THE BRIDGE.

The insinuation that Mayor Beaven was the candidate of the Municipal Reform Association, made at the time of the election and subsequently, must have been founded upon a groundless suspicion, for the Mayor and the Municipal Reform Association (what a libellous use of the word "Reform!") are at daggers drawn over the Point Ellice bridge business. Most people will be glad to feel assured that the mayor has this one less sin to answer for. The mayor of 'Victoria must never be the representative of any semi-secret organization.

If the council is prevented building the Point Ellice bridge, what are the people who want to use a bridge going to do about it? They cannot have any other style of wooden bridge built within six months, and if a steel bridge, as the great land-owners (represented by proxy) petitioned for, is decided on, public traffic will not be resumed over a bridge at Point Ellice for twelve months. What a fortunate thing there is a railway bridge across the harbor

Mr. Elworthy, when he acts as secretary of the Board of Trade, is not the same Mr. Elworthy who appears as plaintiff against the city at the instigation of the so-called Municipal Reform Association. The two gentlemen are as different as Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde. Hence the Board of Trade ought not to suffer in reputation by the ease with which its good-natured secretary, in the performance of his dual duties, can assume apparently conflicting positions. Unthinking people will imagine that the Board of Trade official is the enemy of the city, whereas it is the official of the Municipal Reform Association who has placed himself in that position.

If the Mayor and council are permanment the council completes the bridge they will have a right to do under the Q. C.'s will answer.

THE POLICY OF BLOW.

A little while ago the opposition leaders pretended to be full of fight; they were ready to offer battle from the start, and would not even let the ministers be re-elected without a contest. Sir Adolphe Caron was authority for the statement that not only would every bye-election be fought, but the Conservatives in the house would test their strength on the election of a speaker. Sir Charles Tupper later on had much to say about Mr. Laurier's weakness and the certainty that his government would not last any length of time. But the very suddenly. Yesterday the eight ministers who went back to their constituencies were re-elected without opposition, and the remainder are quite likely to meet with similar success. Sir Charles and his lieutenants have been at pains to expose the emptiness of their be very apt to show how poorly founded were their predictions of a prief career for the Laurier government. That government is the strongest in point of personnel that Canada has had, since Mr. Mackenzie's time at least, while the opposition is correspondingly weak. There is open rebellion against Sir Charles Tupper's leadership by a strong section of the party; there is no conesion amongst either the leaders or the rank and file, now that the power of plunder has been removed; there is not a single sign to show that the country is likely to entrust anew with power the men who were lately rejected with contumely. Sir Charles Tupper found his policy of bluster ineffectual at election time, and it cannot be expected to succeed any better now.

## RAILWAYS IN THE STATES.

A vast mass of statistics relating to U. S. railways is presented in the eighth statistical report of the Interstate Cornmerce commission, which deals with the year ending June 30, 1895. From an abstract of the report that has been issued it appears that on the date mentioned 169 roads were reported in the hands of receivers, showing a net dccrease of 23 during the year. The roads under receivers operated 37,855.80 miles of line, which shows a decrease of 2,- cile their opinions. 963.01 as compared with 1894. The railway capital represented by these roads was nearly \$2,500,000,000, o about 22.20 per cent, of the total railway capital in the United States. This is a rather dismal statement to commence with, and furnishes a discouraging indication of the commercial and industrial state of the whole country. Notwithstanding the hard times, the work of multiplying railway facilities keeps on apace. The total railway mileage in the United States on June 30, 1895, was 180,-657.47 miles, an increase of 1,948.92 miles, or 1.09 per cent., being shown. The increase in 1894 was 2,247.48 miles, or 1.27 per cent., which was less than for any preceding year during the period for which reports have been made to the commission. The aggregate length of all tracks in the United States on June 30, 1895, was 236,834.26 miles. Included in this total track mileage

carnings of the railways of the United press are all correct. States for the year ending June 30. 1895, were \$1,075,371,462, an increase of \$2,009,665 for the year being thus shown. Passenger revenue was \$252,-246,180, showing a decrease of \$33,103, 378, or 11.60 per cent, for the year. Freight revenue increased \$30,502,549, or 4.30 per cent., being \$729,993,462 for 1895. 'The expenses of operation for the same period were \$725,720,415, which were \$5,693,907 less than for 1894. The important unit in railway statistics designated as the coefficient of operating expenses, that is the percentage of opfor 1895, was 67.48 per cent.; for 1890, 65.80 per cent. The income from opergreater than it was in 1894, was yet The immense amounts so calmly quoted by the commission are rather startling ing is a business of comparatively few great idea had never been conceived?

