

Grecian Parliament Has Been Dissolved License Commissioners Visit Brantford

CONTROL ALL GRAIN

Liberal Party in Norway to Handle All Wheat

By Special Wire to the Courier. Christiania, Oct. 25.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—The return to the legislature of a majority of the supporters of Premier Gunnar Knudsen and the popular support of the present Liberal policy, points to a probable fulfilment of one of the cardinal proposals of the Liberal program—a government monopoly of the grain industry. Advocates of this measure are certain it is the only way to avert another emergency similar to the grain shortage at the beginning of the war.

To handle the proposed grain monopoly, the appointment of 1,200 special officials is contemplated at an expense of about \$1,000,000 a year. It is estimated that capital of at least \$20,000,000 will be needed. Conservative party leaders favor a protective tariff, which would encourage home agriculture and thus, they believe, assure the necessary supply of grain. But this proposal, which it is estimated would increase the price of cultivated land and make the country less dependent on imports, is not supported by the voters in the recent election.

Don't Want High Wheat

By Special Wire to the Courier. Fort William, Ont., Nov. 12.—A combined meeting of the Grain Exchange, the Board of Trade and the citizens generally sanctioned a memorial to Sir Robert Borden, expressing their opposition to free wheat, and declaring the removal of the duty on wheat would be a serious blow to Canadian commerce. The memorial declares the agitation for free wheat is being "helped" and "aided" by United States authorities and Minneapolis and Duluth interests and expresses the opinion that the establishment of free wheat would be a "grievous injury" to Canadian interests.

Should Place More in Canada

By Special Wire to the Courier. London, Nov. 12.—Sir Leo C. Money, the famous economist does not regard the problem of America as insoluble. He points out that British exports, if shipping freights and interest on foreign securities are included, still show an annual surplus over imports of £25,000,000 apart from government imports of war material. He also contends that the loan to the allies, bearing interest, will ultimately tend to diminish the adverse balance of trade created by the government imports.

ITALY IN

By Special Wire to the Courier. MILAN, Nov. 12, via Paris.—An agreement was reached at a meeting of the Italian cabinet last night, according to a telegram received by the Secolo from Rome, regarding the course Italy should take in the Balkan expedition. The ministers recognized it was an urgent question, the despatch adds, and the number of men Italy will send to the Balkans shortly will be made known.

Another Steamer Gone

By Special Wire to the Courier. London, Nov. 12.—The British Steamship Rhineland has been sunk. Up to the present, only one survivor has been landed. The Rhineland was of 1,501 tons gross and was built in 1903. She was 254 feet long, 35 feet beam and 21 feet deep. She was owned in Liverpool by the Liverpool and Hamburg steamship company.

