

GOLD! GOLD! IF YOU WANT

Weather prevailed on the Black Sea. A private despatch from Yarna, dated the 24th ult., says 5 ships with troops sailed yesterday and are today. Destination a secret. Opinions gain currency that the first destination of the expedition will be Anapa, and that the fleet will winter there.

Marshal Armand, will hold a general military council at Yarna to inquire if the army is fit for service during the present sickness.

THE DANUBE.

The Turks continue to occupy Bucharest, and are strengthening all strategic positions. The are re-fortifying Târnova, which was ordered. Some relations were to be delivered at Odrichetti and Wallachia, and it was reported that the English division would be sent there.

Portions of the Turkish forces are moving upon Galatz and Ibrail.

The Russians on September 24, would be at Jassy. Their headquarters, Aug. 25th, were at Ibrail. A force still held Galatz for hospitalities. The Government had published the defalcations of the previous Ministry, showing a total of \$30,000,000, with the revenues of Cuba mortgaged for two years, and all the extra resources of the Kingdom pledged.

Reporters had raised a temporary loan of \$500,000 on the Havana customs and bank securities.

Queen Christina had left Madrid for Portugal with the sanction of the government, where she will embark for Italy or France.

Mach of her health is safely invested in foreign countries. Notwithstanding the profound tranquility, private despatches report outbreaks at Madrid on the 28th, when it became known that Christina had escaped.

A few barricades were erected, but were pulled down by the National Guards.

Barangosa continued restless, and the whole province of Aragon was quiet.

Carlist movements were spoken of in one or two quarters, and there are hints of military disaffection in Galicia.

THE LATEST.

The Vienna Lloyd has authentic news that Marshal St. Armand was to leave Constantinople on the 3d September, to take command of an expedition, which by that time, would have reached its destination.

Vienna, Friday, Sept. 1.—Yesterday Prince Gortschakoff made a confidential communication to Count Buol and requested similar explanations. He also notified the Emperor in person.

Berlin, Friday, Sept. 1.—General Benckendorff returned yesterday from St. Petersburg, and will proceed direct to Putur. Russia will not except the Austrian invitation to commence negotiations upon the basis stipulated by the Western Powers.

Arrival of the ATLANTIC.

New York, Sept. 20.

The steamship Atlantic arrived this morning with Liverpool dates to the 6th inst. The day's market had a fair attendance; wheat declined 3d to 4d from previous prices; range 85 to 86 for white, and 84 to 85 for red. Flour in retail demand at 28 to 29 for Philadelphia and Baltimore; 27 to 28 for Corn-doll; market declined. Consols 104. Money easy.

Brown, Shipley & Co's circular quotes flour in good demand at a decline of 1s, since Friday. Western 26s to 28s 6d. Wheat declined 3d; white 85 to 86 1/2; red 84 to 85 1/2. Corn-doll 27 to 28; Brown-doll 26 to 27; Lard 52 to 53. Tallow quiet.

ENGLAND.

The Arctic arrived on the 2nd. The Court of Trade Returns are favorable. The Court Martial on Lieutenant Perry had pronounced him guilty. The verdict causes great excitement.

English papers are filled with accounts of the preparations for the departure of Prince Albert for France. A brilliant staff of the Queen's Life Guards acted as an escort, and all were conveyed in six ships-of-war, accompanied with a large fleet of passenger ships.

The Prince would be in the hands of Napoleon for three days. The King of Portugal was also on a visit to Paris. The reception of the Prince was most enthusiastic.

The barricades raised by the Russians to obstruct the Danube at the Salina, had been destroyed.

Nothing later from the Baltic. Russia has nominally refused the intervention of Austria. One of the forts at Bessarabia had been blown up and bombarded by the Allies. An encounter had taken place between the Russians and Turks, at which the former fled.

Part of the expedition has left Yarna. It is uncertain whether it is destined against Sebastopol or Anapa. Not more than 15,000 troops are at Bucharest.

SPAIN.

It is reported that Christina has become insane.

occasion the father of the present Sir John, the plain Mr. Ramsden, called upon the Quaker, and is said to have offered to cover the roof of the house with sovereigns as the price of his purchase. Broadbent, however, refused, unless the sovereigns were placed edgewise! Mr. Ramsden naturally thought this would be paying rather too dear for the indulgence of his file, and refused the offer, upon which the Quaker closed the chapter by saying, "Then thou may'st go home to thy friends, John, and tell them that all Huddersfield belongs to me and mine!"