### THEY NOW WANT HASTE.

verely depressed by that fact, seeing that it is doubtful whether anything he could do would please the Tory criticsexcept, indeed, his abandonment of the office in which the people have chosen to place him. If in his speech at St. John he had promised to effect a reform of the tariff immediately, he would have been censured for undue precipitancy; but as he announced that the ently restrained by the supreme court task would be approached with caution, from paying the liabilities incurred for and that it could not well be executed the partial construction of the pile at the coming short session of parliabridge at Point Ellice, and subsequently | ment, he is blamed for delaying it. One by permission of the Dominion govern- Tory journal, for instance, remarks: "It this view of the question of British Cois unfortunate that the business of the lumbia representation:-"British Columand pays for the material and work, as country should be checked for six months | bia must have representation in the Doby uncomfortable uncertainty as to what minion government. The figures of the law, will they be guilty of contempt of Mr. Laurier is going to do to the tariff last census entitle the province to six court? Perhaps one of the prospective with the uncomfortable assurance that members of parliament. The census to at the end of that period he feels it be taken in 1900 will raise British Coincumbent upon him to do something lumbia's representation in the Dominion serious." A very complete answer to house to twelve or fourteen. A prov-Tory talk of this kind is supplied by a lince, which after 1900, will at least have quotation from Mr. Foster's budget fourteen members at Ottawa has claims speech of 1893, in which the ex-minister to representation in the cabinet which of finance somewhat enlarged on Sir should not be ignored in 1896. British John Thompson's idea of "lopping off Columbia is thoroughly Canadian and the mouldering branches." The Tory thoroughly British in sentiment. The government had then for some time older provinces in Canada cannot afford to reform the tariff, and Mr. Foster gave by ignoring the claims of that province. the promise that this would be done A direct interest through a British Coin the following passage of his speech: lumbia representative of the governformation has been gathered by the ize a province which is already strongly government, particularly by myself, dur- national in feeling, and on every ground follow their lead as committees were fighting spirit seems to have evaporated ing the past year, and that information of party interest and patriotic expedienwill be gathered during the coming sea- cv Wilfrid Laurier will be justified in son: that the minister of trade and commerce and myself, with the two level- hs aid." headed business men who control the customs and the inland revenue, propose during the coming year not only to listen to the complaints and the pleas own boasts. The course of events will of the people who come to Ottawa to see us, but we propose to supplement that by a personal inspection and investigation of the various industries of the country. We propose to go further. We propose that it shall not be said that only one class has the ears of the government, but that every class, the agricultural, the artisan, the manufacturing, the producing, or any class, shall have abundant opportunity to make out its case before the government or some member of the government and to have its plea and its grievances taken into consideration, and that he action of the government shall be based upon the conclusions thus arrived at." Not six months only, but a whole year, did Mr. Foster and his colleagues think necessary for the consideration of changes in the tariff, though at hat time they had been for some time in office and had practical experience to guide them. But the Tory journals-which had no objection to this delay in Mr. Foster's time-at once attack Mr. Laurier because he does not decide within a month just what his government should do in

Some Conservative papers say Mr. Laurier has no policy at all. Other Conservative papers say that Mr. Laurier has stolen the Conservative policy. There might have been some excuse if They should confer together and recon-

