

THE EVENING TIMES, ST. JOHN, N. B. FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1908

5

MINK! MINK!

We have just opened a number of Fancy Ties, Stoles, Throwovers and Muffs in this popular Fur.

Prices \$25.00 to \$45.00

F. S. THOMAS,

Fashionable Furrier. - - - 539 Main Street, North End

The General Accident Assurance Co'y OF CANADA.

Lockhart & Ritchie, Gen. Agents, 78 Prince Wm. St.
ST. JOHN, N. B. 'PHONE 269

LOST

Send your lost ad. to THE TIMES. A TIMES reader will doubtless be THE FINDER, because THE TIMES REACHES NEARLY EVERYBODY. An ad. like this costs 28c. for two days.

LOST—Pocketbook on King street. Saturday morning. Reward for return to Times office.

TIMES WANTS cost 1c. a word per day, 4c. a word per week. 'Phone main 705 AND SAVE STEPS. DON'T WORRY—USE A TIMES WANT

Bargains for Saturday at THE 2 BARKERS.

100 Princess Street, 111 Brussels Street and 447 Main Street.

MARMALADE, 10c. a bottle, 3 for 25c. JAM, 10c. a bottle, 3 for 25c.
Regular 50c. COCOA, only 10c. a can. TOMATO CATSUP, 10c. a bottle, 3 for 25c.
APPLES, from 10c. per peck up. ORANGES from 5c. a doz., 3 doz. for 25c.
CHOICE GREEN GRAPES, 10c. a pound, 2 pounds for 25c.
STRING BEANS, 5c. a can, 5c. a dozen. CANNED PUMPKIN, 10c. a can, 3 cans 25c.

Nothing so fine as

Cowan's Maple Buds

They are an excellent confection.

Cowan's Cream Bars Milk Chocolate, etc.

Sold everywhere in Canada.

THE COWAN CO., Limited. TORONTO

GRAY'S

Syrup of

Red Spruce Gum

Relieves Colds—Hoarseness—Cold in the Head—Coughs—Bronchitis—Asthma—Pain in Chest—Night Coughs—and permits Restful Sleep.

Prevents Catarrh

All the natural cavities of the body—(nose, mouth etc.) are lined with mucous membrane. This membrane is very delicate. The least exposure irritates and inflames it, causing it to pour out the fluid mucus. The first stage is a cold. The next stage is chronic cold or catarrh. Gray's Syrup prevents Catarrh because it breaks up the cold and cures the cough. Keep a bottle on hand this winter, to cure coughs and colds and ward off Catarrh altogether. Sold by all dealers. 25c and 50c.

WHEN?

NO TELLING when your work will be returned from the average print shop. The small Job office cannot execute orders as neatly and as speedily as the **Big TELEGRAPH Printery** with its many presses and skillful workmen; and again, you pay just as much for mediocre work and tardy service.

For the best printing at the price you want to pay and **prompt delivery**,

TRY 'PHONE 31a

The Telegraph Job Dept.

The Daily Telegraph Building.

YESTERDAY IN PARLIAMENT

Minister of Railways Gives Parliament a Little Information on E. H. Allen's \$1,600 a Year Job Which is Still Vacant—Dr. Daniel Discusses the French Treaty.

Ottawa, Feb. 20.—Mr. Lemieux, replying to a question he had received a protest from the Nova Scotia Press Association against the discrimination upon weekly newspapers of Nova Scotia going to the United States, said that he had. The reason for this was that many United States weeklies were not desirable for Canada but Canadian weeklies could be sent to the United States and remained at one-half cent a pound.

In answer to a question placed on the order paper by G. W. Fowler, Sir Wilfrid Laurier said that no tenders were asked for removing snags from the St. John river. There was paid for this \$2,072.

Mr. Sinclair (Guelph) was told that the cost per column of publishing the Herald was \$5.43 a column.

Another question on the order paper from O. S. Crockett was answered by the minister of railways, who said that E. H. Allen was appointed on Nov. 19, 1900, as claims agent of the Intercolonial railway at a salary of \$123 per month. The position was established on Nov. 9, 1900. Mr. Allen retired and his successor was not yet appointed.