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

QUEBEC, Sept. 13.

Mr. J. S. McDonald moved for the production of the correspondence between Mr. Brodeur and the Crown in Chancery, which having been read—

Mr. Dorion, of Drummond, moved that Mr. Brodeur be declared not elected, and that a new writ for the county of Bagot should be forthwith issued.

Mr. Drummond said that having had time to consider the question, he was now convinced, though there was no Canadian statute, that the British practice made Mr. Brodeur, being ineligible for election to Parliament. He therefore consented to the first of the motion, but thought the writ could not issue for fourteen days inasmuch as the present case was not provided for by the Statute which permitted new elections within 14 days in certain cases.

Mr. Dorion, of Montreal, said that it must be plain the writ should issue at once, for if Mr. Brodeur was not elected there was no election at all, therefore there must be a new writ immediately.

Mr. Cameron supported the view of the Attorney General East—the fourteen days were given for parties who might have claims on the seat to petition till they expire. The House could not know that there were no petitioners for the seat. He recited cases of the same kind in England.

Mr. J. B. Dorion consented to alter his motion so as to meet the views of Mr. Drummond.

Mr. Pelton however moved an amendment, seconded by Mr. Ross of Megantic, to refer the matter to a committee to be hereafter appointed.

Mr. Drummond begged him to withdraw it, but that he refused to do being quite satisfied Mr. Drummond was wrong. The amendment having been lost without division, the main motion was carried.

Mr. Brown then asked, as this was a ministerial measure, if the Solicitor General East was to resign?

Mr. J. B. Dorion then moved again that a writ be issued at once for the county of Bagot. He could not understand the position taken by the Attorney General East, since that gentleman caused a writ to be issued in 1854 for two candidates on the death of the member elected before the sitting of the house, and when of course it could not be known whether the seat was or was not contested.

Mr. Cameron noted that the writ be issued for 14 days.

The discussion goes on as the report leaves.

QUEBEC, Sept. 15.

Last night after some conversation on a point of order, Mr. Pelton introduced a bill to constitute the electoral County of Sherbrooke into a separate municipality.

On motion of Mr. Mackenzie an address was ordered for an account in detail of all monies in hands of clerks of Crown Lands Office; also, for a return relative to roads, harbors, bridges &c, sold by public property had been or sold to Colonel Prince for a mere song; also, for a return of the value of the real estate &c, in the Seigneurie of Lanseau; also, for a copy of a lease or patent granting certain landed property at or near Rouville to John Prince, Esq. Mr. Mackenzie remarked that he was much surprised to learn that valuable public property had been sold to Colonel Prince for a mere song; that explained his extraordinary conduct in the House. Mr. Mackenzie further moved for a return of all election records; he did so, because he heard of some extraordinary voting, as for instance in one county, he had the votes polled exceeded the whole population and that was immoral.

After some conversation the motion was carried. Also on motion of the same member a return was ordered relative to the financial affairs of the Post Office during the last six months. Also, the amount of cash at the credit of the Government at the banks and other monied institutions. The same member moved that the Clerk be instructed to obtain from the Managers of each of the chartered banks in Canada, the names of every shareholder, and the premium paid to them.

Mr. Morin thought the names of shareholders, ought not to be asked, but that the number of amount of stock held by each might be asked for.

Mr. Mackenzie persisted in the motion. He held they had the right to ask for any information from companies to whom they granted charters.

Mr. Merritt took the same view; but Messrs J. H. Cameron and Gamble strongly opposed the asking for names as improper and inquisitorial.

Mr. Mackenzie said he would leave out of his motion the word "premium," and had no objection to postpone his motion to allow a little time to members to reflect.

Mr. Drummond contended that it would be mere impertinence for the House to ask the banks for the names of all their stockholders; but if the hon. member desired to have the names of members of Parliament who held stock in any particular bank or banks, he should have no objection. Motion was postponed.

Mr. Pelton introduced a bill in relation to the law of forgery and false personation.

Mr. Pelton moved for the appointment of a committee to enquire into the state of Agriculture in Lower Canada—Carried.

The debate on the Address then commenced. It was principally marked by a strong denunciation of the coalition by Dr. Rolph.

Mr. Cameron introduced a bill for the better administration of the Estates of deceased persons. The same member introduced a bill for the relief of merchants, traders and others, the motion gave rise to a conversation, the effect of which was that Mr. Cartier, Cameron, Brown and Gamble expressed the belief that a Bankrupt Law of some sort was necessary, and desired by the mercantile community.