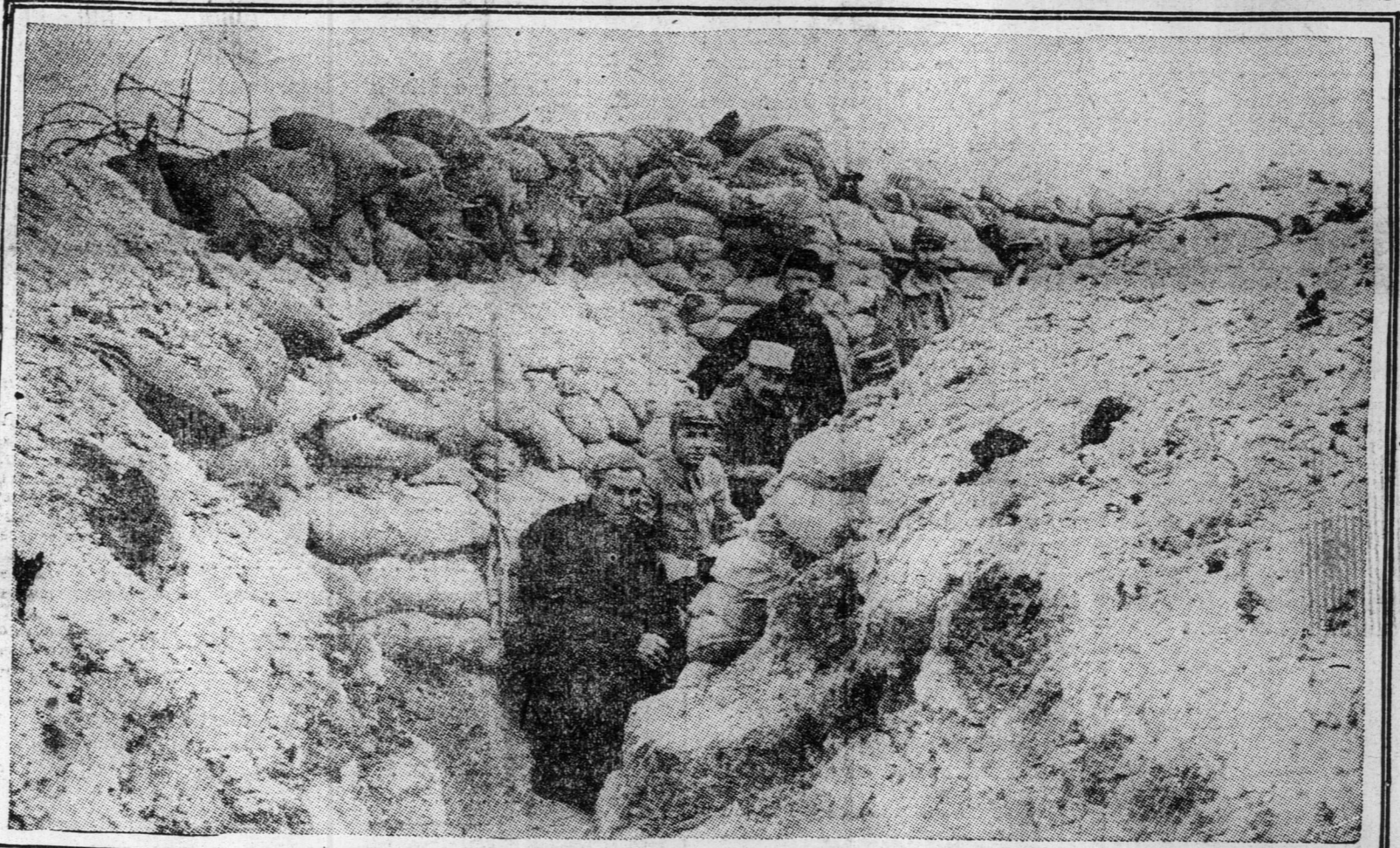
Big Parade in Winnipeg

By Special Wire to the Courier. Winnipeg, Nov. 12.—Seven thousand soldiers here in training, most of them recently arrived in winter quarters from Sewell camp, paraded here this afternoon at 2.30 for review by Col. Rutan, D.O.C., with whom the reviewing stand at the corner of Portage Avenue and Main street were Sir Douglas Cameron, Premier Norris and Mayor Waugh. Wounded veterans returned from the front led the parade in automobiles. Twenty thousand school children waved flags along the route.

Missing Articles

By Special Wire to the Courier. London, Nov. 12 in Montreal Gazette)—A notification from the War Office has been received by the Canadian agents-general to the effect that the relatives of fallen Canadian officers should not hesitate to complain through official channels if valuable articles are missing from their kits, when returned. There have been several prosecutions here for thefts by railway employees and others, from officers' kits while in transit, and it is feared that where it is known that a kit is going overseas, the thieves may fear detection less than where the kit will be discovered on delivery in England.

HERE IS AN INTERESTING PICTURE OF ARMY LIFE IN THE FRENCH TRENCHES



WITH THE FRENCH IN THE TRENCHES. FROM THE SPHERE. LONDON. The above is a typical scene in the trenches on the French battle line. It is a rather picturesque group. The trenches all along the line are protected from the enemy fire by thousands of sandbags stacked up high. In the foreground will be noted a chaplain sharing the hardships of trench life with the soldiers.

BRANTFORD MAKES RECORDS BEFORE LICENSE BOARD

No Deputations, and all Licensees at This Morning's Session Constituted Unique Record Said Chairman Flavelle; Gave Talk to Hotel-keepers.

The Ontario License Board paid their first visit to Brantford to-day and the event passed off with a quietness and order which they have not experienced in any other place. The whole event constitutes a double record. In the first place they were not waited upon by any deputations and in the second place all the licensees were in attendance. AN EARLY INSPECTION. The members who arrived last night made a very early morning inspection of the hotels in this district. Accompanied by License Inspector Eacrett, Messrs. Flavelle and Smith visited the Brantford hotels and in Paris Inspector K'ripattick showed Mr. Bane and Mr. Ayers around.

