

Guelph Evening Mercury

GUELPH, ONT., CANADA, MONDAY EVENING, JUNE 3, 1872. PRICE ONE PENNY

Business Cards.

FREDERICK BISCOE, Barrister and Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Guelph. Office, corner of Wyndham and Quebec Streets. dw

AUSTIN C. CHADWICK, Barrister at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, &c. Market Place, Guelph. Office entrance—next door to the Queen's Hotel. dw

STEPHEN BOULT, Architect, Contractor and Builder. Planning Mill, and every kind of Joinery Work, prepared for the trade and the public. The Factory is on Quebec street, Guelph. dw

GEORGE PALMER, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public and Conveyancer. Office, corner of St. George and St. William Streets. Entrance on Macdonald Street. dw

OLIVER & MACDONALD, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Notaries Public, &c. Office—Corner of Wyndham and Queen Streets, upstairs. Guelph, Ont. B. OLIVER, JR., Clk. A. B. MACDONALD, B. BAIRD. dw

DR. BROCK, RESIDENCE Directly opposite Chamber's Church, QUEBEC STREET. dw

DR. CLARKE has resumed the practice of his profession. He will remain in his office, Quebec Street, every Wednesday and Saturday from 10 a.m. to 10 p.m. for consultation. dw

JOHN KIRKHAM, Silver Plater and Brass Finisher. All orders promptly attended to. Shop—opposite Chamber's Church, Quebec Street, Guelph. dw

GUTHRIE, WATT & CUTTEN, Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, GUELPH, ONTARIO.

ROBERT WATT, W. G. CUTTEN. Guelph, March 1, 1871. dw

F. STURDY, House, Sign, & Ornamental Painter. GRAINER AND PAPER-HANGER. Shop next to the Wellington Hotel, Wyndham Street, Guelph. dw

F. H. PASS, Painter, Glazier and Paper Hanger. All orders promptly attended to. Residence—Two doors above St. Andrew's Church. Guelph, Feb. 26, 1872. dw

NEW BAKERY. The Subscribers beg to notify the people of Guelph that they have started a new Bakery. On Essex Street, one door south of St. George's Church. Where they will always have in stock a supply of bread of the first quality. Having secured the services of Mr. George Watson as baker, they feel assured in giving satisfaction. Bread and Flour promptly delivered in any part of the town. They hope by strict attention to business, and making bread of the best quality, to merit a share of public patronage. A. McHALL & Co., Guelph, March 12, 1872. dw

PRESTON MINERAL BATHS Summer Resort. PRESTON, ONTARIO. CHARGES: \$7.00 a week for single room. \$12.00 a week for single room if occupied by two. 25 cents for single bath. Transient customers, \$1.50 a day. Omnibus at each train. J. RESS, Proprietor. Preston, May 30, 1872. dw

JESSOP & CORBET, General Insurance, Loan and Real Estate Agents. Office—ONTARIO BANK BUILDING. GUELPH, ONT.

Life, Fire and Accident Policies issued in first-class Companies on the most favourable terms. Several valuable farms and town property for sale on easy terms. \$5,000 to invest on first-class security. Parties desiring to invest money will find it to their advantage to give us a call. Charges moderate. JESSOP & CORBET. Ontario Bank Building, Guelph, Ont. May 14, 1872. dw

HART & SPEIRS, Conveyancers, Land, Loan, Insurance and General Agents, 4 Day's Block, Guelph

In reference to the above, Wm. Hart begs to inform his friends and the public that he has entered into partnership with Mr. Jas. S. Speirs in the above business, and while expressing his grateful acknowledgments for the liberal share of patronage bestowed upon him for the past three years, would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same to the end of the world.

All business entrusted to us will receive prompt and strict attention. Deeds, Mortgages, Wills, Leases, &c., &c. neatly and correctly prepared. MONEY always on hand in sums to suit borrowers, on mortgages or good personal security. No delay or extravagant charges. Our list of Town and Farm Property is large and varied, and parties in want of real estate of any kind should call on us before purchasing elsewhere. Agents for the Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England. HART & SPEIRS. 4 Day's Block, Guelph, Ont. dw

New Advertisements.

