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Would Open Route For Russian Reds To Join The Spartacans

Latters' Move to Seize Konigsberg in East Prussia Fraught With Danger; Government Sends Troops to Check Them; The Situation in Berlin and Other Cities

Berlin, March 5—(By the Associated Press)—The Spartacans have inaugurated a movement to seize Konigsberg, East Prussia, and thereby open a route of communication to Moscow so that Bolshevik armies from Russia might move to the assistance of the Spartacan forces. This is according to an official government bulletin today.

The government, however, the bulletin states, has sent forces into Konigsberg to put down the Spartacan strike movement for the seizure of the town.

These troops, adds the bulletin, which was issued under date of Tuesday, March 4, disarmed the Spartacan home guards after considerable fighting.

Government in Control.

Berlin, March 4—(By the Associated Press)—Greater Berlin was quiet up till two o'clock this afternoon, Gustave Noske, the minister of war, apparently having the situation in hand. A proclamation of martial law by the Prussian ministry had a salutary effect, the quick recovery of strategic points in the city by the Reinhardt brigade also serving to dampen the ardor of the Spartacans.

Government soldiers are concentrating attention on the Moabit vicinity, the police headquarters, the chancellery and the imperial bank. The strike organization has thus far done nothing and the leaders are unable to tell the approximate number of men who are out on strike.

Paris, March 5—Hugo Haase, Independent Socialist, declared at a minority Socialist conclave in Berlin yesterday that the German revolution had been smouldering since 1917, but admitted that it had not come up to all expectations, according to a Havas despatch from Basle. He asserted that it was not over yet, and predicted that it would end in a triumph for international Socialism.

Basle, March 4—Government troops have been gathered in Berlin to the number of 28,000, according to advices from the German capital received here.

It was announced at Monday's meeting of the Berlin Workmen's Council that the railway men in central Germany had declared for a general strike.

The Bourgeoise committee in Leipsic has issued a manifesto declaring that the Bourgeoise strike will be maintained until order is completely restored. The doctors of the city announce that they will refuse to perform services until the lighting, heating, water, food and street car services are guaranteed. The workers' council, it is said, promised to make every effort to restore the gas and electric services.

Grave incidents, including looting, are reported from Madgeburg and Hanover.

Berlin, March 4—Advices from Bremen state that the political prisoners there have been released by insurgents. The electric and gas works are in insurgent hands.

The attempt to call a general strike in Dresden was a complete fiascoe.

Bad in Suburbs

Berlin, Mar. 5—Severe disturbances have occurred in the suburbs of Lichtenberg, where, it is reported, three policemen were killed and eight Spartacans were killed and thirty wounded.

The police bureau in Berlin was stormed during Monday night and three policemen were injured. Several jewelry stores were raided and a large quantity of ornaments stolen. Bakers and grocery shops in the northern part of the city were pillaged.

Three soldiers on Monday night entered the rooms of the Imperial League against Social Democracy, bound the cashier and abstracted 40,000 marks.

Berlin, Mar. 4—(By the Associated Press)—The airplane mail between Berlin and Weimar has been intercepted at Leipsic. The pouches contained all governmental communications.

Berlin, March 5—(By the Associated Press)—Government troops at police headquarters fired on rioters in the neighborhood this morning and several casualties are reported to have resulted. The troops had been called to disperse the crowds which were gathering in increased numbers around the headquarters.

Reports were current earlier in the day that a Spartacan marine division had seized police headquarters, but this turned out to be incorrect.

In Halle, 30 Killed.

Berne, March 5—Berlin telegrams carry alarming reports of the situation at Halle. They declare that the troops have used machine guns and that some officers and strikers have been killed. According to Vorwaerts there has been some looting and arson in the part of Halle that the communists hold.

Copenhagen, March 5—German government soldiers on Tuesday occupied the printing plant of the Red Flag, the Spartacan organ, without fighting, according to a despatch from Berlin. Dr. Hans B. Mayer, the editor of the paper, was arrested by the troops.

Berlin, March 4—(By the Associated Press)—Government troops occupied the city of Halle, between Berlin and Weymar, late on Monday, after sanguinary street fighting in which thirty civilians were killed, according to an aviator who has arrived here by airplane from Halle. The troops also suffered casualties.

