

EATON'S DAILY STORE NEWS

Fabrics and Accessories for Charming Autumn Apparel

Ends of 50-inch Casement Cloths, 1 to 5 Yard Lengths, Wednesday, 60c Yard.

Ends of Casement Cloths, 50 inches wide, lengths from 1 to 5 yards, in all colors of green, brown, rose, blue and grey. Included in the lot are some pieces of Sunfast materials. Through in the lot for about one hour's selling. Many at half price. Per yard, 65c.

4 1/2 Yards Curtain Nets for \$1.00.

Fancy Curtain Nets, 4 1/2 yards of net, sufficient for a pair of sill-length curtains for the ordinary window. The patterns are the small, neat all-over, woven on extra strong grounds, and with that soft finish that drapes so easily on the rods. Easy to launder, as they contain no starch; 44 inches wide; choice of about nine patterns, and in shades of white, ivory and ecru. Per length of 4 1/2 yards, \$1.00.

875 Heavy Axminster Squares, in Standard Sizes, Clearing at Considerably Less Than Mill Prices.

The designs are in the most wanted styles, the small Fereghaa and Mousli styles, in soft, rich combination of tans, olive green, rose, ivory and blue. It will pay to buy now for future needs at these substantial savings: Size 4 1/2 x 7 1/2, Sale price, \$5.75; size 6 1/2 x 9 1/2, Sale price, \$16.75; size 8 1/2 x 10 1/2, Sale price, \$18.25; size 9 x 10 1/2, Sale price, \$21.00; size 9 x 10 1/2, Sale price, \$25.00; size 9 x 12 1/2, Sale price, \$28.00.

—Fourth Floor.



Exploiting for the Third Day of Our Dress Goods Opening

Exquisite Silken Weaves Approved By Fashion

In Soft and Subdued Shades Elected to Dominate the Council of Colors

THEIR SOFT, SHIMMERING FOLDS soothe one into dreams of lovely frocks and the delightful occasions on which they may be worn. Truly, silken fabrics were never more beautiful; the lustrous sheen of the weavers' choice for this season, added to their beautiful colorings, has obtained these marvellous results.

Taupe is favored in all weaves, and has predominance over other colors, but claims a lovely rival in beestroot (a deep shade on the color of plum), while balsam (a dull, bluish green), Java (dark brown), and plum are members of the same fascinating set. Suede brown, myrtle, jade, terra cotta and munitions grey are greatly in favor, with navy, amethyst and Maltese grey of like importance.

CREPE METEOR, a shimmering satin-finished crepe in the colors mentioned, may also be had in exquisite shades for evening wear, including silver, rose, maize and green, in 40-inch width, at \$2.50 yard.

CREPE SATIN adds turquoise to its long list of colors, and is 40 inches wide and \$4.00 a yard.

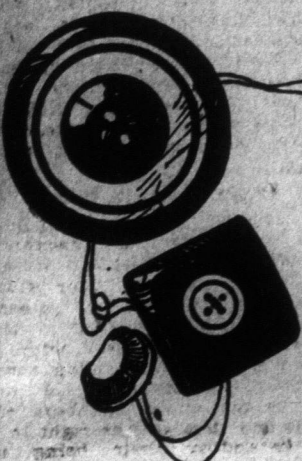
CREPE DE CHINE, its popularity lying in its adaptability to many uses, is here in some fifty shades, at \$2.00 a yard.

PUSSY WILLOW, in 40-inch width, is \$2.75 a yard.

GEORGETTE AND NINONS in delightful shades for matching, are \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2.00 yard.

—Second Floor, Albert St.

Buttons—To Delight Artistic Souls and Adorn Autumn Costumes



"BUTTON, BUTTON, WHO'S GOT THE BUTTON?" a children's game, in truth, but of great importance to Milady's appearance it is, whether or no her costume carries the correct button—or buttons—which this season demands. There's a wealth of choice in the matter of this necessity—indeed, one is of many minds when making selection.

