

SAMOANS BREAKING HEADS.

Ex-Cannibals Slow In Recognizing New Authority.

Followers of the Rival Chiefs Keep Up a Continuous Donnybrook Fair—The Chief Justice Leaves.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 28.—Samoa advices, under date of July 1, were received today by the steamer Moana, as follows:

The situation in Samoa is one of great uneasiness; the attitude of the natives being far from reassuring. Several fights have occurred in different portions of the islands between supporters of the rivals for the kingship, several natives being killed. Nothing much seems to have been accomplished by the high commission since the arms were surrendered by the contending factions. Chief Justice Chambers being dissatisfied with the support extended to his court by the commissioners, will leave today for Washington. Their action in refusing the aid asked for to sustain the court's authority is said to have been prompted by dispatches received by the German commissioner from his home government, which, it is claimed, is greatly displeased with his recognition of the supreme court in the kingship case. The commissioners have been well received on all the islands they have visited. They expected to sail for the United States on the Badger on July 16.

At Tumulila the natives were prepared to accept the proposed abolition of the royal office and the substitution of an executive appointed by the three powers. At Sapotulifia, the headquarters of Lanati, that chieftain was defiant in manner, indicating future trouble. At Safuna, the only place where the natives took a prominent part in the proceedings, there was a fight with axes, knives and stones in the presence of the commissioners, one man being severely wounded. The trouble was caused by the meeting of parties of Mataafa and Malietoa men, who were bearing food offerings to the commissioners. The outcome of all these conferences is a mass meeting being held today at Mullinum point, where the leading men of both sides are discussing the future government of the islands.

At Safata, on July 4, some Mataafa men attacked the home of an opposing chief named Taamui, who with two others was badly wounded. H. M. S. Torch went to the scene, but quiet had been restored.

Last week the chief justice issued orders to certain towns in Sanaii to appear before the supreme court in certain civil cases where the judgment of the court had not been complied with. Chief Lanati ordered them not to obey, telling the towns to pay no attention to the orders of the court, which were only words on paper. Some towns did not appear, while from the remaining ones only Malietoa men attended.

The Mataafans openly defied the court. The chief justice then asked the commissioners to support his authority with warships if necessary, and on their refusal he decided to leave Samoa.

SANTO DOMINGO IN TURMOIL.

NEW YORK, July 29.—Heureaux, president of the republic of Santo Domingo, was assassinated by Ramon Caceres as the beginning of another revolution. The government is preparing to meet the insurrectionists. It is believed by exiles now in this country that it will be necessary for the United States to interfere between the factions on the island. They also express the belief that it will some day become attached to the greater republic.

Roosevelt Killed Alger.

CHICAGO, July 28.—A Washington special to the Tribune says: It has developed that Governor Roosevelt wrote a let-

ter to a cabinet officer a short time ago, urging the retirement of General Alger; that General Otis be relieved of his command in the Philippines, and that General Brooke should be succeeded as military governor of Cuba by General Leonard Wood. The governor was unusually severe in his criticism of the war department, and insisted that the administration could not afford to be held responsible for General Alger nor to continue the dilly-dally plan of operations in the Philippines.

The letter was shown to the president by the cabinet officer in question. It is believed that it had a great deal to do with the president's decision to request General Alger to retire. Soon after the contents of the letter were made known to the president Governor Roosevelt was called to Washington for consultation with the president.

Whole Parish Excommunicated.

CHICAGO, July 29.—A special to the Tribune from Belleville, Ill., says:

The Rt. Rev. John J. Janssen, of this place, bishop of the Belleville diocese, is about to excommunicate all the members of St. Patrick's parish in East St. Louis.

It is expected that next Sunday notice of such action will be promulgated. It will be the first instance in the history of the Roman Catholic church in this country of the excommunication of an entire parish. Twelve hundred people will be exiled from the ministrations of the church.

The impending wholesale infliction of the church's extreme penalty will be the consequence of three months' violent resistance to ecclesiastical authority.

Anti-Vaccination in England.

