The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES — CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, MAY 26, 1920 — VOL. XLVIII. NO. 21

Mail Contract

SEAEED TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon on Friday, the 2nd July, 1920, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week, on the route St. Peter's Bay Rural Mail Route, No. 4, from the Postmaster General's pleasure.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of St. Peter's Bay, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

JOHN F. WHEAR,
Post Office Inspector.
Post Office Inspector's Office,
Ch'town, 18th May, 1920.
May 19, 1920—3i

McLean & McKinnon

Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law

CHARLOTTETOWN, P.E.I.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Fire Insurance

Possibly from an over sight or want of thought you have put off insuring, or placing additional insurance to adequately protect yourse against loss by fire is

ACT NOW. CALL UP

DEBLOIS BROS.,

Water Street, Phone 251

LIME

We have on hand quantity of

St. John LIME!

In Barrels Casks.

C. LYONS & Co.

Canadian-West Land Regulations

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, who was at the commencement of the present war and who has since continued to be a British subject or a subject of an allied or neutral country, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion Land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for District. Entry by proxy may be made on certain conditions. Duties—six months residence upon and cultivation of land in each of three years.

In certain districts a homesteader may secure an adjoining quarter-section as pre-emption. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Reside six months in each of three years after earning homestead patent and cultivate 50 extra acres. May obtain pre-emption patent as soon as homestead patent on certain conditions.

A settler after obtaining homestead patent, if he cannot secure a pre-emption, may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.00.

Holders of entries may count time of employment on farm labourers in Canada during 1917, as residence duties under certain conditions.

When Dominion Lands are advertised or posted for entry, returned soldiers who have served overseas and have been honourably discharged, receive one day priority in applying for entry at local Agent's Office (but not Sub-Agency). Discharge papers must be presented to Agent.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

J. D. STEWART

Barrister, Solicitor and Notary Public.

OFFICE:
NEWSON BLOCK
Charlottetown

Branch Office, Georgetwon.

Legislative Assembly.

Prince Edward Island.

Rules Relating to Private Bills.

36 All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within fourteen days after the commencement of the session exclusive of adjournment.

37 No Private Bill shall be brought into the House, but upon a petition first presented, truly stating the case at the peril of the suitors for such Bill, and such petition must be signed by the said parties.

38 A committee shall be appointed at the commencement of every Session consisting of five members of whom three shall be a quorum, to be denominated. The Private Bills Committee to whom shall be referred every Private Bill, and no proceedings after the first reading shall be had upon such Bill until such Comimttee has reported thereon to the House.

39 So soon as the Committee has reported any Bill, such Bill together with any amendments that may be suggested by the Committee, shall be printed at the expense of the parties who are suitors for such Bill and printed copies thereof delivered to the members before the second reading if deemed necessary by the Committee.

40 No Bill for the particular interest of any person or persons, Corporation or Corporations or body or bodies of people shall be read a second time until all fees be paid for t same into the hands of the Clerk of the House

41 No Bill having for its object the vesting in or conferring upon any person or persons, Municipality or Body corporate the title to any tract of land shall be received or read in the House unless at least four weeks notice containing a full description of the land in question has been published in the Royal Gazette and one other newspaper in this Province of the intention of such person or persons Municipality or body Corporate to apply for such Bill.

H. E. DAWSON,
Clerk Legislatvei Assembly

On 279 Special Trains, C. G. Railways

Up to March 1st 757,400 Troops have travelled over Government Railways.

Thousands arrive each week at Halifax and are sent forward to Dispersal Areas.

Since the war began in 1914 up to March 1st, when S.S. Belgic disembarked her returned soldier passengers at Halifax 757,400 troops have been carried on special trains over the Canadian Government Railways.

The first train which carried troops over the Government Railways the year the war was declared was numbered one and all special troop trains to and from Halifax since that time have been numbered consecutively. The last train from the Belgic was on Saturday No 1279. Each train averages about twelve cars with an average of 50 men to a car, which figures up a total of 767,400 men carried. Of course in addition to this thousands of soldiers have journeyed between Montreal and Halifax by regular trains during the past four years.

The movement of troops back to Canada is now approaching it greatest activity. Last Sunday 5000 arrived at Halifax by the transports Lapland and Belgic and fifteen special trains were despatched westward inside of fourteen hours.

S. S. Megantic with soldiers and dependants arrived Wednesday and S. S. Adriadic is due Sunday. The movement of returning men is to be kept up actively all summer.

The process of disembarkation at Halifax is being carried on without a hitch, and there is a fine system of co-operation between the Military and the Railway officials.