During the fighting, the aviator reports, the rioters seized officers of the government forces and threw them into the River Saale, where they permitted them to drown. There was much looting prior to and during the fighting and the property loss is said to be heavy. The Spartacan leaders fled from the city and are reported to have taken a large amount of city funds with them. The government troops have proclaimed a state of siege in Halle.

Halle, an important railroad junction between Berlin and Weymar, had been in the hands of the Spartacans most of last week. It was one of the first cities in central Germany to be affected by the Spartacan movement which since apparently has spread throughout the country.

Berlin, March 4—(By the Associated Press)—Troops of the army corps of General Von Luettwitz were brought to Berlin late last night to assist in maintaining order and are bivouacked in the open spaces of the city. The Central Telegraph office, the central telephone office, the Reichsbank food depots, railway stations and slaughter houses are garrisoned strongly. The marine division, according to a report last night, announced that it would co-operate with the government troops in maintaining order and repressing looting.

SOVIET TURNS TO U. S. FOR MONEY

Hopes for Big Loan—Finances Pretty Well Shot Up

Stockholm, March 5—The Soviet government of Russia hopes to be able to arrange a big loan in the United States and is prepared to offer in exchange important mining and railroad concessions, according to Petrograd advices received here.

Reports show that the internal war in Russia has cost four billion rubles during the last two months and that an extra levy of ten billion roubles has been insufficient to cover the total deficit of the Soviet government. It is said that the Bolshevist treasury is hardly able to raise 450,000,000 rubles.

AT THE PEACE CONFERENCE

Paris, March 5—The inter-Allied commission on ports, waterways and railways last night, according to an official statement issued today, considered the draft of convention for the international regime of rivers as submitted by a subcommittee. After discussion, the article dealing with the method of applying the principles were agreed upon and referred to the editing committee.

The Danish delegation to the peace conference agrived here yesterday and issued a statement declaring that the delegation represents all four political parties in Denmark, opposition as well as governmental. It further sets forth that the delegates are confident that the conference will solve, in conformity with the principle of self-determination the question of the fate of the Danish population of Schleswig, four representatives of which accompanied the delegation.

Paris, March 5—The peace conference commission which is dealing with the Belgian-Holland boundary issue has decided to bring the principles to the dispute directly together to adjust by mutual agreement the questions which have arisen. The commission holds that the peace conference has no jurisdiction in this issue and no authority to dispose of the territory of neutral states.

CALGARY WANTS 1920 GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Calgary, March 5—Rev. J. L. Ferguson, superintendent of missions for Southern Alberta, was nominated yesterday by the Presbytery of Calgary as moderator to the General Assembly.

Rev. J. McCartney Wilson, formerly of New Glasgow, N. S., was elected moderator of the Calgary Presbytery for the ensuing term. It was decided to invite the General Assembly to hold its 1920 conventions in Calgary.

AFFECTS THE EXCHANGE.

New York, March 5—Managers of the New York Cotton Exchange today decided to close the exchange until tomorrow, in order to permit members to readjust trading to provisions of the wheat bill passed yesterday by congress affecting the cotton futures act.

When trading is resumed tomorrow it will be in new style contracts made necessary by the new legislation, but trading will continue in the old style contracts for purposes of liquidation.

MAJOR SMITH APPOINTED

Major B. Smith has received the appointment as second in command of the district depot at Fredericton, to succeed Major Bull, recently resigned, under Major H. H. Donnelly. The appointment of Major Smith was received at military headquarters today. His many friends will be pleased to hear of it.

CHALLENGE TO RACE.

A man introducing himself as J. Carter of Halifax called at the Times office today to issue a challenge, on behalf of "Kid" O'Neill of Halifax, to race his horse, Adda O. Guy, against any in the maritime provinces for $1,000 a side, mile heats, best three in five, on or about July 1, track to be named later. He suggests a deposit of $200 to $500 to bind the match.