WANTED, A good experienced servant wanted girl. Apply at this office. 25-6-71 dw

PIANO FOR SALE.—\$140 cash will purchase an excellent piano. Can be seen at the Royal Hotel, Guelph. 22-11-71 dw

FIRST-CLASS PASTURE, with good water. Apply to Robert White, near Stevenson's Nursery. 29-6-71 dw

WOOLLEN RAGS, CARDS, OR YARN WASTE—Best cash price paid. Apply to SMITH & WILBY, 116 Adelaide St. East, Toronto. 10-12-71 dw

DURHAM BULL.—The subscriber has a thorough bred Durham bull, which will serve cows this season at his farm lately occupied by Mr. John Kirkham, near St. George's Church, Guelph. June 3rd, 1872. dw

40 ACRES OF GOOD PASTURE in the Town of WYNDHAM, RIVER, upon one side of it. Apply at the Law Office of the undersigned. May 8, 1872. dtf ROBT. MITCHELL.

AN OWNER WANTED.—A box containing machinery, was lost at the Great Western Hotel, Guelph, about a year ago. The owner is requested to call, pay charges, and take it away. May 31, 1872. dtf JOHN HEWER.

COW LOST.—Since Friday last, color red and white, horns turned in, and right horn partly broken off. In full flow of milk, Canadian breed. The finder or informant of her whereabouts, will be liberally rewarded by Dan Heffernan, Victoria Hotel, Guelph, June 3rd, 1872. dtf

TO LET TO RENT.—A house and garden, containing dwelling for one or two respectable families, with two separate entrances, on R. C. Street, adjacent to the water works. For particulars, apply to McMillan & O'Connor, Barristers, &c., Guelph. 29-6-71 dw

SHEEP LOST.—About three weeks ago, 12 in number, principally last year's wool, and one which was with black neck and legs, with lamb at foot. The finder will be liberally rewarded on application to Robert Cochran, York Road. 29-6-71 dw

HORSE STRAYED.—Strayed from the premises of John Bell, Essexosa Road, on the 11th inst., a dark brown horse, hipped on the right side. Any person returning him or giving information of his whereabouts, will be suitably rewarded. For particulars apply to Geo. Lees, Guelph. 29-6-71 dw

FOR SALE.—The Guelph Packing House, with or without furniture, containing one horse, boiler, early new, two kettles, scales, &c. Dimensions of cattle slaughter house 80x90, hog slaughter house 60x70, and with good cellar. For particulars apply to Geo. Lees, Guelph. 29-6-71 dw

LOTS FOR SALE.—For sale twenty-four lots in Jackson's Survey, near Mr. John Horsman's residence. Twenty-three of the lots are a quarter of an acre each, more or less. Terms, one-third of the purchase money down, the balance in five years, with interest at 6 per cent. Apply to John Jackson, tanner, Guelph. 29-6-71 dw

TO MECHANICS AND OTHERS.—The subscriber has about 50 of the best iron in the West Ward, Guelph, which he is prepared to sell cheap, and give a good title free from incumbrance. BENNY HATCH, Land & Loan Agent, Guelph. March 27, dtf

ICE, ICE.—The subscriber begs to inform the inhabitants of the Town of Guelph that he can supply them with ice. DELIVERED DAILY At their houses, at a moderate charge. Parties leaving their orders for the same at Mr. John Webster's, Cork Street, or at Mr. Porter's confectionery store, Wyndham Street, will be punctually attended to. RALPH SMITH, Guelph, April 20th, 1871. dtf

ICE, ICE.—Ice supplied daily in any part of the town. Leave your order with J. HARRIS, Baker in a Confectioner, Market Square, Guelph, May 22, 1872. dtf

AUCTION SALE On Thursday, 14th June, 1872, At Green's Hotel, Arthur, will be sold by auction a number of Valuable Building Lots. Eligibly situated in the Village of Arthur. Terms easy. Sale at 12 o'clock, noon. HENRY HATCH, Land & Loan Agent, Arthur, May 30, 1872. dtf