Dr. Daniel resumed the discussion of the French treaty in the house today. He went on to show that the bargain might be a good one to France, but there was not much of anything in it for Canada. From the reports he saw from the French chamber of deputies there was only one item referred to which was calculated to interfere with the manufacture of France and that was boots and shoes. Apart from that single item France was well satisfied with the bargain she had made. But as there was only \$441 worth of boots and shoes imported from Canada to France last year as the old duty was only ten cents a pair, one could see how little importance could be attached to that item.

During the nine months ended March 31 last Canada imported from France \$8,670,349. We only sold to France \$1,409,572. This meant that for the twelve months trade with France we bought over \$8,000,000 worth from France while she purchased from us a little over \$1,000,000 worth.

He went over the agricultural schedule and said that the duties were so high as not to permit of Canada getting any advantage. Horses would still cost about \$30 and colts \$10, oxen, live weight 2 1/2 cents a pound, fresh fish, 2 cents a pound; dried codfish, 4 cents a pound. With regard to wheat, oats and other grain we got absolutely no advantage.

Dr. Daniel referring to proprietary medicines said that Canada imported about \$40,000 worth last year, but while she did this she could not send one dollar's worth into France. France will not permit of the importation of proprietary medicines.

That great medicine which had saved the life of that statesman, John Costigan would be absolutely prohibited from France, notwithstanding that the senator was advertising it as one of the greatest remedies under the sun.

Mr. Fielding—We will keep it as a monopoly.

Dr. Daniel proceeded to say that about the time he was being imported under the treaty to Canada while he thought that the thin red line should have been drawn through it and debarré altogether. There was enough of opportunities now for destroying the nervous system and making headaches without absolute and referring to the

terms of direct importations under the treaty he said it was the only item in the treaty in regard to which Canada held its own. In that case Canada and France broke even. One country had no more advantage than the other. There was nothing in the argument that by direct shipments to Canada freight would be delayed on the I. C. R. and in this way shippers would be at a disadvantage. The rates from St. John to Toronto are lower than from New York, Boston or Portland, while snow storms are no more frequent on the I. C. R. than in Ontario or any other part of the Dominion.

As to freights on board ship they are controlled by the government that grants the subsidy. Canada should take example from the course always pursued by the United States. The United States never took the interests of other countries into consideration but always pursued a course that would be to her own advantage. He cited several instances. When the United States got Porto Rico she brought the shipping interests to herself and cut off the shipping of the maritime provinces. The change from wood to steel was not the only thing that caused the disappearance of shipbuilding from the maritime provinces. The fact was that the government did not give shipbuilding that encouragement through the tariff which ought to be extended if ever it was going to increase.

Mr. Macdonnell (Toronto) devoted the greater part of his time in opposing the direct shipment features of the bill which would be detrimental to importers in Toronto and westward.

Mr. Logan (Cumberland) put in a strong plea for maritime ports and direct shipment.

R. L. Borden devoted the short time he took in discussing the treaty to show the people of this country that there was no new departure upon the part of the government or any member of it in respect to treaty-making as far as this treaty was concerned. The opposition leader quoted remarks of Sir Wilfrid Laurier made in Toronto and also from a speech of Mr. Brodeur to show that they had been arguing to themselves and their government the right of being the first to have negotiated a treaty in the interests of Canada. That was not correct. Mr. Borden quoted from official documents to show that it was due to the genius and perseverance of that great statesman, Sir Charles Tupper, who when high commissioner, had obtained this privilege for Canada. This was shown by his negotiation of his French treaty which was negotiated on the same lines as the present treaty. As to a discussion of the merits of the treaty he would leave that until the committee stage was reached.

Mr. Smith (Westchester) said that the treaty was negotiated in the interests of the Massey Harris Co. For his own part he would like to hold up both hands for its defeat. He would like to vote against it. For every \$1 Canada would get, France would get \$10. If it was a sample of what Canadian plenipotentiaries could do, then he wanted all treaties in which Canada was interested negotiated by Britain.

Mr. Lancaster said that the treaty would ruin the wine industry of Western Ontario.

Mr. Paget (Conservative) spoke in favor of the treaty, which would be advantageous to Canada.

The French treaty bill was read a second time.

McARTHUR & McVEY

WILL GET \$7,356.65

Water and Sewerage Board Will Recommend Council to Pay This Sum on Section 2.