Look! Read! Realize.

We cater to the men's trade, and no other. If you were sick you wouldn't call to see a Tailor, or a Blacksmith, about the condition of your health. Of course not; you would call to see a Doctor

If you wanted a Suit or an Overcoat would you go to see a Doctor, or a Shoemaker? Not at all. You would go to see a First Class Tailor.

WELL, there's where we shine ! ! !
We study the business. We know what suits a young man

we know what suits a middle-aged man, and we know what suits the old gentleman—both in goods and in style. It does not make any difference whether you want your clothes Ready-to-Wear, or Made-to-Order. We are equally in a position to suit you. We do not let a suit or overcoat leave our establishment until it suits and fits the man who is buying. Our prices are always right when you take the quality into consideration.

Do not forget that we are sole agents for the famous W H Leishman & Co., Wholesale Custom Tailors. We have an elegant stock of Overcoats to show you at the present time.

Overcoats, Made-to-Order-from.... **$30.00** to **$48.00**

Overcoats, Ready-to-Wear..... **$15.00** to **$36.00**

Success Is a Habit

Our habits make us. We are creatures of habit. Whether we are a success or a failure is a question of how we do things without thinking. To Save is the only way to Success

Gloves

We have just the kind of Gloves you need, lined and unlined. Also Wool Gloves for this time of year. Suedes and Tans—both combination. Price..... **$1.00** to **$4.00**

Underwear

Come and get your Underwear before it is all sold. We have all kinds—two-piece and light and heavy weight. Prices per suit **$1.90** to **$5.50**

MacLELLAN BROS.

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS
Prince Edward Island.

Time Table in Effect March 31st, 1920

ATLANTIC STANDARD TIME

Trains Outward, Read Down.					Trains Inward, Read Up		
P.M.	P.M.	A.M.			P.M.	P.M.	A.M.
2.45	12.40	6.25	Dep	Charlottetown Arr.	6.35	10.40	12.40
3.59	2.14	7.21		Hunter River	5.37	9.03	11.24
4.45	3.05	7.55	Arr.	Emerald Jct	5.00	8.05	10.38
6.10		8.45	Arr.	Borden Dep.	4.10	6.40	
4.10		6.40	Dep.	Borden Arr.	6.10	8.45	
5.00	3.05	8.05		Emerald Junction	4.40	8.10	10.38
5.34	3.53	8.42		Kensington	3.53	7.15	10.03
6.05	4.35	9.20	Arr.	Summerside Dep.	3.20	6.45	9.30
	P.M.					P.M.	A.M.
	6.20	12.00	Dep.	Summerside Arr		1.35	9.00
	7.23	1.36		Port Hill		11.59	7.58
	8.18	3.10		O'Leary		10.34	7.03
	9.08	4.18		Alberton		9.18	6.13
	9.45	5.20	Arr.	Tignish Dep.		8.15	5.35
						A.M.	A.M.
	Mon. Wed. Fri.						Mon. Wed. Fri.
P.M	A.M.					A.M.	P.M
3.10	7.00		Dep.	Charlottetown Arr.		10.10	6.10
4.30	8.55			Mount Stewart		8.55	4.30
5.00	9.32			Morell		8.22	3.35
5.22	10.02			St. Peters		8.00	3.00
6.30	11.35		Arr.	Souris Dep.		6.50	1.35
	P.M.					A.M	
	7.50		Arr.	Elmira Dep.		5.30	
	Mon Wed Fri						Mon Wed Fri
P.M.	A.M.					A.M.	P.M.
4.35	9.10		Dep.	Mount Stewart Arr.		8.50	4.10
5.27	10.20			Cardigan		7.48	2.48
5.51	11.00			Montague		7.28	2.10
6.25	11.40		Arr.	Georgetown Dep.		6.45	1.25
Daily ex. Sat & Sun	Sat. Only					Sat. Only	Daily ex. Sat. & Sun.
P.M.	P.M.					A.M	A.M.
3.30	4.00		Dep.	Charlottetown Arr.		10.25	10.40
5.15	5.15			Vernon River		9.09	8.45
7.25	6.45		Arr.	Murray Har. Dep.		7.30	6.45

Except as noted, all the above Trains run daily, Sunday excepted.