The Ottawa Free Press says: "The highly colored stories published in the American press, as well as our own, of the richness of the gold fields of British Columbia, will not fail to attract thousands of adventurers to that country. California and Australia have given the world a thorough knowledge of what a "rush to the diggings" means. We are likely to be confronted with a social question ere long concerning which the governments, federal and provincial. would do well to look forward. But if there is a rush of a heterogenous mass of all sorts and conditions of men it may be made of much good to the country. The gold "reports" will be a splendid advertisment for Canada." We do not think there need be much misgiving on the part of our eastern friends as to the consequences of any "rush" in this province. Order has prevailed throughout our mining regions without were 10,639.96 miles of second track, a special effort being made to maintain 975.25 miles of third track, 733.12 miles it. Nevertheless the provincial governof fourth track, and 43,888.46 miles of ment should not trust too much to the yard track and sidings. The number of moral effect which past administration

were abandoned, 9 merged, 32 reorgan- country are left a little too bare of of- succeed. ized, and 28 consolidated. The gross ficers, if observations made by the local

disaster of June 23.

crating expenses to operating income, that twenty years ago, in 1876, gold and silver were coined in the mints of Colless than for any other year since 1890. at a premium over gold of about 3 per we are not wholly disconsolate." cent. About 1880 gold was at a premium, because the imports exceeded the when one remembers that railway build- exports. Up to 1885 the government continued to coin gold and silver, and years' growth What would the world at that time gold was at a premium have done, anyway, if Stephenson's over silver of about 20 per cent. In 1885 the congress passed a law that made paper money a legal tender for all debts, the paper to be payable in gold or silver at the option of the govern-Mr. Laurier has not been so fortunate ment, this being an atempt to put sil as to please the opposition press by his ver at par with gold. At once the gold statement of the course he intends to all went out of the country, and the pursue. Perhaps he will not feel segovernment was on a silver basis in spite of its effort by legislation to keep gold and silver at a parity. From that time to this, it appears, there has been Immense Sympathetic Strike Moveno gold in circulation in Colombia. The effect of this was to raise the premium on gold from 20 per cent. in 1885 to 190, per cent. in 1895. At the date of the communication, June 17, exchange on New York was 140, the price of exchange depending wholly on the number of drafts on the market and the demand for them.

The Toronto Evening Telegram takes calling a British Columbia minister to

The Globe says: "All reports from the Northwest show that the officials of the Tupper government were offensively active in the elections. Everywhere they were the backbone of the party organization. In such constituencies as Alberta and East Assinibois almost every oung man and the great mass of the settlers were against the government. The vote cast for the Tupper candidates was drawn mainly from the official class. and from men interested in turnishing supplies to government and applicants or government positions. The fact that in such constituencies as Alberta and East Assiniboia such an enormous vote could be polled by opposition candidates is eloquent testimony to the humiliating failure of the policy of the Tory government in our western territories. As for the officials who forgot that public office was a public trust, they have lost every title to consideration, and can expect only one fate from the new admin-

The Board of School Trustees have sent East for a teacher for the fifth division of the Girl's Central school There are at least a couple of hundred young people in this province who have gone to the trouble of passing the teachers' examination.\* Surely out of that number one could have been found in Victoria, or at least British Columbia, who was competent for the position the teacher was wanted for a higher division, but there are many certificated teachers in the city who could have niled the position with credit.

In the course of a speech in Quebec Mr. R. R. Dobell said: "Some people find t strange that an old Conservative should have consented to form a part of a Liberal cabinet; but in doing so I have only followed out the line of conduct that I have always followed, that is seeking to do my best to promote the interests of the Dominion. If I have joined Mr. Laurier it is because I recognize in him a true Canadian, prepared to do justice to all, and to judge all questions that come before him

strictly from the standpoint of equity." Dr. Geo. Duncan, the city health officer. detained the patient in the isolation hospital for four days after his time had expired and experimented upon him with a view of proving that the disease from which he had been suffering wassomething else. Our medical health officer hopes to increase the knowledge new disease which he will call "Dun- confent among the Indian troops."

railway corporations on June 30, 1895, of the law seems to exercise on in- can's chicken-pox," and in the interest of was 1.965. During the year 14 roads comers. Some parts of the Kootenay medical science it is to be hoped he will