HOUSE PROPERTY FOR SALE. \$1800 will buy two two-story tenements on Cork Street, adjoining the Wesleyan Methodist Church. \$650 will buy a comfortable rough east Gate Cottage on Perth Street, near the Erasmus Bridge. \$700 will buy a good stone Cottage on Nottingham Street. PHARMS FOR SALE. \$3,000 will buy a splendid farm of 200 acres 125 cleared, the balance being timbered (in Arthur, first-class land, well watered. HENRY HATCH, Land & Loan Agent, Guelph. March 7, dtf

GUELPH PUMP FACTORY. The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has now fitted up his new shop in the corner of St. George and St. William Streets, and has on hand a large stock of Pump timbers, prepared to make to order, and furnish on the shortest notice, pumps of superior quality of all kinds. Having had long experience in the trade he feels sure that he can turn out work to the satisfaction of the public. All orders for new pumps or repairs promptly attended to. Remember the factory, on the banks of the TROY, near the Erasmus Bridge, and directly opposite the new English church. G. STOWELL, Guelph, May 16, 1872. dtf

IMPORTANT TO FRUIT GROWERS. We notice that DREW & JOLLY, Agents for the celebrated firm of CHASE BROS. Nurserymen, Rochester, N.Y., are announcing a favorable opportunity to those who are desirous of obtaining First-class Fruit Trees, Vines, &c. &c. Chase Brothers carry with them the highest excellence, and we venture to say that any fruit grower taken with their care and in a satisfactory manner, both as regards the quality of trees and genuineness of varieties ordered. No fruit in the United States in the Tree business have better facilities than they have. As the agents are canvassing, they will be prepared to lay before all parties the certificates they have in their possession, from prominent Fruit Growers in Canada. 21-12-72

Guelph Evening Mercury

MONDAY EVENING, JUNE 3, 1872

EARLY CLOSING.

On and after MONDAY, the 10th inst., the Stores will be Closed at Six o'clock (Saturdays excepted), and the public are respectfully requested to do their shopping before that hour.

The Redistribution Bill.

We give elsewhere Sir John A. Macdonald's speech explaining the provisions of the Redistribution of Seats Bill. We must for want of room defer our comments on the Bill till to-morrow.

Local and Other Items.

The London Western Fair offer \$10,000 in prizes this year.

Some "port wine" analysed at Liverpool, lately contained molasses, alcohol and logwood.

Erin Snow.—The Fall Show of the Erin Agricultural Society will be held in Erin Village, on the 8th of October next.

HAMILTON intends raising \$6000 to assist in defraying the expenses of the English eleven during their visit to this country.

Many of the children attending the Orangeville schools have been taken away, owing to the prevalence of sickness in the village.

POTATO BUGS are painted wofully sitting up on their hind legs on Iowa fences and weeping at the backwardness of the season.

TORONTO harbor is in a bad condition. In places where official returns showed a depth of thirty feet in 1851, there is now only six inches.

A NOVA SCOTIA girl got a raw burn in throat, and a surgical operation was necessary to remove it. She, however, died from the effects.

The total amount of fines imposed on delinquents, at the police court, in Hamilton, one day last week, footed up the handsome sum of \$500.

The Irish agricultural returns for 1871 show a general decrease of grain acreage and production, and though there was a considerable increase in the acreage of potatoes, the crop was largely deficient.

The total losses by the recent fire at Ingersoll are shown to have been \$257,034, and the insurance thereon \$125,501, the actual losses, deducting insurance, being \$131,533.

ST. THOMAS is in want of 600 houses; a local journal says that buildings there pay 25 to 50 per cent on cost; railway building has given that town a powerful impetus in the way of progress.

It is reported that a very rich tin mine has been discovered at Otter Creek, Lake Superior, about half-way from Sault Ste. Marie to Duluth. The ore is said to yield over 43 per cent of tin.

A witty editor, just failed, says he did it with all the honors of war, and retired from the field with flying colors, sheriff's flag fluttering from two windows and a door and a white flag hung out of his person as a token of surrender.

The Ontario Tenthler is the name of a new weekly paper, devoted, as its name implies, to the advocacy of the temperance cause. It is published in Toronto by Mr. P. H. Stewart, neatly printed, and subscription one dollar per year.

STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL.—We understand that the ladies of St. George's Church intend holding a strawberry festival in aid of the Organ Fund, on Monday, the 17th inst. We are glad to know that the strawberries are so nearly ripe.

It was announced only recently that Donner's colt, "Startle" had trotted a mile in less time than any of previous record. Now it is "recorded that a steamship has made the Atlantic passage in seven days and sixteen hours, being eleven hours quicker than ever was made before over that route.

G. W. STUBBS AGENT.—We learn that Mr. P. B. Brodie leaves on Wednesday for Toronto, having been appointed to the same position on the Great Western lately held by Mr. N. Weatherstone, who now becomes General Superintendent of the T. G. & B. R. Mr. Brodie, during the years he has been agent here, has discharged his duties in a very efficient manner, and well deserves the promotion accorded him by the Company.

THE GLOBE.—The Globe of to-day comes in laid greatly enlarged and improved in appearance. It is printed from a new font of type, and on much better paper than has been used for some time back. Hereafter the old plan of keeping the paper at one size will be abandoned, and its size will hereafter be altered as the exigencies of the time may demand, from a nine column single paper up to an eight page quarto of seventy-two columns. This is quite an innovation on the old system, but we little doubt it will work well. The Globe is unquestionably the first paper in British North America, and the energy and ability which has made it such, will continue to keep it in that proud position.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

OTAWA, June 1st.

THE REPRESENTATION BILL.

Sir John A. Macdonald introduced a bill to re-adjust the representation of the House of Commons, pursuant to the provisions of the British North American Act, and in consequence of the result of the census taken in 1871. The Union Act provided for such a readjustment of the representation in this House after every decennial census, according to a scale then fixed. Quebec retained here the original number of 65 members, and according to the census Ontario was entitled to the addition of six members, Nova Scotia to two, and New Brunswick to one. The Province of Manitoba and British Columbia remained as fixed by the arrangements made at the time of their coming into the Union till the next decennial census of 1881. The House would therefore for the next ten years be composed of 209 members, viz. 88 from Ontario, 65 from Quebec, 21 from Nova Scotia, 16 from New Brunswick, 4 from Manitoba, and 6 from British Columbia. In determining the mode of distributing the new seats, the Government took into consideration the principle which guided the representation in the Provinces ever since they were Provinces. In 1867, when the representation of Ontario was increased to 82 members, the increase was given altogether to rural constituencies. It was proposed in the present readjustment to divide rural and urban constituencies, three to give three to each. It was proposed to give Toronto, Hamilton and Ottawa each one additional member. Toronto had a population of 56,992 persons, so that on the principle of population, as well as on the principle of giving representation to manufacturing and commercial interests, Toronto is entitled to an additional member. Hamilton also was a large and rising city, and was more peculiarly perhaps than Toronto the seat of the manufacturing interests of the west. Ottawa was not quite so large as Hamilton, its population being 21,145, and the giving it an additional member would give to it an equal position with regard to the rural constituencies, the desire of the Government had been to preserve the present subdivisions of the counties, so far as possible. Acting upon the principle he had adverted to, the Government resolved to ask the House to give Huron, which has now two members, an additional member. It had a population of 66,165; and it was proposed to divide it into three ridings, as follows:—North Huron, 21,862; Centre Huron, 22,792, and South Huron, 21,512. It was also proposed to divide Grey, with a population of 59,335, into three constituencies, as follows:—East Riding, 18,850; East Riding, 22,193; and South Riding, 18,292. There was only one more constituency to be given to Ontario; and after full consideration, it was proposed to carry out the principle that was followed in giving a representative to Jamaica. In order to give confidence to the people going into that new district, it was proposed to give Muskoka district, consisting of Muskoka proper, the rear of North Simcoe, Barry Sound, and Nipissing districts—one member. This would involve the necessity of his splitting another bill, giving a similar bill to that in Alabama. It was proposed to take the opportunity of passing this bill to re-adjust the representation of Haldimand and Monck, by taking the township of Dunn from Haldimand and adding it to Monck. The population of Haldimand at present is 24,691, and of Monck is 17,120. By adding the township of Dunn to Monck, the population of that county would be 16,179, and that of Haldimand would be 20,012, which was an approximation to the equalization of population. It was also proposed to re-adjust the Westletons, equally divided. South Wellington having 11,847; Centre Wellington, 21,000, and North Wellington, 24,000. It was proposed to re-adjust the representation so as to make South Wellington have 23,000, Centre Wellington 21,000, and North Wellington 18,740. These were the only re-adjustments that were proposed in Ontario. He had omitted, however, to state that it was not intended to divide Ottawa and Hamilton. Although they had adopted in old Canada the principle of separate electoral divisions, it had been considered in England of late days that proper mode of representation was not a representation which completely excluded the representation of minorities. Therefore it was proposed to give Hamilton and Ottawa two members each, but not to divide them.