LONDON, July 28.—An interesting case, the outcome of the anti-vaccination crusade, was opened in the court of queen's bench today, when the Leicester guardians, consisting of 35 gentlemen and 5 ladies, appeared to show cause why a mandamus should not be issued to compel the appointment of a vaccination officer. The guardians were elected under a pledge to resist compulsory vaccination.

During the journey of the guardians to London crowds of sympathizers met them at various stations, and loudly cheered them. Upon their arrival at London they were met by huge crowds, who cheered the "Leicester martyrs," and accompanied them in procession. The court mandamus the guardians.

Volcanic Eruption in Hawaii.

HONOLULU, July 21, via San Francisco, July 28.—The volcanic eruption on Mauna Loa is still in full blast: The lava flow is apparently filling up the table land. Hilo and the whole island of Hawaii are enveloped in smoke. Vessels encounter dense clouds of smoke a hundred miles out at sea, and navigators are seriously inconvenienced. Kilauea is also smoking freely, and indications are that this volcano will soon be in active eruption.

Frank Davey, a photographer, has returned from a visit to the volcano. He says there is a source of eight craters. Five of them were dead, but appeared to have been active quite recently. One of the others were belching forth smoke and fire and molten rocks of great size. According to Davey, rocks were thrown up as big as horses, and they went so high that they cooled before falling to the ground.

Contract Labor for Hawaii.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 28.—Commissioner Powderly, bureau of immigration, has received a telegram from the eastern representative of a transcontinental railway line, advising him that 1,000 Italians, under contract to work on sugar plantations of Hawaii are about to land in New York in transit to San Francisco. The commissioner was asked what steps would have to be taken under the law to allow them to pass through the United States. The failure of congress at the last session to act upon the recommendations of the bureau of immigration, with a view of meeting just such

a contingency, leaves the commissioner apparently without authority to act, and the anomaly is presented of contract laborers, who would be refused admission to this country, passing through the United States and finding a welcome in one of its island possessions.

Ten Thousand Strike.

CHICAGO, July 28.—Ten thousand men were thrown out of employment and work was stopped on 200 buildings in the course of erection in Chicago during the second day of the strike of the union brickmakers of Cook county. The tie-ups came first on the smaller jobs, where the contractors had not taken the precaution to increase their supply of bricks in anticipation of the strike. The bricklayers and hodcarriers were forced to quit for want of material, and following them the carpenters were compelled to lay down their tools.

An effort will be made for an amicable adjustment of the controversy between the strikers and the North side manufacturers at a conference which has been called by the Chicago Masons and Builders' Association for 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

More Klondikers Robbed.

Two more Klondikers, namely, John Kostir and S. Hansen, were robbed upon their arrival at Seattle of \$225 and \$216, respectively. It was the old story of wine and women.

Hansen's story is that a strange woman enticed him into a back room of a tenderloin resort, and then, after drinking with him for a few moments, excused herself, and was seen no more. Then Hansen missed his treasured sack of nuggets.

Kostir says he lost his money in an up-town resort. Kostir's story is that he was drinking with three men and three women, and went to bed in the resort. When he awoke, he says, his money was gone. He suspects his six companions of Thursday night.

Anglo-Saxon Alliance.

HOUSTON, Texas, July 29.—Congressman Bailey today said: "I am fully persuaded that the national administration has entered into a full and complete agreement for an alliance between Great Britain and the United States. This alliance, in my opinion, is to be both offensive and defensive. The reason it has not been published to the world is that for political reasons the president is afraid to do so."

End of the Epidemic.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—The war department received the following from Gen. Brooke, at Havana, regarding the yellow fever situation:

"Gen. Wood, at Santiago, reports no more cases among troops or government employes. Sanitary conditions are excellent. I think we may safely consider the present epidemic over."

OUTSIDE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Chas. Geoffrien, a member of the Canadian ministry is dead.

Gen. Shafter will be retired on the age limit after October 16, next.

Gilchrist, the Canadian rifleman, took first prize at Endsley, Eng.

The Dreyfus trial will occupy 15 or 20 days, and it is hoped to end it during August.

The Nineteenth infantry has started from Pennsylvania for the Philippines via San Francisco.

Two chickens were hatched from one egg on a Massachusetts farm and the little ones have lived nicely for several weeks.

