

# POOR DOCUMENT

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QUEENS COUNTY GAZETTE, GAGETOWN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 11, 1900.

## Every March Wind That Blows

SINGS THE SAME OLD SONG:

### Buy Furnishings Buy Them Here,

New Goods now in, and a few lines have already gone out in spite of the early season. Here are a few goods that we carry in stock and can be bought at lower prices than any where else in the City:

Ties at 10c. to 50c.  
Collars at 15c. or two for 25c.  
White Shirts 49c. to \$1.00.  
Colored Shirts 49c. to \$1.25.  
Cuffs 15c. to 30c.  
1-2 Hose 15c. to 40c.  
Kid Gloves 50c. to \$1.50.

Umbrellas 75c. to \$2.50.  
Walking Sticks 25c. to 75c.  
Underwear from 50c. suit to \$2.25.  
Sweaters from 90c. to \$1.50.  
Golf or Bicycle Suits \$4.50 to \$6.00.

Golf or Bicycle Hose 50 to 75c  
Belts 25c. to \$1.00.  
Braces 20c. to 75c.  
Collar Buttons 5c. to 25c.  
Cuff Links 20c. to \$1.25.  
Hats, HARD AND SOFT, 99c. to \$2.50  
Caps 20c. to 75c.

## PATTERSON & WETMORE,

Hatters and Furnishers.

158 Mill Street, North End, Saint John, N. B.

### QUEENS COUNTY GAZETTE.

JAS. A. STEWART,

Publisher.

### GAGETOWN, N. B.

THE GAZETTE will be published every Wednesday morning in time for despatch by the earliest mail of the day. Subscriptions price \$1.00 per year in advance. Advertising rates made known on application.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths inserted free. Lines accompanying the latter, 5 cents per line.

### Queens County Gazette.

GAGETOWN, N. B., APRIL 11, 1900.

#### A FREE COUNTRY.

Great Britain is probably the freest country on earth. In the United States Senators Mason and Hear, who call Aquila a second Washington, are not permitted to communicate with him through the mails nor to send their treacherous pamphlets to the American soldiers in the Philippines, which is quite proper, for in time of war, no loyal citizen has time or right to argue about the equity of the thing. The business calls for action, not controversy, so that an adjustment of the dispute may be arrived at with the least possible loss of time, life or property. Mr. Michael Davitt, the Irish leader and Boer sympathizer, is in South Africa at the present time "for his health," and incidentally on a visit to Mr. Kruger, and while without doubt he is giving him all the aid and comfort that he can, the British government appears to be oblivious of his existence. This is dignified, and probably best, for to take any notice of his treacherous designs would be to give them an appearance of importance to which they are not entitled. It should be borne in mind that this war on the part of Great Britain at the outset was a defensive one, and to secure indemnity and protect Cape Colony from invasion in the future, and it cannot end except in the submission of the Boers or the capture of Pretoria. Michael Davitt will not be able to avert or delay the attainment of its object.

#### ST. JOHN LETTER.

The province of New Brunswick is 116 years old while the State of Maine is only 30. Maine is a proud State though Bishop Codman thinks its people are degenerating and are likely to lapse into savagery. And Maine has reason to be proud of what has been done by the farmers of Arctostook, by its shipbuilders and lumbermen. It has reason for pride in its public libraries, in its summer resorts, and in its thousands of summer visitors, and in the provision it has made for their entertainment. New Brunswick and Nova Scotia are far more picturesque and diversified in their natural scenery than Maine. Their coasts are marvels of nature's handiwork, their lakes and rivers are innumerable in number and surpassing in loveliness, and furred and feathered game are abundant everywhere. Still, Maine captures the tourist because it has made provision for his luxurious accommodation at almost every point to which he is attracted. Here is where the provincial has made a great mistake. At least a dozen summer hotels should be erected on the St. John between Grand Falls and the city, two or three on Grand Lake, one or two on the Bellefleur, one at Sussexville, one or two in the suburbs of Truro, one at Pugwash, one at Wallace, one at Merigomish or Arisaig, one at Tracadie and a half dozen more along the coast between Chester and Digby and two or three in the Annapolis Valley. The tourist, very properly, wants an equivalent for his cash, and when New Brunswick and Nova Scotia are prepared to supply it, he will come in flocks, but not

before. The summer tourist kept away from Maine until Maine was prepared to house and feed him satisfactorily. Admiral Dewey is the candidate of Mrs. Dewey for the presidency.

