comparative security of life and property. The military has now adopted drastic measures to force the disorderly mob to return to their homes.

Rain More Effective Than Cossacks.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 2.—A drenching downpour today was a more effective means of preventing a renewal of the demonstrations than the police and military patrols. The crowds had no desire to appear in the streets in the torrents of rain. The police, having arrested three members of the strike committee, the committee sent a despatch to Count Witte, upon whose request General Trepoff ordered their release.

It is now definitely established that the whole student movement is practically controlled by a student organization which belongs to the Social Democratic party. Much of the work will be directed from the headquarters at Berlin and Geneva. The organization includes students throughout Russia and they are acting in harmony with the leader in St. Petersburg, who has displayed remarkable genius as an organizer and director. He is a young man of 23 and an exceedingly clever student. His special aptitude is mathematics, having acted as tutor for many pupils older than himself who were candidates for admittance to the polytechnic and technical institutes and is a fine but cool-headed speaker of much personal magnetism. The comrades who students leader manifest intense devotion to him and rely implicitly on his judgment.

Amnesty is expected to be proclaimed tonight. It is understood, however, that it will exempt certain classes of political prisoners whose liberation it is considered would threaten public and individual safety. It is estimated that the amnesty will affect 15,000 persons who are shut up in jails, prisons and fortresses in European Russia and other thousands in the penal colonies of Siberia. Besides, it will

permit the return of countless others who are banished from their homes and compelled to live in specified localities.

Priests Head Warsaw Parades.

Warsaw, Nov. 2.—The restaurants were closed at noon today and traffic was stopped. Despite the governor's proclamation, immense patriotic processions gathered in various parts of the city during the afternoon and paraded the streets, headed by Catholic priests carrying crosses and church and national flags. The processions converged towards the monument of the Polish poet, Mickiewicz, where patriotic speeches aroused enthusiasm.

The courts and government offices here are closed.

The Social Democrats this evening issued a proclamation calling for a revolution. Polish flags were displayed from many balconies and a mass meeting of all political parties assembled at the Philharmonic Hall to discuss the situation, while the immense crowds surrounding the building sang patriotic songs until they were hoarse. A deputa-tion of prominent citizens visited the governor-general to protest against yesterday's massacre in front of the City Hall, beseeching him to withdraw the military in order to avoid bloodshed. The governor promised that the soldiers would not be permitted to use their arms unless attacked.

The strike committee of the Victoria railroad has received a telegram from St. Petersburg saying: "The first victory has been gained."

A Reign of Terror.

Rostoff-on-Don, Russia, Nov. 2.—The whole town today is in hands of riotous mob who are plundering by wholesale. Firing is frequent in the streets. Many persons have been killed or injured. The clergy left the churches in attempts to pacify the rioters but their efforts have been unavailing.

Minsk, Russia, Nov. 2.—Doctors of the Jewish hospitals worked all night on the wounded brought in from the railroad station where the troops fired volleys at the demonstrators killing many and wounding great numbers. All work is at a standstill. The shops are closed.

Orel, Russia, Nov. 2.—Anti-Jewish riots have broken out here. Jews have been killed and many people have been killed and injured.

Radon, Russia, Nov. 2.—The anti-government demonstrations yesterday ended in a widespread rioting. A mob wrecked the telegraph poles, burned government property, barricaded the streets and threw bombs at the troops. The latter fired volleys at the rioters.

SCHOONER BOUND TO ST. JOHN WRECKED

The Ruth Robinson Ashore in Salem Harbor, and Leaking With Keel Damaged.

Salem, Mass., Nov. 2.—The three masted schooner, Ruth Robinson, Captain Beck, went ashore early today on Half Mile Rock, Salem harbor, and was still fast this afternoon. The schooner is bound for St. John (N. B.), light, from Boston. She put into this port last night and early this morning started for St. John. She struck the rock and her keel was badly damaged, while she sprang a leak. The crew remained on the vessel and made every effort to float her, but without success.

The Robinson is owned in Boston, and tugs are expected to arrive tonight from that city.

The Robinson registers 432 tons net and was built at Portland (Conn.), in 1874. She carries a crew of six.

Well Known Halifax Man Dead.

Halifax, Nov. 2.—(Special)—Aubrey S. Hunt, for thirty years accountant of the Nova Scotia Hospital, died this evening. He had not been well all summer, but during the last three months has been confined to his room.