HIGH HONORS WON BY THIS CAPTAIN

Notable Exploits of Capt. John T. Berlin

NOW IS AT THIS PORT

Commander of the Elswick Grange Recalls Stirring Encounters With the Germans in Mediterranean and Elsewhere — Last Britisher Through Kiel Canal Before War

To be highly commended by King George, lauded by the British admiralty for a great act of bravery, decorated by Llody's for gallantry and good seamanship and highly praised by the underwriters are some of the many honors showered on Captain John T. Berlin of the steamer Elswick Grange, which arrived in port a day or two ago. Captain Berlin's most notable feat was performed last May when he was torpedoed in the Mediterranean and after a courageous and meritorious fight brought his vessel safely to port.

At another time Captain Berlin stood on the deck of his steamer with a high powered automatic revolver in his hand and resisted Germans who vainly attempted to board the vessel while she was in Swedish territorial waters lashed on one side to an auxiliary cruiser and on the other side by a German cruiser which vainly endeavored to force him outside the three-mile limit.

These stories, told in a simple and unpretentious way by the captain, rival the great sea stories of famous fiction writers. The following is an account of experiences of the captain as told to a Times representative this morning:

"We sailed from Cardiff on May 8, 1918, with a cargo of naval stores for a destination under sealed orders. Soon afterwards we were joined by a large convoy at Gibraltar and on the 16th of the month sailed for a destination in the eastern Mediterranean. On the night of the 17th we were attacked by four submarines and three of our fleet were sunk. The warships in charge of the convoy quickly got into action and circled at a great rate of speed, dropping depth bombs. As a result two of the German submarines were shot to the surface and sunk by gunfire, while a third was forced up and, being badly damaged, surrendered.

"In the centre of our convoy we had the S. S. Sculptor, which had on board a cargo valued at £1,700,000. This steamer had been placed in what was considered the safest position owing to her valuable cargo, but the first torpedo launched at us struck her amidships and badly damaged her, in addition to killing a large number of the firemen and crew. A boat was set aside to assist the disabled ship and we proceeded at top speed. Soon afterwards another steamer was struck and sank in two minutes and the entire crew with the exception of two men were drowned. At 11.20 that night two torpedoes were fired at us, one striking us in the bow and ripping a hole thirty-four feet by twenty-seven on one side and twenty-nine feet by twenty-four feet on the other side. It was very dark and we were able to haul three men out of the debris before we took to the boats.

"Two of the men were apparently dead, but the other showed a little signs of life and we placed him in one of the boats. We stood by watching for our good ship to sink but as the stern remained out of water and it was evident that No. 2 bulkhead was holding I ordered the men back on the ship. We discovered that the two men were still living and they were placed in a boat in case we had to make a quick run for it. One of the men, however, passed away.

"When I saw that No. 2 bulkhead was holding I ordered the engineer to get up steam and after some difficulty started for Oran. We were thirty-five feet by the head and the water was overlapping the deck. As a result it was very difficult proceeding. After twenty-two hours of hard work we reached Oran and were given a royal welcome. From the time we got under way we kept in touch with the officials at Oran and thus they were aware of our plight.

"You can imagine our surprise when we arrived there to see the Sculptor being towed slowly into port. She was low in the water and they were taking her to a beach. Unfortunately she had in her cargo 500 tons of carbide and when the torpedo struck the steamer the water got at this and she was no sooner beached that we heard a terrific explosion and looking saw the large ship blown into a million pieces.

"After discharging our cargo we put in a cement breakwater and I again set out on a 2,000 mile voyage to the Tyne for repairs. This is my first voyage since the steamer was repaired."

In recognition of the service rendered Captain Berlin received a commendatory letter from King George, a certificate of commendation, a medal and a check for $300 from Lloyds, a letter of commendation from the secretary of the admiralty expressing appreciation of the skillful manner in which he commanded his ship and brought her and her valuable cargo and her men safely to port, a letter from Charles Taylor & Company, the underwriters, in addition to others expressing their appreciation for the meritorious conduct he displayed. Copies of these were also forwarded to the commander of the British fleet in the Mediteranian and notice of this appeared in

(Continued on page 12, fourth column)

Wants Tariff Cut Swift and Deeply and Reciprocity With U. S.