Citizens generally were astonished by the appointment of W. A. Lockhart to the collectorship at this port.

There has been no change in the prices of flour since last week. Cornmeal has advanced 10 cents and is now sold at \$2.25 cents per barrel. New Porto Rico molasses is quoted at 43 and 44 cents and New Orleans in tierces of about 45 gallons at 38 cents. Packages of canned goods quote about 10 cents per dozen higher than last year owing to the advance in tin plate and lumber. There are a few new cheeses in market quoted at 14 and 16 cents. Dry fish is easier; medium cod sells at \$3.40 and pollock at \$2.30 per cwt. Choice butter is now quoted at 22 cents and eggs at 15 cents.

George S. deForest & Sons have another centred of Swiss food and have a large demand for this delicious breakfast cereal.

J. D. Lewin, the disinherited son of the late Senator Lewin, will contest his father's will.

EDWARD EDWARDS.

St. John, April 7.

Wine of Ten Honey and Wild Cherry. Made by the Baird Company. Is safe at all times as a family remedy for Coughs, Irritation and Throat troubles.

#### Washington Letter.

(From our regular correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 3, 1900.

"The United States is interested in the performance of Webster Davis, Assistant Secretary of the Interior, who has just returned from a visit to the Transvaal, and who has resigned his office ostensibly in order to lecture for the Boers.

As a matter of fact Mr. Davis has resigned on account of friction with the head of the Department, but the Boers furnish a convenient excuse. He says that 2,000 Boer women begged him to do his best "to let the American people know of their exact condition; to let them know how they had been abused and outrageously misrepresented by the English."

"If I did not, as a free American," he continues, "decide to listen to their appeals, my conscience would burn, and the faces of these suffering people, as brave and as noble as God ever let live in any land, would haunt me as long as I live.

Their cause is just, and, in the light of the past history of the American people who went through the same struggle, I believe the Boers will win."

A document recently sent to the Senate from the Treasury Department contains the curious statement that \$21,000 was recently refunded as duty paid on natural gas. It seems that Detroit is supplied with this natural gas from the Canada side through pipes laid under the Detroit River. The duty collected was assessed at the rate of 10 per cent. ad valorem as "gas unmanufactured" which seemed all right enough. The United States Supreme Court, however, decided that natural gas was either crude mineral or crude bitumen. If the former, it must come in free, and if the latter, it could be taxed at \$1.50 a ton. When it came to trying to weigh natural gas by the ton, the Treasury officials gave up the problem, and now the Detroit people use Canadian gas without paying a cent of duty.

One hundred ladies of this city have subscribed \$25 each to purchase a souvenir to be presented to Lady Paunceforte, wife of the British ambassador. Although Lord Paunceforte's term of service has been twice extended by command of the queen because of his great usefulness, this is probably his last season in Washington, and Lady Paunceforte's friends in this city have selected a diamond sunburst costing \$2,500 which they will hand her before she leaves in

the spring, to remind her of their regard and affection. Lady Paunceforte, it is said, will go on to New York to attend the Easter week fair to be held in that city for the benefit of the Cuban-Orphan Asylum.

In these days of wars and rumors of wars, it is interesting to note that one between the United States and Great Britain is nearly impossible on account of the enormous trade between them.

The United States furnishes more than 90 per cent of all the food imported by England, valued at an annual average of nearly \$300,000,000 while English cottons are imported to the value of \$150,000,000 annually in addition. Great Britain further imports from this country nearly \$100,000,000 of cotton to keep her factories going. While it might be possible to obtain these articles from elsewhere, the chances are that actual famine would result from war.

On the other hand, the United States would lose enormously by the rupture of relations. During the last fiscal year it exported over \$200,000,000 worth to Great Britain herself and over \$150,000,000 worth to British colonies. This is about half of its total foreign exports, so the distress that would result from the loss of the market in British lands can be imagined.

An attempt will be made in the Alaska bill, now being considered in the Senate, to restrict the privileges of Canadians and others in Alaskan gold mines, in relation to the sets of the Canadian government in the Klondike and Atlin fields. Two amendments for this end have been proposed. One is by Senator Hale, who desires to absolutely prohibit the ownership of mines there by aliens, providing that "aliens shall not be permitted to locate, hold, or convey mining claims in said district of Alaska, nor shall any title to a mining claim acquired by location or purchase through an alien be legal." The other, proposed by Senator Morgan, desires to do unto others as they do unto us. His amendments provide that "The rights and privileges of mining for gold in Alaska shall be extended to the subjects of Great Britain and Russia on the same terms and conditions that are granted by said Governments, respectively, to the citizens of the United States in the provinces or departments of said Governments that border on the Arctic Ocean or Behring Sea."