Mr. Hunt was a son of Rev. A. S. Hunt, at one time superintendent of education for Nova Scotia. J. Johnstone Hunt, Halifax, and Dr. Lewis G. Hunt, London, are brothers, and Mrs. A. C. Chase and Mrs. Savary are sisters.

Halifax Conservatives Wake Up.

Halifax, Nov. 2.—(Special)—The annual meeting of the Halifax County Conservative Club was held tonight. W. B. A. Ritchie was appointed president and a strong executive was named. The club has obtained new quarters and it is proposed to have frequent meetings during the winter of a social as well as a political character.

TARIFF REVISION THIS SESSION OF PARLIAMENT

Ottawa, Nov. 2.—(Special)—There was a meeting of the cabinet this afternoon when there was present Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Sir Richard Cartwright, Hon. R. W. Scott, Hon. W. S. Fielding, Hon. Wm. Patterson and Hon. L. P. Brodeur. It was decided that the tariff commission will resume work at Montreal on the 7th and 8th of the present month. Sitings will be held in the board of trade rooms. The ministers will require to return to Ottawa on the 15th inst., the

TESTING ARCTIC CURRENTS WITH FLOATING BARRELS

Two of Fifty Thrown Overboard Heard From After Many Years.

Philadelphia, Nov. 2.—At a meeting of the Geographical Society of Philadelphia last night, the president, Henry G. Bryant, the explorer, made the announcement that two of the Bryant-Melville casks which were sent adrift several years ago by Rear Admiral George W. Melville, that valuable data concerning the speed and direction of Arctic currents might be obtained by setting adrift specially constructed casks in the Arctic ocean. The society took up the suggestion and Admiral Melville and Mr. Bryant had fifty casks constructed, which were thrown overboard by U. S. revenue cutters and sailing ships. Each cask was numbered and contained a message in four languages, requesting the finder to notify the Philadelphia Society.

Mr. Bryant announced that he had heard from two of the casks. The first was thrown overboard by the revenue cutter Bear on August 21, 1901, about eighty-five miles northwest of Wrangell Island, and was recovered by Captain A. G. Christian on August 17, 1902, near the mouth of Kolyching on the coast of Siberia. In the course of one year, less four days, it had travelled 330 miles to the southeast and was probably influenced by local currents.

The other cask was placed on the ice floe northwest of Point Barrow, Alaska, in lat. 71.03 N., and long. 154.30 W., by the steamer Alexander, on September 13, 1899. It was recovered one mile east of Cape Rauda, Uper, on the northern coast of Iceland June 1, 1903. Mr. Bryant said the position of the second cask proved the existence of a current from Behring straits around Circumpole basin to the southwest and was probably influenced by local currents.

The king's birthday, to attend at the state dinner at Rideau Hall.

If necessary the commission will return to Montreal on the 10th inst., to take additional evidence. The following week the commission will sit in Toronto. The intention of the commission is to prosecute the inquiry with all possible dispatch and the intention of the government is to go on with revision at the approaching session of parliament. This information was given out after today's meeting.

Scenes at Warsaw Station in St. Petersburg



Cossacks Guarding Warsaw Station, St. Petersburg.

AMERICAN GAME BLOCKED AGAIN

Newfoundland Cruiser Stops Fishermen from Shipping Crews

STEAMER HELD UP

Was Taking Eight Boat Loads of Islanders Outside the Three-Mile Limit to Transfer to Other Vessels, But Threat of Seizure Made Her Return to Port.

St. John's, Nfld., Nov. 2.—Another serious complication arose yesterday in the herring fishery situation at Bay of Islands when the steamer Active, carrying eight small boatloads of local fishermen, sailed with the intention of proceeding outside the three mile limit and there transfer the fishermen to American fishing vessels.

The colonial cruiser Fiona chased the Active and threatened her with seizure if she went beyond the three mile limit without clearance papers. The Active thereupon returned. The customs authorities refuse to grant clearance papers to the steamer except for a bona fide voyage.

The Americans are indignant and threaten to appeal to Washington for a warship. The British cruiser Latonia is patrolling the bay to prevent collisions between the rival fishermen.

Gloucester Owners Sore.

Gloucester, Mass., Nov. 2.—Up to a late hour tonight, the Gloucester vessel owners had received no advice regarding the Active incident from the Bay of Islands. No ship have been taken here towards having an American warship sent to the fishing grounds.