Hon. Mr. Holton.—How about Toronto? Sir John A. Macdonald.—Toronto has been divided already, the sectional principle has been continued. Hon. Mr. Holton.—You make a third division. Sir John A. Macdonald.—Yes, the division is as follows:—Eastern division, St. David's, and St. Lawrence wards; Centre division, St. John's, and St. James wards; and Western division, the remaining wards of Toronto.

Mr. Cartwright.—Do you propose to establish cumulative voting. Sir John A. Macdonald.—We have not gone so far as that; this is a step in that direction. It was proposed with reference to Nova Scotia, to give Pictou and Cape Breton each an additional member. It was also proposed to give an additional member to the city and county of St. John. The Bill as set out constitutes the Province of Manitoba and British Columbia. This was merely for a matter of convenience, as at present the constituents were not on separate books. It was proposed that the Bill should take effect from and after the adjournment of the present Parliament.

Sir G. E. Cartier.—How about Quebec? Sir John A. Macdonald.—I had forgotten that point. In the Province there would be no increase of representation; but it was proposed to readjust the representation of Montreal. It was known that, while the east and west divisions of that city contained an enormous population, in the centre division it was exceedingly small. It was proposed that Montreal West should in future consist of St. Antoine and St. Lawrence Wards; Centre Montreal of St. Ann's, West, East and Centre Wards; and East Montreal of St. James', St. Mary's, and St. Louis Wards. It was also proposed to add the parish of Port Neuf to the county of Quebec.

Mr. Stirton asked what were the divisions of the Wellingtons. Sir J. A. Macdonald said it was proposed that the North Riding should consist of the townships of Maryborough, Minto, Arthur, Mount Forest, Lather and Amaranth; the Centre Riding of the townships of Pilkington, Elora, Nichol, Fergus, Garafaxa East, Garafaxa West, Peel, and the village of Orangeville; the South Riding of the township of Puslinch, Guelph, Eramosa, and Erin; and the town of Guelph.

Mr. Cameron (Huron).—What are the divisions of Huron? Sir J. A. Macdonald said the North Riding comprised the townships of Howick, Ashfield, West Wawanosh, East Wawanosh, Morris, and Tumberry; the Centre Riding, the townships of Colborne, Hullet, McKillop, Tuckersmith and Grey, and the town of Goderich and the village of Seaforth; the South Riding, the townships of Goderich, Stanley, Hay Stephen, Osborne, and the village of Clinton.

Mr. Snider.—Give us the Grey divisions. Sir John A. Macdonald.—It is proposed to divide the county of Grey as follows:—The North Riding will contain the townships of Holland, Sullivan, Sydenham, Derry, Saravak, Keppel, and the town of Owen Sound; East Riding, the township of Proton, McAnethon, Osprey, Armstrong, Collingwood, Emphraus, and St. Vincent; and the South Riding, the townships of Normandy, Egremont, Bantack, and Glenelg.

Base Ball Match.

