In the Zeitschrift für Therapie for April lst, 1890, a number of formule are given for the external and internal employment of the remedy, of which we produce the following :-
R. Salicylate of mercury, gr. xv

Powdered licorice-root, enough to make 60 pills.
Sig.-1 to 2 pills to be taken 3 times daily, after eating. (Schadek.)
R. Salicylic acid, $\begin{array}{lll}\text { Potassium carbonate, } & \bar{a} a \bar{a} & \text { gr. ij } \\ \text { Distilled water, }\end{array} \quad \begin{aligned} & \text { mclx. }\end{aligned}$
Sig.-For subcutaneous injection. (Plumert.)
R Salicylate of mercury, Liquid paraffin, gr. xv m.clx M.

Sig.-For-intramuscular injection. (Jadassohn and Zeising.)
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { R. Salicylite of mercury, } & 1 \text { part } \\ \text { Vaseline, } & 30 \text { parts. }\end{array}$
Sig.-As a salve or ointment. (Plumert.)
R. Salicylate of mercury, gr. xv Magnesium carbonate, $\quad 3 \mathrm{v}$.
Sig.-As a powder for external employment. (Plumert.)
R. Salicylate of mercury, Sodium carbonate, Distilled water,
gr ss gr. xy to xly $\overrightarrow{3}$ viij.
Sig.-For an injection in gonorrhœa. (Scha dek.)
R. Salicylate of mercury,

Potassium carbonate, āā gr. xy to xlv
Distilled water, $\quad \mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{J}} \mathrm{Oij}$.
Sig.-For injection in gonorrhœa. (Plumert:)
A writer in The Lancet writes as follows in answer to the question, Whem is a Child Viable ?
"In January of last year I attended a lady during her first pregnancy. She had had lead poisoning, was suffering from anasarca, and the urine cortained a large quantity of albumin. About a forthnight before the completion of the seventh month she had a severe convulsion, and I induced premature labor and delivered her by forceps of a male child, weighing one week after birth $38 \frac{3}{4}$ oz., a month later he weighed 4 lb .11 oz., at six months 8 lb .1 oz ., and when a year old he had just reached a stone in weight. For two or three weeks after birth he was kept wrapped in cotton-wool and surrounded by hotwater bottles. Feeding was by cows' mill and water."

Boroglycerin-cream, the useful applications of which are sufficiently apparent; may be made as follows (Pharm. Central, in Pharm: Record, June 2d): i.o boric acid is dissolved with the aid of heat in 24.0 glycerin and allowed to cool. 5.0 anhydrous lanolin and 70.0 paraffin ointment are melted together, colored by addition" of 0.01 alkannin, the boroglycerin added, stirred to creamy consistence and perfumed with one drop each of oils of rose and bergamot.

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MONTREAL, OCTOBER, 1890.

## THE IMPORTANCE OF ATTENDING MEETINGS OF MEDICAL SOCIETIES.

The season has once more come around when the different local medical societies have begun their work-work which is generally of great importance, for it is here that the harvest of medical research and experience is gathered in, thoroughly threshed out and the wheat separated from the chaff. This, wheat is then fit for stow:ing away, to be brought out as occasion requires, at the larger and more important meetings of the profession in the Province or Dominion. We say that it is threshed out because for the elucidation of the facts. of a case there is nothing so good as a fair and square discussion of thöse facts before a healthy medical society, composed as it generally is of men accustomed to looking at these facts each in his own way. We can recall many instances where a case has been brought up at a meeting of the medical society, which, after being thoroughly discussed has presented a: very different appearance to the reporter of it, than when he entered the meeting, and