Vessel owners who were seen tonight expressed the opinion that under Secretary Root's interpretation of the treaty of 1818 the Gloucester captains have a right to ship Newfoundland fishermen anywhere they like, and that they thought the United States should back up Secretary Root's ruling by the presence of an American warship, claiming that affairs are too one-sided at present, with the odds in favor of Newfoundland.

Much Interest in London.

London, Nov. 2.—More interest is being taken in London in the Newfoundland fisheries question since the matter was brought before the British government by the American ambassador, Mr. Reid. At the foreign office, it was said today that the government thinks the United States is mistaken as to some of the facts but the negotiations are proceeding in a friendly manner with every prospect of an early settlement. The Newfoundland government has been instructed to abide by the treaty of 1818, and has been informed that it has no right to prevent American fishermen from using the island ports.

Information has been received from Newfoundland to the effect that nothing will be done by the government or fishermen to complicate the situation.

HALIFAX TEAMS TO PLAY FOOTBALL GAME AT HARVARD

Dalhousie and Local Team Will Show Them How to Play English Rugby November 11.

Cambridge, Mass., Nov. 2.—Arrangements were completed today for a game of English Rugby football at the Stadium here on Nov. 11 between Dalhousie University of Nova Scotia and a Halifax team.

If the game is received with favor by Harvard men, it is said that it may be introduced as a minor sport at the college.

MUCH TYPHOID AT FREDERICTON

Fifteen Cases Are Now Being Treated at the Victoria Hospital

ILLEGAL STAMP SELLING

Post Office Inspector Colter Investigating County Postmasters Paying Their Bills With Postage and Thus Increasing Receipts of Their Office--Other News of the Capital.

Fredericton, N. B., Nov. 2.—(Special)—There are at the present time fifteen cases of typhoid fever under treatment in Victoria Hospital, the majority being from points outside the city. The list includes one student from the Normal School.

Dr. Dow Coburn of Canterbury is quite ill at his mother's home, here, from an attack of pneumonia.

J. A. Winslow, S. Dow Simmons, Norman Tennant, James Tibbitts and Charles H. Allen, leave tomorrow on a week's hunting trip to Little River.

Col. Clarke and Major Crawford, imperial army officers and veterans of the Boer war, returned today from a short hunting trip to the Miramichi woods. They report conditions unfavorable for big game hunting at present and they failed to secure any.

Post Office Inspector Colter was in town yesterday on some interesting business in connection with the department. It appears that some merchants have been in the habit of taking stamps in payment of bills of goods, and selling the stamps to others for cash. This practice, it is alleged, has been carried on to a large extent. The stamps come largely from country stores, very many of whom are general dealers, who make a practice of putting the stamps they sell and at the same time sell the receipts of their offices.

May Change School Law.

It is altogether probable that at the next session of the legislature some changes will be proposed in the school law of New Brunswick. As the law now reads, one school district can hook a consolidation, a union or a reorganization. It is understood the board of education will apply to have the law changed so that it can say whether a consolidation will go through without the ratepayers taking a vote. It is also the idea to have the law relating to vacation of scholars changed so as to throw the responsibility upon the trustee or parent, and not upon the teacher. Dr. J. R. Inch says that the various boards of health should have authority to have children vaccinated at a certain age.

At a meeting between the surveyor-general and lumber sawyers yesterday the sawyers were warned against underselling. It is alleged that certain lumber operators owning and have claimed that they cut a larger percentage off their land and a smaller percentage off the crown lands than was really the case.

The funeral of the late Mrs. John T. Gibson took place at Maryville this afternoon, and was one of the largest ever seen in that town. All business was suspended as a mark of respect to the deceased.

Hundreds followed the remains to their last resting place. An impressive service was conducted at the house by Rev. W. B. Brewer. The chief mourners were Alex. Gibson, sr., Alex. Gibson, jr., James Gibson, Dr. A. P. Crockett, Prof. Chas. L. Chisholm, Chas. H. Hatt, John R. McCannell, Frank M. Merritt, A. G. Robinson, and Master John T. Chisholm. The pall bearers were Thomas Lakey, E. A. Tapley, Alfred Rowley, G. W. Foster, George Cochrane, and Richard Staples. Many beautiful floral offerings attested the esteem in which the deceased was held.

(A crowd that dressed two hundred and (continued on page 7, seventh column.)