At a special meeting of the water and sewerage board Thursday afternoon it was decided to recommend the council that Messrs. McArthur & McVey be paid \$7,356.65 as a final estimate on section 2 of the water extension. The opinion was expressed that the payment of a gratuity to Messrs. Mooney would not justify the city in retaining any amount against the other contractors.

A complaint from J. W. V. Lawlor that the water supply on Lancaster Heights was defective was referred to a committee. In connection with a water extension claim at Loch Lomond, Ald. Frink strongly advocated the sale of the Mispic mill and devoting the proceeds to acquiring rights on the shores of the three lakes. Ald. Frink occupied the chair and Ald. Kelley, Lantahan, Willet, Sproul, McDowen, Christie, McOndrick and Bullock were present with the director, Engineer Hunter, the recorder and common clerk.

VISIT LONDON AT THE NICKEL TODAY

Today's show at the Nickel will be a most elaborate wind-up programme for a week of tremendous crowds and fine features. The Philharmonic Four, who made such a sensational success of their debut in banjo music last evening, will be heard at every show and Mr. Beckley will be heard in The Yeoman's Wedding Song, also Mr. Davis in Since Arrah Wana Married Barney Carney. These three musical features in addition to the Nickel's Own Orchestra are in themselves worth a quarter dollar to hear, but over and above all that the pictures come in for a strong showing. The leading feature of the department will be A Day in London, showing the greatest city in the world at its busiest and its prettiest. Hyde Park, the historic tower, the Strand, Regent street, Piccadilly, the great drawbridge, Scotland Yard, the guardhouses, etc., are depicted most realistically and Trafalgar Square on a rainy day is a fine bit of photography. An Excursion to the Moon is something after the Jules Verne story and an elaborate bit of scenic and colored picture work. An incident of the Franco-Prussian War will please everybody for its fine acting and Artful Lovers is a seaside comedy. What better show could one ask for a nickel? The London picture will be lectured upon by Mr. Beckley in the afternoon for the benefit of the school children—today and Saturday.

AMATEURS AT THE CEDAR

Standing room was at a premium last evening at The Cedar when the amateur performance given was declared of the best. Jimmie Fairbanks and Jack Levin gave a very neat and pleasing act. Fairbanks kept the audience in roars with his funny dances and witty sayings. Levin scored a tremendous hit in the rendering of Dutch Land. Mr. Austin sang the pretty western song, Montana, in high class style.

There will be an entire change of pictures today. Tonight will be amateur night, when the hook and wheelbarrow will be introduced.

"ENTIRELY REGARDLESS OF OUR CAPACITY TO SPEND AND OF THE AMOUNT WE HAVE TO SPEND, THE PROVINCE HAS INCREASED ITS DEBT YEAR BY YEAR. IT HAS SPENT MORE THAN IT HAS TO SPEND. IT HAS REACHED ALMOST THE LIMIT OF ITS BORROWING POWER. ITS EXPENDITURE FOR INTEREST HAS STEADILY INCREASED, AND IT HAS IN THIS REGARD INDULGED IN A LINE OF ACTION WHICH CANNOT BE JUSTIFIED ON ANY PRINCIPLE OF HONESTY."—St. John Globe.

Saturday, Feb. 22nd,

WE WILL SELL

The \$3.00 King Hat For \$1.98

ALL THE LATEST STYLES JUST ARRIVED.

Buy Your Hat Saturday and Save a Dollar.

WILCOX BROS.,

Dock St. and Market Sq.

SALE OF RUBBERS

400 pairs of WOMEN'S and MISSES RUBBERS, sizes 2, 2 1/2, 3, 3 1/2, 7, 7 1/2 and 8, to be closed out at

34c. a pair

Come quickly and avoid disappointment.