Mr. Young said the last law had given great dissatisfaction, but that some law on the subject might be desirable.

Messrs Dewitt, Dorion, of Montreal, and McDonald of Glengarry expressed the belief

that the last Bankrupt Law had been the source of a great deal of immorality. Mr. Drummond said a few words which the reporter understood to be in favor of a modified Bankrupt Law.

Mr. Mackenzie introduced a bill to exempt the tools, wearing apparel, bedding, &c., of debtors and creditors from seizure for debt. On motion of Mr. Morin a committee was ordered to prepare lists of the standing committees.

The debate on the Address was then taken up.

Mr. Langton commenced the debate which was continued till the adjournment, which did not take place till a late hour.

THE HURON ELECTION.

We believe that the elections suggested by the recent Ministerial arrangements to be commenced in Huron. The Hon. W. Cayley having accepted the superintendence of the National Finances, it becomes necessary that he should appear before his constituents in order to give them an opportunity of expressing their opinion of his conduct, and whether they are present in a position to say. At the late election he was opposed by Mr. Thomas McQueen, a well known Reformer, and succeeded in securing his return by the aid of the Clergy Reserves and Reform measures generally. Now, however, that he has abandoned his former views, and avowed his readiness to carry out the intentions of the late Ministry, we presume that his re-election is not so certain. We are not aware whether the election of Huron is to be held on the 11th inst. or later. We would like to see that constituency redeemed from the shackles of Toryism, and transferred to the ranks of Reform. In rejecting Mr. Cayley, they would be only awarding him a deserved punishment for his inconsistency, without at all injuring the public interest. We imagine it would not be difficult to find a better Financial Minister than that gentleman. Let a Reform candidate, then be brought out at once, and give the electors of Huron an opportunity of redeeming themselves in the eyes of the country.—*Hamilton Free Journal.*

THE MINISTERIAL PROGRAMME.

In the absence of ministerial explanations we presume that the programme of measures which we published on Saturday is to be the basis of the new cabinet. The result has caused a revolution and decided change in public sentiment, and journals which hitherto have been noted for policy of opinion are now to be found in opposition one with another. This latter fact may be witnessed in the positions assumed by the *Leader* and *Daily Reform*. The *Leader*, notwithstanding some support it down as non-committal, is willing to support the present alliance, providing it carries out the measures of the late Ministry, which it has pledged itself to do. The *Reformer*, on the other hand, has no confidence in a man (Sir Allan) who has been opposed to, and fought hard against, secularization, for the last twenty years.

There can be no doubting the fact, that the present amalgamation has been brought about by the success which has attended Mr. George Brown's endeavors to divide the reform party, and it is difficult to conjecture what will be the result. We observe that some of the Brown party complain bitterly of the turn in the political wheel, and taunt the late Minister General with having been the cause of a reform Parliament having at its head a Tory.

Our view of the present alliance is the same as that which a member of the Assembly gave expression to in the House on the 11th inst., namely, that if Sir Allan McNab is sincere in his purpose of secularizing the Reserves, of promoting reciprocal trade with the United States, and of introducing the elective principle into the Legislative Council, he is deserving the confidence of the people; but we admit that it is still a question as to whether Sir Allan can command that confidence.

The different members of the new government are now amongst their constituents, previous to a re-election, which will take place immediately. We observe that Mr. Spence was warmly received by his friends on his arrival in Dundas; subsequently a meeting was held, and after hearing the explanations of Mr. Spence, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:—

Resolved, That having heard the explanations of Mr. Spence, in reference to his late proceedings in Parliament, we are perfectly satisfied therewith, and will give him our most hearty support, in order that he may be again returned as our member.

It is generally believed that Mr. Spence will be opposed in North Westworth by Mr. Notman, and Mr. Cayley in Huron by Mr. Christie, who failed to secure his seat at East Brant at the last election by one vote.

OPENING OF THE WESLEYAN METHODIST CHURCH IN INGERSOLL.

This interesting event took place on Sunday last, to the entire satisfaction of all concerned. Divine service was performed in the forenoon of that day by the Rev. Enoch Wood, the President of the Wesleyan Conference, who delivered a very able and eloquent discourse to one of the largest congregations that ever assembled within the walls of a Church in Ingersoll.