OBJECT LESSON FOR COLONIES

London Times Hopes Presence of Prince Louis's Squadron Will Bear Fruit

A HINT TO CANADA

Thinks Now That She Sees the Way She Will Guard By British Fleet She Will Aid Her in Her Naval Burden--Visit of Fleet to be an Annual Affair.

Montreal, Nov. 2.—(Special)—A special London cable says: The Times, commenting editorially on the visit of the British fleet to Canadian waters, describes the visit as an unequalled success from every point of view, and says in part:—

"Thanks to the spirit of enthusiastic hospitality of the British and French populations, if there turns in any quarter a remaining tongue of the old racial prejudice, it cannot survive the entire cordial which now unites the English and French peoples."

"The visit cannot fail to quicken on both sides the sentiment which binds the empire together. The assurance given by Prince Louis of Battenberg regarding the capabilities and strategic position of the fleet, derives added force, not otherwise attainable, by the actual presence of a powerful squadron which quickens the imagination and renders it easier to conceive the sea power which guards Canada, no less than it does the mother country."

"Such visits are to be regularly repeated during that portion of the year which the former permanent squadron is to spend in the northern part of North America and the West Indies station."

ANOTHER MOVE TO BLOCK RAISE IN ARCANUM RATES

Attorney General of Massachusetts Asked to Bring Suit to Restrict Supreme Court's Action.

Boston, Nov. 2.—Attorney General Parker of Massachusetts has been asked to petition the supreme court for an injunction restraining the supreme council of the Royal Arcanum from enforcing the assessment rates adopted at the convention held at Put-In-Bay, Ohio, in August.

Those who are acting in the matter include residents of New York, Detroit, Paterson (N. J.), and Providence (R. I.), as well as several Massachusetts members. Their request was transmitted to the attorney general by Insurance Commissioner Cutting.

Attorney General Parker said today: "The matter is before the attorney general's department, but no decision has as yet been reached. The papers are being given careful consideration and it cannot be stated at this time how long this will take. The work is being done as expeditiously as possible because of the importance of the case."

The question was brought before the Massachusetts office because the Royal Arcanum was organized in this state in 1877, a charter having been granted on November 8 of that year. The petitioning members entered at the session of the supreme council in sleeping the new rates was unreasonable, unnecessary, inequitable, unjust and illegal and for these reasons imperative and void. They further submitted that never, expressly or impliedly, had they assented to the change in the by-laws adopted at the Atlantic City convention, and that the passage of these laws was beyond the power of the supreme council and for this reason not binding."

Japs Release Seized Steamers

Tokio, Nov. 2.—The American steamers Barrioua and Centennial, the German steamers Kowloon, Hans Wagner and M. Shirui, and the Norwegian steamer Arctura, which were seized at various times by the Japanese, have been released.

TWO ARRESTS IN SUIT CASE TRAGEDY

New York Police Capture Two Men and One Confesses

Louis Crawford, Alias Albert H. Emory, and Wm. Howard in the Toils--Latter Confesses They Took the Body of Susan Geary from Tremont Street House and Threw the Portions Into Winthrop Harbor.

New York, Nov. 2.—Two men are under arrest at police headquarters in this city charged with homicide in connection with the dress suit case mystery in Boston.

One of the men, William Howard, is said to have confessed that he and his fellow prisoner, Louis Crawford alias Albert H. Emory, were the ones who took the body from a hospital on Tremont street, Boston, and threw the dismembered portions which were concealed in the dress suit cases and a hand attached into Winthrop harbor. Howard denies that he knows anything about cutting up of the body, while Crawford refuses to say a word. Chief Inspector Watts, of Boston, is on his way here with witnesses who say they saw the men throw the body from a ferryboat.

The Confession.

In the arrest of two men here today the police declare that the solution of the dress suit case mystery will be reached and that the person primarily responsible for the death of Susan Geary, the chorus girl of the "Shepherd" King company, soon will be in the toils. William Howard, who has an alias of Hunt, is 36 years old. He says he is an engineer by occupation and lived, since he came here, in a furnished room house in East Fourteenth street. Albert H. Emory, alias Crawford, is a theatrical agent. Howard, as soon as he was placed under arrest, the police say, freely told the complete story of the disposition of the body, but absolutely denies that he knows who performed the criminal operation upon the chorus girl which brought about her death, or who dismembered the body. He was hired to help Crawford, he swears, to dispose of the body, and that is all he

has had to do with the case, although he admits that he knew the girl had died under suspicious circumstances and that her body had been cut up.