Winnipeg, March 5—Yesterday afternoon the Manitoba legislature unanimously adopted a resolution moved by A. W. Miles, member for Cypress, in favor of an immediate and substantial reduction of the customs tariffs, the reduction of the customs duty on goods imported from Great Britain to one half, the acceptance of the reciprocity agreement with the United States as proposed in 1911, the placing on the free list of foodstuffs and agricultural implements, and the extension to Great Britain of all tariff concessions. This was after a strong expression of opinion from Premier Norris that never in the history of Canada was the time so opportune as now for a revision of the tariff on the lines of substantial reduction.

TOMORROW'S GOVERNMENT CAUCUS.

Ottawa, March 5—It was officially denied last night that the government caucus to be held on Thursday has been summoned to deal with the tariff question. The caucus, it is explained, will be a continuation of the gathering held last week when general topics were discussed. If the tariff comes up it will only be in an incidental manner.

NO NEW BRUNSWICK MEN ON MEGANTIC

Baby Born and Nova Scotia Soldier Died on Voyage to Halifax

Halifax, N. S., March 5—The White Star liner Megantic arrived here today from Liverpool with forty-nine officers and 1,154 other ranks of the Canadian expeditionary forces, also 224 civilian passengers. The ship docked at eight o'clock and disembarkation of the troops was commenced soon afterwards. The Megantic will sail today for Portland, Maine.

The names of the officers returning on the Megantic follows:—

Military District No. 1:—Lieut. E. D. Scott, Hillcrest Park, Toronto; Lieut. F. D. Vanluden, Stanley Barracks, Toronto.

Military District No. 2:—Major Hugh A. Lumsden, Orillia, Ont.; Captain R. W. MacIntyre, Toronto; Lieutenants F. A. Bennett, Toronto; N. K. Devine, Renfrew; H. F. Maxwell-Scott, Toronto; C. F. P. A. Palser, Toronto; G. E. Thorpe, Toronto; Nursing Sister Mary E. McCulloch, Toronto.

Military District No. 3—Major John Gordon MacLachlan, Ottawa; Lieut. J. D. Peck, Gananoque; Lieut. A. S. Bourinot, Ottawa; Major W. H. Merritt, St. Catherines; Captain D. A. Warren, Hamilton; Lieut. Col. G. E. Kidd, Kingston; Lieut. Col J. B. McPhee, Barrie; Lieut. Col. R. T. Prichard, Fergus; Captain R. G. Brain, Windsor.

Military District No. 4—Lieutenants H. W. Wagner, Toronto; A. Cochrane, Montreal; E. Bean, St. Catherines; William E. Milligan, Toronto.

Military District No. 6—Major R. Heaton, Toronto; Lieutenants Peter Lofthouse (M. M.), Toronto; Lieut. N. E. McDonald, Owen Sound; Lieut. J. D. Peart, Freeman, Ont.; Lieut. J. A. Murray, Toronto; Lieut. H. M. G. Smith, Brantford.

Military District No. 10—Lieut. G. Elsey, Winnipeg; Lieut. H. Ratcliffe (M. M.), Winnipeg; Lieutenants H. M. Begwood, Victoria; N. G. Grieve, Vancouver; Whitaker, Vancouver; R. G. Hart, Kelowna, B. C.; H. L. Phelan, Vancouver.

Military District No. 13—Lieutenants E. W. Spefford, West Calgary; H. J. Turner, Winnipeg.

Halifax, N. S., March 5—One death and one birth occurred on the trip of the Megantic, a child having been born to Martin and Mrs. Breen, who are proceeding to Portland. The death was that of Pte. W. Brown of Springhill, N. S., who succumbed to appoplexy when the ship was two days from Halifax. The body will be forwarded to Springhill today.

Some former prisoners of war returned on the Megantic. Private James Taylor of Winnipeg, was working in the Canadian Bank of Commerce at Fort Francis when war broke out. He enlisted with the 8th Battalion and was taken prisoner in April, 1915. He saw Private Joseph Hughes of Wininpeg shot while attempting to escape from Muenster in January 1917.

Sergt. J. W. Stephenson of Winnipeg, who was wounded three times while serving with the 27th Battalion, wears the ribbons of the Soudan campaign of 96-98, the South African campaign and the Royal Humane Society's medal. He was a railway signal man with the C. P. R. before the war.