In the afternoon of the same day, the Rev. Mr. McCullough, the much and deservedly respected pastor of the Wesleyan Church in Woodstock, preached in another large congregation; and in the evening still another large congregation assembled to hear the Rev. Mr. Wilkinson of London, whose name is associated with the Church long before the year 1830.

On Monday evening a tea-meeting—an occasion which always makes young hearts glad, and old ones to leap for joy—was held in the basement of the Church. The delicacies served up on this occasion, we must say, fully equalled anything of the kind we ever

attended. The cakes were good, and tastefully decorated; the tea—the quality of which we took particular pains in testing—was excellent; in fact everything to the eatable line was all that could be wished for, and it was pleasing to witness so large a number partaking, who seemed fully satisfied with the entertainment.

After the tea had been disposed of, apparently to the satisfaction of every one present, the very pleasing ceremony of a Bible presentation was witnessed. The present consisted of a large and beautiful gilt-edged Bible, a Hymn Book, and a crimson velvet cushion, which were presented by Misses Bether and Hearn, on the part of the ladies of Ingersoll, to the Wesleyan Methodist Church in Ingersoll.

An address accompanied the present, which, after being read, the Rev Mr. Barker very feelingly and eloquently replied. The company were next entertained with some very interesting and instructive addresses from the Rev. Messrs Wilkinson, McCullough, Griffin of Brantford, and many others whose names we could not catch. The address of Mr. Wilkinson was particularly interesting, especially that part of it relating to the Long Point circuit in 1831.

In the course of the evening, those present were refreshed by a plentiful distribution of apples; and much to the annoyance of the choir, and other peaceably disposed persons in the gallery, some boys, who had arrived at an age to know better, amused themselves by throwing pieces of apples at their neighbors. We trust in future to see a better state of things on similar occasions.

After the several speakers had concluded, the choir, led by Messrs Hawkins and Lawson, received the thanks of the meeting, to which Mr. Lawson briefly replied. The ladies who took an active part in getting up the tea, as well as the members of the Episcopal Methodist Church, for granting the Wesleyan Methodists the use of their place of worship "in time past," also received the unanimous thanks of the meeting.

At about 11 o'clock the company separated.

The following is the order in which it is the intention of the new Ministry to proceed with the public business:—

1. The Bill for bringing our laws into harmony with the Reciprocity Treaty.
2. The Reserves Secularization Bill.
3. The Seigneurial Tenure Bill.
4. The Elective Legislative Council Bill.
5. The Lower Canadian Municipal Improvement Bill.
6. The Reduction of the Tariff Bill.
7. School Act Amendment Bill.

THE PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION.

The annual Provincial Exhibition, as all our readers must be aware, takes place on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of the ensuing week. From our London contemporaries we have the pleasing intelligence that the arrangements are about completed, and there is every reason to believe that this year's show will fully equal, if not surpass, any previous exhibition. Extensive arrangements have been made in the town and village most contiguous to London for the accommodation of those who will be unable to procure suitable lodgings there. Ingersoll, we understand, will accommodate about 300, and Woodstock a like number. We believe local committees, or billet masters, are appointed in these places where visitors are to be sent.

To those of our readers, here, who intend visiting the exhibition, we would state that they can visit the exhibition by the morning train and return in the evening—thus avoiding much of the confusion and expense attendant upon such occasions. On Thursday, we presume, will be witnessed the largest number of persons, at which time the exhibition will have reached its climax. The Great Western Railway Company, with a magnificent fare, by the excursion train, to 2s. 6d., thus visitors can go from Ingersoll to London in the morning and return in the evening, for 5s. each, the usual charge being 6s. 3d. The G. W. R. Company, however, deserve much credit for allowing articles for exhibition to pass over the road free of charge.

The attention of the reader is directed to the "programme" of the exhibition, which will be found in another column.

CONSISTENCY.—The *Hamilton Spectator*, who, a few days since, was most bitter in his denunciations of the member for North Westworth (Spence), as being unfit to represent a respectable constituency, that he should be called upon to resign the seat he had disgraced, &c., &c., &c., is now fighting like a hero to secure his return.

Any combination, we presume, would please the *Spectator*, so that its god-father, Sir Allan McNab, was its head.

THE WESTERN MERCURY.—We have been favored with the first number of a large and well printed sheet bearing this title, published in Woodstock by John Douglas, Esq., formerly of the *British American*. The principles advocated by the *Mercury* are conservative.

As an evidence of the spirit of the conservatism of Oxford, in having a journal through which to promulgate their views, it is highly creditable.