AT THE COURT HOUSE. At ten o'clock the commissioners held a sitting at the Court House. All the licensees were present, and as there were no deputations, the affair was very quiet, the commission arising a little after 10.30.

Mayor Spence on behalf of the city welcomed the board, congratulating them upon their good work and inviting them to see the two historic places in Brantford, Mohawk Church and the Bell Homestead, if time allowed them. Mr. Brewster also spoke a few words of welcome and commended the excellent record of local hotel-keepers and the efficient work of Inspector Eacrett.

Mr. Flavelle in replying thanked the mayor for his kind reception, and stated that the board would certainly take in the proposed trip if it could. He was, said Mr. Flavelle, greatly and favorably impressed with Brantford. It was his first visit here in any capacity. Mr. Eacrett had been held up to the board as one of the best inspectors in the province, and he felt sure he would continue the good work.

Chairman Flavelle then gave an address to the assembled licensees, in which he enumerated certain facts for their consideration. He stated that those ideas of keeping the law abundant in certain parts of the province. The commission had ample powers given them to deal with any violations. It could and would deal especially severely with those it deemed guilty even although evidence enough to convict before a magistrate could not be obtained. This board, said the chairman had nothing against hotelkeepers. Its aim

CABINET ON SINKING OF S.S. ANCONA

By Special Wire to the Courier. Washington, Nov. 12.—President Wilson and the cabinet met to-day for the first time since last July, when the German submarine question was at the head of its most serious stages. The sinking of the Italian liner Ancona was the most important foreign question before the cabinet to-day, but no definite action was expected until full official details were at hand.

It was stated at the White House, however, that the cabinet meeting to-day was called only because the president wanted to get in touch with his official advisers before the opening of congress to discuss his annual message and legislation affecting their departments. From now on cabinet meetings will be held regularly twice a week.

Washington, Nov. 12.—State department officials were perplexed to-day over the unexplained delay in getting definite official information on the sinking of the Italian liner Ancona with probable loss of America passengers. No dispatches had reached the department early to-day, although Secretary Lansing had confidently expected to get word from Rome, Marseilles and other points near the scene of the disaster. All information so far has been fragmentary.

A consular official has been ordered to Tunis from a nearby post on the assumption that Consul Young is not there, and on the official's arrival he is expected to get dispatches through as quickly as possible. Meanwhile Ambassador Page at Rome is expected to send some definite official details. His official dispatches so far make no reference to the circumstances of the sinking of the liner, the question of warning, the nationality of the submarine and other details which are to be cleared up as promptly as possible by the taking of testimony of survivors.

Opera Singer Divorced

Paris, Nov. 12.—Eugene Plumon, a Paris lawyer, at present attached to the British expeditionary forces as an interpreter, has been granted a divorce from Maggie Teyte, the British opera singer, by the Civil Tribunal of Seine.

Nobel Prize to German

London, Nov. 12.—The Nobel prize for physics for 1914, says a Reuter despatch from Stockholm, has been awarded to Professor Max Von Laue, of Frankfurt-on-Main for his discovery of the diffraction of rays in crystals. The chemistry prize for the same year has been awarded to Professor Theodore William Richards of Harvard University for fixing the atomic units of chemical elements. The prizes for 1915 will be awarded to-day.

ATHENS RECEIVES WITH CALMNESS DISSOLUTION OF GREEK COMMONS

Greek Officials Continue to Assert Her Future Actions Depend on Military and Not Political Turns—When Assured Allies Will Win, She Will Help.

By Special Wire to the Courier. London, Nov. 12.—All doubts as to what road Greece would choose out of the middle caused by the divergent views of her political leaders and as to how the policies of the Skouloudis cabinet could be rendered compatible with the opinions of the adverse majority in the chamber, to-day [were dispelled by a public dissolution of the chamber of deputies.

Publication of the decree, apparently was received in Athens with calm, despite the fact that all elements hoped to avoid elections at the present difficult moment. The Greek Government, it appears, considered dissolution the only possible means of securing for itself a full and unrestricted liberty of action.