A match game of base ball took place on Saturday evening between the first and second nines of the Maple Leaf at their ground, near the G. W. R. Depot. Mr. Styles being selected as umpire. Play was called at 5:50, with the first nine at the bat, who managed to place 7 to their credit before the third had been disposed of. The second then drew a blank. Fenwick caught by Smiley, 3 outs hit safe for two bases, Crooks field by McLean, Kelly getting too far off his base allowing McLean and Maddock to make a double play. Second inning: the champions were disposed in one two or three order. Jackson giving Goldie a catch, while Maddock and McLean each popped up one for Crooks. Their opponents being equally unfortunate, Smiley being credited with putting the side out. Third inning the first nine made 5 while the second were credited with 3. Leaving the totals of 12 to 3 in favour of the first. The remainder of the game—though interesting—was not to be called brilliant play. The following is the score:—

FIRST NINE.			T. B. R. B. P. O. A.		
Colson, rf.	7	3	2	0	0
Smiley, p.	8	3	3	7	0
Crooks, 3b.	3	1	1	3	2
Smith, lf.	8	3	1	2	2
Nichols, c.	8	3	2	7	1
Jackson, 2b.	8	3	2	7	1
Maddock, 2b.	7	5	3	5	1
McLean, cf.	7	1	1	3	0
Stevenson, ss.	7	5	2	3	0
	58	32	18	27	8

SECOND NINE.			T. B. R. B. P. O. A.		
Fenwick, rf.	6	2	1	0	1
Kelly, lf.	6	1	3	3	0
Crooks, 3b.	7	1	1	3	2
Brundage, p.	5	2	0	1	4
Hudson, 2b.	5	2	0	10	1
Goldie, 2b.	5	3	2	7	2
Woods, cf.	4	1	0	1	1
Howard, ss.	3	1	1	1	1
Gourly, c.	5	1	2	3	0
	49	11	11	27	12

RUNS EACH INNINGS.												
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9				
First Nine	7	0	3	3	6	2	0	0	3	3		
Second Nine	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1		

Partners in the first, second & third. Mr. Wm. Styles. Time two hours.

We believe the club intend playing a game every Saturday evening between the first and second nines during the summer season.

England's New Acquisition on the Guinea Coast.

In virtue of a convention ratified in February at the Hague, transferring the Dutch possessions in Africa, to Great Britain, Mr. Pope Hennessy, Governor of the British West African settlements, at the Castle of Elmina, on the 6th of April, formally took possession of the transferred territory, receiving from the Dutch Governor, an ancient ivory and gold laden, which had belonged to Michael Adriaen de Ruyter, the famous Dutch admiral in the time of Charles II, and who, at one time, had sailed up the Thames as far as London Bridge. The seat of government is to be transferred from Cape Coast Castle to the town of Elmina, which has a fine harbor and a good landing-place, abundance of fresh water, broad streets, well-constructed roads, massive stone houses two or three stories high, and besides the fort and Castle of St. Lago. The Dutch have parted with this settlement for money after occupying it for two hundred and thirty-five years. There is a native King Elmina, with several chiefs under him. At the transfer of the territory, Majesty was present. The Dutch Government has stationed its officials at Elmina, and the Dutch inhabitants are to enjoy equal civil rights with all British subjects. A new tariff is to come in operation on the Guinea coast, and instead of there being a tax upon every imported article which was present in the meeting or census, only spirits, tobacco, and gun powder will be taxed.

The Mother Country thus seems following out a policy of adding to her possessions in Africa—that great Continent whose interior was so long a mystery to the world, and which her Parks and Bruce and Livingstone have so successfully explored. The new acquisition will hardly fail to give a stimulus to the trade and prosperity of her settlements on the West Coast.

The hair is not only one of the accessories of human beauty, but is designed to protect the health; as a bad conductor of heat it serves to equalize the temperature of the brain. The nerve contained in the hair tube is frequently paralyzed and the coloring destroyed; but by proper remedies the gray hair can be restored to its original color, and where it has fallen off a new growth can be produced by the use of Hall's Vegetable Silian Renewer. The reproducing power of this invaluable compound is beyond doubt. By its use the absorbents become active and nourish the bulb which supports the roots of the hair.

BY TELEGRAPH

THIS MORNING'S DESPACHES

The Mexican Revolution

Defeat of the Revolutionists

Convention at Philadelphia

Matamoros, June 2.—News is received announcing that Gen. Trevino finding himself hemmed in between Gen. Corello's forces from Sattilo and the forces of Gen. Cevallo from Camargo, attempted to evacuate Monterey, when he was attacked and completely routed, losing the greater part of his men and material, but escaped himself with a small guard towards the mountains. This puts the entire road from the frontier to the city of Mexico in possession of the Government, which has sufficient forces in all the intervening cities to maintain order. Generals Cevallo and Corello's armies united amount to 7,000 men, and since the fall of Monterey they can be used to pursue the revolutionists, who are now dispersed through the country in small bands.

