

CHURCH NOTES FOR BUSY MEN.

GENERAL. Bishop O'Dea, addressing the Knights of Columbia at a recent gathering at Seattle, referring to the treating habit said: "Why should I buy you drink any more than you should buy me bread or even socks? Say you this is begging the question? That is not the point involved? That it is rather the sociability of the comradeship of the glass? Well does not the social investment come at too high rate in general results? Is not the comradeship too often along the lower levels of grog-shop experience? Why should a man drink (very often undisturbedly) merely to accommodate some long-necked friends, or to advertise one's own mock liberality? The demoralizing effect especially upon young men of the treating habit must instigatingly appeal to the convictions of every thoughtful man. Bar-room treating! Its seeming good-fellowship is so insidious; its supposed liberality so utterly senseless!"

At the annual convention of the Catholic Total Abstinence Union of Eastern Canada, held last week at St. John's, one of the planks in the series of resolutions adopted stated that the sale of alcoholic beverages to temperance men is contrary to the promotion of healthy bodies and clean minds. The temperance man attributes a large increase in membership since the adoption of the national game. This is a most unusual position for a religious convention to assume, but who will say that it is not warranted by the facts? A man who goes out to Olympic Park and sees a lively contest for supremacy on the diamond gets dull care out of his mind, cools his brain, fills his lungs with pure air, and thus fortified is happily to brave the fetid atmosphere of the saloon.

Commenting on the proposal made by some members of the recently held General Assembly at Williams for the public ownership of the liquor business, the Presbyterian has the following: "There is something naive in the suggestion that the saloon be placed in the hands of private gain to extract the poisonous fang from the traffic and render it innocuous. The profits of the business are immense and yet there is no business which requires so little aggressive and energetic pushing. The article offered for sale is one that a genius rarely fails to buy and that never stops to consider whether the profit goes into the private coffers of the man who sells or into the public treasury. And it may well be questioned whether the public gain derived from the large profits of the business will be less of the business and less of the profit than it is required to push the sale-in so far as it requires to be pushed at all through the element of private gain. The 'public' is but the aggregation of individuals and is controlled by the same motives and lured by the same rewards that all the profits flow into the public treasury does not change the effect of the liquor traffic. It is a stipulation that is made that those profits shall not be applied to the reduction of taxation, the very fact of a profit being derived will do much to entrench the business more firmly, and it puts into the hands of the party controlling it a dangerous weapon, for whose business is of such a character that those who are called extremists feel justified in not giving their sanction to it and their own form of control either private or public."

The following is taken from the Maritime Inland Revenue Department showing that for the past six months there has been a decided decrease in the amount of liquor consumed in Canada. For the months of November, 1907 to April, 1908, inclusive, the internal revenue from the liquor duty has fallen off \$66,000, or over ten per cent. In November, 1907, the revenue was \$2,040,000; in December, \$2,050,000; in January, \$2,050,000; in February, \$2,050,000; in March, \$2,000,000; and in April \$2,000,000. The decrease in the corresponding month of 1907, was twenty per cent.

No doubt the stringency in the money market and the many warnings have had some effect upon the liquor traffic, especially in the United States, but it seems reasonable to believe that the traffic is still in the hands of a few individuals and is being kept alive by the influence of states having a laxity of enforcement in the liquor laws and also in allowing in licensing the demand on beer and strong drink.

Writing in "The American Issue," of the bar-room, Rev. William O'Brien, Roman Catholic priest, says: "I have lived in this way for sixteen years, and I can tell you that the life of a saloon keeper is not a life of ease and pleasure, as some in brothels, whose downfall can be traced directly to the neighborhood saloon." The strength of the prohibitionist movement in the United States may be judged by the fact that during the last two months of this year no less than two hundred and fifty bills aimed at restricting the liquor traffic were introduced into the state legislatures. The traffic laws are becoming more and more severe. Some day they will crush the evil thing to death. May it be soon.