The Angel Gabriel is reported to have had a discussion in New York on religious matters with a Roman Catholic. Each party occupied the stand alternately, a quarter of an hour, and having become black in the face with arguments, they separated. There was no row nor disturbance; all was fair argument and neither party was vanquished.

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The total number of deaths in New York during last week was 975, of which 124 were of cholera.

The *European Times* of the 2nd instant say that the 54th, 66th, 71st, (2nd bat), and 72nd regiments from Canada and Nova Scotia are under orders to return to England without being replaced by other corps.

The *Delta* Maria from Charleston for Liverpool was totally wrecked near Charleston Harbour. She had several passengers on board and a cargo valued at \$200,000. It is feared that the passengers and crew had all perished.

The imports of dry goods for the last week, in New York, amounted to \$1,910,000, against \$2,108,000 for the corresponding week of last year. The total amount through out the month was \$1,538,000, against \$2,047,000. The total amount for the year thus far is \$28,000,000 behind the same period last year.

The *Mitcheville News* of the 5th instant says that "the harvest in this section of wheat and corn is finished. The yield is, as anticipated, the greatest ever known in this part of the state. Several loads of new wheat have been purchased by M. Steadman during the past week at from 75 to 80 cents."

According to advices received from Havana, the Spaniards and Creoles are manifesting their disapprobation of the Government, while the newly arrived soldiers from Spain, who participated in the late revolution, are actively engaged in the semipermanent insubordination among their ranks.

The *Niagara Mail* says a poor fellow named John Wells, in the employ of Mr. Wm. Moffat, Niagara, was driving on a load of lumber on the plank road near that town, on Friday night last, when his wagon capsized in the ditch, and the load fell on top of Mr. Wells, killing him instantly.

Three St. Louis individuals attempted to arrest an alleged fugitive slave, named Turner, at Chicago, on Sunday last, about noon. Their names are John and George Buchanan and Wm. Grant. They seized the negro in the street, when he showed fight, and was finally fired at by one of the Buchanans. A crowd collected, the two were arrested, and the negro escaped. He has not been seen since. The case will probably turn out badly as far as the St. Louis-ians are concerned.

Samuel Williams, a colored man, has one of the finest farms in Washington county, Md. He was a slave in Stafford county, Va., he subsequently purchased his freedom from his own master. He then bound himself to years of servitude, until he could purchase his wife and children, which he accomplished when he was 60 years of age. Now he owns a farm worth \$10,000, and personal property amounting to several thousand more, all earned by his own labor. He is now 73 years of age.

Miss Dix, the philanthropist friend of the insane and the prisoner, being about to visit Europe, has received a free passage from Mr. Collins.

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It is reported that En-Inspector General Hickey is to be knighted, for the part he has taken in obtaining the Treaty of Reciprocity with the United States.

The New Legislature of the State of Maine, is said to be unanimous in favor of their famous Liquor Law. There is no danger of its being repealed.

A Religious Tract Society has been organized in the town of Dundas. It has the support of all evangelical denominations, and promises to be a powerful auxiliary in the dissemination of religious information.

On Tuesday evening the 12th inst., the Cabinet and Chair manufacture of Messrs E. F. Russell and J. D. Pringle, at Belleville, with most of its contents, was destroyed by fire. Loss, \$5,000.—Insurance, \$3,900.

The Troy Times says the losses by the late disastrous fire in that city are as follows: Buildings, \$380,000; furniture and other personal property, \$700,000. Total, \$1,080,000, on which there was only \$350,000 insurance.

The Mayor of Boston recommends the appointment of an Inspector of Buildings, to attend to the security of houses and stores in the mode of construction.

The terrible gale which recently swept over the Atlantic coast caused more destruction at Charleston than any hurricane that ever visited that town. The loss of property was immense.

The United States Treasury remains charged with money. The amount of coin on hand in the various depositories, on the 24th ult. was \$39,866,447, of which there was subject to draft \$22,560,240. The amount is almost precisely the same as at the end of the present month one year ago, notwithstanding the payment of \$20,000,000 for the redemption of debt, and the \$7,000,000 donation to Mexico.

A few days since the dwelling house of Mr. Balwin, at Moriah, Erie county, N. Y., was destroyed by fire, and his wife and four children perished in the flames.

The inhabitants of St. Catharines have decided by a majority of 73, to construct the Port Dundas and Thurlow Railway.

On Wednesday last, Mr. John Agnew of Niagara, was instantly killed by a tree, which

ITEMS OF NEWS.

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