Washington, June 3, 1 a.m.—The lowest barometer in Iowa will probably move over Lake Michigan and eastward, with fresh north-easterly winds. Threatening weather and rain-falling barometer—easterly winds and cloudy for the lower lakes on Monday.

Philadelphia, June 2.—To-day a large number of delegates to the Convention arrived, and were provided with quarters at hotels. A large delegation arrived from Indiana this morning, who promise their State for Grant and Colfax.

Cincinnati, June 3.—The clothes here have yielded to the strikers, and the men will resume work to-day.

Mining News from Thunder Bay.

From the Hamilton Times. Mr. William Bell, late connected with this office in the news department, but who has been for some time residing with his step-father, Mr. James Flaherty, called upon this morning and showed a large number of splendid specimens of silver ore, taken from the Height of Land, Silver Islet, Shamio and Silver Harbor Mines, and gold from Shebandawan and copper from Lake Superior copper country. These specimens are excellent, and that of the silver is at 80 per cent, in purity as it is in the quartz, or ready in small lumps for shipment. Mr. Bell states that the specimens are not above the average in value. The excitement caused by these mines is extraordinary, and the arrivals of people at Prince Arthur's Landing (soon to be christened Mineral City) are very numerous. When the Cumberland were her first trip there were not less than 500 passengers for that place, and when she left she brought away with her 157 barrels of silver ore for smelting. The passage to Toronto is made in about eight days. Tin of an excellent quality was reported to have been discovered at Otter's Head, 200 miles from the Landing, and no small addition to the excitement was the result. Old miners who are seeing these prospects of the mines superior in quality and extent to any others they know. Chinks which a year or so ago could be bought for almost a song, are now worth fabulous sums. Mr. Flaherty sold the Mary Island, which he purchased for \$22, to a company a short time ago, for the prospect of \$100,000 cash, and claims which changed hands at \$10 a period of time since, now are valued again in the market at sums not less than \$10,000. There are now about 300 regular residents at Prince Arthur's Landing, and in the hills and mines around probably not less than 2,500 miners. The town is rapidly growing, and if there were more lumber, houses would be springing up everywhere. The weather is pronounced to be more delightful in winter and summer than it is here, and people who have become acclimated would not come back. The Landing that there is no good prospect for farmers, but rather back—the land is esteemed to be of an excellent quality. We understand that the Globe Printing Company sent out a press and types to F. A. Landing, with the object of starting a paper—the prospects of which are found to be very good. The excitement now is, of course, all about the mines, and speculation is rife. Mr. Bell has some mineral property which he has opportunities of disposing of in Toronto at a large figure. There is great demand for mineral, and prospectors are running over the whole country. The roads are said to be good, as is also hotel accommodation, which is charged for at from \$1.50 upwards per day. Mr. Bell returns to his home in a week or two.

At Halifax the highest points made during the three days' competition for Wilmot were: Corporal Laskin, 246, and Corporal Shand, 253. The lowest made was 220. In New Brunswick the highest were: Bayler-Laustrotte, cavalry, 266, Major McAdams, 255. The lowest made 182.

13 persons have died from small-pox in Toronto since the 6th of April.

The current rumour in Toronto is that the Telegraph will not be published after Saturday, and that Mr. Robertson goes on the Globe immediately.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.—The Hamilton Times says—"The General Assembly of the Canada Presbyterian Church will meet in Knox's Church in this city on Tuesday evening, the 4th inst., at half-past seven o'clock, when the opening sermon will be preached by the Rev. John Scott of London. This is the first time he has met in Hamilton since it has been constituted a General Assembly. Several foreign deputies from Britain and America are expected to be present; among others, the Rev. Dr. Smythe, and Rev. Prof. Porter from Ireland; Rev. Dr. Hogarth and the Rev. A. T. Pierson, from the American Presbyterian Church, and others.

A periodical, edited by a young lady, has been started in North Carolina, under the title of the Daily Garder.