Sergt. D. King, of Sydney, N. S., wears the ribbon of the Meritorious Service Medal, won with the Canadian Railway troops.

The Megantic is the last ship to be cleared by the method in vogue throughout the winter. Hereafter the men will be sent direct to the various dispersal areas for documentation. The Halifax clearing depot will serve as the dispersal centre for No. 6 district.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

A meeting of the Historical Society was held last evening. A paper prepared by Dr. W. O. Raymond on the first historian of New Brunswick, Louis Fisher, was read.

Phelix and Pherdinand

WEATHER REPORT

Issued by Authority of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, R. F. Stupart, director of meterological service

Synopsis—The trough of low pressure mentioned yesterday is moving eastwards of the Atlantic coast and rain and snow have occurred in Ontario and Quebec. The weather has been decidedly cold in Manitoba, but it is now moderating in Alberta.

Snow or Rain.

Maritime—Strong southwest winds, cloudy with occasional snow or rain today and on Thursday.

Gulf and North Shore—Strong westerly to northerly winds, local snow.

New England—Rain, probably changing to snow late tonight or Thursday morning; much colder, strong southerly winds, shifting to northwest.

OPPOSITION CAUCUS IN FREDERICTION BUT NOTHING GIVEN OUT

Fredericton, Mar. 5—The provincial opposition party was in caucus here last night and this morning. At noon no announcement was made.

In addition to members of the legislature several defeated candidates of the last election made their appearance among them A. R. Slipp and Alfred West, who ran in Queens, D. A. Stewart, who was a candidate in Restigouche and Dr. O. B. Price, who ran in Moncton city.

Fredericton, N. B., Mar. 5—The city council has decided to donate to the Provincial Normal School and to the Fredericton High School a silver medal each for competition to be decided by the staffs of the schools.

The city will take a two year lease of the Pitts building, York street, for offices for the Dominion Provincial Labor Bureau to be established with A. E. Ashford of this city as superintendent.

Premier Foster arrived here this morning and spent some time at business connected with the session. Another member of the government, who arrived this morning, was Hon. Robert Murray, provincial secretary. Members who arrived last night were Hon. E. A. Smith, Hon. J. P. Byrne and Hon. P. J. Veniot. Dr. J. E. Hetherington, who is mentioned for the speakership, also is here.

COURT CASE OVER WRENCH

J. P. Ryan was in the police court this morning, charged with stealing a wrench and some other tools from George A. Blair. The accused said that the wrench belonged to him in the first place, but as it was very much like other wrenches, it was easily mistaken, and the only way it could be distinguished was by trade-mark of the makers, which was hardly discernable. When asked how the initials "G. A. B." came to be on the tool, he replied that he did not know. The accused said that he lost the wrench last April, at the McAvity shell works, and that this last January, a man named Fred Hunter of 50 Exmouth street was returning some tools and among them was this wrench. The accused said that it was the wrench he had lost last April, and Hunter said "no," that it belonged to George Blair. The wrench was found by Detectives Biddiscombe in the second-hand store owned by Harris Gilbert, 24 Mill street. Samuel Gilbert, a son, said that Ryan had sold it to him and received $1 for it and the other tools. Ryan when asked where he got the other tools said that Mr. Hunter had given them to him.

When the accused was questioned why he had sold the tools, he told the court that he did not have any further use for them. He was remanded. Ryan was arrested by Detective Biddiscombe last Friday, after the goods were secured from the second-hand store.

MARRIED MEN WHO CAME HOME ON MELITA THANK OFFICIALS.

Ottawa, March 5—The acting prime minister has received the following telegram signed on behalf of some married men who returned to Canada on board the steamer Melita:

"A number of married men aboard the steamer Melita send you and the premier greetings on their return home and ask you to convey to the following officers their sincere thanks for the courteous manner in which they have been treated and helped during the journey, viz.: Colonels J. O. Smith and Hanson, in England, and to the conducting staff of the boat. Further, they wish you to know that if the necessity again occurs they will, if too old themselves, gladly send their sons to uphold once more the honor of Canada."

SPEAKS OF WHAT CHINA DID IN WAR.