According to the prisoner's sworn statement, as related by the police, he has known Crawford for more than three years. Crawford has been employed at various times by patent medicine concerns throughout the United States, but for some time past has been engaged in managing what the police say is a lying in hospital conducted by his mother-in-law, Dr. Jane Bishop, at 178 A Tremont street, Boston.

On the morning of Sept. 19 last, two days before the dismembered body of Susan Geary was found, Howard called at Dr. Bishop's to see Crawford. Howard said he needed money badly at the time and when Crawford suggested that he was in a position to get him a good fee he quickly jumped at the chance.

"Now I've got a chance to let you make a good piece of money," Crawford is alleged to have said to Howard; "only you want to be mighty careful and keep your mouth shut. One of our patients is dead and we have got to get rid of the body; we've got to get rid of it by all means and without delay."

Then he went on to tell Howard, according to the confession, that a girl had died from the effects of an operation. He explained in detail what was required to remove the remains to some spot where they would not be discovered for some time.

"How much is there in it?" asked Howard. "One hundred dollars," answered Crawford, and immediately Howard says, they closed the deal. He told in detail how they carried the dress suit cases to the harbor and threw them from a ferry boat.

HAMILTON BANK MANAGER ARRESTED FOR EMBEZZLEMENT

T. Hollhouse Brown Alleged to Have Stolen Large Amount Over a Period of Years.

Hamilton, Ont., Nov. 2.—(Special)—T. Hollhouse Brown, manager of the King street east branch of the Bank of Hamilton was arrested today on the charge of embezzlement. The exact amount of the defalcation is not yet learned, but it is believed to be very large, having been cleverly concealed for years.

Brown has been very popular. He is a son of Hon. Adam Brown, postmaster, and unmarried. The affair has created a great sensation.

Boston Trust Company Swindled

Boston, Nov. 2.—Aubrey L. Rice, who was arrested about a week ago charged with the larceny of \$4,000 from the Puritan Trust Company of this city by securing loans on alleged worthless stock certificates, was brought before Special Justice Bennett in the district court today. As he was unprepared for a hearing, the case was continued until November 15, Rice being held in \$8,000 bail.

Sudden Death of Ottawa Professor.

Ottawa, Nov. 2.—(Special)—Professor John Walton, the well-known private tutor, succumbed suddenly to heart trouble this forenoon at his boarding house, 102 Queen street. Dr. Baplle was notified, but he deemed an inquest unnecessary.

ADVOCATES INDEPENDENT HEAD FOR INTERCOLONIAL

Senators McMullen Just Back from Trip Over Road Says it Will Pay If Rates Are Raised and Economy Practised--Too Many Stations, and Repair shops Are Overcrowded With Men He Declares.

Toronto, Nov. 2.—(Special)—"I consider the Intercolonial Railway a good dominion asset and if carefully and economically operated under an independent head, absolutely free from personal influence, it would pay all operating expenses and contribute considerable in addition substantial revenue to the dominion treasury."

"Put the line under the management of a Shagheness or a Hove, give him a free hand, and I am attached the results would be as above stated."

This opinion regarding the government railway was expressed here today by Senator McMullen on his return from a trip over the Intercolonial system to ascertain for himself the facts about that line. He traveled over the main line and its branches and he has carefully noted the conditions of the road and general system of operation both as to its operating staff and the repair staff at Montreal.

"The road is over-stuffed," he said, "especially between Moncton and Halifax, where the average distance between stations is three and one half miles for eighty miles of the line, and this is no ex-

ception, but virtually the rule on nearly the whole line. The operating staff is too numerous. Repair shops are overcrowded with workmen and in many cases men simply put in their time as easy as they can and draw their pay, and it is no worse now than it has been for many years and under both governments. The schedule of freight rates is altogether too low, especially on coal, lumber, hay, etc., and these conditions cannot be got rid of under a personal head, either Conservative or Liberal."

"We have tried both and both have failed. Put the road under an independent head and it will show its earning power in a very short time. I have no doubt shippers in the Maritime Provinces will oppose the changes simply because they know they will have to pay increased rates and under an independent management, personal influence would not count."

"I would not learn from these facts that the great portion of the people would willingly accept the change. It would be treacherous those that are getting special advantages that would offer opposition."