Says an exchange: "The predictions

made years ago by many scientists that Halifax Chronicle: The way in which the utter exhaustion of the natural gas the Conservatives and Conservative supply was only a question of a very journals in Ontario are jumping on their short time, are rapidly being verified. It "old leaders" and anathematizing their is only twelve years since gas displaced record is as suggestive as it is inter- | coal for the first time in a Pittsburg iron esting. They feel that they are putting mill. Its success was such that coal the blame where it belongs-for the was quickly discarded in all the iron works of that region. But already the diminution of the gas supply has com-Some of the effects of free coinage in pelled a large proportion of them to rea South American republic have been fit for coal. In 1888 the total value of pointed out in a published communicathe natural gas output in the United tion by the United States minister to States was \$22,629,875, against only Colombia, Mr. McKinney, who says \$13,006,650 in 1895; and state geologists concur in the opinion that the yield will soon fail altogether. But North Ameriombia, both being legal tender for all can has coal enough in sight to cook our ation. \$349,651,047, though \$7,703,572 debts, and at that time, owing to the food, warm our toes and run our facsearcity of the white metal, silver was tories for at least a thousand years, so

> A private dispatch from Kamloops announces that a protest has been filed at Kamloops against the return of Mr. Hewitt Bostock, M.P.

The Situation at Cleveland is Again at a Very Critical Stage.

ment was Inaugurated This Morning.

Michigan Mines Closed Down-Train Goes Through a Bridge-American News.

Cleveland, Ohio, Aug. 3.-The labor situation in this city is again at a critical stage to-day. One hundred and fifty non-union men are at work at the North Ontario the Liberal candidates Brown Hoisting Works this morning. They are guarded by four companies of militia and a large force of police. Big crowds of union men were present but no outbreak occurred. The police and soldiers kept the strikers moving, and will not permit them to stand in one place more than a few minutes. The big sympathetic strike movement which had been threatened ever since the strike commenced eleven weeks ago, was never been considered. I have no doubt inaugurated this morning. Eighty-seven been urged by many of its own friends to chill a great province in its infancy men, employed by Van Wagoner & Willims Company, hardware manufacturers, laid down their tools and walked out of the works. The men said their they did my father and his successors only grievance was their sympathy for in the premiership. Personally, let me "What I want to state is this, that in- ment would have a tendency to national- the Brown Hoisting Works men and employes of other concerns are soon to follower than my-self." sent out to factories along the Lake unseat P. L. Richardson and John A. Shore to notify the men that they were called out on strike

Bessemer, Mich., Aug. 3.-The Tilden mine has closed down both day and night shifts at No. 9 shaft. This completes the shut down of the Rockefeller mines in this city. Nos. 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10 shafts are now empty, with the exception of just enough men to keep the mines clear of water. In a large number of mines pumps have been taken out and the mines allowed to fill with water. The geogeditic range of mines is practically all shut down at Hurley, Ironwood, Bessemer and Wakefield. There are less than 1000 men at work on the range, where at one time over 8000 men were employed. It is certain that a few months will find hundreds of families in destitution. Several of the mine owners have allowed their employes all the unoccupied lands for use as "Pingree farms," but the army worms have destroyed the last hope of the miners having at least vegetables to keep body and soul together during the coming winter. The poor fund is exhausted, and idle miners and their families are therefore facing starvation.

Winston, N. C., Aug. 3.—A freight train on the Oxford & Clarksville railway went through the bridge twelve miles from Durham last night. The engineer and fireman are thought to be fatally injured. The train was destroyed by fire immediately after the wreck. Oswego, N. Y., Aug. 3.-Fred Scelmordine, 60 years old, employed at the Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg railway shops, was caught in the shafting this morning and whirled to death. He came here from Canada.

Boston, Aug. 3.-The wool commission firm of W. D. Eaton & Co., this city, made an assignment for the benefit of their creditors this morning. Atlantic City, N. J., Aug. 3.-The 15 njured at the Sanitarium were all doing well this morning and there is not mmediate danger of any more deaths. At 10 o'clock the Odd Fellows' hall was thrown open to the public and half an hour later the coroner's inquest began.

WOLSELEY'S BLUNDER.

Makes Statements Reflecting Upon the British Indian Troops.