Paris, March 4—China's part in the war was reviewed today by Mr. Wang, one of the Chinese peace delegates, at a reception to the newspaper correspondents given by the peace commission.

Mr. Wang said China expressed to the Allies her desire to enter the war against Germany and to participate in the Anglo-Japanese operations at Tsing Tao in August, 1914, "but the proposal was not pressed owing to an intimation reaching the Chinese government that its proposed participation would likely create complications with certain powers."

Again in November, 1915, Mr. Wang added, China was prepared to enter the war in association with the Allies, but "the Japanese government refused its assent."

China's claims before the peace conference, according to Mr. Wang, represent broadly an effort to maintain the "independence and integrity of China, which has been guaranteed in a series of conventions and agreements concluded by Great Britain, Russia, France and the United States with Japan." Mr. Wang commended a league of nations.

Millions for Propaganda.

Washington, March 5—Swedish press reports received by the state department today said the Russian Soviet government had appropriated eight million rubles monthly for carrying on its propaganda in various countries.

Germans Take Bold Position

Cabinet Meeting Agrees That "Coercion From the Entente Powers" Cannot be Submitted To

Paris, March 5—At a meeting of the German cabinet on Monday morning, attended by party leaders and delegates of ship owners, it was agreed unanimously, it is understood, that Germany could not submit to coercion from the Entente Powers either in the armistice negotiations or in the peace pourparlers proper, so says a Zurich despatch to Le Journal.

The German government declared that it will decline all responsibility for all possible consequences if the "Entente tries to speculate on German patience."

Demands for the requisition of shipping are held to be absolutely inacceptable because, it is said, it would definitely "paralyze the country's economic future."

Germany will oppose the dismissal of German crews from ships requisitioned, it being pointed out that this would throw 42,000 seamen out of employment.

A press campaign has already been started against the armistice and the preliminary peace conditions.

LATE SPORT NEWS

Chase Goes to Giants — Mike Gibbons Beats Bartfield

New York, March 5—The New York National League baseball club announced today that Hal Chase had signed a contract to play with the Giants at first base this season. It was announced his case against the Cincinnati club has been settled out of court.

Boston, March 5—The sale of George Whiteman, an outfielder who was the star of the last world's sgries, to the Toronto club of the International League, was announced by Manager Edward Barrow of the Boston Americans today. Whiteman came to Boston from Toronto two years ago.

St. Paul, Minn., March 5—Mike Gibbons of St. Paul, middleweight, beat Soldier Bartfield of Brooklyn, N. Y., nine rounds out of ten here last night. Bartfield had the better of the final round but the fight was Gibbons'. In the tenth Bartfield rocked Gibbons with a backhand swing and brought blood.

Chicago, March 5—David McAnless of Chicago led today in the national amateur balk line billiard tournament, with four victories and no defeat, being won last night from H. C. Allison, of Detroit, 300 to 218.

Sydney, N. S. W., March 5—Officers of the Australian Tennis Association completed the draw for the Davis cup international tournament here today. The teams of Great Britain and Belgium will meet first, the winner in turn to play France for the right to challenge Australia, the present holder of the trophy emblematic of the world's tennis championship. No dates were fixed in the draw, it being understood that the nations represented in the preliminary rounds would select dates suitable for the matches, which will be played in Europe.

MORE PISTOL WORK IN PARIS

Paris, March 5—An unidentified man was arrested today after he had fired a revolver shot from the Elysee Palace, the residence of President Poincaire. He said he was a foreigner, but refused to state his name or nationality. He declared he desired to protest against Allied intervention in Russia.

CORN AND OATS

Chicago, March 5—Speculative buying due largely to assertions that commercial values of corn were much below feeding worth brought about a decided advance today in the corn market. Bullish sentiment was emphasized by reports that there would be a big spring wheat acreage in the corn belt. Sellers were scarce. Opening prices, which ranged from ½ cent off to 3-8 cent up, with May $1.28 7-8 to $1.29 1-2 and July $1.24 1-2 to $1.24 3-4, were followed by material gains all around.

Prospects that planting of oats even more than planting of corn would be diminished by substituting spring wheat had a strengthening effect on the oats market. After opening a shade lower to 1-8 cent higher, with May 60 to 60 1-8 cents, the market scored a sharp advance.