From Ireland comes the report that a wave of temperance reform is passing over that country. Nearly all the Roman Catholic churches have been closed and subject in their Lenten pastures, and several of them even directed the clergy under their jurisdiction to refuse to attend funerals at which drink was given. The priests are now subject to the "Anti-Drunkenness Act," which is especially objectionable to the Irishman whose traditional sociability embraces every opportunity to treat and be treated. The preaching friars are said to have brought about temperance reformations in many districts; but they assert that the work will not prove lasting unless the government lessens the facilities for drinking that exist at present.

In the April voting in Illinois, seven hundred and fifty grog-shops were voted out of eighty-four counties. One thousand and fifty-three townships in the state have now decided against the licensed saloon.

PUBLIC MEN FEAR CHURCH

The movement against Nebraska's boasted high license law is going on encouragingly. The spring voting on local option was the first victory yet gained in that state. Not a single town that had formerly been without saloons went back to them, while many that had licensed them, voted out. In Lincoln, the capital of the state, the licenses were retained by a very narrow majority, and the prospect is that next year they will have to go. In the New England states the spring elections went strongly in favor of local prohibition. In Massachusetts six cities and thirty-six towns declared against license. In Vermont only twenty-seven cities and towns now legalize the drink traffic as compared with ninety-two five years ago. In New Hampshire an important ruling of the state license commissioner took place on May 1, whereby the temperance interests have just succeeded in forcing restrictive liquor legislation through the House of Representatives.

TORONTO, June 13.—Among the clauses in the report of temperance and moral reform of the Toronto Methodist conference discussed today and which will later be presented to the conference, is one recommending Methodist people not to allow their sons to attend military camps until the sanction is wholly discontinued. Another clause urges the people to take an active part in politics by attending primaries and conventions, with a view to bringing out the best men on temperance lines. The people are, in another clause, urged to press upon their members in parliament by petition or petition, the removal of the three-fifths clause. Other clauses will recommend closer restriction upon the sale of cigarettes and the removal of the three-fifths clause. Other clauses will recommend closer restriction upon the sale of cigarettes and the removal of the three-fifths clause. Other clauses will recommend closer restriction upon the sale of cigarettes and the removal of the three-fifths clause.

SATURDAY SERMONETTE

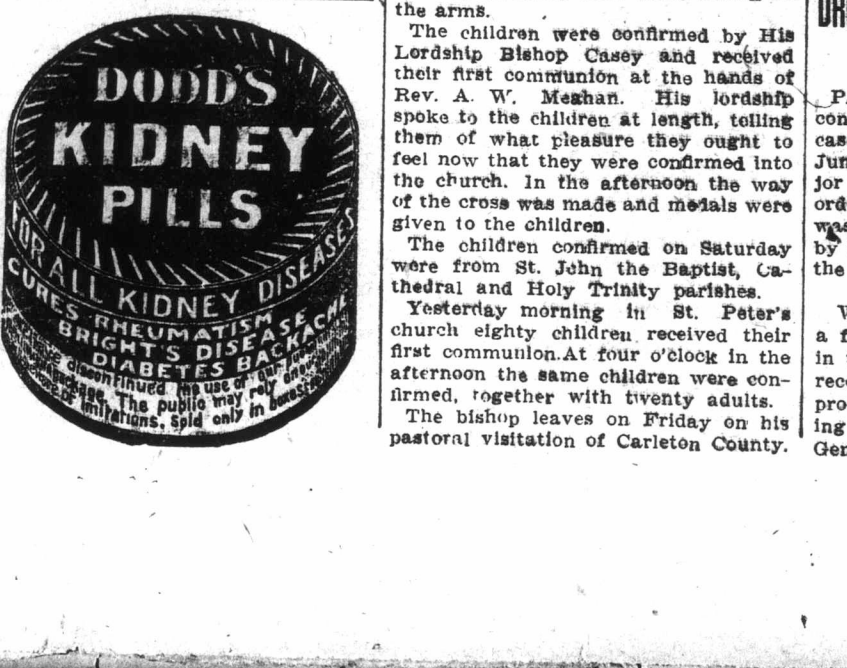
THE WEDDING. It was not a pretty wedding. The bride was homesy and so was the groom, and the minister was very plain. The ceremony was not impressive for the minister talked through his nose and did not punctuate or emphasize his words correctly. The bridegroom would have looked better in his working clothes for he was used to them, but he was not used to the shining, ill-fitting ready-made frock he wore. His gloves were too small for his big, coarse, strong hands, and in his nervous haste to get them (although there was plenty of time) he tore down the back and he never forgot that, but kept trying to hide the rent all through the ceremony. The ring when he was asked to put it on the bride's finger, he dropped it and it rolled under the sofa where he hid it until he was asked to fish it out. When the minister asked him to put it on he got it on the wrong finger and had to take it off and put it on the proper one, and in answer to the question, "Will you take the woman, etc.," he said he "thought he would."