For the fastening and trimming of coats are huge affairs such as that illustrated, in many colors, some of grey celluloid with black insets being 20c each; in smaller sizes to match they are \$1.00 and \$1.50 a dozen.

Dull silver or gold celluloid, patterned in black, in round, flat style, are attractive for coats or suits. Price, 30c each.

Pearl buttons, about the size of a 50c piece, in opalescent colorings, are 40c and 50c each.

Smoked pearl buttons, round or square, 4 hole, large size, 30c each; smaller, 35c to 75c dozen.

Bronze and silver buttons for those inclined towards metallic trimmings are in 3 sizes, 25c each and 75c to \$1.75 dozen.

Gallith in colors to match new materials are in brown, navy, taupe and burgundy. Three sizes. Prices, \$1.00, \$1.75, \$3.00 dozen.

Buckles in smoked pearl for the adornment of coats, round, oval and oblong, are 50c to \$1.50 each.

Small trimming buttons, in round, square and tricorn shapes, in white or black, with insets of color, are 35c to 75c a dozen.

Jet trimming buttons, dull and bright finishes, are 15c to 75c dozen.

Oriental buttons, beaded in bright colors and in fanciful shapes, are 50c to \$1.00 dozen.

—Main Floor, Centre.



Vanity Purses

Leather Vanity Purses are neat and compact, and quite the vogue for Fall wear. One style in cross-grain leather, size 1 1/2 inches long by 2 1/2 inches deep, in poplin lined, has inside frame purse, two pockets and is fitted with change purse and mirror, and has strap handle across the back.

Another style in crepe grain leather is poplin lined, and has an inside frame purse and two pockets, and is fitted with a mirror and strap handle across the top.

Many other styles in pin seal, vachette, Morocco grain and buff alligator leathers. Each, \$1.95.

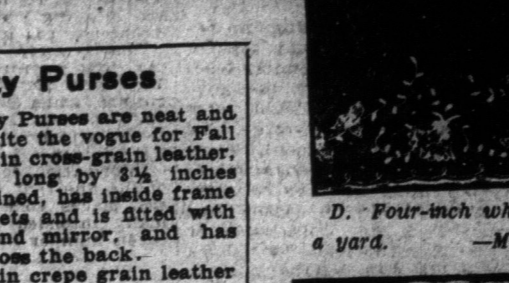
—Main Floor, Yonge St.

Belgian Hand-made "Tambour" Laces in Filmy Designs

QUITE AN EVENT, INDEED, TO RECEIVE from that war-scarred country the handwork of its women. To judge by the exquisite stitches and delightful patterns of these laces, the feminine element there has not been idle. You will be charmed with the delicacy of pattern in these effective laces, hand-worked on machine-made net. The quartette illustrated are but a few of many designs, many of which match in narrow and wide widths.



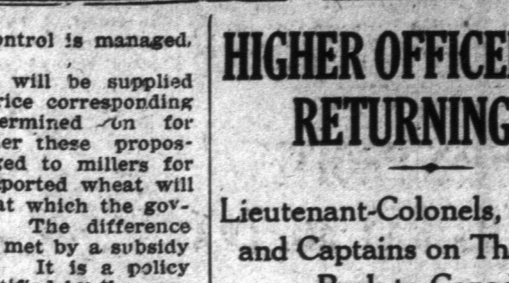
A. A balloon of four-inch width in white, 55c yard; in 6-inch width it may be had for 65c a yard.



B. The finest of stitches adorn this 10-inch flouncing forming the pretty pattern you see. It is in cream shade, and \$1.50 a yard.



C. A delicate 14-inch cream flouncing in filmy pattern at \$2.00 a yard.



D. Four-inch white galloon is 50c a yard.

THE T. EATON CO LIMITED

CURRIE COMMANDS SITUATION AT LENS

His Men Press Forward and Establish Posts in Last German Line.

GUNS HARASS EXITS

High Enemy Officer Admits Superiority of Men From Dominion.