London, Aug. 1 .- Before the commis sion of Indian military expeditions, Lord Welreley, the commander-in-chief, testified on Wednesday that he would not like to put British Indian troops in front of European soldiers and would not like to fight France, Germany or any other army with Indian troops. His remarks have caused the greatest outcry in the press and have roused the most severe comment. The Globe, for instance, says: "Lord Wolseley is no longer our only general, because, in the war which many believe to be inevitable with Russia, our Indian army, which he recklessly insults, will play an important part and we would not like to see them called upon to follow such an intensely unpopular commander." Lord Wolseley's where it has aroused great indignation. A dispatch from Simla says "high au-

Poupore, M.P., for Pontiac, Served With Notice of Protest Against His Election.

Large List of Election Protests Filed Against Conservative Members at Toronto.

Absurd Rumor About Sir Charles Tupper Being Appointed Governor-General.

Ottawa, Aug. 3.-W. F. Kehoe, a graduate of the Ottawa University, and for some years on the reportorial staff of the Free Press, has been appointed private secretary to the Hon. R. W.

Michael O'Hara, a farmer near Fitzroy, shot and killed his son on Saturday as the result of a quarrel.

Poupore, M. P. for Pontiac, was served with a notice of protest against his ection here to-day. Ritchie has been as good as appointed county crown at-Fie takes the place of Belcourt, who was elected to the commons

Conductor Heathe, of the Gatineau Valley railway, dropped dead with heart disease while stepping on to his train at Hull this morning. He was a middle-aged man, married, and leaves a widow and family.

E. L. Newcombe, deputy minister of justice, arrived home from England on Saturday.

Toronto, Aug. 3.-The following election protests have been filed on behalf of the Liberal party against Conservaive members-elect: Beattie, London: Maclean, East York; Craig, East Durham; McGillivray, North Ontario; Mc-Neill, North Bruce; Bennett, East Simcoe; Henry, South Brant; Cochrane, East Northumberland; Osler and Clarke, West Toronto. This makes ten in all. Postmaster-General Mulock, Liberal Whip Sutherland, and Liberal Organizer A. Smith were present representing the Liberal party. In East York and claim the seats, and the personal disqualification of the members elect is asked in every case. In addition to the usual charges in the case of South Brant, the charge is made that marked fraudulent ballots were used as a means of showing how the purchased votes

were cast. Winnipeg Aug. 1.—Being interviewed here on the question of the Conservative leadership, Hugh John Macdonald said: "Such a thing as my becoming that Sir Charles Tupper is the only possible leader of the party at the present time. I am quite confident the party will follow Sir Charles as loyally as add, Sir Charles will have no more loyal

Petitions were filed in the courts to iberal members for Lis gar and Selkirk respectively. The Lisgar petition, in addition to charges of bribery, prays that Richardson be disqualified.

The Montreal correspondent of the World sends a story to the effect that Rt. Hon. Mr. Chamberlain is urging his colleagues in the imperial government to appoint Sir Charles Tupper governor-general of Canada at the expiration of Lord Aberdeen's term. As, however, Lord Aberdeen has still three years to run and by that Sir Charles will be in his 79th year, apart from other reasons, it is doubtful if there is much truth in the rumor.

The time for receiving protests closed at noon. Not a single Conservative protest was put in. This leaves eleven protests on the port of the Liberals in Ontario and not one on the part of the Conservatives. The protests filed at Montreal to-day were against E. Goff penny, Liberal, St. Lawrence division; Chauvin, Conservative, in Terrebonne Legris, Liberal, in Maskinonge and Gauthier, Liberal, Two Mountains. St. John's, Que., Aug. 3.-This was

nomination day to fill the vacancy for St. John's and Iberville, caused by the elevation of Mr. Bechard to the senate. Minister Tarte was elected by acclama-

CANADIAN NOTES.

Suicide at Chatham-Sir Donald Smith Returns to London.

Chatham, Aug. 3 .- A young woman, aged 19, daughter of John Pool, a well known and respected farmer of Chatham township, jumped into the Thames and committed suicide on Saturday. Montreal, Aug. 3.-Premier Laurier has promised to attend a banquet tomorrow evening at the Windsor, Montreal, to Mr. Madore, member-elect for Hochelaga.

Toronto, Aug. 3 .- Sir Donald A has sailed for London.