The bride did not look well, because her dress was not appropriate. It was a costly white silk, and did not match her husband's pocket book, for after the wedding was paid for, it was a very thin, shabby little purse. They were going to his farm after the wedding, and the house was plain and the mortgage on it could almost be seen from the road. If her dress had been some simple thing in white that would not have cost much and the extra dollars had been put into the mortgage, the mortgage would have looked better. The wedding supper was not pretty, nor dress was not appropriate. It was a costly white silk, and did not match her husband's pocket book, for after the wedding was paid for, it was a very thin, shabby little purse. They were going to his farm after the wedding, and the house was plain and the mortgage on it could almost be seen from the road.

Thaddius

DROWNED AT FALL RIVER. FALL RIVER, Mass., June 27.—Geo. Schmitz, of Taunton, was drowned to-night in the Taunton river. Schmitz, 21, was standing in the bow of a launch assisting in taking on supplies when he slipped and fell overboard. His body was not recovered. He was 22 years old, employed in an oilcloth factory and lived on Oak Street in Taunton.

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE. Interesting Ceremony in Cathedral. Many Little Ones. 161 Confirmed Yesterday—Large Number Confirmed in St. Peter's. The cathedral was the scene of a happy event on Saturday, when children were confirmed and given their first communion. The little girls, to the number of 89, were dressed in white and all looked happy. The boys wore black suits, with white ribbons on the arms. The children were confirmed by the Lordship Bishop Casey and received their first communion at the hands of Rev. A. W. Meahan. His lordship preached a most inspiring sermon, telling them of what pleasure they ought to feel now that they were confirmed into the church. In the afternoon the way of the cross was taken, when the boys were given their first communion. The children confirmed on Saturday were from St. John the Baptist, Cathedral and Holy Trinity parishes. Yesterday morning 101 of St. Peter's church eighty children received their first communion. At four o'clock in the afternoon the church was decorated. The bishop leaves on Friday on his pastoral visitation of Carleton County.



REV. M. E. FLETCHER PREACHES A SCHOLARLY SERMON IN LUDLOW

The Carleton Union Lodge of Free Masons held their annual church parade yesterday. It was postponed from last Wednesday on account of the weather. Headed by the Carleton Cornet Band the members to the number of 75 marched from the Masonic Hall to the Ludlow street Baptist church, where Rev. M. E. Fletcher was in the pulpit. He was assisted in the service by Rev. A. M. McIninch, Surrey, Alberta. The speaker took for his text Isaiah chapter ii. 1. The subject of the sermon was the lessons we may receive from studying the sources of Freemasonry. "Freemasonry was in the first place a moral and practical union of architects and practical builders," said the speaker. "We hear of it in China, India, Persia and Egypt from the earliest times. From Egypt the science and secrets spread into Greece. About 1000 B. C. the Greeks emigrated into Asia Minor and settled what has been known as Ionian."

ZION CHURCH CELEBRATES ITS 50TH ANNIVERSARY—REV. DR. SUTHERLAND IS PREACHER MORNING AND EVENING

The services in connection with the 50th anniversary of Zion church yesterday were conducted by Rev. Dr. Alexander Sutherland in the morning. Large congregations were present at both services. In introducing Dr. Sutherland in the morning service Rev. James Crisp, pastor of the church, said it afforded him a great pleasure to have Rev. Dr. Sutherland, secretary of the state conference, with them to preach the anniversary sermon. This was the jubilee of the opening of the church and although not very exact, it has been about 50 years since the church was first opened and dedicated. Mr. Crisp said the church had a somewhat broken record, as for a while it had been closed. It was re-opened for Methodist services about 16 years ago. There was nothing of special importance in its history, nevertheless, it had a place and he believed a mission to fulfil. In 1858, when this church was founded, the conference was known as the Conference of Eastern British America and comprised Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and P. E. Island. There were at that time 115 ministers. Now there are three conferences and 348 ministers. Fifty years ago the minutes of conference were written in ink, and in the present time they are written in pen and ink. There were at that time 115 ministers. Now there are three conferences and 348 ministers. Fifty years ago the minutes of conference were written in ink, and in the present time they are written in pen and ink. There were at that time 115 ministers. Now there are three conferences and 348 ministers.