H. H. MELANSON
Passenger Traffic Manager
Toronto, Ont.

W. T. HUGGAN
District Passenger Agent,
Charlottetown, P.E.I.

Message From Cardinal Mercier

"Dear Brethren," says His Eminence, "you will remember that at the very climax of our trials, on the day of those horrible deportations which carried off 70,000 of our brave workers into slavery at the time when the roller that had borne down upon East Prussia was retreating to its starting point, thus exposing the Eastern Front to the full force of the Austro-German armies let loose upon it, in the hour when, after three long years of gallant resistance and of hopes repeatedly deceived, you were tempted to yield and exclaimed that this time you could hold on no longer—you will perhaps remember, I say, that I then took my courage into both hands and cried to you: Hold on, brothers, do not yield, be true to your oft-tried bravery, think of the glory of Belgium, your country, of the fatherly Providence working in your souls its yet unfinished design of love. . . Courage, brothers—I said—courage!

"But now the times are changed. Your trial, though called by a different name, still remains a trial. Before, you groaned under the acuteness of your suffering, the violence of the enemy affrighted you. Today it is life itself that oppresses you, weariness has overcome you, deceptions have brought you disillusionment. Who, we ask, will rid us of this nightmare; when and how shall we recover peace?"

Then the Cardinal represents a responsive sigh as issuing from the Sacred Heart: "I have compassion on the multitude." . . . "The Belgian people had always been so true to Me, had ever refused to turn aside into the bypaths of heresy, schism or unbelief. I, too, had taken it under My care. . . . I have rescued it from foreign domination, comforted and sustained it in its misfortunes, covered it with glory in the sight of nations and of generations unborn. And yet now! 'Be astonished, ye heavens! Shudder with horror and fear. My people have done two evils. They have forsaken Me, the Fountain of living water, and have digged to themselves cisterns that can hold no water.' Ah! my people, thou hast forsaken thy God at the moment when He was leading thee by the way."

The Cardinal then invites his flock to consider calmly and honestly the present state of Belgian society. He might have been referring to our own. "We have lost our heads for the time. Let us pull ourselves together and return to our traditional Christian manners and to union. You who have for a moment forgotten your God lose not confidence in Him, for He will not cast you off for ever; He will have mercy according to the multitude of His mercies.'" (Lam. Jerem. III.)

"Perhaps there is coal shortage, meat is rare, bread is not plentiful—yet there are hundreds flocking to cinemas. The young women buy themselves costly, suggestive dresses and yield to shamelessness. Parents — either complacent or weak—no longer retain the reins of government in the home. Some smile, others leave things to go as they please. Young men squander their swollen salaries in gaming or lavish it on foolish gaieties. This artificial life breeds dissipation, deafens them to the voice of conscience; delight is taken in customs devoid of morality and in which religion is forgotten. Gradually fine characters—hitherto chaste and manly—deteriorate; the family standard is debased, and we are falling into the sink of pagan immorality. It is you, young women, moving in what public opinion is pleased to call 'high society'—the best possible—it is you who are chiefly to blame for this decay. Your sensual dances, your apparel—as inept as it is daring—the folly of your extravagance and pleasures, have given the cue to the working girl, the employee, the honest woman. If the barrier dividing Christian manners from those of the world, setting modesty at defiance, should fail, it is you who will have brought it down. Think of this while yet there is time. Above all, do you mothers of families ponder on it—you who till now have shut your eyes to the errors of your children through seeking to persuade yourselves that the tyranny of Fashion is a law, and that the collective impulse justifies the worst abuses. Not so. Tyranny, whatever its source, is an assault on freedom, and freedom is given to man that virtue may triumph."

"And yet you were so great, so splendid, so generous in time of war and beneath the oppressive rule of foreign occupation. We were filled with admiration for you. With what pride did we not hold you up as an example to the world. For four years you young women freely sacrificed all pleasure parties, you vied with one another in succoring the orphans, the wounded, the cripple and the prisoner. . . . In the great world-war we are the victors. But it is a poor thing to conquer if we know not how to profit by our victory. The chief stakes in the conflict were honor, integrity, civilization, as brought to this world by Christ. This is the booty of war that must be saved at all costs. Christian wives and mothers, the noblest part in this work of salvage falls to you. Humbler folk are watching and looking for your lead. We, your Bishops, know that we can reckon on you. You will band together for restoring the Gospel traditions of purity and moral discipline to their place of honor. Lent is at hand. Close your drawing rooms to wordly gaiety. Tell the crowd that we stand too near the graves of our heroes, that their ashes are too fresh for us to dance, spend and make merry without regrets. With the concurrence of husbands and sons reproduce in Christian households a more sober view of life, of marriage, of that traditional duty of devotion to the common weal which lies upon the upper classes of society."