Provisions rose with grain and hogs. Demand, however, was checked by the unpromising strike outlook at New York.

IN WALL STREET.

New York, March 5—Further selling of railway shares, prompted by the failure of important federal legislation, imparted an irregular tone to the stock market at the outset of today's trading. Recessions extending from large fractions to a point in that group were balanced, however, by the removal of bullish dealings in oils, motors, leathers and other speculative issues at gains of one to two points. Moderate reactions in shippings and metals were attributed to specific conditions affecting these industries.

Noon Report.

Although Wall Street professes to believe that the railroads will be temporarily tided over, that division continues under pressure with coppers, while most of the usual speculative favorites, excepting motors, extended their gains. Shippings were added to the list of stronger features, also sugars, tobaccos, United States Steel and associated industrials and equipments, notably Bethlehem and Crucible Steels and General Electric. A slight easing of Liberty issues and firmness of the foreign group marked the moderate trading in bonds.

Lloyd George to Paris

London, March 5 — Premier Lloyd George left London this morning for Paris to resume work with the peace conference delegates.

"HELL FIRE" AND SONS LOCKED UP

Captain and Mates of Brigantine Charged With Causing Death of Cook and Seaman

New York, March 5—Captain Adolph C. Pedersen of the American brigantine Pusko, nicknamed by the crew "Hell Fire," and his two sons, A. E. and L. R. Pedersen, mates of the ship, were brought here yesterday by the U. S. S. Rochester and locked up pending investigation of charges of murder on the high seas. Six members of the crew of the Pusko also arrived on the Rochester, to be held as material witnesses.

According to the charges forwarded by the American consul at Cape Town, South Africa, Captain Pedersen and his two sons are accused of violating the section of the seamen's act forbidding corporal punishment, during a seven months' voyage last year from San Francisco to Cape Town. This punishment is alleged to have resulted in the deaths of the ship's cook and a seaman.

Handcuffings followed by beatings with knotted towels and a club are charged against Captain Pedersen and his sons. Members of the crew assert they were forced to obey orders aboard ship at the point of a revolver.

Part of the charge of murder on the high seas is based on the assertion that when Seaman Axtel Hanse jumped overboard two months out from San Francisco he repented of his act and clutched a rope trailing at the stern of the brigantine, begging to be hauled back on board, which Captain Pedersen is alleged to have forbidden any member of the crew to do.

NEW TAXES AND A LOAN FROM ENGLAND

Plan to Develop Jamaican Resources—Money Grant for Soldiers

Kingston, Ja., March 5—In the legislative council yesterday the governor announced a deficit of $700,000. New taxation is to be imposed, including an income tax. It is also announced that Jamaican soldiers who served in the European war are to receive a money grant from the imperial government to the amount of $800,000.

To develop the resources of Jamaica, the governor proposes a large loan from the British government to establish canning factories and foster the fibre industry. The establishment of medical and agricultural colleges here for students coming from the West Indies is projected.

ALLIES REPULSE THE ATTACKING BOLSHEVIKI

Archangel, March 4—(By the Associated Press)—After artillery preparation the Bolsheviki forces launched an infantry attack yesterday against the Allied positions on the right bank of the Vaga River between the villages of Kitzka and Vistau. They were repulsed with considerable losses. Allied scouts found many bodies in the woods after the engagement. Along this front and also on the Dvina River the Bolsheviki continue artillery firing.

ANOTHER GENERAL STRIKE IS STARTED IN CUBA

Havana, March 5—The third general strike that Cuba has faced within the last six months began last midnight when union men, estimated to number 75,000, quit work. The strike is a result of the failure of the building trades unions to affect a settlement of their demands for an eight hour day, a Saturday half holiday and a considerable increase in wages.

HELP TO FRAME NEW POLISH CONSTITUTION.

Paris, March 5—Dr. Frank J. Goodnow, president of John Hopkins University, Baltimore, has been selected to assist in framing a constitution for the Polish government.

BURIED TODAY

The funeral of Miss Mary Murray was held this afternoon from St. James church. Service was conducted by Rev. H. A. Cody and interment was made in Fernhill.