By Stewart Lyon.
Canadian Headquarters, Aug. 20.—Northwest of Lens, amid a nest of trenches and railway cuttings which forms the last line of German defence in that quarter, our men have succeeded in establishing strong posts in a support trench which was the scene of desperate and indecisive fighting two days ago.

These new posts give command of the last bit of ground from which the defenders of the city could overlook our advance from the west. They are now in a hollow all around the front which swings about Lens in semi-circular form.

BRITISH DROP BOMBS ON BELGIAN POINTS

Naval Airplanes Do Great Service Against German Defences.

London, Aug. 20.—An admiralty statement says: "Many tons of bombs were dropped on the night of August 18-19 by the naval air service on the following military objectives: St. Pierre station and sidings at Ghent-Thourout station and dump, Bruges docks.

"A raid was also carried out yesterday morning on the Snellegheim airdrome, where a direct hit was made on a large shed.

FOOD CONTROLLER ANSWERS CRITICS

Hon. W. J. Hanna Explains Why Bread is Cheaper in Britain.

GOVERNMENT PAYS

Buys Wheat at World-Market Figure, But Sets Price to the Miller.

Ottawa, Aug. 20.—Discussing prices of food commodities in Great Britain which, in some cases, are quoted at lower figures than in Canada, Hon. W. J. Hanna, food controller, issued the following statement today: "It should be borne in mind that when prices of foodstuffs, such as bread, are under discussion and references are made to the fixing of prices which has resulted in lower cost of living to the British public, that in Great Britain the government is paying the difference. That is to say, world prices for food commodities are set by the world supply and world demand, as modified by war conditions. When Great Britain enters under those conditions, the government pays for it at world market prices, but sets the price to the miller, paying out of public funds the difference between market prices such as would obtain were there no artificial interference with the law of supply and demand, and the prices are fixed, so that the government bears the burden and the consumer temporarily gets the benefit of cheaper bread.

NO ONE HURT AT THIRD SMASH OF BARRIEFIELD CAMP AIRPLANES

Special to The Toronto World.

Kingston, Aug. 20.—Barriefield Camp landing appears to be a Jonah for the airplanes. The third accident occurred today when two planes crashed together, but luckily the aviators escaped injury. One machine touched the ground, sprang into the air, and then came to a stop on its nose. The propeller and engine were badly smashed. The other plane was so badly damaged that it had to be dismantled and taken back to Deseronto in parts.

FIRE ON YORK ROAD.

Special to The Toronto World.
Kingston, Aug. 20.—Fire from some unknown cause started in the barn of David McRae, York road, and it was totally destroyed with 55 loads of hay, a large quantity of rye and farm implements.

HIGHER OFFICERS RETURNING HOME

Lieutenant-Colonels, Majors and Captains on Their Way Back to Canada.

Canadian Associated Press Cable.
London, Aug. 20.—The following officers have sailed for Canada on sick disposal or for other reasons: Lieut.-Col. E. R. Armstrong, A. G. Doughty, C. E. Doberty, O. W. Royce, E. B. Clegg, R. Belcher, B. H. Brown, A. A. Cookburn, H. G. Cul-ter, A. E. Gillis, R. A. Gillespie, U. H. Holmes, J. B. Mitchell, C. Milne, E. J. Watt.

KAISER THINKS FLEET WILL SAVE GERMANY

German Emperor Claims Victory Over Allies in Flanders.

Amsterdam, Aug. 20.—At the conclusion of his visit to the German high sea fleet at Wilhelmshaven Emperor William issued the following to the fleet: "After having recently received an announcement that a renewed heavy attack of the enemy in an attempt to break up our sea front in Flanders had been successfully repelled, I have today, by a visit to my fleet and the island fortress of Heligoland, been enabled to convince myself of the strength and security of this front. I express my warm appreciation to all the high sea forces on the water, under water and in the air, and to the fortress of Heligoland, for their untiring, self-sacrificing and successful labor by means of which they have kept firmly in view and attained this aim. May the fleet remain conscious that the confidence of myself and the fatherland reposes firmly on it."