Greek officials in London and at other points, continue to assert that Greece's future actions depend solely upon military and not political considerations, so soon as Greece is convinced beyond doubt that the Allies have produced enough troops to make possible a successful offensive against Bulgaria and to remove the danger with which Greece would be confronted if she entered the war inadequately assisted. Greece will, so say her representatives in Europe, immediately range herself on the side of the allies and render all the military co-operation of which she is capable.

THIS AMUSING GERMAN AUTHORITY

Says That Pretty Soon Kaisers Will Dance on England's Grave.

By Special Wire to the Courier. Berne, Nov. 12.—(Despatch to The London Morning Post.)—An important personage who has just returned from Berlin assures me that the burden of all conversation at Wilhelmstrasse is that peace must be signed in London. A German statesman whose name I am not free to divulge, told my informant that before long Greece and Roumania will be fighting side by side with Germany and before six months are over even England's allies will have had enough of the war and will have been detached by Germany from their allegiance. So long as England subsidizes her allies they will be loyal to her, but a time will come—so the Germans reckon—when she cannot longer subsidize them.

Basis of Peace

By Special Wire to the Courier. Berne, Switzerland, Nov. 12.—Via Paris.—The committee which is meeting here to organize a congress to study and determine basis of durable peace announces that it is receiving considerable support from neutral countries. It is stated that expressions of interest have been received from former President Taft and from President Lowell of Harvard. A delegation is expected from America to attend the congress which will open December 14.

BULGARS DEFEATED

French Inflicted Severe Beating on Them Near Veles.

By Special Wire to the Courier. London, Nov. 12.—A Reuter despatch from Athens says a Saloniki telegram to The Paris states that the French have inflicted a severe defeat on the Bulgarians near Veles and that the fall of that town is considered imminent.

Veles is about 27 miles southwest of Uskub, on the railroad to Saloniki. A successful French cavalry raid, which reached the environs of the city led to an erroneous report that it had been captured on Wednesday.

GERMAN OFFICIAL. Berlin, Nov. 12 (By wireless to Sayville).—Pursuit of the Serbian army in a southerly direction continues, according to the German official report issued to-day. The advance of the Germans in the Razina valley, southwest of Krusevac has reached the town of Kupci. Further eastward Ribaire and Ribarske Banya have been reached.

Yesterday more than 1,700 Serbians were taken prisoner and 11 cannon were captured. The statement adds that the first mountain ridge south of Kralievo has been crossed.

ALEXANDRA SCHOOL CHILDREN ATTENTION! Watch for to-morrow's paper with your picture, and full particulars.

Serbs Still Holding Out

By Special Wire to the Courier. Saloniki, Nov. 10, via Paris, Nov. 12.—Five thousand Serbians still are holding 15,000 Bulgarians at bay between Isvor and Abdi Pasha Hahn, in the Babuna defile, but the Serbs now control the heights of Kosjic and occupy the whole line of mountains, making in the opinion of military men here the withdrawal of the Bulgarians only a question of time.

The people who left Monastir in a panic at the approach of the invaders are now returning. Prilep and Monastir are resuming their normal appearance. Suffering in the interior of Serbia is said to be great owing to the lack of food and shelter. Thousands of refugees from the north have been driven out by the advancing Austro-Germans.

CITIZENSHIP RIGHTS OF U. S. WOMEN

By Special Wire to the Courier. Washington, Nov. 12.—Citizenship rights of American women, who marry foreigners, but who continue to live in the United States, was today before the Supreme Court for decision. Emphasis was laid on the importance of the case because of the war.

Mrs. Ethel C. MacKenzie, of California, wife of Gordon MacKenzie, a British subject, who has resided in California ever since his marriage, was attacking, through attorneys, the attempt to make applicable to her the expatriation act passed by Congress in 1907. Election officials in San Francisco refused to permit Mrs. MacKenzie to register on the ground that she had become a British subject by reason of her marriage. She resorted to the state courts for writs to compel the officials to permit her to register, claiming that the act of congress did not apply to women remaining in this country, and if it did it was unconstitutional. She was denied the writs and appealed to the Supreme Court.

Women of Montclair, N. J., propose to establish civic club-rooms to replace saloons. The Detroit School Board inspector suggests they appoint a business manager.

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