A bill has been adopted by the Senate which enables John Collinson, of London, England, a subject of Great Britain to sell, convey, transfer, and deliver, either as a whole or otherwise, all his right, title, and interest in and to certain lands situated in the Territory of New Mexico, known briefly as the "Boquete grant." Mr. Collinson acquired this property in 1873 and the act of Congress for bidding the purchase of property by aliens was passed in 1887.

The following pension has been granted to a resident of Canada. Additional—Alexander H. Robinson, Toronto, Ontario, \$6 to \$10.

E. G. Siggers, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C., U. S. A., reports the following patents granted by the U. S. Patent Office, March 27, 1900, to inventors residing in the Dominion of Canada. He will mail copy of specification and drawings of any patent for 10 cents. Postage stamps will not be accepted.

H. S. Culver, London, letter file; A. N. Fairman, Montreal, stovepipe elbow-making machine; J. A. Harvey, Toronto, photograph print fabric; F. W. Nolte, Victoria, British Columbia, sound reproducer; R. T. Power, Westminster, Auxiliary motor for vessels; R. Smith, Sherbrooke, Rotary engine (5 patents).

#### A Montreal Tragedy.

MONTREAL, April 6.—Avila Bourasse was arrested yesterday on suspicion of murdering his wife. To-day he admitted his guilt, confessing that he strangled his wife to death. His story is a peculiar

one. He states he and his wife laid down on the bed at noon on Wednesday for a rest. He slept for a couple of hours. On awakening, seeing his wife asleep at his side, a sudden impulse came over him to kill her. He says she struggled for about 15 minutes, but was finally overcome. He worked around the house, getting his own tea, and in the evening lighted the holy candle and prayed beside the corpse all night. All day yesterday he worked around the house as if nothing unusual had occurred. In the early evening he went into the apartments of his sister adjoining and told her his wife was dead. He made no attempt to escape and was arrested in his room. There is no doubt that the man is of an unsound mind.

#### Patent Office News.

The Assistant Commissioners of Patents of the United States Patent office, Mr. Arthur P. Greeley, who has made an admirable record while in the Patent Office at Washington, has resigned his position. His successor, Mr. W. H. Chesapeake, formerly of Chicago, Ill., will assume his duties on April 1st next.

The following is a list of patents recently granted to Canadian inventors by the American Government.

The inventor's help will be sent to any address upon receipt of 10 cents.

645,848—Duncan Brown, Vancouver, B. C.; Electric-light banter.

645,893—S. Cyrus Dean, Fort Erie, Ont.; Steam engine.

645,706—Alexander W. Grant, Montreal, Que.; Bottle.

645,882—Messrs. Leison & Burpee, Vancouver, B. C.; Fish cutting machine.

645,320—Henry S. Culver, London, Ont.; Letter-file.

645,922—James A. Harvey, Toronto, Ont.; Photographic-print fabric.

Communication from Messrs. Marion & Marion, patent attorneys, New York Life Building, Montreal, Que.

#### GLADSPRING TIDINGS

Paine's Celery Compound

Makes Sick People Well

The Great Banisher of All Troubles

Brought on by Careless Living.

The cities and towns of Canada in spring time are full of people who are in a thoroughly worn-out, "unstrung" nervous condition, brought on by careless and heedless living. Sleeplessness, irritability and despondency help to make the cup of wretchedness more complete. This army of broken-down men and women should know that new and vigorous health depends on purified blood, regulated nerves, sound sleep and perfect digestion.

These happy conditions come only by the use of Paine's Celery Compound.

If you have thus far failed to get rid of nervous diseases, impure blood, kidney and liver troubles and dyspepsia, it is because they have not used Paine's Celery Compound.

The past testimony of clergymen, lawyers, physicians, merchants and people of responsible positions who have been made well by Paine's Celery Compound, should induce every ailing man and woman to carry home a bottle of nature's life-giver, so that they may test it for their own satisfaction.

Do not allow any dealer to offer you a substitute. Insist upon getting "Paine's," the kind that makes sick people well."

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