Port Arthur, Aug. 3.-Hon. B. T. Cable, president of the Rock Island railwal system, is in town with a party of a dozen guests. They leave in the morning for Nepigon, where they will be met by a small army of guides. They propose to spend two weeks on the Nepigon river, then to cross the continent on the C. P. R.. A number of distinguished United States officials are in the party.

A MADMAN'S DEED.

An Insane Kentuckian Butchers His Entire Family.

Providence, Ky., Aug. 3-News reached here at daylight this morning of a horrible family butchery near Clay, eight miles east of this place. Tom Brown, an insane husband, 30 years old, a farmer, terribly butchered his family, consisting of his wife, motherin-law and baby, last night at 12 o'clock using an axe. The mother-in-law, Mrs. testimony has been cabled to India, Cash, was beaten with a pole axe while the wife was chopped with a blade and of the profession by the addition of a thorities fear that it will cause great dis- with his clinched fist, by the infuriated beaten in the face and head, presumably

house of Mr. Muir, the nearest neighbor, and told him what he had done, and asked Mr. Muir to shoot him, as he desired to die also. While the victims of the madman's rage were not killed outright, no hope is entertained for their recovery. Messengers were dispatched to this place for additional surgical assistance. Brown is of a feeble-minded family. He is in custody.

VALUABLE HORSES INJURED. Accident to a Train on the Big Four Road Injures Racers.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 3.-A wreck this morning at 5:30 o'clock at North Indianapolis, on the Big Four road, was caused by a parlor car of horses, containing a string belonging to E. Bush, Louisville. The car was upset and every horse so much injured that it is thought none will ever race again. The value of the horses is said to have been \$60,-000. Four men were seriously hurt.

VICTORIA MARKETS.

Retail Quotations for Farmers' P. duce Carefully Corrected.

Victoria, August 3 .- A large quantity of bananas were brought by the Australian steamer Warrimoo. They were picked very green, and are yet hardly ripe enough for use. Fruits of all other kinds are rather plentiful, apples and pears coming in in abundance. New potatoes are almost a drug on the market, the highest price now being 11/2 cents. The meat market remains steady, the only reduction being in the quotations for lamb. Below are the retail quotations corrected to date:

	retail quotations corrected to date:
	Ogilvie's Hungarian flour \$5.25 to \$5.5
	Lake of the Woods flour. \$5.25 to \$5.5
	Ranier
	Show Flake 4.7
	Lion
	Lion. 4.77 Premier (Enderby). 4.77 Three Star (Enderby). 4.77 Two Star (Enderby). 4.00 Superfine (Enderby). 4.00 Salem. 5.00 Wheat, per ton. \$30.00 to \$35.00 Oats, per ton. \$25.00 to \$27.55
	Three Star (Enderby) 4.7
	Superfine (Enderby) 4.00
	Solor:
	Wheat per ton \$20.00 to \$25.00
	Oats, per ton \$25.00 to \$35.00
	Oats, per ton \$25.00 to \$27.50 Barley, per ton \$28.00 to \$30.00
	Midlings, per ton\$20.00 to \$25.00
	Bran, per ton\$20.00 to \$25.00
	Ground feed, per ton\$25.00 to \$27.00
	Corn, whole\$45.00 Corn, eracked\$50.00
	Corn, cracked\$50.00
	Cornmeal, per te npounds 35c. to 40c
	Oatmeal, per ten pounds45c. to 50c
	Rolled oats, (Or. or N. W.)36
	Rolled oats, (B. & K.) 7lb sacks25c
	Cabbana (new) per 10 to 1550
	Cauliflower per head 100 to 191/2
	Potatoes (new) per lb 1 to 1520 Cabbage
	Straw, per bale
	Green peppers, cured, one doz 25c
	Opions, per ID
	Spinach, per 1b
	Lemons (California)25c. to 35c
	Bananas
	Apples, Australian, per box \$3.09
	Apples, California, per Ib5c
	Cherries, white, per lb 6 to 1
	Cherries, red, per lb
	Raspberries, per lh 16
10000	Raspberries, per lb
200	Uranges (Riverside), per doz. 15c. to 40c
francis.	Pine Apples
	Cranberries, Cape Cod, per gallon.\$1.2
	Rhubarb, per Ib.       3c         Fish—salmon, per Ib.       10c         Smoked bloaters, per Ib.       10c         Kippered herring, per Ib.       12%c
	Smoked bloaters per ID
	Kippered herring, per ID 12166
	Eggs, Island, per doz20c. to 30c
1000	Eggs, Manitoba,
	Butter, creamery, per Ib
	Butter, Delta creamery, per fb25c
	Butter, fresh
	Hams American per the 140 to 150
	Hams, Canadian per th 15c to 16c
	Bacon, American, per Ib 14c, to 17c
	Bacon, rolled, per Ib 12c. to 16c
1000	Dacon, long cical, per ib
	Bacon, Canadian
	Shoulders14c
	Lard,
	Mosts boof nor the 72 to 191/2
	V 09 1 100 to 150
1000	Mutton, whole, 61/60 to 70
	Mutton, whole 6½c. to 7c. Spring lamb, per quarter
1	Pork, fresh, per 1010c. to 191/60
	Pork, fresh, per Ib 10c. to 121/2c Pork, sides, per Ib 8c. to 72c
000	Unickens, per pair
	Turkeys, per Ib18c. to 20c
ñ	