Body Found Thought to Be Victim From Schooner March

Special to The Toronto World.
Kingston, Aug. 20.—The body of a woman was found floating near Lake Ontario Park today and it is supposed to be that of one of the women who were drowned when the schooner March foundered off Pigeon Island 10 days ago. Two women, Mrs. Smith, wife of Captain W. J. Smith, and Mrs. McLellan, wife of Neil McLellan, one of the survivors, lost their lives in this wreck. Relatives of these women will come here to identify the remains which have been taken in charge by James Reid and Sons.

TRIAL OF ESKIMOS MOVED TO CALGARY

Crown Prosecutor Finds Prejudice in Edmonton Against Prosecution.

Edmonton, Alta., Aug. 20.—The two Eskimos, Simiak and Ulukut, who will be tried in Calgary for the murder of Father Leroux. An application was made this morning before the chief justice in chambers, by C. C. McCaul, K.C., prosecutor, in a lengthy affidavit, in the course of which he says: "On account of widespread prejudice among the community in the City of Edmonton against the prosecution and the alleged or rumored conduct of the priests, with whose murder the prisoners are charged, and on account of the widespread sympathy and sentiment that has developed in the said community by (as I verily believe, from information received by me) interested persons, is my opinion a fair trial of the prisoners, or either of them, on the charge of murder cannot be obtained in, or in the neighborhood of the City of Edmonton."

NEW HOG RECORD.

Special to The Toronto World.
Woodstock, Aug. 20.—It was a satisfactory lot of farmers who were fortunate enough to market their hogs here today when a record price for Ontario County and possibly Ontario, was established. The price paid was \$17.25 per cwt. The previous record for Oxford was \$16.75, made several months ago.

By Stewart Lyon.

At two o'clock this morning a trench was dug on the enemy's front northwest of Avion resulted in heavy fighting, in the course of which a considerable number of the enemy were killed in hand-to-hand fighting.

Guns Are Scarce.
The Avion front was strongly held by the Germans as protection to Sal-lumines, a large town to the southeast of Lens, where many guns withdrawn from the German forward

area to escape capture are now located.

German prisoners speak with bitterness of seeing their guns in process of withdrawal while the infantry was sent forward with insufficient artillery support. The loss of guns still appears to be more important in the eyes of the German commanders than the loss of men.

The enemy has been very active in the air recently, and has been bombing our back areas more freely than for some time past.

The haughty Prussian is becoming a little less sure of himself. A battalion commander just taken prisoner says that Canadian troops are better than his men.

On their return our machines were attacked by hostile aircraft, which were beaten off with the aid of a Royal Flying Corps patrol. One enemy machine was shot down out of control. All ours returned safely."

NEW HUN AIRPLANE.
London, Aug. 20.—A despatch to The Daily Mail from Vevey, Switzerland, says the barns of the Zeppelin works at Friedrichshafen are being used for the building of a new type of airplane, from which much is expected. The body of the machine is serpentine in form and from both sides of it smoke clouds can be thrown out which will entirely conceal the machine.

Answer to Critics.
"Baron Rhonda, British food controller, in his speech in the house of lords on July 27 explains the method

under which food control is managed, as follows: "Imported wheat will be supplied to the mills at a price corresponding with the price determined for our British wheat. Under these proposals the price charged to millers for both British and imported wheat will be lower than that at which the government purchases. The difference in each case will be met by a subsidy from the exchequer. It is a policy that can only be justified by the conditions in which we are living and the impossibility of otherwise reducing the price of the loaf, the chief food of the poor. I accept the fullest responsibility for the policy, and, indeed, urged it upon the cabinet. Four-fifths of our wheat supplies come from overseas; without those supplies we would starve, and we are not ourselves in a position to determine the price to be paid to the producer abroad.

"This statement is an answer to the many who inquire why the price of the loaf is less in England than in Canada."

By Stewart Lyon.

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