THREE MEN CAUSED ALL MEXICAN TROUBLE

Raiders of Las Vacas Are Now in Texas Claiming Protection of United States. CITIES OF MEXICO, June 27.—Communication from Minister of Foreign Affairs yesterday are now on Texas soil and claiming the protection of the United States. In an interview Vice-President Corral declares that the government has succeeded in unravelling the conspiracy which prompted the recent attacks of the towns of Vacaca and Las Vacas, in which a number of lives were lost, property destroyed and \$30,000 in cash secured by the looters. "This whole trouble has been caused," declared the vice-president, "by three agitators who are at present residing in the United States. These men, Enrique Flores Magón of Los Angeles, Cal., Thomas Sarrafio of San Antonio, Tex., and a man who goes by the name of La Brada, and Antonio F. Auzarjo of Austin, Texas, recently appealed to certain of the criminal and ignorant elements of the border states of Mexico, inciting them to rob certain towns for the purpose of robbing the banks and the treasury of the government. The funds should be raised for the cause of an alleged revolution."

FRENCH CANADIANS OBSERVED ST. JOHN'S DAY

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 28.—The French-Canadian residents of this city celebrated St. John's day today on a more elaborate scale than ever before, the tercentenary of the founding of Quebec and the official designation of St. John the Baptist by Pope Pius IX., as the patron saint of the French-Canadian people leading unusual interest to the celebration. There was a morning street parade of many societies, followed by the celebration of St. John's day by the church. The church was decorated with flags and bunting. The Rev. L. O. Borromeo, by the pastor, Rev. L. O. Borromeo, assisted by several visiting priests. After the mass the parade was reviewed by the citysmen at the church.

DRESSED UP A CORPSE TO TEST A REVOLVER

PARIS, June 27.—The police have concluded their investigation into the case of Louis Greillon, the man who on June 4, fired two revolver shots at Mayor Alfred Dreyfus in the Pantheon. In the case of Louis Greillon, the man who on June 4, fired two revolver shots at Mayor Alfred Dreyfus in the Pantheon. In the case of Louis Greillon, the man who on June 4, fired two revolver shots at Mayor Alfred Dreyfus in the Pantheon. In the case of Louis Greillon, the man who on June 4, fired two revolver shots at Mayor Alfred Dreyfus in the Pantheon.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE. It acts like a charm in DIARRHEA and is the only specific in CHOLERA. FEVER, GROUP, AGUE, COUGHS, COLIC, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, DYSENTERY, NEURALGIA, GOUT, RHEUMATISM. Wholesale Agents: LYMAN BROS. & CO. LTD., TORONTO.

WILL SOON RUN ON FULL TIME

The C. P. R. machine and repair shops at McAdam, which shut down for some ten days or more, have resumed work, and things are looking busier at McAdam as each day arrives. The prospects are that within a short time everything will be going on at McAdam on just as extensive a scale as before the present depression commenced. After the shops were down the men were put on short time, as they had been just before a shut-down occurred. First of all they were ordered to run eight hours per day, which was two hours per day short, and lately they have been running nine hours per day. It is now stated by those in a position to know that the shops at McAdam will be running full time after about the 1st of July.

DARING BURGLARY IN A MONCTON HOUSE

MONCTON, N. B., June 28.—The residence of T. R. Wilkes on Church street was burglarized Friday night last and about seventy dollars' worth of silver stolen. In view of the fact that the family were in the house at the time and occupied one side of a double tenement, the burglary is one of the boldest cases ever done in Moncton. How the thieves managed to get into the house, locate the silver and get away with it without arousing anyone, shows the burglars to be adept at their work. On the same night the residence of Seymour Forbes on Robinson street was broken into but only a purse containing a dollar, a card case were stolen. Entrance was gained by cutting a window screen.