It is virtually settled that the Pennsylvania legislature will be convened and that it will elect Quay to the United States senate.

By the upsetting of a colliery lamp at Hokuku, Japan, last month, a gas explosion took place and 250 miners were killed or burned to death.

William C. Whitney has gone to Europe with the object and hope of getting Admiral Dewey to enter the lists against Bryan for the fusion nomination for president.

Ann Ansell, notwithstanding strenuous efforts for reprieve, was hanged in London last Tuesday for the murder of her sister, the inmate of an insane asylum, by sending her poisoned candy.

St. Louis will try to restrain by court proceeding the opening into the Mississippi river of the great Chicago drainage canal, claiming that it will pollute the waters of that mighty stream.

The bodies of all Oregon volunteers who died or were killed in Luzon will be brought home at national expense. It is probable that the remains of all volunteers buried in the Philippines will be so treated.

The war department adopts a new field gun which operated by one man can fire 15 aimed shots per minute, and can be taken apart in 15 seconds by its crew for loading on muleback.

It is three inch bore and uses solid shot, shrapnel or a bursting charge of high explosives, which will kill by concussion in a radius of 200 feet.

HE'S EVERY INCH A HERO.

'Tis Little Wonder Americans Are Idolizing Dewey.

Announces Himself for McKinley—Reflections on the Death of Maximilian—Olympia's Crew.

TRIESTE, July 27.—For the second time since he reached Trieste Admiral Dewey tonight formally declared himself politically for McKinley. The admiral gave a dinner on the Olympian in honor of Minister Harris, and after standing up with a glass of champagne Admiral Dewey said:

"Here's to the health of the president of the United States, William McKinley. May he be re-elected."

There was a dramatic scene at Miramar castle this morning when Admiral Dewey took Minister Harris, the legation staff and Congressman Moss on a launch to see Maximilian's old home.

Standing on a granite flight of steps, from which the archduke embarked to establish his imperial throne in Mexico, Dewey looked up at the castle and said:

"It makes my heart bleed to think of this brilliant archduke, after designing and building such a home as this, to have left it all for a bloody death on American soil. When I look at this noble place and think of the rough galle he allied I cannot help pitying him, and yet it was right that the end should have come as it did; for there must be no empires founded in America. There can be no other aid for those who attempt to erect thrones on our side of the ocean."

There was something grimly ironical in the sight of servants of the emperor of Austria bowing and smiling before a man who destroyed the fleet of the emperor's niece in the deserted home of the emperor's youngest brother, slain with the consent of the United States.

Admiral Dewey will stay at Trieste two weeks and then go to Naples, Leghorn and Gibraltar. He has been urged to go to England, but is inclined not to touch the British coast. He said today he would undoubtedly reach New York about October 1.

When the authorities at Trieste offered Admiral Dewey a large force of police to keep the Olympia's men from getting into trouble, the admiral smilingly declined and said:

"Why, this ship carries nothing but gentlemen from top to bottom."

Chapter of Accidents.

SANDON, B. C., July 28.—A serious accident occurred here today at the Sovereign mine, whereby Ellis Williams, a well experienced miner, lost his life and his comrade was severely injured. Both men left here yesterday to do contract work at the Sovereign, and just started work today. They had tunneled about 20 feet and were drilling more holes and loading, when somehow, through striking the caps too hard or a fuse too short, which is not known, three or four charges went off simultaneously, killing Williams and injuring Crowse. Dr. Powers left here immediately to attend to the injuries of Crowse, who is being brought down on the backs of comrades. He cannot recover.

HALIFAX, N. S., July 28.—Four men were crushed to death, seven seriously injured and a number slightly hurt in the wreck of a construction train on the Midland railroad in Hants county this afternoon. A train of flat cars was proceeding slowly along some new track, when one of the center trucks jumped the rails and others behind piled on top of it. There were 25 or 30 men on the train. All those on board the car that first left the track, four in number, were instantly killed. One of two of those injured are in a dangerous condition. The accident happened 13 miles from Windsor.

The Cafe Royal is the most respectable and the most reasonable resort in Dawson.