Anxiously watch declining health of their daughters. So many are cut off by consumption in early years that there is real cause for anxiety. In the early stages, when not beyond the reach of medicine, Hood's Sarsaparilla will restore the quality and quantity of the blood and thus give good health. Read the following letter: "It is but just to write about my daughter Cora, aged 19. She was completely run down, declining, had that tired feeling, and friends said she would not

live over three months. She had a bad

and nothing seemed to do her any good. I happened to read about Hood's Sarsaparilla and had her give it a trial. From the very first dose she began to get better. After taking a few bottles she was completely cured and her health has been the best ever since." MRS. ADDIE PECK; 12 Railroad Place, Amsterdam, N. Y. "I will say that my mother has not

stated my case in as strong words as I would have done. Hood's Sarsaparilla has truly cured me and I am now well." CORA PECK. Amsterdam, N. Y. Be sure to get Hood's, because

# Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists, \$1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

madman. After the terrible atrocity had Hood's Pills liable and beneficial 25c.

Vilfred La litical M bec P

titude in I ff. School Que

he political Que., a wee spoke as f Mayor, electory John and is before all offer you my sentiment and for the been good er not flatter my trod, and

ttle of the ex in this addre d, nevertheles m treading the been, not only since 1887, the cause. (Chee e has now wo ghout this bro I do not attr ral population me, and espe e Conservativ hanging their r duty as citiz party traditi s with a party t a guarantee en I arrived the post of ser Delorimier was nt because ou hed to fill it, b as which I do lay, but which or of the hou I gave the pla Bechard, who 1867, whom ce 1874. I inter nity was give as the first man to senatorship, and

rry out my intent Now, you speak have gained; it the greatest vict at the cost of those sacrific Tarte. I was at,' for Mr. T ted; but that vict by illegal and e is a man who ne it is Mr. Tar him for a colle than address of St. John's an t to elect him but to elect l chard has c Paul. That i son, no doubt, bu Tarte began his uting the Chr Christians v Mr. Tarte dd rather have st me. If the their own fault party on the ald no longer i side with m in, Connolly u to give Mr upport of your represent vo public works. say in the a strong cab administrati with any ac t been such since 1867.

> self-I need or wat. who, to as consented anks, to aid n whom justice ir Richard C d that he wo but, from r I shall not s he will speak eferred the r and commerce Davies, ex-Pren Island: we ha resigned his post va Scotia to jo Ir. Blair, who New Bruns Mr. Tarte, you ends of the p 'Our Mr. Jo strious name. oung advocate hear soon.

lent of its me

cal farmer: Mr. are well known igh the whole li is a guarantee osperity for the hat of Mr. Dol took Mr. Dobe is an old Co in the Liberal m of Heaven, footing as those The moment work they ar footing with the Dobell is a great ss man, and it Laurier admini n as an administ at of business n is said that we we have too ma bliges us to have but before long I

he ministry with her reproach is not defined it it is easy of the Libera the same eral party in re, nothing less. in opposition we

in power. We w

es of tariff reform

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