Hatty, Lahood & Hatty

232 BRUSSELS STREET

Telephone Subscribers

PLEASE ADD TO YOUR DIRECTORIES.
Main 1286 Street Department Station, 18 Carleton.
Main 2116 7111, C. W., residence, 513 Charlotte.
Main 1905-11 Wilson, LaBaron, residence, 4 Wright.
West 100-11 Wilson, Mrs. J. R. C., residence, 107 Guilford, W. E. J., residence, 180 Wistow, W. E.
Main 200-11 Wood, John, residence, 41 Sewall.
Main 200-11 Hallie, Dr. Chas. A., residence, 17 Dorchester.
West 154 Collins, Rev. C., residence, Fairlie.
Main 1706 Canadian Fairbanks Co., Ltd., 730, Sciles and Gascoigne Streets, 18 Water St.
Main 2118 Doherty, Joseph, residence, 143 Britannia.
Main 2118 Opposition Headquarters, Walker Bldg., Chateaubert.
Main 2117 Fitzpatrick, W. W., office, Ritchie Bldg., Fitzpatrick.
P. J. NIBERT, Local Manager.
Feb. 19th, 1908.

Opposition Ward Meetings

Will be held EVERY EVENING at the Ward Committee Rooms as follows:

KINGS, QUEENS, DUKES and SYDNEY—No. 23 King Street, upstairs.

WELLINGTON and PRINCE—No. 22 Waterloo Street.

DUFFERIN—Fairlyland Hall, No. 135 Mill Street.

VICTORIA—Victoria Rink.

LORNE, LANSDOWNE and STANLEY—Temple of Honor Hall, opp. Adelaide Road.

GUYS and BROOKS—"Prentice Boys' Hall, W. E.

All opponents of the Local Government are invited to attend.

W. H. HARRISON,

Secretary Opposition Executive Committee.

STOESSSEL SENTENCED**TO DEATH**

St. Petersburg, Feb. 20.—Lieutenant-General Stoessel was condemned to death this evening by military court for the surrender of Port Arthur to the Japanese. General Fock, who commanded the fourth East Siberian division at Port Arthur, was ordered reprimanded for a disciplinary offense not connected with the surrender, and General Smirnov, acting commandant of the fortress, and Major-General Reiss, chief of staff to General Stoessel, were acquitted of the charges against them for lack of proof. The court recommended that the death sentence upon Lieutenant-General Stoessel be commuted to ten years' imprisonment in a fortress and that he be excluded from the service.

General Voadar, president of the court, read the sentence amid a tense silence. By a great effort of self-control, General Stoessel maintained a rigid, soldier-like impassivity. General Smirnov also was seemingly unmoved, but there were tears in the eyes of General Reiss.

The sentence of death was pronounced upon General Stoessel "for surrendering the fortress before all the means of defence had been exhausted; for failing to enforce his authority and for military mismanagement."

Commutation of the sentence was asked on the ground that Port Arthur, beset by overwhelming forces, defended itself under General Stoessel's leadership with unexampled stubbornness and filled the world with astonishment at the heroic courage of its garrison; that several assaults had been repulsed with tremendous losses on the part of the enemy; that General Stoessel throughout the siege had maintained the heroic courage of the defenders, and finally, that he had taken an energetic part in three campaigns.

OPERA HOUSE PICTURES

This afternoon's programme of pictures at the Opera House is one of the best yet offered the Pastime company's patrons. The programme consists of the spectacular drama of Monte Christo, in five acts. The play is faithfully portrayed in motion pictures. The Witch's Son is another beautiful picture. It tells of a daughter of a villager falling in love with a witch's son. Her father objects and the two are estranged and are finally reunited by the strategy of the witch.

The Cabman's Delusion is full of comedy trick photography. A Highly Scented Bouquet is another comedy picture. The Cashier is a whole story, making one of the biggest and best programmes. Messrs. Titus, Wetmore and McDonald and the full orchestra will furnish music.

That which a child says outside the house he has learned within the house. Wood worms in furniture are very difficult to destroy entirely, but by constantly rubbing on turpentine the pest can be kept under. Also use turpentine and beeswax instead of any other furniture polish.

Vote for the Opposition Candidates.

THEY STAND FOR

HONESTY IN PUBLIC LIFE.

NO MONEY FOR GRAFT OR EXTRAVAGANCE.

MORE MONEY FOR PUBLIC SERVICES.

FULL VALUE FOR EVERY DOLLAR EXPENDED.

DEVELOPMENT OF OUR NATURAL RESOURCES FOR OUR OWN PEOPLE.

CHEAPER SCHOOL BOOKS.

MUNICIPAL CONTROL OF REVENUE FROM TAXATION.

Hazen for Premier, Good Government and Good Times.