GOVERNMENT WINS THREE IMPORTANT SUITS

OTTAWA, June 27.—The following suits were decided by Mr. Justice Casella, of the Exchequer Court of Canada: Barrett vs. the King—Petition of right dismissed with costs. Chambellin vs. the King—Judgment for plaintiff dismissed with costs. Colpitts vs. the King—Judgment for plaintiff dismissed with costs. The above cases were tried here 15 days before Judge Casella, save that in the case of Barrett vs. the King, the case was taken before Judge Budge in October last, but he was unable (through illness) to hear the argument. The King's counsel were Messrs. A. McKewen, K. C., appeared for Barrett, W. A. Mott and L. A. Curvey, K. C., represented the Chamberlain, Powell and Jonah appeared for Colpitts. By H. McAlpine, K. C., represented the crown. The suits involved claims against the government aggregating \$22,000. As the outcome the government pays \$200.

INCENDIARY FIRE IN AMHERST RINK

Young Assyrian Given Three Years For Passing Forgery Notes. AMHERST, June 28.—Moses Nelman, the young Assyrian who pleaded guilty to passing notes knowing them to be forged, was sentenced yesterday by Judge Russell of the supreme court to three years in the provincial penitentiary, Dorchester, N. B. Jeremiah E. Embrose, accused of slandering by David Tremblay, was found guilty and sentenced to pay \$175 damages. Tremblay's action was for \$1,000. Fire broke out in the Aberdeen rink at 10.30 and but for the prompt action of the firemen the whole rink would have been burned. As it was, considerable damage was done to one side. The origin is a mystery, but from the position where it occurred it looks as if it were set.

PRESENTATION TO JAMES R. GILLILAND

Terminal Superintendent James R. Gilliland of the C. P. R., who leaves Montreal today to take up more important duties at the Canadian metropolis, will carry away with him tangible tokens of the esteem of his co-workers and friends in this city. Saturday Mr. Gilliland was welcomed upon his office on the West Side by a delegation from the general offices and presented with a very handsome sterling silver tea service and a smokelers' cabinet. The tea service, consisting of five pieces, was enclosed in an oak case and bore the following inscription on a silver plate: "Presented to James R. Gilliland by Canadian Pacific Railway terminal employees and friends, West St. John, July 2, 1908."

NO SETTLEMENT IN THE GRANITE STRIKE

ST. GEORGE, N. B., June 27.—The meeting here Friday night between the granite cutters and manufacturers did not change the strike situation. The cutters insist on an eight hour day and will settle on no other basis. This the manufacturers refuse to grant. It is said that twenty-five cutters will leave here next week, having secured work on the bridges on the G. T. P. Railway. An application for a charter will be made to the Granite Cutters' International Union. If this is granted the rate of wages will be considerably higher than is now demanded.

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THAW MAKING ANOTHER EFFORT FOR LIBERTY

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., June 27.—Harry K. Thaw has obtained a new writ of habeas corpus returnable at White Plains on Monday morning, when counsel for Thaw will endeavor to secure a jury trial to pass upon his mental condition. The writ will be served this morning on Sheriff Townsend, in anticipation of Judge Morse-chauve's signing an order today re-committing Thaw to Matteawan. The writ has the effect of holding Thaw here until Monday, when the sheriff will be required to produce him before Judge Mills at White Plains.

KEEP LITTLE... If you want to healthy, rosy and... MEMPHIS, Tenn., June 28.—Further return received from yesterday's Democratic primary election in this state indicate the certain nomination of Governor M. P. Patterson for governor over former United States Senator Edward C. Carmack.

CHANGE IN THE... HOPEWELL... CAPMA...

ABSOLUTE SECURITY. Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills. Must Bear Signature of... FOR HEADACHE, FOR BILIOUSNESS, FOR DIZZINESS, FOR BRUISES, FOR CONSTIPATION, FOR SLEAZING, FOR RASHES, FOR THE COMPLEXION. QUARE WICK HEADACHE.