"We have said that the family is disorganized and must be plunged once more into the atmosphere of the Gospel. Civil society is disorganized also. Two opposing currents blow upon collectiveness as on individuals—selfishness and charity—that is, either concentration on self with a passion for personal enjoyment or detachment from self and love of one's neighbor."

We wish space availed us to reproduce His Eminence's theologicaly profound dissertation upon God as the essence of love and the genuine basis of true charity.

His Eminence then gives a masterly summary of labor unrest, dating it back to the economic Liberalism of the Manchester school—to Free Trade. The worker's "labor was treated as an article of commerce, and was exploited without regard to his personal dignity or family responsibilities. He was forced to this toil or suffered himself to be dragged into it day and night. Sundays as well as week days; neither wife nor child was spared. Free Trade palliated all these abuses."

Then he records the devoted but too scattered efforts of humane individuals for improving the worker's lot. "In 1891 Leo XIII raised his powerful voice, but even he hardly obtained a hearing. Even Christian chiefs of industry refused to study seriously the remedy for the workman's condition, styled by the Pope 'undeserved.' The Socialists organized a reaction, but did so in a spirit of reprisals. Groups of manual toilers banded together, not for a rightful defence of their professional interests, but in hostility to what they called the tyranny of employers."

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

Head Ached So Bad
HAD TO GO TO BED.

When the liver becomes sluggish and inactive it does not manufacture enough bile to thoroughly act on the bowels and carry off the waste matter from the system, hence the bowels become clogged up, the bile gets into the blood, constipation sets in and is followed by sick and bilious headaches, water brash, heartburn, floating specks before the eyes, and painful internal, bleeding or protruding piles.

Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills regulate the flow of bile so that it acts properly on the bowels, and stirs the sluggish liver into activity.

Mrs. E. Bainbridge, Amherst, N.B., writes:—"I take pleasure in writing you of the good I received by using Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills for headache. I was so bad I had to go to bed, and could not sit up. A friend told me about your wonderful medicine, and two vials have made me as well as I can be."

Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills are 25c. a vial at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price, by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Value of Education

Father Rickaby, a well known Jesuit of England, speaking to young women said, in his opinion, "The chief use to a Catholic girl of university training was that it taught her to sift evidence. A woman with a trained mind will not believe every book or newspaper she reads, nor will she be shattered by scandalous reports even should they touch those she reveres. This wise incredulity which will be the result of her training will mean a firmer faith. She will know something of the way facts are found, of the long searches among documents, often contradictory, of the weary years of labor in laboratories, of the unreliability of hearsay and surmise, and her halo of faith, once really established, will not be easily shaken. Again, in these days of the world, the belief of the fool is not respected, but the faith of a woman trained of mind and of sound education is respected everywhere, and it is she who can hope to win others to her way of thinking."

The Dean of the Oblates, Rev. Damase Dandurand, has begun his 102nd year at St. Boniface, Winnipeg. He was the first Canadian priest to join the Oblate congregation in Canada, and has been vicar of Ottawa, where he was mainly responsible for the building of the Basilica.

Ask for Minard's take no other.

A SENSIBLE MERCHANT.

Milburn's Sterling Headache Powders give women prompt relief from monthly pains, and have no bad after effects whatever. Be sure you get Milburn's Price 25 cents abox

"So you think you are becoming near-sighted, do you?" said the optician.

"Yes I do," replied the tired business man.

"Because I can't see a dollar go near as far as I used to."

W. H. O. Wilkinson Streetford says:—"It affords me much pleasure to say that I experienced great relief from Muscular Rheumatism by using two boxes of Milburn's Rheumatic Pills. Price 25 cents a box.

"You claim there are microbes in kisses?" she asked the young doctor.

"There are," he said.

"What disease do they bring?" she asked.

"Palpitation of the heart."

Can Eat Anything Now.
How Many Dyspeptics Can Say This?

The sufferer from dyspepsia and indigestion who has to pick and choose his food, is the most miserable of all mankind.

Even the little he does eat causes such torture, and is digested so imperfectly that it does him little good.

What dyspeptics need is not dieting or artificial digestants, but something that will put the stomach right so it will manufacture its own digestive ferments.

For over 40 years Burdock Blood Bitters has been restoring stomachs to a normal, healthy condition so that the food no longer causes distress, but is thoroughly digested and assimilated, and the dyspeptic can eat what he pleases without any suffering.

Mr. E. Dalton, Collingwood, Ont., writes:—"I was troubled with dyspepsia and was induced to try Burdock Blood Bitters. I took three bottles and am cured entirely; my stomach is free of all pain; I can eat anything I wish, and do not feel any bad effects."

B.B.B. is manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.